

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 77

## Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW,  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the  
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

HAVING been engaged in the Ashes, and general produce trade for the past thirteen years, at the above address; would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in the market, or for shipment to his friends in England.

W. L. KINMOND & Co,  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

**MANUFACTURERS' Agents**, for all kinds  
Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c.  
Also, every description of material and us  
for Engineers and Agricultural Machine mak

Stock of best quality of Cast Steel,  
**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND**  
**BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE**  
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rives

OLD FILES REC'D, guaranteed as good as new.

Custom House Square, Montreal. 1d-  
Richelieu  Company

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
between Montreal and Quebec.

The Steamer **QUEBEC**, Capt. J. B. Labelle, leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning.

to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers depend on being in time in taking their passage by boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamers without extra charge.

This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

Office Richelieu Company, }  
6th May, 1867. }

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
—  
Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED  
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

---

Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,  
Annual Income, \$350

W. M. RAMSAY, *Manager.*  
RICHARD BULL, *Inspector of Agencies.*  
ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a long

person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every  
information on the subject of Life Assurance  
will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,  
or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.  
Agent for Ballantyne, George, Walkers.

Medical Advisers, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister  
May 1st. 1d.

**MONTREAL**  
**OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY**

UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada  
for the Conveyance of the  
Canadian & United States Mail

Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool  
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	LT. DUTTON, RN.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WYLIE.
RUSSIAN,	2000 "	Capt. H. J. ...

HIBERNIAN.	2434	"	Capt. BROWN.
NOVA-SCOTIAN.	2309	"	Capt. ALLAN.
NORTH-AMERICAN	1734	"	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN.	2434	"	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS.	1690	"	Capt. WATTS.

and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)

---

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—  
JAMES GEORGE 1466 Tons. J. SMITH, R.N.

ST. ANDREW,	1432	Capt. SCOTT.
ST. PATRICK,	1207	Capt. TROCK.
ST. DAVID,	1659	Capt. AIRD.

(Sailing between the Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Summer navigation.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as undernoted, viz:—

HEBERNIAN,	Saturday, 29th July
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 27th Aug
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 28th Aug

AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 10th  
 BASTONIAN, Saturday, 11th  
 PERUVIAN, Saturday, 24th  
 IBERNIAN, Saturday, 31st  
 St. PATRICK for Glasgow about 27th July.

CABIN,	- - -	\$78 65	to \$88 65
(according to accommodation.)			
STEERAGE,	- - -	- - -	\$29 50

✶ Passengers desirous of proceeding to PARIS procure "Cook's Excursion Tickets" on application to Agents at Quebec or Montreal.  
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.  
Berths not secured until paid for.  
For particulars, apply to

J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,  
Canadian Express Office,  
2105m-1ew1y BILLEVILLE.

**The latest from the Song Writers.**  
 BY THE "PAT CONTRIBUTOR."

The man who "Drempli Dremli" in Marble Hall, has opened a quarry there, and is doing a thriving business in getting out grave stones.

The author of "Carried back to Old Virginia," has opened a lively stable and is carried back in his own conveyance whenever he wants to be.

The man who sang "I am lonely since my Mother Died," isn't quite so lonely now. The old man married again, and his step-mother makes it lively.

The author of "Life on the Ocean Wave," is gratifying his taste for the sea by tenting a saw mill. He will be on the water "home."

The one who gave the "Old Folks a Home" to the world has recently taken them to the poor house, as they were getting troublesome.

The author of "Shells of the Ocean," in the clam business.

The man who wanted to "Kiss him for his Mother" attempted to kiss his mother for his other day, and *him* gave him a wallop "for his mother."

The one who wailed so plaintively, "I miss me at home!" was missed at home.

The author of "Three Blind Mice" has started a menagerie with them.

The man who wrote "Five o'clock in the morning," found that no saloons were open at that early hour where he could get his big sleep, so he lies abed rather late now.

"Give me a cot in the Valley I love" has got a cot in the infirmary. "Mine Cott"!

The man who sighed, "Take me home to die," took Dr. Kerr's system. Renovated and is now a "Fine old Irish gentleman."

"Meet me by moonlight alone," has let off meat and taken to drink.

The author of "Roll on, silver moon," has opened a ball alley. Silver moon can

The dissolute one who sings "Hail, you seen my Maggie?" has heard of her. Another feller informs him, through the music store, that "Maggie's by my side."

"I'd offer thee this hand of mine" has been used for breach of promise.

"Oh! Susanna," has settled with her length, and *not* *once* Susanna any more.

The author of the "Old Arm chair" still in the furniture business.

The one who pleaded "Rock me to sleep," mother, rock me to sleep! has at least been satisfied. The other, yielding to repeated solicitations, picked up a row and *rocked* him to sleep. He hasn't woken up yet.

The one, who asked, "Who will care for

**A Church-going Belle's Soliloquy.**

I should think that they would keep the news from dust; I shall certainly soil my new stuff. I wonder whether anyone has noticed my new bonnet. I think it's becoming. Goodness! if there isn't Miss Sprague, the school-teacher rigged out in a new mantilla. She spends all her salary on dress, or I'm mistaken. I do hate vanity and ostentations.

"I wonder who that young gentleman

"O, dear me! what a long prayer. It seems as though we were standing up so long. I hope they'll introduce the custom of sitting down during prayer. I should like to hint to my minister that he had better shorten his services."

"I wish papa would take a pew in the Watson's church. Such a beautiful service and he is so handsome and so pious and so kind. The sermons are so practical and their hymns so handsome and so intelligent."

"How unbecomingly Mrs. Spaulding dressed. I believe that woman is perfectly destitute of taste. When will that sermon be through? I despise it if there isn't a molder with a father in her bonnet! Some











# A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS

AT  
Wilson & Robertson's.

# IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN CLOTHING AND BOOTS & SHOES

J. MUIR & CO'S.  
EMPORIUM.  
LINEN & ALPACA  
COATS  
AT COST.

FASHIONABLE  
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS  
AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES  
In the same proportion.

BOTTLED FRUITS.  
CONGR BROS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
Cherries, Green Apples, Prunes, Black Currants, Red Currants, Black Currant Jam, Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGR. J. A. CONGR.  
June 23, 1897. 1D6m

ARE YOU INSURED?  
THE WESTERN of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

Office—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store, Belleville, June 21, 1897. 4D9w1

HURRAH FOR  
COULSON & CAMERON'S  
LINE OF STAGES  
For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 10 noon.

Returning—Leave all the principal hotels in Madoc at 1:30 P.M., arriving in Belleville at 10 o'clock, and the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.  
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1897. D68

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.  
The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, and Montreal, and from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SLENDOR STEEL-PLATED STEAMER  
"CORINTHIAN,"  
SAVES Brighten 430, Mondays Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Cobourg at 9 a.m., Cobourg 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. H. morning train from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlottesville), on arrival of evening Express Train, at 10 p.m., Saturday, 6 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. H. morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Cobourg with morning Express Train for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

July 22nd, 1897. R. P. DAVY, Agent. D7

W. WHARIN & Co.,  
HURKING STREET EAST, TORONTO.  
WATCHES, GLOVES, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE LINENS, &c., &c.  
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.  
W. WHARIN. 1D6m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPEES, &c.  
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D6m

# Geo. Ritchie & Co.

HAVE OPENED OUT IN  
E. Holden's New Store,  
FRONT STREET,  
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE  
BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1897. 1D6m

American Invoices—Discounts.  
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

It is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,  
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

In accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount as declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D14 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN  
INSURANCE COMPANY  
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE  
LIFE DEPARTMENT.  
The principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and afford every facility to intending assureds.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the entire expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DR. GANNIE,  
Intelligence Office, Agent.  
May, 1897. 4D-6m.

GEORGE ROCHE,  
HATTER & FURRIER.  
All the latest styles of  
Felt & Silk Hats,  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of  
CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember  
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for  
Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and repaired.  
May 1. 4D-6m

DAFOE HOUSE!  
Belleville, C. W.  
Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets.

Harringer & Co., Managers.  
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES  
Omnibuses to and from the Boats and Carriage and Livery.

JUST RECEIVED.  
WATERPROOF COATINGS,  
SUMMER VESTINGS  
AND  
VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGR.  
June 17. 1D6m

# FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENICK,  
MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the various attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds. Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING  
Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENICK, 1D-4  
The Upper Cabin Steamer  
"EMPRESS,"  
McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Toronto for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,  
Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY, at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Head & McIntosh, next door to Manning's Hotel.

G. C. McFALL, 1D-3m  
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.  
MAY 14.

MAITLAND-FISHER  
TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.  
OFFICE: Center of St. Jacques and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,  
Floors, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, & Sheep, Leather, &c.,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Advances—Cash advances made, and all authorized agents, shipments to our own store here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 385-6m-7m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,  
Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, 100-102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

BELLEVILLE  
AGRICULTURAL WORKS  
AND  
IRON FOUNDRY  
WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Thrashing Machines,  
STRAW CUTTERS,  
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,  
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,  
Iron and Steel Ploughs,  
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-4

JOHN BULL  
BITTERS  
A WHOLESALE vegetable compound, for all kinds of ailments, is sold by all druggists, grocers, and general stores.

For sale Wholesale by  
FITCHEATH & KELSO,  
Belleville.

# SYNOPSIS GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864, 37 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865, 29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere Gold Mining Division," Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis de la Mission, and "St. Francis Gold Mining Division," J. R. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, Montreal; 10th July, 1864, amended 20th July, 1864 and 24th Sept. 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation, 21st March, 1867: "Quinte Gold Mining Division," containing the Townships of Barrie, Clarion, Falmouth, Miller and North and South Canino, in the County of Frontenac, and the Townships of Miller and Canino, in the Township of Addington, situated north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie, in the Township of Midway, Thurlow and Tyndering, the Township of Belmont, and the Township in the County of Frontenac situated north of the Township of Belmont; Alfred Arthur Campbell, Esq., of Belleville Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold License" and the other "Private Lands Gold License," \$1 per month for private lands, the miner has obtaining consent of the proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may stake out and work claim on small Crown Lands as follows:

ALTERNATE MINES  
On a river or large creek, 30 feet from by 60 from the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 60 feet from centre of stream. In a gulch 60 feet along same, and from hill to hill. On surface or hill side, 60 feet square. In case of small claims, may grant larger claims. In case of river officer to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.  
To each claim, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side from the centre of the lead. For companies, 250 feet additional, adding lead every additional miner, but not to exceed 500 feet along lead.

Claims to be claimed by the officer, and to be laid out and bounded under the survey by lines vertical to the horizon.

Crown lands licenses not to exceed continuously and renew license.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown Lands at one time.

Discoverer entitled to free license for one year in manner provided by Act.

Person claiming to be entitled to claim on Crown Lands, having removed party well to construct a new mode of access to water.

General use of water, reserved, opposite claim on Crown Lands.

Registration of claim on Crown Lands temporarily available, allowed for \$1. Provisional claims to be marked.

Penalty provided for removal of stakes on claim.

Quartz crushing machines to be licensed. Fee \$5 per month. Books to be kept and returns furnished. Act extends to parties mining near Gold Mining Division.

Persons working under Gold Mining Patent to furnish returns and pay royalty \$1 per one such patent claim, viz: for the Seignior of Rensselaire, Vanruden, in the Township of Addington, and the royalty claim committed to fees under Gold Mining Act.

Governor in Council may make regulations. Officers may convict on view.

THE GOLD MINING AMENDMENT ACT OF 1865.  
Repeals clause in Gold Mining Act of 1864, providing that the Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions, and that the Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions, and that the Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

That the provisions of each regular mining tract of land, to be divided into forty claims, by one hundred claims in depth, and smaller tracts, except on lakes and rivers, in the same proportion. The boundaries of the tracts, to be North and South, and East and West, and to be in the Township of Addington, in the County of Frontenac, and in the Township of Belmont, in the County of Frontenac, and in the Township of Belmont, in the County of Frontenac.

That each regular mining tract in unreserved territory shall consist of blocks of five hundred or four hundred acres.

That the provisions of each regular mining tract of land, to be divided into forty claims, by one hundred claims in depth, and smaller tracts, except on lakes and rivers, in the same proportion. The boundaries of the tracts, to be North and South, and East and West, and to be in the Township of Addington, in the County of Frontenac, and in the Township of Belmont, in the County of Frontenac.

# BROWN'S FOUNDRY

MACHINE SHOP,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.  
G. & J. BROWN.

Founders and Machinists,  
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are still manufacturing  
All kinds of Machinery.

in connection with  
FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER  
MILL FURNISHINGS, &c., &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of any capacity. Engines and Wood Lathes, Iron and Wood Planes, Shingle Machines of various patterns; also, Agricultural implements of the most improved style and make. Their Horse Powers and Threshing Machines, with or without cleaners, are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of the most improved style and manufacture. They consist of some fifty different patterns, and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures may be enumerated: Horse Cultivators, Harrows, Chod Grubbers, Corn and Drill Ploughs, Seed Sowers, Rollers, Straw Cutters and Stump Machines, and improved Grind Grains and Mill.

In the Stove Department  
They are unequalled. They continue to manufacture Box, Parlor and Cooking Stoves of various descriptions, and their improved "Northern Farmer" Cooking Stove is without a rival for farmer's use.

Pottery Kettles cast in loam, lip up, of various sizes and of the best material.

Gold Crushers  
Of the newest style and patterns made to order.

Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to successfully compete with any similar establishment in the Province.

Every description of patterns made to order. Repairing done on the shortest notice. All kinds of Brass Castings made to order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D-4

THE Daily Intelligencer  
Will appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers, or sent by mail if paid in advance, \$5.00 per year; subscribers \$5 a year; \$2.50 for 6 months; \$1.50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including Cable despatches and the NEW YORK and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS in Madoc, Bridgeport, Manotowish and other places, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the Gold Regions, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., and, in addition, neither pains nor expense will be spared to make the Daily Intelligencer a worthy of public patronage.

RATES OF ADVERTISING  
A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months, \$5.00  
Half Square, 6 months, \$2.00  
One Square, 6 months, \$3.00  
Two Squares, 6 months, \$4.00  
Four Squares, 6 months, \$5.00  
Do of Marriages, \$5.00  
Do of Deaths, \$5.00

"Business Notices" matter under this heading, headed or solid, 10 cents per line, measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements every two weeks.

Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents per line for first insertion; and 5 cents for each additional insertion.

THE Weekly Intelligencer  
Is published every Friday Morning at \$2 per annum in called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and \$2.50 if delivered by the carrier, payable in all cases in advance. If not paid until the close of the year, 50 cents will be added to each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 1,400. With such a large and representative circulation throughout the city, and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed advantages to advertisers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
Six lines and under, first insertion, \$1.00  
Each subsequent insertion, \$0.50  
Above six lines (per line) first insertion 07  
Each subsequent insertion per line, 02  
Copy "Business Notices" 10 cents per line each insertion, measured as solid minion.  
A liberal discount made to those who advertise by the year.  
All advertisements without written directions inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

THE Intelligencer Job Office  
Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses, and possesses every facility for the rapid and neat execution of every description of plain and fancy printing, at prices as low as any other establishment in the country.

THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCERS can be had at the Book Store, in Belleville, and at Wilson's Drug Store, Madoc, and at El Dorado. All orders by mail promptly attended to.

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,  
Front Street, Belleville.  
PUBLISHED BY  
BILL HEADS,  
AND ALL other kinds of Job Printing, etc., etc., at the INTELLIGENCER Office, Front Street, Belleville.



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 79

Montreal Business Directory.

F. W. HENSHAW,  
No. 10 St. Sacramento Street, opposite the  
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

**H**AVING BEEN engaged in the Asiatic, a general produce trade for the past thirty years, at the above address; would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in the market or for export to the East Indies, China, Japan, &c.

**W. L. KINMOND & Co,**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

**M**ANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. &c. Also, every description of material and machinery.

A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel,  
**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND**  
**BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE**

square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and Wool Felt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Babcock Metal, &c. &c., always on hand, and at low prices.

Custom House Square, Montreal. 1d

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
between Montreal and Quebec.

On and after MONDAY the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—  
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning. Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan. Passengers wish to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers depend on being in time in taking their passage by boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge.

The Steamship MONTREAL, Capt. R. NELSON, leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at St. F. M. precisely, for Quebec, calling, going and returning at the ports of Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan.

This Company will not be accountable for special valuables unless Bills of Lading having the value

Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 29 Commissioner Street, Montreal.

J. B. LAMERE,  
Manager.

Office Richardson Company  
6th May, 1867. 27D5

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE  
COMPANY.**

Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Accumulated and Invested Fund, . . . \$18,000  
Annual Income, . . . . . 2,250

W. M. RAMSAY, *Manager.*  
RICHARD BULL, *Inspector of Agents.*

**A**SSURANCES effected on the different terms suggested and approved by a learned experience, so as to suit the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Extra information on the subject of Life Assurance may be obtained by applying to the Agents.

will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.  
Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge.  
Medical Advisers, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister.  
May 1st. 1881.



**OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY**  
TENDER Contract with the Government of Canada

Canadian & United States Mail  
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1867.

**Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates**

AUSTRIAN.	2700	Tons.	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN.	2700	"	LT. DUTTON, R.
MORAVIAN.	2650	"	Capt. WYLIE.
PERUVIAN.	2600	"	Capt. BALLANT.
BERBERIAN.	2484	"	Capt. BROWN.

NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2390	Capt. ALLEN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734	Capt. KERR.
BELGIAN.	2434	Capt. GRANGE.
DAMASCUS,	1690	Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY  
 SAILING EVERY SATURDAY calling at  
 LONDON, BRISTOL, &c.)

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—

ST. GEORGE,	1469 Tons.	Lt. SMITH, R.N.
ST. GEORGE,	1469 Tons.	Lt. SMITH, R.N.

ST. PATRICK,	1207	Capt. TROCKENBURY.
ST. DAVID,	1650	Capt. AIRD.

(Sailing between the Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Summer Navigation.)

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as undernoted, viz:—

HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 20th Jan.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	Saturday, 27th "
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 3rd Aug.

NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 17th
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 24th
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 31st

St. PATRICK for Glasgow, about 27th July.

CABIN,	-	-	\$78 65	\$88 65
(according to accommodation.)				
STEERAGE,	-	-	-	\$29 50

Passengers desirous of proceeding to PARIS procure "Cook's Excursion Tickets" on application to the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.  
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.  
Berths not secure, until paid for.

J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,  
Canadian Express Office,  
27Dsm-16W1y BELLEVILLE

18



# Important Report About the Condemned Fenians in Ire- land.

The New York World says:—"A short time since Mr. J. I. Rogers, of this city, sent a communication to Mr. Seward, claiming that the Fenians who were convicted of treason in Ireland, being citizens of the United States, were not amenable to British law. The principal points of the communication were as follows:

"Treason cannot be committed by an alien, because—

"1. Treason is a breach of allegiance, the breach of which would justify perpetual punishment, does not exist in this case. The local or temporary allegiance can only be violated by the alien; and such violation ceases to be treason when such alien, either of his own motion or on demand of his own government, quits the realm, and the punishment of the breach of local allegiance cannot be of longer duration than such allegiance.

"3. No nation has the right to claim the perpetual allegiance of an alien within her borders.

"4. The punishment of an alien by death or by imprisonment for life is an equivalent to a claim of perpetual allegiance, and is in excess of the local allegiance due, and deprives the government of the alien of his allegiance and services.

"5. An alien cannot involuntarily be compelled to change his allegiance, and he is entitled to the protection of his government wherever he goes, and his government may at any time demand his personal attendance of the country in whose custody he is.

"6. That if such alien refuse to obey the mandate of that city, this speaks of a peculiarity of the feminine race."

"7. If his government fail to demand and insist upon his liberation, if he be willing to obey her orders, such government will be self-destructive.

"8. That the law recognizes the distinction between subjects and aliens in prison.

"9. That the indictment for treason in Ireland is a violation of the rights of the British law officers and that a *nol. pro.* has been ordered in all cases of Fenians convicted of high treason who were citizens of the United States.

## Miscellaneous Items.

A Paris paper, describing the entry of the Sultan to that city, thus speaks of a peculiarity of the feminine race:—

"The greatest excitement exists in Nebraska over discoveries of rich gold mines. Emigrants are pouring in Helena.

A Memphis paper says it "would rather elect a nigger to office than a radical." To which the Memphis *Advertiser* replies: "But suppose the nigger is a radical?"

An escaped boat constructor made lively time for the inmates of a boarding house in New Orleans. He was found to be a great bore.

The Washington Chronicle thinks the jury in the *Surratt* case will not agree. It says: "Surratt is probably to get a clerkship in one of the departments in a few weeks than he is to be hanged for his crime."

"The ladies exclaim: 'What a handsome man! Then as the suite passes: 'What handsome fellows to be sure! Wonder if I shall dance with one of them at the balls?' There, I'll take them all, and I'll take them all! Have you observed that peculiarity of the feminine race to admire men who are a great deal married?"

An old lady in Trenton, N. J., read an account of the bursting of a grindstone used in the saw factory, and became alarmed at least a grindstone sticking in her collar should burst in similar manner and blow up the house. She had the "dangerous thing" removed immediately.

MEASURE HIS DISTANCE.—A broad-bent council asked a witness how far he had been from a certain place. "Just four yards, two feet, and six inches," was the reply. "How came you to be so exact, my friend?" "Because I expected some fool or other would ask me and I measured it."

The Editor of a Vermont paper, being unable to hire compositors, has determined to continue the publication of the journal as usual, and "try his fist" at setting the type. The first issue contained the following manifesto: "Go our *Peoples*—we have dismissed our compositors on account of their rage."—*More Anon.*

The original manuscripts of Sir Walter Scott's poems and several of his novels and other prose works have been sold at auction by order of the executors of the late Mr. Robert Cadell, of Edinburgh. All these manuscripts are said to be remarkable for the extraordinary fluency with which they were written, and the very few corrections or alterations occurring in them; thus affording a proof of Sir Walter Scott's wonderful facility of composition. Some of the manuscripts are stated to be all a perfect state preservation, and uniformly bound in Russia, with uncut edges. The sale realized about \$6,000.

A CURIOUS RELIC.—The Richmond dispatch has seen a curious relic of the late civil war, picked up between the picket lines in front of Petersburg. It consists of two bullets, one fired from the Confederate and the other from the Yankee lines, which met so full as to be smashed flat, one into the other. Being the conical-shaped Minnie balls, they must have met precisely on the same line of axis, and both being smashed equally flat, they must have been going at the same velocity. Such an amicable meeting between such deadly missiles from opposing forces would hardly take place in millions of times.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.32 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.25 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East.	6.45 P. M.
Express going East.	12.05 P. M.
Noon Express going East.	12.15 P. M.
Night Express going East.	11.10 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	9.45 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East.	9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.	



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, AUG. 2.

### FROM OTTAWA.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

OTTAWA, AUG. 2, 1867.

Nearly all the Cabinet Ministers have arrived. Messrs. Richards and Beaulieu have arranged for the removal and separation of the Eastern and Western branches of the Crown Lands Department to Quebec and Toronto.

Hon. Wm. McDougall will pay a visit to South Ontario and Lambton, with the view of meeting Messrs. Brown and Mackenzie on their own ground.

### FROM BRANTFORD.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

#### RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

BRANTFORD, AUGUST 2.

The freight and emigrant train leaving here at 10 o'clock last night ran over a drove of horses, which had strayed on the track from a field, the gate being left open, between here and Paris. The engine was thrown down an embankment 14 or 15 feet high, killing the engine driver and badly injuring the fireman. None of the passengers were hurt. Graham leaves a wife and six children.

SOUTH ONTARIO.—A correspondent of the Toronto *Telegraph* says that of six meetings in South Ontario called by Mr. Brown, Mr. Gibbs had large majorities at four. He further says: "Mr. Brown has not made a good impression on the electors, and he has disappointed not only those who never heard him before but even his friends have been disgusted at his cast-iron stereotyped speeches, delivered night after night without variation."

THE AMERICAN COOLIE TRADE.—The Philadelphia *Ledger* says:—"The traffic in Coolies, or Chinese laborers, it appears has reached our shores, and several plantations in Louisiana, if the telegraph is correct, are now employing Coolie laborers. Coolie labor is really slave labor, and the traffic is only less infamous than that in African slaves. The Coolies are bought by the traders at the Chinese ports, at prices ranging from \$30 to \$70 per head, and they are sold for from \$300 to \$500 each in South America and the West Indies. It is believed that over 30,000 Coolies are annually imported into Peru and Cuba. A Havana correspondent says: 'The number of Chinese Coolies that died on the passage to this port between the years 1847 and 1866 was 11,591 out of 90,019 Coolies shipped from Macao, &c. Out of 11,492 shipped this year, from February 23 to June 30th, the number that died was 1,360.'"

### The West Riding.

We understand that at a meeting of Messrs. Dr. Holden and Farley's, at the Town Hall, Sidney, on Thursday evening, Dr. Hope was very abusive, and among other statements, said he could prove that Mr. James Brown, and Mr. A. Diamond (who were not present), were both liars. When this outrageous accusation was made, Mr. K. Graham rose and said that he had called a meeting at Frankford for Tuesday evening next, and he would try and get Mr. Brown and Mr. Diamond to be present, and asked Dr. Hope if he would meet them there and substantiate his statement. Dr. Hope replied that he would meet them at Frankford, or at any other place, and prove what he said.

It is greatly to be regretted that Dr. Hope has entered into the contest in the West Riding, for he gets so perfectly wild in election matters, and so unscrupulous, without, that wherever he goes, bitter personal feelings and strife are engendered, neighbor is set against neighbor, and the contest degenerates into a mere personal fight. Of course neither Mr. Brown nor Mr. Graham can have any cause to regret Dr. Hope's appearance on the political stage, except that regret which every right-minded and truly honorable man would have under the circumstances, because such a course as Dr. Hope has adopted must add greatly to the strength of the Ministerial Candidates.

We are informed that Mr. N. B. Falkner, calling upon Dr. Hope in an eloquent speech, stated that he had no objection to a statement (but which the Dr. was unable to do), and handled him in a manner which produced a very favorable effect.

—People suffering from rheumatism will find Perry Davis' Pain Killer their best friend.

## Gold News.

We were shown the certificate of an assay made a few days since by Mr. Hullock, of Jersey city, of some quartz which was taken from the *Essex* mine. This mine is located on lot No. 3, in the 1st concession of Elzevir, and is owned by E. Davis & Co., of Belleville—30 lbs. of quartz assayed, yielded 164 grains of gold, which would be at the rate of \$55.83 to the ton. The opinion is gaining ground that the Hastings Gold District will turn out to be one of the richest mineral countries in the world.

## An Old Charge Renewed.

Our readers will remember the charges made against certain prominent gentlemen of this town, by Mr. Wallbridge, in connection with an alleged bribe of \$10,000. They remember how that charge was met at the time, and how completely it was overthrown by the most incontrovertible evidence. They remember a certain memorable interview had between Messrs. Bowell and Holden, and the Wallbridges, and what took place at that interview, for a most minute detail of the proceedings were published and certified to by Mr. Bowell and Mr. Holden.

It is not our intention to go into the merits of that question again, but as Mr. T. C. Wallbridge pronounces the published statement a falsehood, and as he is endeavoring to make political capital out of that \$10,000 affair, we will re-publish an article which appeared in Mr. Wallbridge's own organ in 1865, respecting the matter. As that paper chose to state in its issue of Wednesday last that "Mr. Wallbridge had effectually 'disposed of the Railway bug-bear,'" and that "in opposing such a Railway he was 'the friend of the tax payers, and those 'who supported it were their enemies,'" we thought it would be as well to let the public see what Mr. Wallbridge's organ said about the matter when the question was fresh in the memories of the people.

(From the *Hastings Chronicle*, Oct. 6th, 1865.)

"We are constrained to anticipate this labor, and to speak out upon one point, in consequence of the statement made by Mr. T. C. Wallbridge that a bribe of \$10,000 each had been deliberately been offered to some half a dozen prominent men in connection with the *Marmora* Railway Bill, and that this formed one of his reasons for defeating it. This charge has been repeated not only through the public press, but repeated in private conversation. This attack upon the characters of Mr. Bell and Mr. Dean, who are named in connection with the charge, would, if supported by convincing evidence, be most damaging. Now what is that evidence as disclosed in the published interview had with Messrs. Bowell and Holden, and which substantially accords with Mr. Wallbridge's own statement? Mr. Bell and Mr. Dean, who are named in connection with the charge, would, if supported by convincing evidence, be most damaging. Now what is that evidence as disclosed in the published interview had with Messrs. 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# A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS

AT  
Wilson & Robertson's.

# IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN CLOTHING BOOTS & SHOES

AT  
J. MUIR & CO'S.  
EMPORIUM.  
LINEN & ALPACA  
COATS  
AT COST.

FASHIONABLE  
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS  
AT \$10.00.  
BOOTS & SHOES  
In the same proportion.

# BOTTLED FRUITS.

# CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries, Gooseberries,  
Green Gages, Black Plums,  
Prunes, Muscadine Plums,  
Black Currants, Peaches,  
Red Raspberries, Cranberry Jam,  
Red Currant Jam, Crab Apple Jam,  
Black Currant Jam, Orange Marmalade,  
Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.  
June 25. 1D-6m

# ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to offer risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.  
All claims promptly settled.  
OFFICE: In Chambers & Webster's Drug Store.  
Belleville, June 21, 1897. 4D-19w1y

# MURRAY FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

# For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.  
COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1897. 1D-6

# DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

# "CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES BELLEVILLE 4:30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m., Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.  
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1897. 1D-6

W. WHARIN & Co.,  
KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,  
IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED  
WARE, FINE CUT GLASS, &c.,  
Wholesale, Retail, and Jewellery carefully  
selected and warranted.

C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPERS, &c.  
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

# Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN

E. Holden's New Store,  
FRONT STREET,  
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE  
BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1897. 1D-6m

# American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be allowed in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D-11-11 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

# QUEBEC INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

# FIRE AND LIFE.

# LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and afford every facility to intending assurers. One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially directed to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DE. CANNIFF, Intelligence Office,  
Belleville, June 21, 1897. 4D-6m.

# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and

repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

# DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.,

Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets.

Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omnibus to and from the Boats and Cars

Stabling and Livery.

# JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,

SUMMER VESTINGS

AND

VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER.

June 17. 1D-6m

# FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture, Carpets, and Upholstery, in the City of Belleville, and in the Province of Ontario.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Seize and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

# U N D E R T A K I N G

In all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine

Stocks and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-4

# The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS."

MONAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a.m., and

McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Osgoosburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

57 & 59 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 1D-3m

# MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

FRANCKEN—Large coal, dry and coked, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to our care for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. 380-0m-Wm

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel.

W. H. BOWEN & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail

Merchants, and

Wholesale and Retail

Merchants, and

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# GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor

in Council may erect Gold Mining Division.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada, "Chaudiere

Gold Mining Division" (Richmond Pipe, Reg. Gold Min-

ing Inspector, St. Francis de la Rasse, and "St. Fran-

cois Gold Mining Division" (St. J. G. Kinsmen, Reg. Gold

Mining Inspector, St. J. G. Kinsmen, Reg. Gold

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# BROWN'S FOUNDRY

AND

# MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

G. & J. BROWN,



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 79

### The Little Boy that Died

The following beautiful poem is said to have been written by Rev. Dr. Chalmers, on the occasion of the death of a young son whom he greatly loved:

I am alone in my chamber now,  
And the midnight hour is near;  
And the fagot's crack and the clock's dull tick  
Are the only sounds I hear,  
And over my soul in its solitude,  
Sweetest feelings

Sweet feelings of sadness glide,  
For my heart and my eyes are full when I think  
Of the little boy that died.

I went one night to my father's house—  
Went home to the dear ones all—  
And softly I opened the garden gate.

And softly the door of the hall;  
My mother came out to meet her son—  
She kissed me and then she sighed,  
And her head fell on my cheek, and she wept  
For the little boy that died.

I shall miss him when the flowers come  
In the garden where he played;  
I shall miss him more by the fireside,  
When the flowers have all decayed.  
I shall see his toys and his empty chair,  
And the horse he used to ride;

And they will speak with a silent speech  
Of the little boy that died.

We shall all go home to our Father's house—  
To our Father's house in the skies,  
Where the hopes of our souls shall have no bly  
Or love no broken ties.

We shall roam on the banks of the river of peace  
And bathe in it's blissful tide,  
And one of the joys of our heaven shall be  
The little boy that died.

**A Mirror in which People may  
see themselves Reflected.**

\*Albert I wish you would let me have  
couple of dollars.'

Kate Landman spoke very carefully, for she knew that her husband had not much money to spare; yet she spoke earnestly and there was a world of entreaty in her look.

'What do you want money for?' asked Albert, not very pleasantly.

'So I thought I had; but Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Thompson both have a trimmings of braid upon theirs, and it looks very

pretty. It is very fashionable, and it certainly adds much to the dress.'

'Plague take these women's fashions! Your endless trimmings and things a nigger costs more than the dress is worth.'

'Surely, Albert, I don't have many new dresses. I try to be as economical

'It's a funny kind of economy, at events. But if you must have it, I suppose you must.'

And Albert Landman took out his pur-

and counted out the money ; but he gave it grudgingly ; and when he put the purse back into his pocket, he did it with emphasis which seemed to say that he would not take it out again for a week.

When Albert reached the outer door, his way to his work, he found the weather so threatening that he resolved to go back and get his umbrella; and upon re-entering the little parlor he found his wife in tears.

'Good gracious!' cried the husband, 'should like to know if you are arriving.'

'I wasn't crying at what you said, Albert,' replied Kate, tremulously; 'but you were so reluctant to grant me the little I asked for.'

'Oh, pshaw! What do you want to

And away started Albert Landman a second time; but not to escape so easily. In the passage he was met by his daughter Lizzie, a bright eyed, rosy-cheeked girl, to

'Oh, papa, give me twenty five cents.'

"What in the world do you want it for?"  
 "I want to buy a hoop. Ellen Smith has got one, and so has Mary Allen. Mr. Grant has got some pretty ones to sell. Mayn't I have one?"

'Nonsense! I can't afford to be buying hoops for you to trundle about the streets.  
'Please, papa.'  
'No, I tell you!'

The bright blue eyes were filled with tears, and as the child's sobbing broke upon his ears Albert Landman hurried from the house with some very impatient word upon his lips.

This was in the morning. At one o'clock when he came to his dinner, there was a cloud over the household. His wife was morose; and he was silent; and even little Fizzie, usually so gay and blithesome, was

But these things could not last long in that household: for the husband and wife loved each other devotedly, and were







—The Cohoing Star records the death by drowning of two sons of J. G. Field, Esq., of that place, aged respectively ten and thirteen years. They were in bathing and the younger one getting too far into deep water, the elder went to assist him, when both were drowned.

—The State of North Carolina offers for sale, through her Government, on the part of the Board of Literature of the State, all her public swamp lands, consisting of about one million and a half of acres. The object is to secure the development of the State and to sustain the common school.

—An American machinist in Paris—a blind man—makes letter by letter, the mould for a stereotype plate for printing, dispensing with type altogether, so that one need only have a sort of planotype in his study, and instead of sending copy to the printer, he can send his stereotype moulds to the foundry.

One of a party of friends referring to an exquisite musical composition, said, "What song always carries me away when I hear it?" "Can anybody sing it?" asked a wit in the company.

A daily newspaper man, who has just got out of his traces, says he is becoming quite well acquainted with his family. He discovered to his surprise that his daughter could play on the piano. He never had time to discover the fact before.

## COMMERCIAL.

## BELLEVILLE MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.  
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.  
[Montreal, August 3, 1867.]  
P. M.  
FLOUR—Superior Extra... 4 87 1/2 @ 9 00  
Extra... 3 87 1/2 @ 8 50  
Fancy... 7 00 @ 7 50  
Welland... 35 @ 35  
Super, No. 1 Canada Wheat... 7 25 @ 7 50  
No. 1 Western Wheat... 7 35 @ 7 40  
Bar Flour... 3 50 @ 3 65  
WHEAT—Canada Fall... 1 55 @ 1 60  
Spring... 1 55 @ 1 60  
OATS—Per 32 lbs... 44 @ 46  
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs... 30 @ 35  
RUTTER—Dairy... 12 @ 12  
Store Packed... 11 @ 12  
ASHERS—... 55 @ 56 1/2  
Pears... 7 00 @ 7 15  
PORK—Mess... 19 75 @ 20 00  
Prime Mess... 15 50 @ 15 75  
Prime... 14 50 @ 14 75  
DRESSED HOGS... 10 @ 10 1/2  
Pigs... 8 00 @ 8 15  
RICE—Receipts liberal, market firm, but less demand; limited sales at quotations. Grain—No improvement; rates unchanged. Provisions steady, with only limited transactions. Ashes—Pots unchanged; Pearls dull and lower.

## MONTREAL MARKETS

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.  
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.  
[Montreal, August 3, 1867.]  
P. M.  
FLOUR—Superior Extra... 4 87 1/2 @ 9 00  
Extra... 3 87 1/2 @ 8 50  
Fancy... 7 00 @ 7 50  
Welland... 35 @ 35  
Super, No. 1 Canada Wheat... 7 25 @ 7 50  
No. 1 Western Wheat... 7 35 @ 7 40  
Bar Flour... 3 50 @ 3 65  
WHEAT—Canada Fall... 1 55 @ 1 60  
Spring... 1 55 @ 1 60  
OATS—Per 32 lbs... 44 @ 46  
BARLEY—Per 48 lbs... 30 @ 35  
RUTTER—Dairy... 12 @ 12  
Store Packed... 11 @ 12  
ASHERS—... 55 @ 56 1/2  
Pears... 7 00 @ 7 15  
PORK—Mess... 19 75 @ 20 00  
Prime Mess... 15 50 @ 15 75  
Prime... 14 50 @ 14 75  
DRESSED HOGS... 10 @ 10 1/2  
Pigs... 8 00 @ 8 15  
RICE—Receipts liberal, market firm, but less demand; limited sales at quotations. Grain—No improvement; rates unchanged. Provisions steady, with only limited transactions. Ashes—Pots unchanged; Pearls dull and lower.

## NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 3.  
Cotton quiet at 25c.  
Flour—New 20c to 30c lower; old rules in favor of buyers; receipts 5,827 bbls; sales 5,900 bbls; \$5 25 to \$7 40 for Super State and Western; \$4 60 to \$10 50 common to choice extra State and \$7 75 to \$11 80 com to choice extra Western; \$5 15 to \$12 00 for R. H.  
Wheat—Receipts 2,000 bushels; sales 12,000 bush at \$2 40 to \$2 45 for low Southern; \$2 65 for white California.  
Rye quiet; receipts 75 bush.  
Corn—a shade better; receipts 112,004 bushels; sales 72,000 bushels; at \$1 08 to \$1 09 for new mixed Western; \$1 00 to \$1 01 for old; \$1 04 for poor white Western.  
Barley quiet.  
Oats without decided change; receipts 33,500 bush; sales 21,000 bush at 75c to 84c for Western; 52c to 54c State and Ohio.

## LATEST MARKETS.

Flour closed dull.  
Wheat dull.  
Corn a shade better.  
Pork lower; Mess \$23 12, cash.  
Lard heavy at 12 1/2c to 12 3/4c.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 3.  
Stocks strong.  
Gold 140 1/2.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

**PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.**—We ask the attention of the public to the long tested and successful Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received the highest testimonials showing this medicine to be an almost never-failing remedy for diseases caused by, or attendant upon, the following:

Spending Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgia and Rheumatism in any part of the system; Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifying Tonic for the Stomach it is equally valuable to cure, Erysipelas, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Black Headache, Piles, Asthma, Puffiness, Rheumatism, Boils, Pains, Swellings, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Pains in the Throat, Dizziness, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as all the various diseases of Infants, Children, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

See Directions accompanying each bottle. It has been tested in every variety of climate and by every variety of nation, and is as successful in the most constant complaint, and innumerable kind of the "Humors" and all the various diseases of the system, as it is in the most delicate and delicate cases. It is sold everywhere. Price, 15 cts. per bottle, 50 cts. per dozen. **PERRY DAVIS & SONS, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 250 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Q. C.** April 30th, 1867.

—Efforts are being made in St. Catherine's to provide a Bethel Church for the seamen who pass through the Welland Canal.

## Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.  
Imports—1 car merchandise. August 3.  
Exports—1 car merchandise.

## ESTRAY.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber on or about the 25th day of June last, A GRAY MARE, aged. The owner is requested to pay charges and take her away. THOS. WAIRE.  
Lot 22, 1st con. Thurlow.  
Aug. 1, 1867. 579 St.

## ALBERT COLLEGE

## AND

## Belleville Ladies' College!

## WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,

AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to

A. CARMAN,

Belleville, August 2, 1867. 678-4w

## COW Estrey.

CAME into the premises of Mr. P. Hamby, on or about the 28th July, a COW, 7 years old, red head and neck, star in the face, white body, spotted red; legs red and white, white tail. The owner is requested to pay charges and take her away. August 2, 1867. 78-2d 25w1t

## ALLSOP'S ALE,

## Guinness' Stout,

## Blood's Porter!!

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT

100m

HAMBLEY.

## F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment of

## SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in

DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

LADIES

HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of

NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.

Belleville, May 1, 1867. 1D-6m

## J. C. FRANCK &amp; Co.,

## IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Dealers in

GROceries, WINES,

LIQUORS, CIGARS.

&c., &c., &c.

25 Hospital St., . . . MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL

ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines,

at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS

as any house in the City, and solicit the

patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.

July 27, 1867. 74d.

## Converse, Colson &amp; Lamb,

## Commission Merchants,

CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.

MONTREAL.

## Bennett's Wharf, Halifax

THE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA,

when accompanied by the proper official cer-

tificates of their being such, are now ad-

mitted into the

Lower Provinces Free of Duty.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

July 20. 687-1m

## BUGLE LACE,

## BUGLE BUTTONS,

## BUGLE ORNAMENTS,

## Gift and Silver Belts,

JUST RECEIVED AT

G. C. HOLTON & CO'S.

Belleville, July 19, 1868. 1D6m

## Dr. DOBELL'S

New Remedy for Consumption!

Just received at the

APOTHECARIES HALL.

A SUPPLY of PANCREATIC EMUL-

SION, prepared by Savory and Moore,

the eminent London Chemists, and considered

by English physicians superior to Cod Liver

Oil as a remedy for

Pulmonary Consumption!

PRICE 75 cents, \$1.40, and \$2.40 per bottle.

ALSO ON HAND

Trusses and bandages of all kinds, Pads

Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Straps,

Chest Expansors, &c.

ASAP A. T. WILLS & Co.

July 27, 1867. 1d 6m

## TO THE ELECTORS

## OF THE

## EAST RIDING

## OF THE

## COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of your Riding to offer myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.

Yours truly,

B. S. WILSON.

July 27th, 1867. 574

"Joyful News for the People!"

## TEA! TEA!

An article the GOOD QUALITY which

can always be relied on, possessing

Superior Flavor & Great Strength.

All who have tried our TEA pronounce it

SUPERIOR TO ANY EVER USED!

THE PEOPLE DELIGHTED!

DON'T BE PUT OFF!

Ask for the

INDIA & CHINA TEA COV'S

TEA!

AND TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold only at

APOTHECARIES HALL.

T. WILLS & Co.

Belleville, July 27, 1867. 33-3d-24w3t.

## Geo. Ritchie &amp; Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN

E. Holden's New Store,

FRONT STREET,

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE

BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1867. 33-3d-24w3t

## IMMENSE REDUCTIONS

IN

CLOTHING

AND

BOOTS & SHOES

AT

J. MUIR & CO'S.

EMPORIUM.

LINEN & ALPACA

COATS

AT COST.

FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS

AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion.

45D-4f.

## BOTTLED FRUITS.

BY FAWCETT

CONGRER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries, Gooseberries,

Green Gages, Red Plums,

Prunes, Mamee Plums,

Black Currants, Peaches,

Red Currant Jelly, Cranberry Jam,

Black Currant Jam, Crab Apple Jam,

Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGRER. J. A. CONGRER.

June 25. 1D-6m

## ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN of Toronto, Fire and

Marine Assurance Company, are prepared

to effect risks in both branches, through

their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most

reasonable terms.

All claims promptly settled.

Office—In Charters & Webster's Drug

Store.

Belleville, June 21, 1867. 48D-19w1t

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN

MONTREAL!

THE "DAILY NEWS."

Sent \$3.00 per Annum, in advance.

JOHN LOVELL,

Printer and Publisher.

## INDIA AND CHINA TEA COV!

## HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL,

## CANADA DEPOT,

## 32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz. 70 cts. or \$1 00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.

Fine Household TEA, combining

Strength and Flavor, 70c. per lb.

Finest procurable, 1 00.

Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. Wills & Co.,

Belleville, Robert Barker, Agent, Trenton,

Mr. T. W. Larker, Agent.

July 20th, 1867. 66m123w1t.

## SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE

20th Instant.

GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their

Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,

STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,

AND

Other Seasonable Goods,

AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.

Belleville, July 18. 6D5-1m 22D-6f

## JAMES GLASS,

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS.

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

&c. &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 3. 11w1t 3D-6m

## J. &amp; W. Sutherland.

THE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

OF

THE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

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THE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

OF



# GEORGE ROCHE,

## HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

# Felt & Silk Hats,

## KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and repaired.

May 1. 1D-4m

# DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

# "CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 430. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m. Colborne 7 a. m. and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p. m. Saturdays, 3 p. m. Connects at North Shore with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1897. 1D-4m

# HURRAH FOR

# GOULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

# For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING.—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:30 p. m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

GOULSON &amp; CAMERON.

Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERT, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1897. 1D-4m



# American Invoices-Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

# QUEBEC

# INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - \$10,000,000.

# FIRE and LIFE.

# LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assureds.—Owing to the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company, & that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to 10 per cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management must largely influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligence Office*, Agent.

May 1897. 4D-30m.

# W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

DEPARTMENTS OF

WATCHES, GLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED

WALZ, TABLE CLOCKS, &amp;c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery carefully Repaired and Warranted.

Wm. WHARIN, 1206m W. L. WILKINSON.

# C. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAPEES, &amp;c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1206m

# FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

# THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

# UNDERTAKING

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-4m

# The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a. m., and McLeod's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

# RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McNamara, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Road & McLeod, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL.

55 &amp; 56 Common St., Montreal. 1D-3m

# MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Stephen and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

Representatives: Robertson &amp; Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas. Terrence, Esq.

# Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &amp;c.

# COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMIERS—Large, cold, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 350-60m-60m

# KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel.

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, can always supply Miners, Hotels, Shops, &c., with the best quality of all kinds of Groceries, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, &c., together with a full assortment of Groceries, also, Wholesale Agents for ALBION, TAYLOR & CO., Toronto.

# BELLEVILLE

# AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

# IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER &amp; CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK &amp; MACHINERY,

IRON and BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &amp;c.

May 1. 1D-4m

# JOHN BULL

BITTERS.

A wholesome vegetable compound, for the relief of all kinds of biliousness, indigestion, headache, &amp;c. It is a most valuable remedy for all who suffer from these ailments. It is sold in all the principal drug stores, and is highly recommended by the medical profession.

For sale Wholesale by

PITCHER &amp; KELSO,

Belleville, May 1D-4m



# THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

# PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, Newspaper, we have, one of the best appointed

# JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should command the attention of every business firm in the County of Hastings.

# The Extensive Assortment

of

# TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

# POSTERS & PROGRAMMES,

and for all kinds of

# COMMERCIAL WORK,

Letter Headings,

# Note Headings,

Business Cards,

# Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

# Circulars,

Catalogues,

# Receipts,

Famphlets,

# Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

# Posters,

Placards,

# In any Size or in any Colour.

# CONSTITUTIONS.

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

# Book and Job Printing

AT THE

# LOWEST RATES.

Parties at a distance from Belleville in want of

# Any Description of Printing,

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1D-4m

# SYNOPSIS

# GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

# Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may appoint Officers for Division.

Two Divisions created in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere Gold Mining Division," Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis de la Roche, and "St. Lawrence Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilmour, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. John's, 14th July, 1864, amended 26th July, 1864 and 22nd Sept., 1865.

One Division created in Upper Canada by Proclamation, 21st March, 1867, "Quebec Gold Mining Division," constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Deerpark, Miller and North and South Canoe, in the County of Frontenac, the Township of the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and Canoe, the Township of the County of Addington, situated north of the Township of Sheffield and Barrie, the Township of the County of Hastings, situated south of the Township of Sheffield and Barrie, the Township of Belmont and the Township in the County of Frontenac situated north of the Township of Belmont, Alfred Artye Campbell, Esq., of Belleville appointed.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold License," and the other "Private Lands Gold License," \$1 per month for private lands, the miner first obtaining consent of the proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may stake out work claim on small Crown Lands as follows:

ALLUVIAL MINES.

On a river or large creek, 30 feet by 50 from the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 50 from the water's edge. In all cases, 60 feet along shore, and from hill to hill. On surface or half acre, 60 feet square. In case of small alluvial, surface or half acre, larger claim. In case of river or creek to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.

To each miner, 100 feet along bed by 100 on each side from the centre of the bed. For companies, 25 feet additional along bed for every additional miner, but not to exceed 500 feet altogether.

Claims to be staked by the officer, and to be laid out in quadrilateral and rectangular shapes, horizontal, and extended under the surface by lines vertical to the horizon.

Crown Lands licensee to work continuously and renew license.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown Lands at one time.

Discoveries entitled to free licence for one year in manner provided by Act.

Party liable to be left between claims on Crown Lands, party removing party will, to construct a new mode of access to water.

Crown Lands licensee not to cause damage to others.

General use of water reserved opposite claim on Crown Lands.

Registration of claim on Crown Lands temporarily inoperative, allowed for \$1. Proviso: claim to be staked.

Proviso: provided for removal of stakes on claim.

All licenses to make returns.

Quartz crushing machine to be licensed. Fee \$5 per month. Books to be kept and returned free of cost.

Act extends to parties mining near Gold Mining Division.

Sale of liquor prohibited except under license, monthly fee, \$5.

Provisions made for appointment of constables and policemen, and for preservation of peace.

Persons working under Gold Mining Patents to furnish returns and pay royalty, &c. (One such patent territory) to the Secretary of Rigaud-Vaudreuil, in the Chaudiere-Quebec Division created, and royalty shall be paid to the Secretary of the Gold Mining Act.

Governor in Council may make regulations.

Officers may collect on view.

# THE GOLD-MINING-AMENDMENT ACT OF 1865.

Regulations in Gold Mining Act of 1864, providing that no license fee shall be exacted for exploring for gold until the precious metal is discovered.

Enacts that Temporary License provision in previous Act may be applied to territory covered by Mining Patents.

And that disputes between masters and laborers &c. in Gold Mining Division may be determined by officer of division.

# MINERAL METALS AND SALE OF MINERAL

LANDS.

The following are the Regulations:—

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Quebec, 18th July, 1865.

REGULATIONS for the sale of Mineral Lands, approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

# MINERAL METALS.

1. That each regular mining tract in unsurveyed territory shall consist of blocks of two hundred or four hundred acres.

2. That the dimensions of each regular mining tract of four hundred acres be forty chains in front by one hundred chains in depth, and smaller tracts, except on lakes and rivers, in the same proportion. The frontages of the tracts to be North and South, and East and West respectively, in the unsurveyed territories of Upper Canada and parallel to the outlines of the Township elsewhere.

3. That mining tracts bordering upon lakes and rivers shall have their frontage upon such waters, and shall be subject in all respects to the public rights in navigable waterways, and that mining tracts, so situated, shall have a mean depth of one hundred chains back from such river or lake, exclusive of meadow lands, and one chain in width, which shall be reserved as a margin of such river or lake in conformity with the above mentioned bearings.

4. That mining tracts in unsurveyed territory shall be surveyed by a Professional Land Surveyor, and that the tract may be laid down on office maps, and that the surveyor shall be bound to make a map of the tract, and that the map shall be a mean depth of one hundred chains back from such river or lake, exclusive of meadow lands, and one chain in width, which shall be reserved as a margin of such river or lake in conformity with the above mentioned bearings.

5. That in selling the lands in the Gold Mining Division the department is to discriminate in favor of mining prospectors by purchasing for actual settlement, bona fide, and for the purpose of agriculture or other purposes, and that the former for the present prices and terms (subject to an increase of \$2 an acre) be ordered on 30th August, 1864, when actually worked for gold, and to the latter for one dollar an acre.

6. That mining lands in surveyed townships be sold by the local agents for cash, but all lands in unsurveyed territory shall be sold by the department.

7. The above regulations do not apply to mines of gold and silver.

# GOLD AND SILVER.

8. That in selling the lands in the Gold Mining Division the department is to discriminate in favor of mining prospectors by purchasing for actual settlement, bona fide, and for the purpose of agriculture or other purposes, and that the former for the present prices and terms (subject to an increase of \$2 an acre) be ordered on 30th August, 1864, when actually worked for gold, and to the latter for one dollar an acre.

9. That in all Leases Patent for lands, the clause reserving all mines of gold and silver be omitted.

10. All previous regulations inconsistent with the above are repealed.

A. CAMPBELL,

Commissioner.

# BROWN'S FOUNDRY

# MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

G. &amp; J. BROWN,

# Founders and Machinists,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are still manufacturing

# All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with

FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER

MILL, FURNISHINGS, &c., &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of any capacity. Engine and Wood Lathes, Iron and Wood Planers, Shingle Machines of various patterns; also, Agricultural implements of the most improved style and make. Their Horse-Powers and Threshing Machines, with or without cleaners, are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of the most improved style and manufacture. They consist of seven different patterns, and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures may be enumerated Horse Hoes, Cultivators, Harrows, Clod Crushers, Corn and Drill Ploughs, Seed Sowers, Rollers, Straw Cutters and Stump Machines, and improved Grain Grinder and Mill.

# In the Stove Department

They are unequalled. They continue to manufacture Bow, Parlor and Cooking Stoves of various designs, and their improved "Northern Farmer" Cooking Stoves without a rival for farmer's use.

Potash Kettles cast in loam, lip up, of various sizes and of the best material.

# Gold Crushers

Of the newest style and patterns made to order.

Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to successfully compete with any similar establishment in the Province.

Every description of patterns made to order. Repairing done on the shortest notice. All kinds of Brass Castings made to order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D-4m

# The Daily Intelligencer

Will appear about five o'clock every afternoon (Sundays excepted) and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of \$5 per annum in advance, or \$1 per month in advance, or \$5 a year, \$2 50 for 6 months, \$1 50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest intelligence up to the hour of going to press, and will be despatched to the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with the Correspondents in Madoc, Bridgeport, Madoc and other points, who will furnish us with early and full information respecting the Gold Regions, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &amp



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 80

### The Great Naval Review

The Manchester Guardian speaks

the Naval Review at Portsmouth on the 7th ult., says:—"As the Duke of Edin-

... said a few months ago at the civil engineers' dinner, the iron-clads have made us stronger, but they can hardly be said to have made us more beautiful. Here, for example, is the Royal Sovereign. Six years ago she was beautiful.

...sailor could light on. She was then a full-rigged man-of-war of the old class, carrying 131 guns, her huge guns towering like a castle far above the water and masts.

ere almost high enough to remind you of that Yankee tree which required two men and a boy to see to its top, and when in a fair breeze she spread all her canvas, it might almost have been measured by the

he very embodiment of all that constituted perfection in the eyes of naval men of several years ago.' Looking at her you could understand how it was that a sailor loved her.

up, spoke of her invariably as 'she,' cannot help to believe that she had a separate life of her own, and how in some cases the Benjamins would die sooner than desert her. Then, indeed, 'she walked the waters like a thing of life.' But look at her now as she steams silently along in the

the Prince Albert, and say who is going to be enthusiastic about her. You would never guess her to be the ship of seven years ago. She looks now as if her model had been taken from that which every English boy contrives to make when for the first time

his life he is entrusted with a pocket knife. A long piece of wood is cut into something like the shape of a ship, and three short sticks into it. Carry this out on a large scale and you get a fair notion of the

Her sides which towered so high above the water have been cut down to one-fourth their former height. Her long masts, tapering until they became so small that land men on her decks wondered whether the

were strong enough for use, have been cut down to one-third, and look as stumpy and ungraceful as masts can well be made to look. Her vast spread of canvas has disappeared and her masts have now only

appeared and her masts have now only the ordinary schooner rig to be found on every ocean-going steamer. Instead of 131 guns she now only carries five. But if, instead of beauty we think the use of the two ships

When the tables are turned, and the Royal Sovereign of 1861 could put in no appearance against her ugly successor of 1887. These five guns would soon make havoc of a ship armed with 131 such pop-guns as

once carried. Nay, if half a dozen Roy  
Sovereigns of the build of 1861 were  
blaze away at the present bearer of the  
name, her 5½ in. armour plate would pro-  
bably remain altogether unimpaired.

The great feature, indeed, of to-day

review is the starboard line. Every ship is either iron-clad or iron-built, and is propelled by steam. The port line may be said to represent in its perfection the naval architecture of the past; the line of iron

blads not certainly that of the future, but the various stages of progress made during the last twelve years.

**A Horrible Disaster.**  
OVER 100 MEN BURIED ALIVE IN A COAL MINE--ALL HOPES OF THEIR SAFETY VANISHED.

The columns of the European German papers are filled with the particulars of the greatest disaster that ever desolated a mining district.

On the 11 of July the wooden frame work of a 1500 feet deep pit of a coal mine in the neighborhood of Luga, in Saxony gave way, blocking up, with an impenetrable mass of timber and rock, the pit at a depth

about 300 ells from the top. At the moment of the disaster 102 men, nearly all of them the supporters of large families, were working in the bottom of the mine. Their provisions were only calculated

On the 5th of July, the date of our latest news by mail, the place where the fallen masses had stopped the pit was of such a solid structure that the water was

standing on it many feet high. From under the  
des the most available help was offered  
the conviction that nothing could be  
one soon enough to save the unfortunate  
ainers weakened, as it seems, any energetic

ports. They were doomed to die of starvation and want of fresh air. On the 10th of July all attempts to reach the bottom of the mine by any quick process were abandoned, and a slow but sure plan was

revised by which at least the corpses of the perished could be extracted. Iron tubes of about two feet in diameter were to be sunk through the obstructions down to the bottom of the pit. Among the

head are forty-four married men, one of whom had a wife and nine living children. The scenes at the entrance of the pit are described as lamentable without a parallel.

ne hundred and thirty-seven children in the air with their woeful cries, whilst the superintendent of the mine, to whose negligence the disaster was ascribed by the public could only be saved from being mor-

d by his sudden imprisonment.

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## The "Saints" of Utah.

TROUBLE AMONG THE MORMONS.

An article in the New York Herald says: There is trouble among the saints of Salt Lake City. A schism has broken up in their ranks and is daily widening. Young Joe Smith, son of the original founder of Mormonism, has "pronounced" against the Church as presided over by Brigham Young, and withdrawn to the other side of the Rocky Mountains, where he is said to have gathered together some forty or fifty thousand adherents. People in Salt Lake City have lately developed an awkward habit of thinking for themselves and criticizing the actions of their spiritual leaders. They begin to doubt whether it is essential to the faith that the head of the Church should have quite so many wives as he does, or why quite such extortionate things as he does. A heretical newspaper has been started among them and professes to discriminate between Mormonism and Brighamism, very much to the discomfort of the latter creed. The faithful are said to be growing "tired and disgusted with the continued petty tyrannies exercised over both body and mind, and the perpetual drain upon the resources of their industry to keep up a legion of presidents, apostles, bishops, elders, teachers, and triple the number of wives, to say nothing of children." So deep is the general dissatisfaction that only a bold leader is to be brought about the dissolution in the camp and a change of Presidency or a complete break up.

COMMOTION AMONG THE SAINTS.—PRESIDENT YOUNG AND YOUNG JOE SMITH FIGHTING FOR THE SUCCESSION—JOE SMITH GAINING GROUND.

We are in receipt of advices from Salt Lake City to the 18th ult.

Great complaints were made of the conduct of Wells, Fargo, & Co., in not forwarding the mails. The *Deseret News* states that one hundred and ninety-six sacks of mail matter were lying between Denver and Deseret, at the last date.

SCHISM IN THE CAMP.

[From the Nevada Enterprise, June 21.]

It is generally known that there is an irreconcilable schism in the Mormon Church; but it is not generally known that the division separates forty or fifty thousand "Saints" from the original founder of the Church, Brigham Young, and Salt Lake City authorities. The branches differ, not only in relation to the legitimate succession to the Presidency of the Church, but in vital doctrinal points as well, and there is no probability of their coming together. The disaffected Mormons are scattered throughout the Western States, and under the leadership of Joseph Smith, Jr., son of the founder of the faith. He lives in Iowa, and seems to be much respected by his neighbors. It was during the lifetime of the elder Smith to place the mantle of his authority and succession upon the shoulders of the young prophet, but he was killed in prison, and Brigham Young managed to elevate himself to the position of Presidency while the junior Smith was mourning for the death of his father. Such of the Mormons as could not be prevailed upon to remove to Salt Lake twenty years ago, remained in Iowa and Missouri, and recognized the authority of the younger Smith. Their numbers have increased largely, and they now count all of forty thousand souls, it is said. They neither believe in nor practice polygamy, and are altogether a more intelligent body of people than the Utah branch. A large proportion of them are natives of the United States, and during the rebellion they were noted for their loyalty to the Government. Some months since we published a letter from Joseph Smith, Jr., in which he stated the points of difference between the two sects, and alluded to the disloyalty of the Salt Lake branch. The letter seems to have had some effect, for his followers have largely increased during the past year. He has made two or three unsuccessful efforts in the way of proselyting at Salt Lake, and the two branches are irreconcilably hostile to each other.

THE DISAFFECTION DEEP SEATED.

(From the Salt Lake City Vedette, July 13.)

That a deep-seated disaffection exists among the adherents of the Mormon Church is too apparent to need demonstration. We do not assert (for in fact we do not know) that this disaffection is towards the Mormon religion. Our own belief on that point is that it is not. The disaffected appear to be excellent citizens in contrast with their opponents; possess as much intelligence, if not more; have the moral honesty to believe there are two duties for man—one to the State and the other to the Creator—and that the intermediate relations claimed by ambiguous men who jumble into a hotch-potch those obligations arearrant humbugs who assert that they are the representatives of both, and the only way to discharge one's duty to both is to strictly follow the advice of those strange men who arrogate divine prophetic attributes in order to establish themselves in the credulity of the people. Large numbers in this city, if we can rely on the statements of those who have advantages for knowing, are tired and disgusted with the continued petty tyrannies exercised over both body and mind, and the perpetual drain upon the resources of their industry to keep up a legion of Presidents, Apostles, Bishops, Elders, Teachers, and triple the number of wives, to say nothing of children. The leading magnates of the Church are rich; have houses and lands, and quite unlike the Mormons in that respect, for He had no place whereon to lay His head. But these chaps have several places whereon to lay theirs, and good places, too. And when the inquisitive followers of the Mormon faith inquire what has become of the "thing," they are answered by the oracle that it is none of their damned business. Such matters are not easily digested, and set right hard on the stomach. When the people look out and see the fruit of their industry contrib-

ed for the good of the Church converted into fine stores, mills and ranches, and stock and carriages for the aggrandizement of individuals who are rolling in wealth and sensual comfort, hobnobbing with every celebrity that comes along, and always courting the consideration and distinction of the world, they wonder that if they do not acquiesce entirely in all these things. We expect to see a great deal of this disaffection manifest in some summer. All that is required is some man having confidence in the honesty of his convictions to openly declare himself free of these embarrassing temporals, and then lead the van. Craven spirits and temporizers would do otherwise.

PRESIDENT YOUNG COUNSELS A RIOT.

(From the Salt Lake City Vedette, July 13.)

On Sunday last President Young accompanied by a few friends, went down to Cottonwood, about twelve miles south of this village, to hold forth and preach the Gospel for the salvation of men. In the performance of this laudable design, he varied his discourse from the salvation of men and the means necessary to attain it, to a contemptible earthly attack on a certain William Howard, a very fine, intelligent English gentleman, so said, on the State road, about four miles from this city, who makes excellent whiskey. We are informed that Mr. Howard like a good citizen, pays the United States revenue as "required by law," but on account of some religious obtuseness that has worked its way into his head, he hasn't paid up the thing according to "Gunter." He was at one time a particular friend of the prophet, so the story goes—and had claims of a financial character against that dignitary that made the latter have recourse to his writs; brought up all the papers of Mr. Howard, then in circulation, and "squashed" him. This trick was twice performed by the President, but Howard couldn't "see it." He carried out a course of his own; and the President, in commenting on it last Sunday, made some remarks that riled Howard, and he got up and openly denounced them as false, and demanded a retraction. Some wrangling ensued, when Brigham ordered that he should be put out. About two hundred said "No," but they were entreated, and Mr. H. was forcibly ejected from the House of God. Brigham then counseled his hearers to go and tear down the house and distillery of Mr. Howard, and not leave a stone upon a stone. They did not do it, however, for which they are to be highly commended by every lover of law and good order. If they had they would only show a willingness to take bad advice. Their own better counsels prevailed. We learn that Mr. Howard had sent a letter to Brigham Young yesterday, demanding a retraction of his personal statements in the Temple, Cottonwood, or that he would hold him personally responsible. Things are coming to a pretty pass.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVEILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Mixed Express going West.	7.23 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Express Freight going West.	No passengers allowed on this train.
Nocturnal Express going West.	12.05 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Morning Express Freight going East.	No passengers allowed by this train.
Montreal Train.	9.45 P. M.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVEILLE, MONDAY, AUG. 5.

AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.—The President on Tuesday issued a circular instructing District Attorneys and United States Marshals to be vigilant for the prevention of a violation of the neutrality laws by filibustering parties.

DR. RYBISON'S ADDRESS.—We have received a copy of a pamphlet written by Dr. Rybison in relation to the political position of the country. It is a very able and well-written document, to which we may refer in a future number.

TENNESSEE ELECTION.—The returns from the elections in Tennessee show that "Patron Brownlow" has been re-elected Governor by 30,000 majority. All the Radical candidates for Congress have been elected by 3,000 to 8,000 majorities. So far as heard from the election was proceeded with quietly.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.—Several orders appear in the *Canada Gazette*. One of these, it is stated, is that extra pay for old patterns of clothing has been remitted, and district paymasters have orders to refund to companies that have had their claims delayed. The annual sum heretofore paid to the district paymasters under order in Council on the 21st day of August, 1866, is disallowed, and will cease to be payable from and after the 1st day of August next.

CABLE OF 1866 BROKEN AGAIN.—By the last steamer for Europe we see the London *News* published a telegram dated Valencia, July 20, which reports that the Atlantic cable of 1866 was again broken suddenly that afternoon, it was thought about fifty miles from Heart's Content. The chairman of the Anglo-American Telegraph Co., says that the breakage has occurred at a very moderate depth of water, and the injury can be repaired with great facility as in the case of recent accidents to the shore end of the same cable. The cable of 1865 is in perfect order.

## FROM PETROLIA.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

PETROLIA, August 5.

Another terrible fire occurred here on Saturday night in the flowing mill district, caused by a lamp igniting a tank of oil. The fire spread over an area of 80 acres, consuming in the course of twelve hours and burned about 40,000 barrels of oil. The principal losers in the fire are the North Eastern Oil Company, Lincoln Oil Company, and well of L. C. Ryker of St. Catharines, John D. Noble of Kingston, Golderich and Marshall's well; Edwin Lane, and E. H. Thompson & Co., whose well is still flowing oil and burning at the same time. Loss estimated at nearly \$100,000. The fire is still raging, but is greatly abated.

## The Disunion Party.

The Leader of to-day says: "The Montreal Herald reports the formation, in New Brunswick, of a party of three, who are to 'ally themselves with Mr. Howe and Mr. Brown.' The intention is said to be: we are still quoting the *Herald*, 'to break up the so-called Union party.' The announcement that Mr. Brown is a party to such a plot to break up the Union party will put the last nail in his political coffin, in Ontario. Howe and Brown and Smith, of New Brunswick, and a couple of others: these are the conspirators; and their known sentiments and acts go to corroborate the statement. Besides the *Herald*, a Rouge organ, must be held to be good authority on a question of this kind; for no doubt many of the Rouges would be glad to assist in such a work. The *Herald* itself and Mr. Holton would probably decline; but not so much for the *Pays* and that section of the Rouges for which it speaks."

We have contended all along that the opposition of Hon. Mr. Brown would resolve itself into this. And here we have before Parliament has met, is a combined and determined effort to form a party whose object is the disruption of the Union. The Rouge party of Lower Canada, with which Mr. Brown has formed an alliance, has a special organ in the *Pays*. In order to see the character of the party upon whom he depends to overthrow the Confederate Government, let us quote from that journal of the 4th April, when there was some talk of an invasion of the Fenians. It said:

"Now should we accept the destiny traced out for us or agitate to shake off the yoke, such is the order of the day. Approaching events will teach the people the only reasonable solution of the difficulty. 'Yes, readers, something will happen, freedom cannot be far distant. The right cannot succumb forever. Liberty cannot eternally remain on the other side of the line 45. She will cross it sooner or later, and everything seems to indicate that that will be soon. That it must shine some day in Canada as well as on the rest of America, is evidently but a question of time. Several foretelling signs already display themselves on the horizon.'"

Of course this could only have reference to the Fenian movement, and it will be seen that it warmly expresses the desire that such invasion should take place. It is with such a party in Lower Canada, with the party in New Brunswick who lowered the Union Jack at half-mast on Dominion Day, and with Howe, of Nova Scotia, the avowed annexationist, that Mr. Brown has formed an alliance, for the purpose of overthrowing the Government. Are the people of Ontario willing to entrust their interests in the hands of such a party?

## Free Speech.

There is evidently trouble ahead in Montreal West. At a meeting on Friday evening, held in the interest of Mr. McGee and Mr. Ogilvie, Devlin's rowdies were present in large numbers, and they kept up such hooting and screaming that it was impossible to be heard. They went further, and three stones at the speakers, so that they were obliged to retire. A squad of policemen came on the ground, but they were not sufficient to preserve order. The ringleaders said they were willing to hear Mr. Ogilvie, if Mr. McGee did not appear with him. To which Mr. Ogilvie replied, and the answer did him honor, that "he would not speak 'on any platform where the Hon. Mr. McGee, or any other citizen, was denied the 'right of free speech.' The meeting then broke up, amidst considerable confusion, and Mr. McGee was followed to his hotel by a gang of rowdies, who kept up their hootings and insulting remarks, although he was accompanied by a squad of policemen. Montreal West has a lot of turbulent spirits, and it will not be surprising if serious disturbances take place before the election is over.

MECHANICS FOR CANADA.—It is stated in a letter received by Mr. J. H. Daley, Emigration Agent, Montreal from the Government Emigration Office at Quebec, that the East End Emigration Society, London, England, intend to send out here by the steamer *Thames*, which will arrive about the 10th inst, 150 mechanics for the Dominion. Those who want workmen may apply to J. H. Daley.

## Gold News.

(For the Intelligencer.)

MADOC, August 3.

Mr. G. A. Terry, of Frankfurt, called upon me this morning, in company with Mr. Wyckoff's assistant, and produced two certificates from Mr. Wyckoff—one with reference to an assay of ore from the 14th con. Rawdon; another from the Township of Limerick.

The one from Rawdon realized per ton: Gold, \$8; Silver, 75 cents; total, \$8 75. The other, from Limerick: Silver, \$37 50.

Mr. Terry made affidavit to the fact that they were both taken by himself from the localities named.

This shows a very wide field for mineral operations.

Yours truly, A. F. Wood.

## Arrivals from Europe.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The steamer *Cambriva* from Hamburg, via Southampton, 24th July, arrived early this morning.

The Kings of Bavaria and Portugal have arrived in Paris. The statement that the King of Denmark would visit Paris is pronounced unfounded.

George Dixon, Liberal, has been elected member of Parliament from Birmingham, to succeed the late Mr. Scholefield as Mr. Bright's colleague. Coventry had also elected a Liberal.

The Portuguese Minister of Foreign Affairs arrived in London to endeavor to obtain a loan.

It is stated that the Austrian government sanctioned the organization of seventy battalions of Honveds, a Cretan squadron being organized at Athens to give chase to a Turkish fleet. It is composed of six vessels, armed with thirty guns each.

The blockade-runner *Aranda* had completed her nineteenth voyage to Crete, disembarked volunteers and cargo, and took aboard four hundred women and children for Greece.

About a thousand women and children had taken refuge in mountain caverns, where they were in danger of being killed by the Turks. Foreign consuls protested against any unnecessary violence, and the English consul sent a steamer to protect them.

A Bucharest telegram says the government ordered severe measures to be taken to prevent the meeting of the Moldavian senators and deputies which had been convened. It was believed the object of this meeting is to promote the separation of the Roumanian principalities.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The steamer *City of Baltimore* from Liverpool 24th, Queens-town 25th, arrived this evening.

Her arrivals are only one day.

ITALY.—In reply to inquiries made at the last sitting of the chamber of deputies, Signor Rattazzi declared the ornaments and enlistments said to be in preparation for the invasion of Sicily by the Sicilians, were being made by the Romans themselves, and added that the Italian government would secure the integrity of the Pontifical dominions.

BREITLIN, July 24.—The National Roman Committee have issued circulars to revolutionists calling upon them to reserve their energies for the overthrow of the Roman Papal government, and annexation of Rome to Italy. The representatives of the Papal Curia, on behalf of their several governments guaranteed protection to the Regime of His Holiness in case certain eventualities should arise.

BREITLIN, July 24, evening.—It is stated that the Danish reply to the Prussian despatch on the subject of guarantees for the protection of the Germans in the North Schleswig districts to be ceded to Denmark, leaves open a way for a mutual direct understanding between the cabinets of Berlin and Copenhagen. The attitude taken by the Danish government is by no means unfriendly.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—The peace overtures of the Emper of Bokhara were agreed to on the 11th inst. In accordance therewith hostilities are not to recommence except in case of extreme necessity.

The Emir of Bokhara on his part to give orders for the cessation of hostilities.

## Terrible Sufferings on an Emigrant Ship.

The New York *Evening Post* says:—The passengers by the Austrian ship *Guisepe Bacovitch*, which arrived in the Lower Bay, New York, a few days ago with Belgian emigrants, have made out a protest to the Commissioners of Emigration in which they assert that the seventeen deaths that occurred during the voyage were due to the insufficiency and bad quality of the food supplied to the fact that the water used was poisoned by having been put in barrels which had been previously used for petroleum.

Mr. Casserly, the Superintendent of Case, Gardiner, sent Captain Henry Otto True to investigate the charges contained in the protest. Capt. True learned that the ship was provided with stores by Mr. Strauss in Antwerp, and that when opened it was found that there was no tea nor sugar; the bread was unfit for food, the potatoes were rotten, and the water so nauseous, coming out of oil-barrels, that it was unfit for use. Capt. True reports that if it had not been for the care of the captain, who gave up the ship stores, and apportioned out the ship's water, but few of the passengers would have reached this port.

—On and after the 1st October next a register of 44, to be paid at the time of posting the letter, will be charged on all letters passing between the United Kingdom and the Dominion of Canada, when the writer wishes to avail himself of this additional security afforded by the post-office.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LIVERPOOL, August 3.—The steamship *Pennsylvania*, from New York on July 30th, has arrived.

PARIS, August 3.—The Emperor Napoleon will be accompanied by M. Moustier, his Minister for Foreign Affairs, on his visit to the Emperor of Austria, and will remain three days in the Austrian Capital.

LONDON, August 3, 2 p.m.—Despatches from Athens state that the Greek Government has announced its determination of declaring war against the Sublime Porte on the 1st of Sept. should the hostilities against the Christians in Candia not be ended by that time.

Great military preparations are being made for such a contingency, and orders have been issued calling out the entire reserves in the kingdom.

PARIS, August 3.—The "Dunderberg" has arrived at Cherbourg, making the trip in 14 days 17 hours, she encountered heavy weather and high seas.

The departure of Napoleon for Vienna has been postponed one week.

It is stated that arrangements are being made for an interview between the Emperor Napoleon and the King of Prussia, to take place after the visit of the former to Vienna.

The Emperor has received an address from the foreign members of the Imperial Commission of the Exposition Universelle. In his reply he says: "The hopes for peace and progress of the whole world spring from such Exhibitions."

PASTR, August 3.—The election of Louis Kossuth to the Hungarian Diet causes alarm among the members of the Conservative party of Hungary, who think the extreme views and powerful prestige of the ex-President may lead to a disturbance of the existing political agreement with the Emperor of Austria.

FLORENCE, August 3.—William R. Roberts, one of the leaders of the recent Fenian movement in the United States, is now in Naples, where he is reported to be intriguing with the Radical Democrats and men of the Party of Action in Southern Italy.

LONDON, August 3, 2 p.m.—Consols 94½; 3-20s, 73½ to 72½; 4-10s, 110; Erie, 48; A & G W Consolidated Bonds, 20½.

LIVERPOOL, August 3, 3 p.m.—Cotton easier, quiet and unchanged. No change in Breadstuffs. Provisions or Produce.

## American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—The official correspondence relative to the arrest of Santa Anna has been published.

It is reported in official circles that should James G. Blaine re-election to the Presidency of Mexico, he will be sent as Minister to Washington by the new administration.

NEW YORK, August 4.—An Orizaba letter of July 18th gives an account of the enthusiastic reception to Madame Juarez all along the route to Mexico City. Juarez will undoubtedly be chosen for President.

## Editorial Summary.

—A company in St. Louis are going to teach unskilled artifice stone upon a great scale.

—One hundred million gallons of beer are yearly consumed in England.

—The *Church News* publishes a list of 150 churches in which lights are habitually placed on the altar.

—Gen. Michel has resigned his command in Canada, and it is said that the position has been offered to Sir Fenwick Williams.

—Sir Morton Peto's creditors are likely to get about three cents on a dollar of the fifty or sixty millions of dollars he owes them.

—The Hon. Messrs. Beaudin and Dinkins are in Ottawa for the purpose of superintending the removal of the Quebec portion of the public archives.

—Governor Crawford, of Kansas, estimates that during the year 5,000 white persons have been killed by the hostile Indians on the Western plains.

—The population of Texas is estimated to be now at least 1,000,000, and rapidly multiplying. Before the war it was between 600,000 and 700,000.

—A court martial has been convened at Buffalo for the trial of seventeen soldiers of the fourth artillery for parading with a Fenian organization in Fenian uniforms.

—A Convention for South Leeds is called for Tuesday next. Mr. Stephen Richards is to attend and will receive nomination for the Local Legislature.

—About 500 men have re-enlisted in the regiments in Canada, since the pay of 10 years men and over has been raised. On Friday 30 soldiers of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers received their allegiance to her Majesty, at Quebec.

—The Sultan, when he visited the Invalides, at Paris, a few days back, asked to see the oldest veteran in the institution; and with his own hands he decorated him with the Order of the Medjidie.

—An Irishman wishing to express the idea of the inexhaustible supply of fish in the Irish waters, said there are so many fish in the sea that if you were to take every fish you could catch out of it, he didn't think there would be one left in it!

—Mr. Howe's organ, the *Halifax Chronicle*, opposes the idea of including British Columbia and Vancouver Island within the Confederation, and advocates their annexation to this, in United States. We are not surprised at this, as it is exactly in accordance with the policy of the anti-Unionists of the Maritime Provinces. But will the people of Ontario unite with them as they are asked to do?







**GEORGE ROCHE,**  
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
Kept always on hand. Also a great  
variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember  
the stand.  
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.  
N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and  
repacked.  
May 1. 1D-6m

**DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.**

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

**"CORINTHIAN,"**

Leaves Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-  
tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,  
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival  
of G. F. R. morning trains from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.  
Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-  
lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-  
press Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.  
Connects at North Shore Ports with G. F. R.  
morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.  
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1867. 1D

**HURRAH FOR  
COULSON & CAMERON'S**  
LINE OF STAGES**For the Madoc Gold Regions.**

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-  
cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sundays excepted), at half past 7 o'clock,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening train  
going east and west.

**COULSON & CAMERON,**  
Proprietors.  
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TANNER, Agent, Madoc.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.  
July 22nd, 1867. 1D-6m

**American Invoices—Discounts.**

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as repre-  
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
*Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,  
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D1-tf Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

**QUBEN  
INSURANCE COMPANY**

CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.  
**FIRE and LIFE.**

**LIFE DEPARTMENT.**

THE principles on which the Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and  
afford every facility to intending assurers.—  
One of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement  
to **Ten per Cent** of the Net Life  
Income. This most important restriction  
shows that the interests of participating policy-  
holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-  
pecially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
Must Largely Influence Profits  
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1868, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.  
M. BOWELL,  
Medical Referee, Belleville, Ont.,  
May, 1867. 4D-6m.

**W. WHARIN & CO.,**

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,  
IMPORTERS OF  
ANTHONS, GLOVES, JEWELRY, ELKOTCH-PLATED  
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c., &c.  
Wholesale, Cheap and Jewellery carefully  
selected and warranted.  
Wm. Wharlin, 11 King St. E. W. Wharlin.

**C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPERS, &c.**

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

**FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.**

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Mills, Belleville.  
He would call the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-  
nishing, to his present Stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.  
Sole and Co. of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, CHAIRS of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

**THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT**  
is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.**UNDERTAKING**  
in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stock and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4

**The Upper Cabin Steamer**

MONAMARA, MASTER,  
WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a.m., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

**RETURNING.**

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY a-  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.  
This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.  
For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,  
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.  
May 14. 1D-3m

**MAITLAND FISHER.**

**TEA and GENERAL BROKER.**  
OFFICE: Corner of St. Stephen and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.  
R. G. Robertson & Son, Robert, Esq.,  
Esq., 100, St. Nicholas, Montreal.

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,  
Leather, &c.,  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**  
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with  
every facility for handling provisions to ad-  
vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts  
authorized against shipments to our credit for  
sale here or consigned to our friends in Great  
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 3D-6m-Win

**KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,**

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C. W.

**WHOLESALE and Re-  
tail Grocers and Pro-  
vision Merchants,** can  
supply Miners, Hotels,  
Shops, &c., with the best  
quality of lard, Pork, Hams,  
Beef, &c., and also of all  
kinds of Groceries. All  
kinds of Butcher's &c., &c.  
Also, Wholesale Agents for  
McGowan, Taylor &  
Co., Toronto.

**AGRICULTURAL WORKS**

AND  
**IRON FOUNDRY**  
WEST FRONT STREET.

**J. M. WALKER & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF  
**Thrashing Machines,  
STRAW CUTTERS,  
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,  
IRON and BRASS CASTINGS,  
Iron and Steel Ploughs,  
Stoves, &c.**

May 1. 1D-4

**JOHN BULL  
BITTERS**

A most valuable vegetable compound, for  
the cure of the stomach and nervous dis-  
orders, Indigestion, Headache, Dizziness,  
Vertigo, Languor, Loss of Appetite, &c., &c.  
It may be taken at any time, and in any  
quantity, and is perfectly safe, and is  
entirely free from any deleterious effects.  
It is a most valuable remedy for the  
stomach and nervous system, and is  
entirely free from any deleterious effects.  
It is a most valuable remedy for the  
stomach and nervous system, and is  
entirely free from any deleterious effects.

For sale Wholesale by  
FICKERTHLY & KELSO,  
Belleville.

**THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER**

BOOK AND JOB  
**PRINTING OFFICE.**

THE public are informed, that in connection  
with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER  
Newspapers, we have one of the best  
appointed

**JOB DEPARTMENTS**

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all  
kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should  
insure the attention of every business firm in the  
County of Hastings.

**The Extensive Assortment**

OF  
**TYPE AND POWER PRESSES**

Gives great advantages in the printing of  
**POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.**

And for all kinds of  
**COMMERCIAL WORK.**

Letter Headings,  
Note Headings,  
Business Cards,  
Bank Cheques,  
Bill Heads,  
Circulars,  
Catalogues,  
Receipts,  
Pamphlets,  
Bonds and Mortgages,  
Deeds,  
Posters,  
Placards,  
In any Size or in any Colour.

**CONSTITUTIONS**

**BY LAWS.**

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly  
and expeditiously.

**Book and Job Printing**

AT THE  
**LOWEST RATES.**

Particulars at distance from Belleville in view of

**Any Description of Printing**

Can have their wants supplied, by sending their orders  
by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful  
attention.

M. BOWELL,  
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1. 1D.

**SYNOPSIS****GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,**

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the  
**Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,**  
29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor  
in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.  
Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.  
Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere"  
Gold Mining Division, Richard Poirer, Esq., Gold Min-  
ing Inspector, St. Francis de la Rochelle; and "St. Fran-  
cis Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilman, Esq., Gold  
Mining Inspector, St. Francis, 10th July, 1864, amended  
30th July, 1864 and 22nd Sept., 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclama-  
tion, 18th May, 1867: "Quinte Gold Mining Division,"  
constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Pal-  
merston, Miller, and South Canotoga, in the  
County of Frontenac; the Townships in the County of  
Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and  
Causton, the Townships in the County of Adolphus,  
Causton, the Townships in the County of Hastings, situated  
north of the Township of Salisbury, Thurlow and Tyndring,  
the Townships in the County of Hastings, situated south  
of the Township of Salisbury, Thurlow and Tyndring,  
the Township of Peterborough situated north of the Township  
of Belmont, Alfred Argyle Campbell, Esq., of Belleville  
Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.  
Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold Li-  
cense," \$2 per month, for unworked Crown Lands, and the  
other "Private Lands Gold License," \$1 per month, for  
private lands, the miner, first obtaining consent of the  
proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may make out and work  
claim on unworked Crown Lands as follows:  
ALLUVIAL MINES.

On a river of large creek, 20 feet front by 60 from  
the water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 60 from centre  
of stream. In gully, 60 feet along same, and from hill  
to hill. On surface of hill and under square. In case  
of hill mining, other may grant larger claim. In bed of  
river officer to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.  
To each miner, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side  
from the centre of the lead. For companies, 250 feet  
along lead for every additional miner, but not to  
exceed 600 feet altogether.

Claims to be classed by the officer, and to be laid out  
in quadrilateral and rectangular shapes, horizontal, and  
bounded under the surface by lines vertical to the hori-  
zontal.

Crown Lands licensee to work continuously and renew  
license.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown  
Lands at one time.

Discoverer entitled to free license for one year, in  
manuscript provided by Act.

Party fails to be left to construct a new mode of  
access in winter.

Crown Lands licensee not to cause damage to others.  
General use of water reserved opposite claim on  
Crown Lands.

Registration of claim on Crown Lands temporarily  
unworkable, allowed for \$1. Proviso: claim to be  
worked.

Penalty provided for removal of stakemen claims.  
All licenses to make returns.

Quartz crushing machines to be licensed. Fee \$6  
per month. Books to be kept and returned furnished.  
Act extends to parties mining near Gold Mining Di-  
visions.

Sale of liquor prohibited except under license, multi-  
plied by \$5.

Provisions made for appointment of constables and  
poolemen, and for preservation of peace.

Persons working under Gold Mining Patents to furnish  
return and pay royalty, &c. (only one such patent  
exist viz. for the "Seigniorie of Ripid-Vaudreuil," in the  
Chaudiere—out of the 1000 acres, and the royalty  
same committed to fees under Gold Mining Act.)

Special attention not to be paid to registering the  
proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations,  
Public Meetings, &c., and in each of these  
points no expense will be incurred to make the  
DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patron-  
age.

**THE GOLD MINING AMENDMENT ACT OF 1865.**

Repeals clause in Gold Mining Act of 1864, providing  
that no license fee shall be exacted for staking for  
gold until the previous claim is discovered.

Repeals that Tavern License provision in previous Act  
may be applied to territory covered by Mining Patents.  
And that disputes between miners and laborers &c.,  
in Gold Mining Division may be determined by officer  
of Division.

**INFERIOR METALS AND SALE OF MINERAL  
LANDS.**

The following are the Regulations:—  
DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,  
Ottawa, 18th July, 1868.

REGULATIONS for the sale of Mineral Lands, ap-  
proved by His Excellency the Governor General in  
Council.

INFERIOR METALS.

1. That each regular mining tract in unsurveyed ter-  
ritory shall consist of blocks of two hundred or four hun-  
dred acres.

2. That the dimensions of each regular mining tract of  
four hundred acres, be forty chains in front by one hun-  
dred chains in depth, and smaller tracts, except on lakes  
and rivers, in the same proportion. The bearings of the  
outlines to be North and South, and East and West, ac-  
cording to the unworked territories of Upper Canada  
(and parallel to the outlines of the Townships  
elsewhere).

3. That mining tracts bordering upon lakes and rivers  
shall have their frontage upon such waters, and shall be  
subject in all cases to the public rights in navigable or  
flowable waters; and that mining tracts, so situated,  
shall have a mean depth of one hundred chains (back  
from each river or lake) exclusive of road allowances of  
one chain in width, which shall be reserved along the  
margin of such river or lake, in conformity with the  
above mentioned bearings.

4. That mining tracts in unsurveyed territory shall be  
surveyed by the Province and sold by lot, and con-  
sidered by some known point in previous surveys (so  
termed) at the cost of the applicant, who shall be re-  
quired to furnish with their application the surveyor's  
plan, field notes and description thereof, and to accom-  
pany the foregoing requisition and to the satisfaction  
of the Department, and pay the price of one dollar per  
acre, into the Department of Crown Lands at the time of  
making application.

5. That in surveyed townships, lots presenting indica-  
tions of minerals be sold on the above conditions, but at  
not less than one dollar per acre any township, and at  
the same price as the other lands in the township when  
it is more than one dollar per acre.

6. That mining lands in surveyed townships be sold  
by the lot (and for each lot, but all rights in surveyed  
territory shall be sold by the department).

7. The above regulations do not apply to mines of gold  
and silver.

GOLD AND SILVER.

8. That in selling the lands in the gold mining divisions  
the department is at liberty to make such provisions  
for purchasers for actual settlement, bona fide, and  
for mining or other special purposes, as may be deemed  
proper for the present prices and terms (subject to the  
approval of the Department) and under the order of 8th Aug.  
1864, when actually worked for gold, and to the order  
for one dollar an acre, each.

9. That in all Letters Patent for lands, the clause re-  
serving all mines of gold and silver be omitted.

10. All previous regulations inconsistent with the  
above are cancelled.

A. CAMPBELL,  
Commissioner.

**BROWN'S FOUNDRY****MACHINE SHOP.**

G. & J. BROWN,  
FOUNDERS and MACHINISTS.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that  
they are still manufacturing  
All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with  
FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER  
MILL, FURNISHING, &c., &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of  
any capacity. Engines and Wood-Lathes.  
They consist of some fifty different pat-  
terns; also, Agricultural Im-  
plements of the most improved style and  
make. Their Horse-Powers, and Turn-  
ing Machines, with or without gears,  
are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of  
the most improved style and make. They  
consist of some fifty different pat-  
terns, and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH  
is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures, may  
be enumerated: Horse-drawn Ploughs,  
Harrows, Clod-Crusters, Corn and Drill  
Ploughs, Seed Sowers, Rollers, Straw-Cut-  
ters and Stump Machines, and improved  
Grain Grinders and Mills.

**In the Stove Department**

They are unequalled. They contain a  
manufacture Box, Parlor and Cooking Stoves  
of various descriptions, and their improved  
"Northern Farmer" Cooking Stove is with-  
out a rival for farmer's use.

Parties desiring to call in, upon, or  
various sizes and of the best material, and  
order.

**Gold Crushers**

Their facilities for manufacturing for  
such as to enable them to successfully com-  
pete with any similar establishment in the  
Province.

Every description of patterns made to  
order. Repairing done on the spot.  
All kinds of Brass Castings made to  
order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D-4

**The Daily Intelligencer**

WILL appear about five o'clock every after-  
noon (Sundays excepted) and will be  
furnished to subscribers at the rate of  
\$1 paid in advance, \$5 otherwise. Mail sub-  
scribers \$3 a year. \$2.50 for 6 months; \$1.50  
for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up  
to the hour of going to press, including Cable  
despatches and the New York and Montreal  
Markets.

Arrangements have been made with READING  
CONNOISSEURS in Madoc, Belleville, &c.,  
and on other points, with the view of pro-  
viding full and information respecting the Gold  
Regions, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the  
proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations,  
Public Meetings, &c., and in each of these  
points no expense will be incurred to make the  
DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patron-  
age.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has  
been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6  
months, . . . . . \$3.00  
Half Square, 6 months, . . . . . \$2.00  
One Square, 6 months, . . . . . \$1.00  
Two Squares, 6 months, . . . . . \$2.00  
Four Squares, 6 months, . . . . . \$3.00  
Notice of Birth, . . . . . 50  
Do of Marriages, . . . . . 50  
Do of Deaths, . . . . . 50

"BRUNNEN" Notice.—All matter under this  
heading, headed or solid, 10 cents per line,  
measured by a scale of solid minion.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less  
than half a square can have the privilege of  
changing their advertisements every two weeks.  
Transient advertisements inserted at 7 cents  
per line for first insertion, and 2 cents for each  
additional insertion.

**The Weekly Intelligencer**

Is published every Friday Morning at \$2 per  
annum if called for at the Office, or sent by  
mail; and \$2.50 if delivered by the Carrier, or  
able in all cases in advance. When not paid  
until the close of the year, 30 cents will be  
added to each year's subscription. No paper  
discontinued until arrears are paid up, except  
at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation  
has rapidly increased, and the number of  
our Subscription Books is over 1,000.  
With such a large and general circulation,  
throughout this and adjoining Counties, the  
Weekly INTELLIGENCER presents unsurpassed  
advantages to advertisers.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING.**

Six lines and under, first insertion, . . . . . 10  
Each subsequent insertion, . . . . . 5  
Above six lines (per line) first insertion, . . . . . 10  
Each subsequent insertion, . . . . . 5  
per line. "BUSINESS" Notices, measured by the  
line, insertion, measured by the line.

A liberal discount made to those who adver-  
tise by the year.

Advertisements for insertion must be delivered  
before 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday to be  
sure their appearance.

All advertisements without written direction  
inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

**The Intelligencer Job Office**

Is supplied with Power Presses, Hand Presses,  
and possesses every facility for the rapid and  
neat execution of every description of Book  
and Job Printing, and for the execution of  
the business of the printer.

THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER are  
at hand at the Book Store, and at J. P. Wilson's  
Wilson's Drug Store, and at J. P. Wilson's  
All orders by mail promptly attended to.

M. BOWELL,  
INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

**HILL HEADS.**

AND all other kinds of J. P. Wilson's  
and all other kinds of J. P. Wilson's  
and all other kinds of J. P. Wilson's

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1. 1D.



# Belleville Intelligencer

LET THERE BE HAYSTACK IN THIRDS ESSENTIAL-LIBERALITY IN THIRDS NOT ESSENTIAL-CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1887.

No. 81.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Piccinini & Kelo.**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wf

**Legate & Price.**  
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1D6m-Wf

**Geo. H. Haymes.**  
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1D6m-Wf

**McLeod & Carre.**  
ENGINEERS, PROVISIONAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and PATENT SOLICITORS, 183 1/2, Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & CO., Madoc. 1D6m-Wf

**A. R. Dougall.**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Office over Orrell's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., Office, Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON, D. E. K. STEWART. 1D6m-Wf

**Ross, Bell & Holden.**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville. HON. JNO. ROSS, JOHN BELL, THOS. HOLDEN. 1D6m-Wf

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c., Office, 2nd floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND, GEO. D. DICKSON. 1D6m-Wf

**Macellian & Macellian.**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, Attorneys-at-LAW, Conveyancers, &c., Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wf

**Forrest & Loto's.**  
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Loto's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 2D5-Wf

**T. Lockery.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 2D5m

**Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-at-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

**Robert P. Jellott.**  
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-at-LAW, Solicitor, &c., &c., Office—Dufour Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 1D6m

**Angus McFee.**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

**John Wilson.**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1D6m

**J. W. Brown.**  
MERCHANT TAILOR and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

**Geo. Gibson.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A full assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

**J. C. Vapor.**  
MERCHANT TAILOR and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1D6m

**To Gold Miners.**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid purchased Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Ropes, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1D6m

**McKewen & Robertson.**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the latest styles, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are experienced manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

## NEW DISCOVERY.

**Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.**  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

**FIRST CLASS HOMES.** new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turnouts for the Meads Gold Mine at reasonable rates. WESLEY BULLEN, GEO. GIBSON. 2D5m

## Montreal Business Directory.

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.**  
G. LAMPE.  
284 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.

**PHILIP HENRY.**  
TOBACCONIST,  
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES, 288 St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**J. A. HARTE.**  
GLASGOW DRUG HALL  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1D-6m

**MURRAY & Co.**  
STATIONERS' HALL,  
Corner of St. James and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail. 1D-6m

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,  
40 St. James Street, Montreal. Agents for J. D. Denis, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac; W. Schindler Schupp. 1D-6m

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,  
No. 336 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Montreal. 1D-6m

**PEAVEY & FAVOR.**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN  
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,  
Provisions, &c.,  
No. 444 St. James Street, three doors West St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Cutlery. 1D-6m

**A. BOOKER.**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant,  
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Building, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,  
Importers of East and West India Produce, Medicines, &c., &c.,  
418 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1D-6m

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
30 & 32 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Appointments by letter, from Country Merchants not shipping it entrusted to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention, and goods not in stock will be purchased and shipped at lowest market prices. 1D-6m

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL.**  
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,  
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**DAVID, CLARKE & CLAYTON.**  
WINE, SPIRIT  
and Commission Merchants,  
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**S. DAVIS.**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
HAVANA SEGARS,  
Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Wasp and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1D-6m

**J. V. MORGAN.**  
Commission Merchant,  
Importers of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-6m

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
British, American, and German  
SHIPS and HEAVY HARDWARE,  
401 & 403 Great St. James Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., Montreal. 1D-6m

**M. GUTMAN & Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,  
25 Leonard Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS.**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 1D-6m

**KINGAN & KINLOCH.**  
IMPORTERS  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
Corner St. Peter and St. James Streets, Montreal. 1D-6m

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL.**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS,  
301, NOTRE DAME STREET,  
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER.**  
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE  
MERCHANTS,  
419 and 421 St. Paul Street,  
MONTREAL. 1D-6m

## Montreal Business Directory.

**W. A. LITTLE.**  
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,  
210 Notre Dame Street, corner of St. John St., Montreal.

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF  
Men's and Women's STAYS, Felt, and  
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale,  
W. C. GOODHUGH & Co.,  
IMPORTERS OF  
English and Foreign Leather,  
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.**  
Manufacturers and Importers of  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Lace, Hoards, Gowns, Hosiery, Small Wares, Cloths, Canadian Woollens, Fashions and Blankets, Linens, Drapery, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins. 478 St. Paul Street & 288 Commissioners St., MONTREAL. Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-6m

**Frothingham & Workman.**  
MONTREAL.  
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 395 to 399, St. Paul St. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c., May 1st. 1D-6m

**J. C. FRANK.**  
Under the name, style and firm of  
J. C. FRANK & Co.,  
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c.,  
23 Malouin Street, Montreal. 1D-6m

**H. GRANT.**  
Watch and Clock Maker,  
303 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL. Every description of Jewelry manufactured from gold, silver or steel, under his own supervision. 2D5m

**JOSEPH KIRKP.**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,  
No. 228 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2D5m

**BURROWS & Co.**  
Commission Merchants,  
and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Brandy, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.,  
416 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2D5m

**IVES & ALLEN.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.,  
Cant. Iron Foundry and 220 V. St. JULET/1885,  
114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2D5m

**Place d'Armes Drug Store.**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is respectfully invited to my retail stock of English and French Medicines for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. E. MURPHY, Chemist and Dispenser, Place d'Armes, Montreal. 2D5m

**W. C. McDONALD.**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos,  
Office—340 Notre Dame St., MONTREAL—128 Water St., MONTREAL. 2D5m

**Established 1820.**  
J. & W. HILTON.  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,  
CARPENTERS and MILLWRIGHTS, Importers and Shippers of all kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses Also Importers of Groceries, Dainties, Laces, Linens and Upholsterers Goods generally. No. 61, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 2D5m

**Established 1861.**  
JOHN F. McQUAIG,  
Shipping and General Agent,  
Office—Corner St. Francois Xavier and Hospital, and St. Common Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL.

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.**  
100 Great North Street, Montreal. HAVE FOR SALE—BROWN TIES, Dr. PIERRE, Brown Cotton, Green Ties, Port Wine, Frying Ties, Golden Vase, Chimney Top, &c., &c. 2D5m

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.**  
Produce Commission Merchants,  
MONTREAL. (Special attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise.) MONTREAL. 2D5m

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,  
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel Files, Rivets, Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Pulley, Flat and Wool Fat for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. OLD PILES RECUF, warranted as good as new for use as very low price. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1D-6m

**Richelieu Company!**  
Royal Mail Through Line  
between Montreal and Quebec. On and after MONDAY, the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves at Montreal, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 A.M. For particulars, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John, Three Rivers and Montreal, take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can be seen on being in time to their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer at every change. Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 39 Commissioners Street, Montreal. J. B. LAMERE, Master. Office Richelieu Company, 6th May, 1887. 2D5m

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Established 1835. WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Accumulated and Invested Fund—\$18,000,000 Annual Income—\$2,500,000 W. M. RAMSAY, Manager. RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies. ASSURANCES effected on the different systems, and approved by a lengthy and experienced, as well as the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada. Agent for Belleville, George Walbridge, Medical Adviser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Litalien. May 1st. 1D-6m

**MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**  
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the Conveyance of the Canadian & United States Mails. 1887—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1887. Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool. Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates. This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the undoubted "First Class" Mail-steamers, "Lloyd-Bell" Double-Engine Iron Steamships—AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. ARTHUR, NESTORIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. WILLY, MORAVIAN, 2650 Tons, Capt. SCOTT, PERUVIAN, 2600 Tons, Capt. DALLANT, HIBERNIAN, 2424 Tons, Capt. HOBSON, NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2300 Tons, Capt. ALLAN, NORTH-AMERICAN, 1724 Tons, Capt. KIRBY, BELGIAN, 2424 Tons, Capt. GRANGE, DANABUS, 1600 Tons, Capt. WATTS. (Sailing from LIVERPOOL, every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Fyne to receive on board mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.) And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships—ST. GEORGE, 1485 Tons, L. SMITH, R.N.R. ST. PATRICK, 1207 Tons, Capt. TROSCA, ST. DAVID, 1207 Tons, Capt. LEE. (Sailing between the Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Summer Navigation.) The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are introduced to be despatched from Quebec as underlined, viz:—HIBERNIAN, Saturday, 27th July. MORAVIAN, Saturday, 28th July. PERUVIAN, Saturday, 29th July. AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 30th July. NORTH-AMERICAN, Saturday, 31st July. DANABUS, Saturday, 1st Aug. ST. PATRICK for Glasgow about 27th July. Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or Bay of Quinte and Mail from Londonderry to Quebec—CABIN, (according to accommodation), \$7.00 to \$8.00. STEERAGE, (according to accommodation), \$2.00 to \$3.00. Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paris can proceed by "Cook's Excursion Ticket" on application to the Agent, Belleville, or to the Agent at Quebec. An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured will pay for themselves. For particulars apply to J. W. THOMPSON, Agent, Belleville, 27th July, 1887. 2D5m

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**F. W. HENSHAW.**  
No. 10 St. James Street, opposite the Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.**  
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MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel Files, Rivets, Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Pulley, Flat and Wool Fat for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. OLD PILES RECUF, warranted as good as new for use as very low price. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1D-6m

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## Fearful Disaster at Sea.

LOSS OF THE SHIP METEOR—TERRIBLE SUFFERING OF THE CREW.

The burning of the ship METEOR, which sailed from New York for London on the 12th ult., has hitherto been unaccounted for. The vessel had a cargo of petroleum on board, and the fearful character of the disaster is thus graphically described, the particulars being more fully given than before:—

On the 12th of June, the Meteor left New York with 2,700 casks of petroleum on board, and, on the morning of the 14th of June, when she was about 300 miles from New York, the Captain, who was looking over the ship's side, felt something strike him on his back with great force, instantly followed by a loud noise. For an instant he supposed that some of the crew had shot him, but, turning round he saw the whole of the deck blown away, immense volumes of flames shooting up into the air, and the topgallant mast on fire. Between him and the forepart of the vessel the deck was blown to atoms, the boats reduced to matchwood, while beneath his feet was exposed the whole of the hold, one mass of fire, raging like a volcano. Mr. Lambton, who was in the cabin, and had turned round to speak to a German sailor, when, without a moment's warning, they were both surrounded by masses of beams and planks of the deck which had fallen in on them. Mr. Lambton says he did not hear the explosion, though a vessel twenty miles off directly heard it. After the deck fell, an awful roar passed along the ship, as though a long burst of thunder, and all was terror and confusion. The cabin was blown to pieces, and the occupants could see no way out. Both Mr. Lambton and the German were jammed in amongst the fallen timbers, unable to extricate themselves. A few moments later, having passed when they felt the cabin floor give way, volumes of flames burst from the fore cabin and the sides, and beneath was a seething mass of fire. Mr. Lambton caught hold of one of the deck beams. His feet were fastened amongst the timbers, and he was unable to draw himself up; his clothes were blown into shreds; his shirt nearly all torn off, while the flames which came rushing up from below were burning his hands and arms. By a violent effort he succeeded in releasing his leg from the grasp of the timbers, leaving a portion of his foot behind, and he was able to draw himself up on to the covering boards, where the master stood. Here he saw nothing but a wreck. The cries for help were now coming from the cabin next attracted them; and they succeeded in dragging him up to where they stood, but found that both his legs had been broken by the falling timbers, while he had been nearly burned. Another of the seamen was on the forecastle stairs at the time of the explosion; he was shockingly burned, but he managed to reach the fore part of the vessel where the other three were, and the flames steadily roasting them alive. The three men who were below were never heard or seen, and the two portions of the crew were at each end of the ship separated by a volcano of fire, not a single boat or spar was left in which there was any prospect of saving themselves, not a sail was in sight, and nothing but death appeared before them. The captain hailed the men forward to stand by until the masts fell overboard, and within five minutes of the explosion, the raging being all burned away, the three masts fell over the side of the vessel. The masts ran along the ship's rail, from the forepart of the vessel to the stern; he was fearfully burned, and seeing a piece of wood he called on Mr. Lambton to follow his example, and jumped overboard, but this Mr. Lambton declined, and the mate was carried away. A German passenger also threw himself into the sea, unable to bear the intense heat of the flames; he drifted astern, and was apparently carried away, but half an hour afterwards was discovered still alive, clinging to the main sheets. As soon as the masts went overboard the crew followed, and held on to the main chains until these became so unmanageably hot that they had to drop off. They were unable to leave the side of the ship, the main mast being fast by the side of the vessel. While clinging to it, the flames were occasionally blown over the side of the ship, enveloping the survivors. The captain at last contrived to cut the stay, and the mast, thus freed, fell into the water. All the crew but one man now got on to the spar. The sufferers lay on the masts, alongside of the vessel they were obliged to lay themselves along the masts and allowed the water to come up to their necks, keeping their hands under water, so intense was the heat, to prevent them from being burned. They had not been long in this position until the stern was blown to three pieces, and they felt the masts drifting forward. The German passenger, who his broken legs were under the spar, was unable to help himself. Mr. Lambton, who was next to himself held up his head as much as possible, but the salt water washed over him, entering his mouth, and he swallowed such large quantities that he died when he had been in that position about two hours, and his body was allowed to float down next to Mr. Lambton.











# GEORGE ROCHE.

HATTER &amp; FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

## Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

## CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neilsen's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats trimmed and repaired.

May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &amp;c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &amp;c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

The Splendid Steel-Plated Steamer

## "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m., Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Clarke Hotel), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning and evening direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. Df

July 22nd, 1867.

## MURRAY FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

## For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1.30 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON &amp; CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANGNEY, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless boxed and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

It is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

It is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 3D1-4f Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management Must Largely Influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, Medical Referee, Belleville, May, 1867. 4D-6m.

W. WHAKIN &amp; Co., 1 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &amp;c., &amp;c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

W. WHAKIN. 2Dm W. L. WILKINSON.

C. &amp; W. WALKER, MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAPERS, &amp;c. 1Dm

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto.

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## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &amp;c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

In all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4f Belleville, April, 1867.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING, Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY, at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Read &amp; McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 1D-3m 55 &amp; 58 Common St., Montreal.

May 14.

MAITLAND FISHER, TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

REFERENCES: Robertson &amp; Beattie, Robert Esdaile, Esq., St. Francis, Esq.

Kirkwood, Livingstone &amp; Co., Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &amp;c., &amp;c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Premises—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38D-6m-Wm

KENNEDY &amp; WILLIAMS, Opposite American Hotel, MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, carrying on business as always supply Miners, Hotels, &amp;c., with the best quality of all kinds of Groceries, such as Flour, Meal, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, &amp;c., &amp;c., and every article of Groceries.

All kinds of Biscuits, &amp;c., &amp;c., and every article of Groceries.

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## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

## PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, we have one of the best appointed

## JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should commend the attention of every business firm in the County of Hastings.

## The Extensive Assortment

## TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

## POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

## COMMERCIAL WORK.

## Letter Headings.

## Note Headings.

## Business Cards.

## Bank Cheques.

## Bill Heads.

## Circulars.

## Catalogues.

## Receipts.

## Pamphlets.

## Bonds and Mortgages.

## Deeds.

## Posters.

## Placards.

## IN ANY SIZE OR IN ANY COLOUR.

## CONSTITUTIONS.

## BY LAWS.

## Book and Job Printing

## AT THE LOWEST RATES.

## Any Description of Printing.

## THE INTELLIGENCER BUILDING.

## FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

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## SYNOPSIS

## GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

## Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

20 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada:—Chaudiere Gold Mining Division, Richard Pape, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis de la Jonquiere, and St. Francis Gold Mining Division, J. K. Gilman, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis, 10th July, 1864, extended 30th July, 1864 and 23rd Sept., 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation, 31st March, 1867,—"Crown Lands Gold Mining Division," consisting of the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Miller and North and South Canoe, in the County of Frontenac, the Townships of Multer and Canoe, in the County of Hastings, the Township of Addington, situated north of the Township of Sheffield and Barrie, the Townships of Canoe and Canoe, situated north of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyndal, the Township of Belmont, and the Township of Belmont, situated north of the Township of Canoe, in the County of Hastings.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold License" and the other "Private Lands Gold License," \$1 per month for private lands, the latter first obtaining consent of the proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold Licenses may stake out and work claim on unoccupied Crown Lands as follows:

ALLUVIAL MINES.

On a river or large creek, 20 feet front by 50 from the water's edge.

In small creeks, 40 feet front by 20 from the water's edge.

In gulches, 20 feet front by 20 from the water's edge.

On surface or hill side, 40 feet square.

If four hundred feet or more from water, 80 feet square.

On river or large creek, 20 feet front by 50 from the water's edge.

In small creeks, 40 feet front by 20 from the water's edge.

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**GEORGE ROCHE,**  
HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

**Felt & Silk Hats,**

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

**CLOTH CAPS.**

All orders promptly executed. Remember

Neitson's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for

Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and

repacked. May 1. 10dm

**DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER,**

The quickest route from Belleville and

Hastings to New York, Boston, &amp;c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo, &amp;c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

**"CORINTHIAN,"**

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wed-

nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-

tice, daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,

Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of

G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal at 9:20 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-

press Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.

morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and

at Brighton and Port Hope with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1897. 10dm

**HURRAH FOR**  
**COULSON & CAMERON'S**

LINE OF STAGES

**For the Madoc Gold Regions.**

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal

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(Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,

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RETURNS—Leave all the principal Hotels in

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going east and west.

COULSON &amp; CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route will be promptly attended to. All

parcels unless booked and paid for will be at

the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1897. 10dm

**American Invoices—Discounts.**

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Notice

Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be

accordance with the price of gold as repre-

sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereof.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canadian Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-

ply to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

3D144 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

**QUEBEN****INSURANCE COMPANY**

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

**FIRE and LIFE.****LIFE DEPARTMENT.**

THE principles on which this Company is

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ment to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life

Income. This most important restriction

shows that the interests of participating policy

holders are closely watched, and carefully at-

tended to by the Company. Attention is es-

pecially called to this point, as the proportion

of premiums expended for Management

**FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.****LOUIS ROENIGK,**

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of

the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families for

furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the

largest, most varied, and best at prices as

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds, Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &amp;c., always on hand.

**THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT**

is complete, and all orders promptly attended

to.

**UNDERTAKING**

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,

Belleville, April, 1897. 10dm

**The Upper Cabin Steamer**

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and

McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-

ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River

St. Lawrence.

**RETURNING.**

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Osgoodeburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to

Capt. J. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office

of Road &amp; McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

55 &amp; 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 11D-3m

**MAITLAND FISHER,****TEA and GENERAL BROKER.**

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas

Streets, Montreal.

KARSTEN—Robertson &amp; Beattie, Robert, Edin-

burgh, Jas. Fernie, Montreal.

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,

Leather, &amp;c., &amp;c.

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with

every facility for handling provisions to ad-

vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts

authorized against shipments to our care for

sale here or consigned to our friends in Great

Britain or the Lower Provinces. \$30-40-50-60-70-80-90-100-110-120-130-140-150-160-170-180-190-200-210-220-230-240-250-260-270-280-290-300-310-320-330-340-350-360-370-380-390-400-410-420-430-440-450-460-470-480-490-500-510-520-530-540-550-560-570-580-590-600-610-620-630-640-650-660-670-680-690-700-710-720-730-740-750-760-770-780-790-800-810-820-830-840-850-860-870-880-890-900-910-920-930-940-950-960-970-980-990-1000-1010-1020-1030-1040-1050-1060-1070-1080-1090-1100-1110-1120-1130-1140-1150-1160-1170-1180-1190-1200-1210-1220-1230-1240-1250-1260-1270-1280-1290-1300-1310-1320-1330-1340-1350-1360-1370-1380-1390-1400-1410-1420-1430-1440-1450-1460-1470-1480-1490-1500-1510-1520-1530-1540-1550-1560-1570-1580-1590-1600-1610-1620-1630-1640-1650-1660-1670-1680-1690-1700-1710-1720-1730-1740-1750-1760-1770-1780-1790-1800-1810-1820-1830-1840-1850-1860-1870-1880-1890-1900-1910-1920-1930-1940-1950-1960-1970-1980-1990-2000-2010-2020-2030-2040-2050-2060-2070-2080-2090-2100-2110-2120-2130-2140-2150-2160-2170-2180-2190-2200-2210-2220-2230-2240-2250-2260-2270-2280-2290-2300-2310-2320-2330-2340-2350-2360-2370-2380-2390-2400-2410-2420-2430-2440-2450-2460-2470-2480-2490-2500-2510-2520-2530-2540-2550-2560-2570-2580-2590-2600-2610-2620-2630-2640-2650-2660-2670-2680-2690-2700-2710-2720-2730-2740-2750-2760-2770-2780-2790-2800-2810-2820-2830-2840-2850-2860-2870-2880-2890-2900-2910-2920-2930-2940-2950-2960-2970-2980-2990-3000-3010-3020-3030-3040-3050-3060-3070-3080-3090-3100-3110-3120-3130-3140-3150-3160-3170-3180-3190-3200-3210-3220-3230-3240-3250-3260-3270-3280-3290-3300-3310-3320-3330-3340-3350-3360-3370-3380-3390-3400-3410-3420-3430-3440-3450-3460-3470-3480-3490-3500-3510-3520-3530-3540-3550-3560-3570-3580-3590-3600-3610-3620-3630-3640-3650-3660-3670-3680-3690-3700-3710-3720-3730-3740-3750-3760-3770-3780-3790-3800-3810-3820-3830-3840-3850-3860-3870-3880-3890-3900-3910-3920-3930-3940-3950-3960-3970-3980-3990-4000-4010-4020-4030-4040-4050-4060-4070-4080-4090-4100-4110-4120-4130-4140-4150-4160-4170-4180-4190-4200-4210-4220-4230-4240-4250-4260-4270-4280-4290-4300-4310-4320-4330-4340-4350-4360-4370-4380-4390-4400-4410-4420-4430-4440-4450-4460-4470-4480-4490-4500-4510-4520-4530-4540-4550-4560-4570-4580-4590-4600-4610-4620-4630-4640-4650-4660-4670-4680-4690-4700-4710-4720-4730-4740-4750-4760-4770-4780-4790-4800-4810-4820-4830-4840-4850-4860-4870-4880-4890-4900-4910-4920-4930-4940-4950-4960-4970-4980-4990-5000-5010-5020-5030-5040-5050-5060-5070-5080-5090-5100-5110-5120-5130-5140-5150-5160-5170-5180-5190-5200-5210-5220-5230-5240-5250-5260-5270-5280-5290-5300-5310-5320-5330-5340-5350-5360-5370-5380-5390-5400-5410-5420-5430-5440-5450-5460-5470-5480-5490-5500-5510-5520-5530-5540-5550-5560-5570-5580-5590-5600-5610-5620-5630-5640-5650-5660-5670-5680-5690-5700-5710-5720-5730-5740-5750-5760-5770-5780-5790-5800-5810-5820-5830-5840-5850-5860-5870-5880-5890-5900-5910-5920-5930-5940-5950-5960-5970-5980-5990-6000-6010-6020-6030-6040-6050-6060-6070-6080-6090-6100-6110-6120-6130-6140-6150-6160-6170-6180-6190-6200-6210-6220-6230-6240-6250-6260-6270-6280-6290-6300-6310-6320-6330-6340-6350-6360-6370-6380-6390-6400-6410-6420-6430-6440-6450-6460-6470-6480-6490-6500-6510-6520-6530-6540-6550-6560-6570-6580-6590-6600-6610-6620-6630-6640-6650-6660-6670-6680-6690-6700-6710-6720-6730-6740-6750-6760-6770-6780-6790-6800-6810-6820-6830-6840-6850-6860-6870-6880-6890-6900-6910-6920-6930-6940-6950-6960-6970-6980-6990-7000-7010-7020-7030-7040-7050-7060-7070-7080-7090-7100-7110-7120-7130-7140-7150-7160-7170-7180-7190-7200-7210-7220-7230-7240-7250-7260-7270-7280-7290-7300-7310-7320-7330-7340-7350-7360-7370-7380-7390-7400-7410-7420-7430-7440-7450-7460-7470-7480-7490-7500-7510-7520-7530-7540-7550-7560-7570-7580-7590-7600-7610-7620-7630-7640-7650-7660-7670-7680-7690-7700-7710-7720-7730-7740-7750-7760-7770-7780-7790-7800-7810-7820-7830-7840-7850-7860-7870-7880-7890-7900-7910-7920-7930-7940-7950-7960-7970-7980-7990-8000-8010-8020-8030-8040-8050-8060-8070-8080-8090-8100-8110-8120-8130-8140-8150-8160-8170-8180-8190-8200-8210-8220-8230-8240-8250-8260-8270-8280-8290-8300-8310-8320-8330-8340-8350-8360-8370-8380-8390-8400-8410-8420-8430-8440-8450-8460-8470-8480-8490-8500-8510-8520-8530-8540-8550-8560-8570-8580-8590-8600-8610-8620-8630-8640-8650-8660-8670-8680-8690-8700-8710-8720-8730-8740-8750-8760-8770-8780-8790-8800-8810-8820-8830-8840-8850-8860-8870-8880-8890-8900-8910-8920-8930-8940-8950-8960-8970-8980-8990-9000-9010-9020-9030-9040-9050-9060-9070-9080-9090-9100-9110-9120-9130-9140-9150-9160-9170-9180-9190-9200-9210-9220-9230-9240-9250-9260-9270-9280-9290-9300-9310-9320-9330-9340-9350-9360-9370-9380-9390-9400-9410-9420-9430-9440-9450-9460-9470-9480-9490-9500-9510-9520-9530-9540-9550-9560-9570-9580-9590-9600-9610-9620-9630-9640-9650-9660-9670-9680-9690-9700-9710-9720-9730-9740-9750-9760-9770-9780-9790-9800-9810-9820-9830-9840-9850-9860-9870-9880-9890-9900-9910-9920-9930-9940-9950-9960-9970-9980-9990-10000-10010-10020-10030-10040-10050-10060-10070-10080-10090-10100-10110-10120-10130-10140-10150-10160-10170-10180-10190-10200-10210-10220-10230-10240-10250-10260-10270-10280-10290-10300-10310-10320-10330-10340-10350-10360-10370-10380-10390-10400-10410-10420-10430-10440-10450-10460-10470-10480-10490-10500-10510-10520-10530-10540-10550-10560-10570-10580-10590-10600-10610-10620-10630-10640-10650-10660-10670-10680-10690-10700-10710-10720-10730-10740-10750-10760-10770-10780-10790-10800-10810-10820-10830-10840-10850-10860-10870-10880-10890-10900-10910-10920-10930-10940-10950-10960-10970-10980-10990-11000-11010-11020-11030-11040-11050-11060-11070-11080-11090-11100-11110-11120-11130-11140-11150-11160-11170-11180-11190-11200-11210-11220-11230-11240-11250-11260-11270-11280-11290-11300-11310-11320-11330-11340-11350-11360-11370-11380-11390-11400-11410-11420-11430-11440-11450-11460-11470-11480-11490-11500-11510-11520-11530-11540-11550-11560-11570-11580-11590-11600-11610-11620-11630-11640-11650-11660-11670-11680-11690-11700-11710-11720-11730-11



# Daily Inter Ocean

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1867.

No. 83.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Piteachit & Co.**  
 Importers of Wholesale Groceries, Wine and Spirit Merchants' Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wif

**Legate & Price.**  
 BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuits, Manufacturers of Breads, in Family Groceries, No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-Wif

**Geo. H. Haymes.**  
 HATTER and Furner, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw fur. 1Dm-Wif

**McLeod & Carre.**  
 ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 183 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wif

**MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co.**  
 Madoc. 1Dm-Wif

**A. R. Dougall.**  
 BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Orell's Book Store, and opposite the "Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
 BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART. 1Dm-Wif

**Ross, Bell & Holden.**  
 BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Front and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville. HON. JES. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN. 1Dm-Wif

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
 BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. G. D. DIAMOND. G. D. DICKSON. 1Dm-Wif

**Macellan & Macellan.**  
 SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wif

**Forrest & Loez.**  
 ROYAL PHOTOGRAPHY, Laster's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-Wif

**T. Lockerty.**  
 MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of pipe used. 2Dm

**Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.**  
 BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

**Robert P. Jelliet.**  
 BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor, &c. Office—Duff's Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 1Dm

**Angus McFee.**  
 WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1Dm

**John Wilson.**  
 BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Dealers will and his stock the best and cheap in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1Dm

**J. W. Brown.**  
 MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

**Geo. Gibson.**  
 MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A large assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1Dm

**J. C. Vapour.**  
 MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

**To Gold Miners.**  
 YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks cut steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1Dm

**McKeown & Robertson.**  
 MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices. They have extensive manufacturing, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bala's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
**Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.**  
 Office—Bullen's Store, 70, Front St., Belleville.

FIRST-CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madoc Gold Region at reasonable rates. J. BULLEN & GIBSON. May 5. 1Dm

## Montreal Business Directory.

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.**  
 G. LAMPE,  
 294 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.

**PHILIP HENRY, TOBACCONIST,**  
 DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES, 208 1/2 Dame Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

**J. A. HARTE, GLASGOW DRUG-HALL**  
 208 Dame Street, Montreal. Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1D-8m

**MURRAY & Co., STATIONERS' HALL,**  
 Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 1D-8m

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,**  
 Importers of Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries, 40 St. Sacramento Street Montreal. Agents for J. Denis, Henry Monnie & Co., Cognac, Wines, Schiedam Schnapp. 1D-8m

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.,**  
 Importers of Gentlemen's Haberdashery, No. 236 St. Paul Street, opposite Aldine Hotel, Montreal. 1D-8m

**PEAVEY & FAVOR,**  
 WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions, &c., No. 244 Notre Dame Street, three doors west St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Butter. 1D-8m

**A. BOOKER,**  
 Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant, Office and Sale Rooms, 616 1/2 New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Machines, and J. H. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Lumber Press Cutlery, Nottingham, England. 1D-8m

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,**  
 Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants, Importers of East and West India Produce, Montreal. 413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House. 1D-8m

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,**  
 Importers, Wholesale Grocers, 200 & 22 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. 2Dm

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL,**  
 H. HOGAN, Proprietor, Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

**DAVID CLARKE & CLAYTON,**  
 WINE, SPIRIT AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacramento Street, MONTREAL. 1D-8m

**S. DAVIS,**  
 MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA SEGARS, Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1D-8m

**J. V. MORGAN,**  
 Commission Merchant, Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1D-8m

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,**  
 Importers of British, American, and German SHELF and HEAVY HARDWARE, 454 & 466 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 1D-8m

**M. GUTMAN & Co.,**  
 MANUFACTURERS OF Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials, 36 Lemoina Street, Montreal. Wire Works, 201 Fortification Lane. 1D-8m

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS, SURGEON DENTIST,**  
 304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 1D-8m

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
 Importers, WHOLESALE GROCERS, WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, Corner St. Peter and St. Sacramento Streets Montreal. 1D-8m

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL, MERCHANTS' TAILORS**  
 301, NOTRE DAME STREET, (Between West of St. Francis Xavier Street, and East of St. Nicholas Street) MONTREAL. 1Dm

## Montreal Business Directory.

**W. A. LITTLE, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,**  
 275 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal. MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invitations, Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ceremonial Business Cards in any number of colors. Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, etc., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, and the most reasonable terms. 2Dm

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.,**  
 19 St. Helen Street, Montreal. MANUFACTURERS OF HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS of Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woollen Goods, Wholesale. 1D-8m

**W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,**  
 English and Foreign Leather, 34 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.,**  
 Manufacturers and Importers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Manilla, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Lace, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Children's Dresses, Hosiery, Manilla, Laces, Laces, Cambric, Prints, Suits, Dress Goods, etc. 45 St. Paul Street & 200 Commissioners St., MONTREAL. Auburn Woollen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1D-8m

**Frothingham & Workman,**  
 MONTREAL. Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 395 to 399, St. Paul St. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. May 1st. 1D-8m

**J. C. FRANK,**  
 Under the name, style and firm of J. C. FRANK & Co., Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c., 25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1D-8m

**H. GRANT,**  
 Watch and Clock Maker, 308 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Every description of Jewellery manufactured from Gold sent to his care, under his direction. 2Dm

**JOSEPH KIRKP, BRUSH MANUFACTURER,**  
 and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes, No. 223 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm

**BURROWS & Co., Commission Merchants,**  
 Importers of Groceries, 416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 2Dm

**IVES & ALLEN,**  
 MANUFACTURERS OF Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c., 114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2Dm

**Place D'Armes Drug Store,**  
 Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is respectfully called to my select stock of English Toilet Medicines, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 2Dm

**W. C. McDONALD,**  
 Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos, Office—240 Notre Dame St. Works—138 Water St., MONTREAL. 2Dm

**Established 1820.**  
**J. W. HILTON,**  
 CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS, CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS, Importers and Shippers of all kinds of Glass Manufacturers of Looking Glasses, also Importers of Brandy, Cognac, Liqueurs, Champagne and Upland Scotch Whisky generally. No. 81, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 2Dm

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. McCUAIG,**  
 Shipping and General Agent, Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Edmund Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 2Dm

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,**  
 100 GUY NEW STREET, MONTREAL. HAVE FOR SALE: Best French Gas Tubes, Roman Cement, Portland Cement, Plaster and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Fire Covers. 2Dm

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.,**  
 Produce Commission Merchants, 1 HERALD, advances made on consignments to various parts of the Empire to our friends in Great Britain and the West Indies. May 1st, 1867. 2Dm

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
 IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS, 419 and 421 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL. Yard Entrance, St. Francis Xavier Street. 2Dm

## Montreal Business Directory.

**F. W. HENSLIAW,**  
 No. 10 St. Sacramento Street, opposite the Merchants' Exchange, Montreal.

**HAVING** been engaged in the Ashes and general produce trade for the past fifteen years, at the above address; would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada. West, either for sale in this market, or for shipment to his friends in London, Liverpool, or Glasgow. May 1st. 1D-8m

**W. L. KINMOND & Co., CONSULTING ENGINEERS,**  
 MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c. Also, every description of material and used for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel, MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, Square and Hexagon Blank Nuts, Cast Iron Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and Wool Felt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. 1D-8m

**Richelieu Company!**  
 Office Richelieu Company, 7 St. May, 1867. 1D-8m

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
 between Montreal and Quebec.

On and after MONDAY, the 5th of May, and until further notice, the RICHIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. on Wednesdays and Fridays, returning at Seven P. M. on Thursdays and Saturdays, at Seven P. M. on Saturdays and Sundays, at Seven P. M. on Sundays and Mondays, at Seven P. M. on Mondays and Tuesdays, at Seven P. M. on Tuesdays and Wednesdays, at Seven P. M. on Wednesdays and Thursdays, at Seven P. M. on Thursdays and Fridays, at Seven P. M. on Fridays and Saturdays, at Seven P. M. on Saturdays and Sundays, at Seven P. M. on Sundays and Mondays, at Seven P. M. on Mondays and Tuesdays, at Seven P. M. on Tuesdays and Wednesdays, at Seven P. M. on Wednesdays and Thursdays, at Seven P. M. on Thursdays and Fridays, at Seven P. M. on Fridays and Saturdays, at Seven P. 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## Fenianism.

"PRESIDENT" ROBERTS.

The New York Commercial Advertiser says—"W. R. Roberts, the President of the Fenian Brotherhood, is expected to return from Paris in a week or ten days. President Roberts is now at the head of the entire Fenian movement in this country and Ireland, the Stephens having given over to him in consequence of the shameful perfidy of the runaway leader. Whatever opinions may be entertained of President Roberts' Fenian agitation, his personal honor and integrity of purpose are above cavil. He went to Europe to confer with the great European revolutionists as to the most effective mode of liberating Ireland from the English yoke, and the Fenians in this city expect great things from the experience thus gained. It is also said that President Roberts has secured the co-operation of certain nations on the European continent in the struggle for Irish independence in certain not improbable contingencies. He had long conferences with Bismarck, Mazzini, Garibaldi, and also with the French Emperor. It seems certain that the world has yet heard the last of Fenianism, and persons who have been recently in the company of President Roberts assert that he exhibits wonderful capacities as a leader, and inspires all around him with the highest enthusiasm and confidence of the success of the schemes against England.

## POORER BUT WISER.

The New York Times says—"We had in yesterday's issue a curious and romantic but true narration of the adventures of a party of Fenians who fitted up a vessel and sailed in April last from this port for Ireland, from which they had been banished days since. There were 350 of these bold Fenian adventurers, all picked men, thoroughly armed, and well supplied with warlike stores. They were all believers in the oft repeated statement that the people of Ireland were ripe for revolution, and that if an organized body of troops, capable of forming the nucleus of an army, were to land on any part of the Irish soil and raise the green flag, the entire country would rush to their support. Well, our adventures of Fenians got to the Irish coast in safety, landed at different points, and landed an armed force at the most promising locality. But alas! nobody gathered round them, or knew anything of their project, or cared anything of their revolution, and after a series of mishaps, misfortunes and daring attempts, in which a number of them were captured, the barque *Plato* has returned to New York, bearing a body of men who have suffered hardships that they are not willing to repeat, even for the cause of Irish independence. It is well that this attempt has been made; for nothing else would have convinced the Fenians in this country of the hopelessness of an Irish revolution."

## ANOTHER VERSION.

The New York World says—"The Fenian bark *Plato*, after a cruise of three months, returned to New York on the 25th ult. She is 1500 tons burden, and left here on the 27th of April with a crew of forty men, an armament of two twelve-pounders, and troops to the number of 350. Every man was armed with a Springfield rifle, and in addition she carried about a thousand stand of arms, and sufficient ammunition. The purpose of the cruise was to ascertain whether it was possible to land a large number of men on the Irish coast; it had been erroneously argued that if one small vessel could elude the British cruisers, so a hundred transports could. She not only crossed the 'framing' in twenty-three days, with only one danger, which occurred upon encountering an English man-of-war off the coast of Newfoundland. This peril she triumphantly passed by flying the American flag. She first made a landing on the coast of Kerry, the people of which did not guess her mission. Afterwards she ely cruised along the coast, landing at several places, in each of which the officers had long talks with leading Fenians from the shore, and all of which, except one, resulted in the decision not to invade Ireland just then. The exception was off the coast of Waterford, where after the usual council six brave fellows left the bark to die or be captured; the latter fate did befall them shortly afterwards. Finally the arrival of the *Plato* became generally known throughout the island, and it was determined to return to the States. During the passage back provisions ran short, and the crew and passengers were obliged to depend on the chance American ships that they met for supplies. On arriving here, the arms and ammunition were disembarked and taken charge of by the Brotherhood.

THE ALTERNATIVE ACCEPTED.—It is remarkable that throughout the West the Reform candidates for Parliamentary honors are compelled by the force of public opinion either to disavow opposition to the Government, or to encounter a vigorous opposition. Many candidates who came out as a full blown Brownites, are now toned down to very temperate Ministerialists; but whether their fall promises concession of a "fair trial" to the new Government is really relied upon, ought to be determined by the electors who know them, and can estimate the value of their pledges.

The French Emperor has erected in the Avenue Daumesnil, fifty-eight houses, as specimens of dwellings for small families, the plan of which will be seen at the Exhibition. Each contains three stories and cellars, and each floor is composed of rooms and a small kitchen. The buildings themselves cost altogether 320,000 fr., or somewhat over \$600,000 each, but on adding the purchase of the ground, and the expense of leveling, the whole sum spent has been 510,000 fr. His Majesty has just made a gift of the whole to a cooperative society of working men, which is in course of formation, for constructing cheap dwellings.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.  
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 7:22 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 10:55 A. M.  
Morning Express going East, 6:45 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 12:05 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 11:10 P. M.  
Morning Express going West, 8:45 P. M.  
Night Express going West, 11:10 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 9:45 P. M.  
Montreal Train, 11:10 P. M.

ST. ROCHER.—The St. Rocher leaves for New York, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 8.

## The Writs Issued.

An extra of the Official Gazette last evening contained a proclamation from the Governor General ordering a general election to the Parliament of the Dominion. The Writs are dated the 7th day of August instant, and are made returnable on the 24th day of September next, except, however, the Writs for the electoral district of Gaspe and for the electoral district of Chicoutimi and Saguenay, which Writs will be returnable on the 24th day of October next.

Another proclamation calls Parliament together on the 24th September, but not for despatch of business.

Proclamations for the Local Election in Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia, exactly similar to the above, have likewise been issued. There is no Local Election in New Brunswick.

## The Campaign.

Now that the time of the elections have been fixed, the various candidates have gone into the contest with renewed energy, and are making the most of the short period given them before the election.

The ground in the West Riding, where the candidates were first in the field, has been pretty much gone over, and each one can tell very nearly how he stands. Dr. Holden's warmest supporters concede that he will be defeated, and Mr. Brown's most active canvassers confidently anticipate a majority for that gentleman of from four to five hundred. Mr. Graham is gaining ground every day. The more the electors see him and the oftener they hear him, the better they like him. We do not think there is any doubt of his election, but we trust there will be no want of effort on the part of his friends to secure for him a triumphant majority. Mr. T. D. Farley's organ indignantly denies that Mr. Farley is a coalitionist, and as that gentleman has chosen to play a straddle-the-fence game on this question, he will find it a losing speculation. To profess a willingness to give Sandfield McDonald's cabinet a fair trial, and in the same breath indignantly spurn the idea of being called a coalitionist, is too transparent an inconsistency for the people to swallow. Mr. Sandfield McDonald don't want any such milk and water supporters, and Mr. Farley will find that he can't sail into Parliament under such false colors.

In the East Riding Mr. Read and Mr. J. J. Farley have both taken the stump, but notwithstanding Mr. Farley has announced himself a candidate, we do not imagine he has any serious idea of going to the polls. If he had any such idea he will probably see how hopeless is the task he has undertaken, after being once through the Riding. For the local Legislature, Mr. G. E. Henderson seems to be the most active in the canvass. But with all his activity, with all his energy, with all his unscrupulousness, he will be easily beaten by Mr. Corby. In the temporary absence of the latter gentleman, his friends are prosecuting the canvass with the most encouraging prospects.

Mr. Bowell spent a considerable portion of last week in Huntington, and he was everywhere received with the most flattering promises of support. This Township, which gave a large majority against him at the last election, in the opinion of those who know it thoroughly, and who have lately been through it, will probably give a majority this time for Mr. Bowell. That gentleman is prosecuting his canvass this week in Madoc, and the accounts we receive from that quarter are in the highest degree encouraging. Many of Mr. Wallbridge's principal supporters freely admit that Mr. Bowell will be elected by a large majority. It will be seen by our advertising columns that Mr. S. Reed, of Madoc, is a candidate for the Local Legislature. Mr. Reed is a very estimable person, and will receive a considerable local support, but we do not think he has the slightest chance of defeating Dr. Boulter.

## The Press Association.

The annual meeting of the Press Association was held at Goderich, on the 7th August. About one hundred ladies and gentlemen were present. From 9 to 12 o'clock on Wednesday morning was occupied by driving about the town under the guidance of the warden of the county and the mayor of Goderich, visiting the Goderich salt wells, the lake shore, the gunboats *Cherub* and *Prince Alfred*, and other objects of interest.

At two o'clock the association met in the court-house and elected the following officers:

PRESIDENT—Mr. James Campbell, of the *Whitby Gazette*.  
FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT—Mr. Cox, of the *Huron Signal*.  
SECOND VICE-PRESIDENT—Mr. Boyle, of the *Pictou Times*.  
RECORDING SECRETARY—Mr. Jackson, of the *Newmarket Echo*.  
HONORARY SECRETARY—Mr. Belch, of the *St. Mary's Argus*.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Messrs. C. H. Hall, W. A. Nicholson, McLagan, Hogg and John Cameron.

The Mayor and Corporation attended and presented an address of welcome.

At 6 o'clock p.m. the excursionists embarked on the steamer *Clinton* for Saginaw, to enjoy the hospitality of the Americans—leaving there on Thursday evening, and arriving in time to take the early train on Friday morning at Goderich.

## County of Hastings Board of Public Instruction.

SOUTH HASTINGS BOARD.

This examination took place at Belleville on Thursday, the 1st inst., when 72 candidates were present. Of this number 12 obtained first class certificates, 30 second class, 53 third class, as below: 5 having failed entirely.

FIRST CLASS.  
MAXIMUM 90. MINIMUM 155.  
S. G. Beatty, 120. James M'Gurn, 193.  
Thomas McGurn, 213. William Youker, 193.  
Stephen Pashley, 212. Miss S. J. Templeton, 187.  
Andrew Russell, 210. Miss M. M. Ostrom, 189.  
N. Vermilyea, 206. John O. Sullivan, 188.  
W. W. Wainman, 194. Miss P. Ostrom, 185.

SECOND CLASS.  
MAXIMUM 185. MINIMUM 140.  
Miss Melissa Ostrom, 185. L. E. Hogle, 162.  
W. L. Bullis, 181. J. A. Sharp, 151.  
G. N. Simmons, 181. W. M. Keown, 150.  
T. W. Woodcock, 127. E. D. McGurn, 150.  
D. W. Moran, 174. Miss E. Tiley, 145.  
T. S. Gillen, 173. J. B. Young, 146.  
W. G. M'Laughlin, 167. Gilbert Costello, 145.  
Miss E. Parnall, 167. G. T. Iveson, 145.  
S. S. Brimble, 164. Miss P. Moulk, 144.  
J. H. Mann, 129. Miss M. A. Canfield, 144.

THIRD CLASS.  
MAXIMUM 93. MINIMUM 93.  
Miss Mary Cosby, 136. A. R. Kellogg, 114.  
M. J. M'Gurn, 134. Miss Ellen Gaudin, 114.  
A. G. Davis, 133. Gilbert Costello, 115.  
Miss P. A. Todd, 132. E. M. Ketcheson, 112.  
Wm. Thayer, 131. Miss E. A. Sharp, 111.  
Miss Helen Leach, 129. Miss E. A. Sharp, 110.  
Jao. Vandervort, 139. James E. Glen, 110.  
Miss L. Davenport, 139. Miss E. Ferguson, 106.  
Miss E. Leach, 127. E. D. McGurn, 106.  
Miss E. Moran, 127. C. Johnson, 102.  
My Black, 126. Ann Gaudin, 99.  
T. Bullis, 125. G. T. Iveson, 97.  
Miss E. A. Corson, 123. M. O'Connor, 97.  
J. Williams, 120. M. A. Tomlinson, 96.  
J. Horstman, 117. G. T. Iveson, 96.  
Agnes White, 115. C. Egan, 93.  
E. H. Anderson, 114.

F. H. ROES, Secretary. J. Ogden, M. A. President.

## The East Riding.

For The Intelligencer.

Mr. Henderson, at his meetings in the East Riding, attacks Mr. Corby's requisition, for reasons he knows Mr. Corby is not responsible. He admits a great many did sign who have votes, and that it is respectable and influential, yet by picking at the requisition he hopes to divert the attention of the electors from matters of moment to those of no consequence. At the Convention for the East Riding he begged for a nomination, and failing this, insisted on a nomination for the Local, and publicly stated, seeing all his efforts proved fruitless, that he would run at all hazards for that Riding. If he went to meet and meant what he said, why not keep his word? The reason is obvious. His friends knew him and determined to select another, and leave him in the cold; upon which he resolutely forfeited his word and came out for the East Riding, without any nomination or requisition, and forces himself on the people unasked; after which he has had taste to pick a quarrel with those who asked Mr. Corby to represent them. This is small, it is unbecoming a gentleman.

Any one can see the object he has in view. His own personal aggrandizement is his patriotism. He is an office seeker, and Mr. Corby is not, and he knows the electors are aware of it. He has his aims at the requisition, and not at Mr. Corby. No doubt he will lay his hand on his heart and exclaim: "I am no office seeker! I am a patriot! I claim my rights for your good, not for mine!" It may be so. It may be he was destined to work miracles for the East Riding. If so, it is fortunate the recommendations of the Lennox Judgeship, and afterwards his trip to Quebec for Judge Smart's office, proved fruitless. He can't deny, but admits he sought both these positions, and we who have seen both the future by the past. He hopes to be elected and take the office vacant. He may at last succeed, and pity its victims, to mislead the electors in supporting him, but this office seeking philanthropy is too transparent for a majority of the East Riding. The question to be decided at the polls is not whether Mr. Henderson should be elected to step to office, but whether they will have a commercial man, a miller, and one whose aim it is to keep taxes and to economize in all Government departments.

AN ELECTOR.

Thursday, August 8, 1897.

## FROM MARMORA.

From our own Correspondent.

MADOCRA, August 5, 1897.

July 31.—Rode on horseback from Madocra to Madoc Village. The country generally is somewhat rough and hilly, but the land is good and the crops healthy and luxuriant. Splendid weather for harvesting. Farmers generally have finished haying and are engaged in cutting fall wheat and rye, which appear to be above the average. Called upon two or three farmers living within a few miles of the now celebrated Richardson mine, and found the conversation chiefly occupied by golden speculations and anticipations. However, the gold fever does not seem to have gone the length of drawing them away from their legitimate business upon the surface of the soil, to cultivate its interior, as there seemed to be a sufficiency of hands to secure the crops in proper time and season.

In the evening arrived in Madoc Village, which has greatly increased in extent and in general appearance the past year, and is evidently destined, at no distant time, to be a commercial town of no inconsiderable importance. Land offices, law offices, telegraph and express offices, stages, &c., have sprung into existence within a very short period.

August 2.—Proceeded to the Madoc Village school, at which the school teachers' examination was appointed to take place, and certificates of competency to be issued for the ensuing fall year. About 80 teachers assembled (male and female) and were examined accordingly as to their proficiency in the various branches of modern education, by T. S. Agar, Esq., the efficient and gentlemanly Superintendent of Education for the Northern Division of the County. Dr. Boulter, Chairman of the Board of Examiners, and prospective member of Parliament for the Province of Ontario, Rev. A. Buchanan, of Stirling, Mr. D. Wishart, of Madoc, and one or two other gentlemen. The examination was interesting and successful, most of the teachers obtaining certificates of more or less value.

August 2.—This day was occupied in the examination of the answers to the printed questions by the teachers, and by the decision as to their various merits or demerits by the members of the Board.

Rode out this evening to the village of Lower Eldorado, about seven miles from Madoc Village, and in the immediate vicinity of the great Richardson mine. This village is situated upon the Harengs Road, so that it is well situated with regard to the convenience of stages arriving and departing, &c.

Proceeded to the village of Upper Eldorado (half a mile further) and put up at the house of Mr. Francis Conlin, and slept there. In this house were bedrooms clean and comfortable, and indeed far superior to what we have frequently met with in houses of far greater outward pretensions in great cities and towns.

Was introduced to Dr. Otway, F. R. S., F. G. S., &c., who has been occupied in geological surveys in various parts of the world for twenty-seven years, including several years' experience in California and Australia. He thinks the Hastings gold region to be quite equal, if not superior, to any region he has ever visited, with regard to its gold producing capabilities, and in fact with regard to metals of every description.

August 3.—After breakfast returned to Lower Eldorado; half the houses in which are taverns or boarding houses, and walked up the hill, on the top of which so many mysterious charms are in operation, and which congregate around this golden mound. An acre or two of rock is surrounded by a wall of cordwood, to which admittance is obtained by a gate at the lower end. Over the mine, or shaft, is a barn-like building, with doors, locks and keys, &c., so that the valuable property is as safe and secure as in a store or place of business, of any other description. The ore is brought up by a windlass and rope, which takes down an empty tub at the same time that it brings up a full one. The stone, earth, rock, or whatever else it may be, is deposited upon the floor or against the walls of the building, according to its appearance and quality as to richness or otherwise. Mr. Hardin, the resident manager of the works, kindly allowed visitors to examine whatever was in the place, and seemed perfectly willing to answer all reasonable enquiries. No secret seemed to be made about anything.

The shaft was said to be nineteen feet deep, and at the bottom of which was a large deposit of rock, and several feet of the rock or deposit brought up out of the shaft is an extraordinary mixture of granite, quartz, and several other mineral combinations, making up a conglomerate known by the name of "dolomite." All this is supposed to contain gold, more or less, some of it being very rich, and other portions containing comparatively little. In some portions of rock the gold could be distinctly seen with the naked eye, and was much more evident under the glass. A small piece (broken from a mass of rock) seemed very rich indeed, as the gold was mixed through every part of it. There can now be no reasonable doubt that this mine will pay its own expenses, and yield a large return to its proprietors. At a very moderate computation the ore lying upon the floor at this place, and which has been brought to the surface within two or three

weeks back, is worth several thousand dollars. The crusher has not yet been brought into operation, but when it is set to work we will know something more about the matter. Not only at this mine, but in many other places in the same neighborhood, miners are at work with more or less success. The sound of drilling and blasting can be heard in all directions, and no doubt can be ascertained that Canadian productions will take a new and important place at the world's fair. The time of humping, of doubt, of exaggeration, or of mystery, is now past. Labor and capital, faith and patience will do all the rest.

Reflected on returning to Marmora how some men have a golden spoon put into their mouths, and many none at all. Looked upon this as a great mystery of Providence, and while avoiding any feeling of envy or jealousy over the prosperity of others, could not avoid feeling an earnest wish that the time might soon arrive when a great equalization will take place, and men will be judged by what they do, rather than the money by which they take care. The flight of time will reveal wonders in heaven and on earth also.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

ST. LOUIS, August 7, evening.—A convention of prominent members of the Liberal party of Southern Germany was held here to-day, and adopted resolutions urging the Southern States of Germany to enter into a treaty with those of the North German Confederation.

LONDON, August 7, evening.—The second day of the Brighton races was signalled by the run for the Brighton Cup. A large number of horses were entered for the race. The attendance was very great, and immense interest was manifested. The Cup was won by "Mouley," the leading horse passed the stand in the following order: "Mouley," 1; "Tyndale," 2; "Lecturer," 3.

The Nursery Stakes were run for and won by "Ceel," the principal horses coming in as follows: "Ceel," 1; "Persian," 2; "Canilly," 3. Both these races were closely contested, and there was loud cheering at their termination.

BERLIN, August 7, evening.—The second session of the Parliament of the North German Confederation will commence on the 27th of the present month, in this city.

The Prussian Government has become anxious for the safety of the Baron Von Magnus, Minister resident of Prussia in the city of Mexico. At last accounts the Baron had unsuccessfully intervened to save the life of Maximilian. It is thought that he thereby provoked the hostility of the Mexican leader. No despatches from him have been received for a long time past, and nothing is known as to his condition or whereabouts. The Government has taken measures to ascertain definitely whether the Juarez authorities have treated its minister in a manner contrary to the law of nations.

A Prussian Army Commission, appointed to examine the Chassepot rifle, the favorite arm of the French service, after subjecting it to a series of practical and scientific tests, has reported against its adoption by the Prussian War Department.

LONDON, August 8, noon.—Consols 94 1/4; Bonds 73 1/4; Erie 40 1/2; C 78.

LIVERPOOL, August 8, noon.—Cotton quiet, steady and unchanged. Breadstuffs firm.

Weather unfavorable for crops. Provisions heavy.

BREIT, August 8.—The steamship "Europe," from New York, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, August 8.—The steamship "Virginia," from New York, has arrived.

LONDON, August 8, 2 p.m.—Bonds 73 1/4; C 77 1/2; others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, August 8, 2 p.m.—Lard 40 1/2; Tallow 44 1/2; Cheese 32 1/2; Cotton firm.

## American Despatches.

CHICAGO, August 8.—Fairbanks, Peck & Co., oil refinery was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss on building and stock \$150,000; insured for \$105,000.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The following correspondence passed between the President and Secretary of War:

EXECUTIVE MANSION.  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 6th, 1897.  
"Sir,—Public considerations of high character constrain me to say that your resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted very respectfully.

"ANDREW JOHNSON.  
Secretary of War."

To which the Secretary replied as follows:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5, 1897.  
"Sir,—Your note of this date has been received, stating that public considerations of a high character constrain you to say that my resignation as Secretary of War will be accepted. In reply, I have the honor to say that public consideration of a high character, which alone have induced me to continue at this post, constrain me to resign the office of Secretary of War before the next meeting of Congress.

"Very respectfully yours,  
"TO THE PRESIDENT."  
EDWIN M. STANTON.

No further action has been taken by the President.

NASHVILLE, August 7.—At Clarksville on Saturday Frank McDrew was shot dead by the young bar keeper that recently killed Mike Carner, the guerrilla.

On Sunday the mate of the steamer J. Z. Graham was shot and killed in a difficulty with a young man in Clarksville.

Brownlow's majority in this State will be over 40,000.

MEMPHIS, August 7.—A man named Wood, keeper of a Navy Yard boarding house, while attempting to shoot one Hough last night, shot his wife through the heart.



New York, August 7.—The Mexican Gen. Berriozabal writes to the Mexican Consul here: "By the present you are fully authorized to deny, as perfectly false, the report of the *Revolucion* newspaper that the authorities and people of this city made public rejoicing on receiving the news of Maximilian's execution. Those rejoicings took place, indeed, but they were intended to celebrate the important event of the capture of Mexico city, officially known here by the same name. You can deny and pronounce confuted, too, the stupid and untrue report on foreigners attributed to General Escobedo by the same *Revolucion*."

The *Times* Washington special says that efforts are being made by the citizens of Annapolis, Maryland, to obtain the removal of Commodore Porter, the present Superintendent of the Naval Academy at that place, on political grounds.

New York, Aug. 8.—Steamer *Colia*, from London via Havre, has arrived.

#### Editorial Summary.

—Toothache and Headache, those trespassers on what might be happy hours, have found a master in Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

—Two Bishops—those of Chester and Down—voted in favor of Lord Lyndes's proposal to make Roman Catholics eligible to the office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

—The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* states that Napoleon is forming three corps d'armee of 100,000 men each, and making preparations which point to an active campaign.

—The revenue officers in Philadelphia, are seizing every pound of cotton they find without tags; the owners look upon their action as an unwarrantable attempt to levy black mail.

—A fine ship, the "Queen of the Deep," belonging to Messrs. Sedden & Co., of Liverpool, has been completely destroyed at sea by fire, on her return voyage from Calcutta. She was heavily laden with cotton and jute.

—We find by a comparison of the merchant fleets of all nations that Great Britain and her colonies stand first, with nearly eight million tons, the United States next, with something over four millions. North Germany states one million three hundred and fifty thousand tons, France 985,000 tons, Italy 970,000, Netherlands 510,000, Spain 176,000, Denmark 140,000.

—The Slade baronetcy case, which has been exciting so much attention in England, has been compromised. General Slade abandons all claim to the title and estates, and in lieu receives £28,000, and the payment of all his costs.

—A telegram from Haderslev, in North Schleswig, has announced that 1,000 families in that district have had notice from the Prussian authorities to quit their homes within eight days, for refusing allegiance to the new order of things.

#### COMMERCIAL.

##### BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, Belleville, August 8, 1867.

SPICES—Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Barley—50c.  
Rye—50c.  
Oats—40c.  
Corn—30c.  
Flour—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Sugar—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Coffee—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Tea—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Hops—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Cloves—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Cinnamon—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Mace—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Nutmeg—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Pepper—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Saffron—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Turmeric—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Vanilla—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Zinc—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Iron—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Steel—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Copper—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Brass—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Aluminum—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Silver—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
Gold—\$1.00 to \$1.25.

##### NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

Cotton dull at 25c.  
Flour—10c to 20c better for old, dull and heavy for new; receipts 4,753 barrels; sales 10,400 barrels at \$6.25 to \$7.50 for Superior State and Western; \$7.70 to \$11 for common to choice extra State; and \$7.75 for common to choice extra Western.  
Rye Flour steady at \$6.75 to \$9.  
Wheat 3c to 5c better; receipts 1,625 barrels; sales 27,000 bush at \$2.25 to \$2.30 for new amber southern; \$2.05 to \$2.75 for white California; \$1.97 for No. 2 Milwaukee.  
Rye quiet; sales 11,000 bushels at \$1.41 to \$1.42 for Western.  
Corn less active; 1c lower; receipts 140,041 bushels; sales 65,000 bushels at \$1.12 to \$1.13 for new mixed Western; \$1.07 to \$1.12 for usual; \$1.35 for white Southern.  
Barley quiet.  
Oats—Receipts 28,155 bush; sales 26,000 bushels at \$1.00 to \$1.05 for Western; 75c to 77c for damaged.  
Lard unchanged.

##### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 8.

Stocks heavy.  
Sterling Exchange 9 1/2 to 10%.  
Gold 140 1/2.  
The *Express*'s money article says: No change in money. Foreign Exchange quiet and dull. Railway speculation quiet and tame; market was all lower, with an unsettled feeling. Government securities were in limited demand, with sharp advance in prices.  
Gold closed at 140 1/2.

##### PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo, do do  
Str. Express, Montreal, do do  
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do  
Sch'r Mary, 3 mule Bay, light  
Sch'r Lumina, do do  
Sch'r Red Rover, do do  
Sch'r Resolute, do do  
Sch'r Champlain, do do

##### DEPARTURES.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo, do do  
Str. Express, Montreal, do do  
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do  
Sch'r Belle, Cape Vincent, 50 cda. off bolts  
Sch'r Mary Ann, Oswego, 75,000 lb. lumber  
Barge Deland, Oswego, 340,000 do

##### DIED.

At Maple Grove, Manitoba, at the residence of the bride's father, on the 10th ult., the Rev. Mr. Wray, John J. Stephens, Esq., Minister of Law, Green Bay, Wis., aged 50 years, died of cholera.

#### SPECIAL NOTICE.

**PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.**—We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing the medicine to be an almost never-failing remedy for diseases caused by, or attendant upon:

Stomach Colic, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back, and Limbs, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Nerve-pain, and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system. Toothache and Pain in the Head and Face.  
It is a blood purifier and tonic for the stomach; it relieves all cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, General Debility, Piles, Asthma, Flatulency, Hiccups, Boils, Tetanus, Whooping Cough, Swelled Joints and General Dislocation of the System.  
It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pains in the Stomach, Malaria, Cholera, Dumbago, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venenous Reptiles.  
It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and trustworthy friend of the Missionary and the Traveller, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.  
Price, 10 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 350 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. 10m-11Wm  
April 20th, 1867.

**Geo. C. Holton & Co.**

**DRY GOODS**

**GROCERIES.**

**ALBERT COLLEGE**

**AND**

**Belleville Ladies' College!**

**WILL RE-OPEN**

**THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,**

**AT 2 P. M.**

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to

A. CARMAN, President.

Belleville, August 2, 1867. D78-4w

**ALLSOP'S ALE,**

**Guinness' Stout,**

**Blood's Porter!!**

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT

**HAMBLY'S.**

**F. HACKETT**

**HAS just received a complete assortment**

**OF SPRING DRY GOODS.**

Special bargains will be offered in

**DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,**

**HATS & PARASOLS.**

A large stock of

**NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS**

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.

Belleville, May 1, 1867. D-6m

**J. C. FRANCK & Co.,**

**IMPORTERS,**

**Wholesale Dealers in**

**GROCERIES,**

**WINE, LIQUORS,**

**etc., etc., etc.**

**25 Hospital St., MONTREAL,**

**OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL**

**ASSORTED STOCK in the above line,**

**at as LOW figures and**

**ON AS GOOD TERMS**

**as any house in the City, and solicit the**

**patronage of their old friends and the Trade**

**generally.**

July 27, 1867. J. C. FRANCK & Co. 74d.

**Converse, Colson & Lamb,**

**Commission Merchants,**

**CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.**

**MONTREAL.**

**Bennett's Wharf, Halifax**

**THE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA,**

**when accompanied by the proper official cer-**

**tificates on their being such, are now ad-**

**mitted into the**

**Lower Provinces Free of Duty.**

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

July 30. n67-1m

**Dr. DOBELL'S**

**New Remedy for Consumption!**

Just received at the

**APOTHECARIES HALL,**

**SUPPLY of PANCREATIC EMUL-**

**SION, prepared by Savory and Moore,**

**the eminent London Chemists, and considered**

**by English physicians superior to Cod Liver**

**Oil as a remedy for**

**Pulmonary Consumption!**

PRICE 75 cents, \$1.40, and \$2.40 per bottle.

ALSO ON HAND

Trusses and bandages of all kinds, Pads

Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Straps,

Chem Expansors, &c.

T. WILLS & Co. 14m

July 27, 1867.

#### TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE

**EAST RIDING**

OF THE

**COUNTY OF HASTINGS.**

GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of my riding to enter myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.

Yours truly,

**E. S. WILLSON.**

July 27th, 1867. D74

**"Joyful News for the People!"**

**TEA! T! TEA!**

**AN article the GOOD QUALITY of which**

**can always be relied on, possessing**

**Superior Flavor & Great Strength.**

All who have tried our TEA, pronounce it

**SUPERIOR TO ANY EVER USED!**

**THE PEOPLE DELIGHTED!**

**DON'T BE PUT OFF!**

Ask for the

**INDIA & CHINA TEA COY'S**

**TEA!**

AND TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold only at

**APOTHECARIES HALL.**

T. WILLS & Co.

Belleville, July 27, 1867. 38331-24w1

**ARE YOU INSURED?**

**THE WESTERN**, of Toronto, Fire and

**Marine Assurance Company**, are prepa-

**red to effect risks in both branches, through**

**their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most**

**reasonable terms.**

All claims promptly settled.

Office—In Charters & Webster's Drug

Store.

Belleville, June 21, 1867. 483-19w1

**Geo. Ritchie & Co.,**

**HAVE OPENED OUT IN**

**E. Holden's New Store,**

**FRONT STREET,**

**DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE**

**BANK OF MONTREAL.**

June 22, 1867. D-6m

**IMMENSE REDUCTIONS**

**IN**

**CLOTHING**

**AND**

**BOOTS & SHOES**

**AT**

**J. MUIR & CO'S.**

**EMPORIUM.**

**LINEN & ALPACA**

**COATS**

**AT COST.**

**FASHIONABLE**

**BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS**

**AT \$10.00.**

**BOOTS & SHOES**

**In the same proportion.**

**BOTTLED FRUITS.**

**CONGR BROS.,**

**HAVE JUST RECEIVED**

Cherries,

Green Gages,

Plums,

Black Currants,

Red do

Black Currant Jelly,

Black Currant Jam,

Choke Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGR.

June 27.

**THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN**

**MONTREAL!**

**THE "DAILY NEWS,"**

**80 cts per Annum, in advance.**

**JOHN LOVELL**

**Printer and Publisher.**

#### INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY!

**HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL**

**CANADA DEPOT,**

**32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.**

**PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid**

**natural flavor, imported direct from the**

**Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the**

**slopes of the HIMALAYA, blended with the**

**finest products of CHINA.**

Only two qualities, viz, 70 cts. or \$1.00 per

lb. either Black, Green or Mixed.

Fine Household TEA, combining

Strength and Flavor, ..... 10cts. per lb.

Finest procurable, ..... 1 dol.

Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS

& Co., Apothecaries Hall,

Brighton—Robert Barker, Agent; Trenton,

Mr. J. W. Barker, Agent.

July 20th, 1867. 000123w1

**SELLING OFF.**

**ON AND AFTER THE**

**20th Instant.**

**GARRATT & CO.**

Will clear out the balance of their

**Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,**

**STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,**

**AND**

**Other Seasonable Goods,**

**AT COST.**

**GARRATT & CO.**

Belleville, July 18. D65-1m w2-61

**JAMES GLASS,**

**General Hardware Merchant.**

**MINERS TOOLS,**

**BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,**

**&c. &c.**

**FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE**

May 3. 3D-6m







# Daily Intelligence

LET THREE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6, 1897.

No. 84

## Belleville Business Directory

**Pleasantly & Co.**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WF

**Legate & Price.**  
BARRISTERS, Confectioners, Pastry, Biscuits, Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-WF

**Geo. H. Haymes.**  
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw fur. 1Dm-WF

**McLeod & Carr.**  
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAINAGERS and PATENT SOLIDATORS, 188 1/2, Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co., Msdoc. 1Dm-WF

**A. E. Dougal.**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Overall Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street.

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., &c. Office—Ground floor next the Agents Office, Bridge Street. ALEX. ROBERTSON, J. D. E. K. STEWART. 1Dm-WF

**Ross, Bell & Holden.**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville. HON. JNO. ROSS, JOHN BELL, THOS. HOLDEN. 1Dm-WF

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c. Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON. 1Dm-WF

**Macellan & Macellan.**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolventcy, S. Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over "Hickson's" Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WF

**Forrest & Lozo's.**  
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPHY, Latest's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 35d-WF

**T. Lockery.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, Pipes and Tobacco. No. 176, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 2Dm

**Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

**Robert P. Jellitt.**  
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor, &c., &c. Office—Dufresne Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1Dm

**Angus McFee.**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. at the old stand, Front Street. Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1Dm

**John Wilson.**  
BARRISTERS and Confectioners, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street. Dealers with his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1Dm

**J. W. Brown.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

**Geo. Gibson.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A selected assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1Dm

**T. C. Vapour.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm

**To Gold Miners.**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospector's Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Ship and the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. W. M. POWELL. 1Dm

**McKeown & Robertson.**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They call workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. "Reynolds" the place, opposite Bennett & Bell's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm

**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
**Bullen & Gibson's**  
LIVERY  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

**FIRST CLASS** Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madco Gold Regatta on reasonable terms. **Geo. Gibson.** 2Dm

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER.**  
LION, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS. 410 and 421 St. Paul Street. 1Dm

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL.**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS. 301 NOTRE DAME STREET. 1Dm

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS.**  
SURGEON DENTIST. 304 NOTRE DAME STREET, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 1Dm

**KINGAN & KINLOCH.**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS. WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS. Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 1Dm

## Montreal Business Directory

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.**  
G. LAMPE.  
224 NOTRE DAME STREET, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.  
Garments dyed, soured and repaired within twenty-four hours. All made new. 1Dm

**PHILIP HENRY.**  
TOBACCONIST.  
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES. Note 308 Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**J. A. HARTE.**  
GLASGOW DRUG HALL.  
NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.  
Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1Dm

**MURRAY & Co.**  
STATIONERS' HALL.  
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Materials, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 1Dm

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS & GROCERIES. 40 St. Sacrament Street Montreal. Agents for J. Denik, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac, Valois, Schindler Schenke, 1Dm

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF Gentlemen's Haberdashery. No. 618 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Montreal. 1Dm

**PEAVEY & FAVOR.**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN TEAS, COFFEES, CHOICE GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., &c. No. 244, Notre Dame Street, three doors West of Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**A. BOOKER.**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant. Office and Sale Rooms, 618 1/2, New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants. Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c., &c. 413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1Dm

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.**  
IMPORTERS, Wholesale Grocers. 30 & 32 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL.**  
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR. Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.**  
WINE, SPIRIT and Commission Merchants. 49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 1Dm

**S. DAVIS.**  
MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA SEGARS. Office—No. 16, Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1Dm

**J. V. MORGAN.**  
Commission Merchant. Importer of order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1Dm

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF British, American, and German SHEEP and HEAVY HARDWARE. 464 & 466 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 1Dm

**M. GUTMAN & Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials. 26 Lombie Street, Montreal. Wire Works, 307 Portification Lane. 1Dm

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS.**  
SURGEON DENTIST. 304 NOTRE DAME STREET, Montreal. Three doors East of French Church. 1Dm

**KINGAN & KINLOCH.**  
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**MULHOLLAND & BAKER.**  
LION, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS. 410 and 421 St. Paul Street. 1Dm

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.**  
Produce Commission Merchants. MONTREAL. 1Dm

**LIBERAL** advances made on consignments to car and ship for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Ports. May 1st, 1897. 2Dm

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER.**  
LION, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS. 410 and 421 St. Paul Street. 1Dm

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**W. A. LITTLE.**  
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER. 375 NOTRE DAME ST., corner of St. John St., Montreal. 1Dm

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale. W. S. GOODHUGH & Co., IMPORTERS OF English and Foreign Leather. 34 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.**  
Manufacturers and Importers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. 478 St. Paul Street & 399 Commissioners St., MONTREAL. 1Dm

**Frothingham & Workman.**  
MONTREAL. IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. 1Dm

**J. C. FRANK.**  
Under the name, style and firm of J. C. FRANK & Co. Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c. 25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1Dm

**H. GRANT.**  
Watch and Clock Maker. 303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL. 1Dm

**JOSEPH KIRKUP.**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER, and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes. No. 325 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm

**BURROWS & Co.**  
Commission Merchants. Wines, Spirits, Tobacco, &c., &c. 416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 2Dm

**IVES & ALLEN.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c. 114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2Dm

**Place D'Armes Drug Store.**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested. A large stock of English and French Medicines, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 35d-WF

**W. C. McDONALD.**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos. Office—360 Notre Dame St. Works—146 Water St. MONTREAL. 2Dm

**J. W. HILTON.**  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS. 410 and 421 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. McCAUG.**  
Shipping and General Agent. Office—Corner of Front and Hospital and St. Jean Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 1Dm

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.**  
100 QUEEN STREET, MONTREAL. HAVE FOR SALE: 1Dm

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.**  
Produce Commission Merchants. MONTREAL. 1Dm

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MERCHANTS TAILORS. 301 NOTRE DAME STREET. 1Dm

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**F. W. HENSPA W.**  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the general produce market, Exchange, Montreal. 1Dm

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS. MANUFACTURERS' Agents for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c. Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machinery makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. 1Dm

**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE.** Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Pipes, Rivets, Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and Wool Felt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Babbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. 1Dm

**OLD FILES RECUIT.** warranted as good as new for use, at very low rates. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1Dm

**Richelieu Company!**  
Royal Mail Through Line between Montreal and Quebec. 1Dm

**ON** and after MONDAY, the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHTELIEU COMPANY'S steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows: 1Dm

**THE STEAMER MONTREAL.** Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Thursday, Saturday at Seven and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven, p. m. for Quebec, calling at St. John, St. Lawrence, Three Rivers and Baie St. Paul. 1Dm

**THE STEAMER QUEBEC.** Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven, p. m. for Montreal, calling at St. John, St. Lawrence, Three Rivers and Baie St. Paul. 1Dm

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## Miscellaneous Items

Frogs are getting to be an article of diet in a good many places. That may be the cause of so many croakers. 1Dm

Jones' landlady said it would give her pleasure to berry her boarders, but she couldn't afford it. 1Dm

The depth of water at the side of Mount Pleasant, in Maine, is said to be over twelve hundred feet. 1Dm

In England, during the present year, 695,024 dog licenses have been issued. The dog tax brings in a handsome revenue. 1Dm

Gustave Dore is scarcely thirty years old, but he has made designs for over fifty thousand wood engravings which have been published. 1Dm

Some weather-wise individual has discovered that it rains always on the 23rd of July. Last week was the forty-first consecutive instance of this fact. 1Dm

Since 1781 the receipts of Austria have exceeded her expenses only once. The debt amounts to over 9,000,000,000 florins, with no prospect of ever growing less. 1Dm

The Swiss Federal Council has decided that its diplomatic representatives shall be confined to four locations—Paris, Italy, Austria, and Prussia. 1Dm

The proclamation offering \$5000 for the head of Stephen is kept fresh and clear at every station in Ireland, with his photograph in the corner. 1Dm

A boarding-house bureau, which promises to furnish people with first-class board at all prices, is one of the latest novelties in the way of a New York institution. 1Dm

Boarding-house bureaus in New York must be different from that article of furniture in most places. 1Dm

In some parts of Missouri the people are beginning to cultivate rice in the woods without clearing off the trees, and in fact, without desecrating them. The dead leaves are turned under with a bull-sgoon plough, wherever this practice is to be used, and the rice planted. Fair crops are raised in this way. 1Dm

The French wits are still making fun of the profusion of decorations which the royal visitors have left behind them. In Chantilly, Cham is a picture of a stout man, who has appropriated half his husband's orders on the plea that he had rather a weak chest; the doctor was afraid it would do him harm to carry all the jewels himself. 1Dm

Editing a newspaper is something like making a first. Everybody supposes he can do a little better than anybody else. We have known people doubt their fitness for apple peddling, or driving and counting laths, but in all our experience we never met with an individual who did not think he could double the circulation of any paper in two months. 1Dm

A few nights ago, in Hendrickstown, a boy woke up and cried there was a snake in his bed. His mother, supposing he had been dreaming, endeavored to quiet him, and succeeded. On the next night, however, he awoke with the same cry, and for two or three other evenings; at length his mother, making a more careful search than she had done before, found a snake in Tommy's bed, which escaped through a crevice in the wall. He usually wakes Tommy by crawling around him and over his body. 1Dm

We notice in an English journal a remedy for burps, given by a "Regular Practitioner." It may be familiar to many, but it is well for everybody to know a remedy which may be promptly applied to himself. This is one of those remedies which, by sweet oil, or with water. Lay out and around the burned surface a thick coat of the mixture. Keep it moist, and at night cover it with flannel, or something that will prevent rapid evaporation. This acts like a charm, and the most agonizing pain is eased. 1Dm

THE WEDDING.—Mrs. Snookins says people make a great fuss now-a-days over tin weddings. "Law sakes, Angelina, you had ought to have been present when your papa and mamma were united in the holy bonds of wedlock. Talk about tin weddings, that was 'nort' worth seeing. Why, the neighbors for miles round came in tin pails, tin pans, tin drums and tin bells, and such a host of tin-doors never was heard before nor since. That was what I call tin wedding. Oh dear, dear! she never sees such lively times again! Poor Snookins!" 1Dm

THE OLDEST RELIC OF HUMANITY.—The oldest remnant of mortality extant is the skeleton of one of the earliest Paleolithic man, who lived in the Stone Age, and was wonderfully perfect, considering its age, which was deposited about eighteen or twenty months ago in the British Museum and is justly considered the most valuable of its archaeological treasures. The skeleton of the man who lived in the Stone Age, and was wonderfully perfect, considering its age, which was deposited about eighteen or twenty months ago in the British Museum and is justly considered the most valuable of its archaeological treasures. 1Dm

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## Products of Russian America.

The Honolulu *Advertiser* has published an interesting article on the resources of Russian America, from which the following is extracted: All the papers which have come to hand greatly underestimate the value of the new territory—the highest estimate of the trade of Russian America given not exceeding \$300,000 annually. It will be seen from the following statistics, furnished us by Messrs. Hackfield & Co., who have been agents at this port for the Russian American Fur Company, as well as the Russian Government for the past 15 years, that it is much more valuable. The skins and furs collected in this territory amounted, during 1896, to about \$1,500,000. These consist of sea otters, fur seals, blue foxes, white foxes, muskrats, minks, bears and beavers. Of fur seals alone, 70,000 were brought to Honolulu last year, valued (at cost price) at \$300,000. These furs are collected under instructions from the company in St. Petersburg, which directs just what number shall be obtained and shipped to London, New York and St. Petersburg, and no more are allowed to be taken and sent than what they have ordered, lest those markets become overstocked. Heretofore American whalers have not been allowed to land for business purposes on any part of the territory; heretofore trading and fishing companies can only be established for carrying on the codfishery, seal fishery, as well as whale oil fishery, all of which can be more profitably prosecuted in the fisheries on the island or main land, in close proximity to the fishing grounds, than under the present mode. Taking these facts into consideration, and saying nothing of the timber, coal and mining wealth of the territory, the purchase of Russian America is one that must prove valuable to the United States, and which will give a great impetus to American trade and commerce in the Pacific.

## The Chamber of Horrors.

There was a spectacle to be witnessed which might excite much. Those who, straight from the contested field, wandered sobbing through the rooms of the ladies' house, saw what it were well could the outraged earth have straightway hidden. The inner apartment was ankle-deep in blood. The plaster was scored with sword cuts—not high up, as when men have fought, but low down, and about the corners, as if a creature had crouched to avoid the blow. Strips of dresses, vainly tied around the handles of the doors, signified the contrivance to which feminine despair had resorted as a means of keeping out the murderers. Brown combs were there, and the frills of children's trousers, and torn cuffs and pinafore, and little round hats, and one or two shoes with burst latches, and one or two dagger-point cases with cracked glass. An officer picked up a few curls preserved in a bit of card-board, and marked "Ned's hair, with love," but around were strewn locks, some near a yard in length, disordered, not as a keepsake, by quite other scissors. All who on that day passed within the room, agree positively to assert that no inscription of any sort or kind was visible on the walls. Before a month was out, the bad habit, common to low Englishmen, of scribbling where they ought not, here displaying itself in an odious form, had covered the principal buildings of Cawnpore with vulgar and disgusting forgeries, false in date, in taste, in sentiment, and in fact.

## A Fashionable Evil in England.

There are probably few observant modern men who have failed to notice a habit which has been on the increase for some years past, and which seriously threatens the moral and physical integrity of society. The growing tendency of those whose lives are gentle, and whose minds are educated, to indulge alcoholic stimulations, is a fact which the profession would do well to recognize and protest against. The vice is not the vice of old grandfathers; the bottle or two of port which often leads them under the dinner table and always sent them reeling into the drawing room. The sin of our days is less obtrusive and even more diabolical. It takes the form of an occasional glass of odd-time sherry, an extra dose at lunch, a glass of cherry, two more or less frequently in the course of the afternoon, another from the table when the cloth is laid for dinner. Not uncommonly a flask of sherry accompanies the blue-book in the carriage. And it is worth noting that this kind of tipping is not done in secret. So far indeed from this, it is rather a matter of boasting on the part of those who indulge in it, and they press others, often warmly, to follow their example. Sometimes, it is true, a mild kind of excuse is offered. The dose is taken "just to keep one up, you know," or as a "whet before dinner." Just as often, when soda or seltzer water suggests itself as a refreshment, the question arises whether its accompaniment shall be brandy, sherry, or liqueur. The idea of taking it alone is not entertained. It is described as "weakening" "too cold for the stomach," and so on. Not so frequently, it is to be hoped, but still often enough to be of serious moment, these odd glasses of sherry, brandy and soda curacao, &c., are taken in the morning between breakfast and lunch, sometimes the results of these indulgences do not fail to present themselves in the nausea and retching which accompany the morning toilet, the lumpy forehead, the "red" eyes, the appetite for breakfast, the "vague dyspeptic system which lurks about during the day. More remotely it is for a shattered nervous system that the patient—or "person"—sinks, right from the starting point. Society is on its knees just now confessing, always in a polite and "respectable" way, its sins of omission or commission in regard of dress, luxury, paint, and the *demi-monde*. It behoves the medical profession to see that the vice described is included in the list.

## Advertising and Its Cost.

The Utica *Herold* has the following sensible article on this subject: We commend it to the attention of all classes of business men.

"Few business men advertise systematically, liberally and persistently. Those who pay most attention to it either advertise fitfully, or with a degree of neglect which they would regard culpable in any department of their business. What would a merchant be thought of who only opens his store now and then, to invite and serve customers? Yet an advertisement in a flourishing paper is more conspicuous than any one's store, is more observed and more spoken of, and to withdraw it is like putting up the shutters or taking down the sign. The most enterprising merchants and traders the interior think themselves liberal if they spend a few hundred dollars a year in advertising. They would deem the farmer blind to his own interests who should be stingy in planting, and fail to put in seeds in proper quantity, because it costs something. Advertising is the seed-planting of the business man, and stinginess here must make the harvest meagre.

"What shall be the sum appropriated to advertising? It will vary with the character and extent of business. But the smallest trade can be made more profitable and the largest can be extended, by liberal advertising. The rule is sometimes given that as much should be paid for advertising as will produce a return in one month in some cases, too little in others. But every business ought to be kept constantly and prominently before the readers of the established papers of the parish from which trade is sought. The readers of newspapers are the most enterprising and the most intelligent of the population, and usually have the most money to spend. Reach them, and keep their attention, and you create a current which others will follow.

In England, advertising is a regular part of business. It is reckoned as necessary as rent, and often ten times as much is spent for it. Advertising must be done so as to reach the people whose custom is sought. A separate paper is more conspicuous than any one's store, is more observed and more spoken of, and to withdraw it is like putting up the shutters or taking down the sign. The most enterprising merchants and traders the interior think themselves liberal if they spend a few hundred dollars a year in advertising. They would deem the farmer blind to his own interests who should be stingy in planting, and fail to put in seeds in proper quantity, because it costs something. Advertising is the seed-planting of the business man, and stinginess here must make the harvest meagre.

## Editorial Summary.

—Mr. McGee is confined to his bed.  
—Beecher says he advocates riches. His income shows it.

—There is a vase in the Paris Exposition valued at \$3,000,000. It is made from a single turquoise.

—One hotel in Saratoga buys 1,800 chickens daily for breakfast.

—Waterfalls are no longer the thing among Boston fashionables.

—The grounds of Dartmouth College are to be beautified by two thousand trees.

—Buffalo eats two thousand pairs of frogs legs daily.

—"Show me the country where nobody dies," said a Hibernian, "and I will go and find me days there."

—"Wanted, a steady man to look after a horse of the odd kind of persuasion," is an English advertisement.

—The look-out in Pittsburgh, which has lasted over nine months, causing great distress in very many families, and keeping several millions of dollars out of circulation, has fortunately ended—A compromise having been effected.

—It was reported by the steamship *Saxon*, that arrived at Table Bay from the Eastern route, previous to the departure of the mail, that there was every probability of Dr. Livingstone being still alive.

—A correspondent of a Chicago newspaper says the quickest way to get rid of the Indians is to establish whiskey shops all along the border, and give them all they want to drink. White people can be got rid of in the same manner.

—A second masked Amazon has made her appearance in Paris, but instead of carrying pistols and a dagger in her girdle, she has hung an immortal, with a withered rose twined in it, to her saddle-bow, and thus promenade herself and her grief a *cheval*.

—I say, Sambo, does you know what make de corn grow so fast when you put the manure on 'em? No, don't hardly. Now, I'll tell you. When de corn begins to swell de manure, it don't like de 'famer, so hurries out of de ground and sits up as high as possible, so as not to be covered de bad air."

—On the occasion of the Belgians being entertained by the Queen at Windsor Castle, in addition to the 750 roast fowls, lamb and veal, there were 750 roast fowls, 250 turkeys, 250 tongues, 500 pigeons and veal pies, 250 lobster salads, a handsome desert of grapes, melons, green grapes, strawberries, &c., and 2000 bottles of Champagne, Moselle, Rhine, Claret, Port and Sherry.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

STATION.	TIME.
Belleville Station.	
Morning Express going West.	9:00 A. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10:30 A. M.
Evening Express going East.	6:45 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	8:15 P. M.
Night Express going East.	11:10 P. M.
Evening Express going West.	9:45 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	11:10 P. M.
Night Express going West.	11:10 P. M.

By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.

BELEVILLE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9.

FROM MONTREAL.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

MONTREAL, August 7.

Mr. McGee has determined to publish the documents he referred to at his meeting on Saturday, notwithstanding the remonstrances of his committee.

A rumor was current last night that Mr. Devlin had withdrawn from the contest, and another that Hon. John Young was to be brought out.

MURDER.—The *Pictou Gazette* gives an account of a frightful murder committed in the Township of Hallowell, on the 3d inst. It seems that three Indians assembled at the shanty of Isaac Hill in the evening to have a spree. Whiskey flowed freely, and by and by blood flowed more freely. Hill was struck over the head by Cornelius Bunt, and left in the shanty. Previous to this, Hill's wife and baby had fled to the woods. When the people heard of the murder and came to view the body, a tame white dog was perched upon the body, cooing and flapping its wings. An inquest was held before Dr. Evans, and Bunt upon his own admission, was committed to trial for the murder of Hill.

GARRETT.—The following items are sent under date Aug. 1st.—The steamship *Lady Head* arrived here this morning with her usual complement of passengers and freight. Cola, Warren, Boucher and Cope were landed here, and proceeded at once to the River.

YORK ON A FISHING EXCURSION FOR THREE OR FOUR WEEKS.—The steamship *North American* lies at the entrance of the harbor, aground, having been towed in on Sunday by the two steamships, *Austrian* and *Nova Scotia*. The *North American* is expected here tomorrow, to tow her to Quebec. Captain Dick informed me that he would be ready to-night to proceed, and he is quite sanguine that he will get to Quebec safely. Weather extremely hot.

THE HEATED TRIM.—We are in the midst of the heated trim. The fields are parched and scorched, the flowers are burned to a crisp, the leaves of the trees are curled and browned, and pedestrians creep lazily along the shady side of the streets; office men are stripped to their shirts and pants, and chiefly employ their time in wiping the perspiration from their faces and clearing the dust from their eyes; the dogs lie stretched in the shade, and look like hydrophobic, but they haven't ambition enough to get up a quiet hack, or even give friendly wag of the tail; the poor beasts of burden drag themselves and their loads wearily along, and seem every moment as if they must sink to the ground. The whole earth appears like a vast cauldron, and how one longs for "a lodge in some vast wilderness, some boundless continuity of sky, or what would be better, a little hole in one of several Russian icebergs until the "heated trim" is over.

THE DIEHL WHEAT.—The Diehl wheat is with a new variety of winter wheat, and wherever it has been sown the most favorable reports are given as to the result. The *Genesee Farmer* for August, 1893, made the following statements respecting it:—"This wheat originated in Indiana. Mr. J. Diehl noticed a single stalk of bald wheat growing in a field of Mediterranean, which on examination proved to be a beautiful white wheat—which ripens as early as the Mediterranean. He sowed it and continued to do so, till he could furnish seed to his neighbors, and they state that it was by far the best and most profitable variety to raise." The straw is stiffer than the Mediterranean, and the yield fully one-third greater. We have always said that a good variety of white wheat to the country, and we hope our readers will try this Diehl wheat and report the result."

The *American Farmer* for August, 1893, says that many farmers in the vicinity of Rochester sowed this variety last autumn, and all speak highly in its favor. A sample, which we noticed a few days since as being very superior wheat, grown on the farm of Mr. W. Elliott, of Meadowville, was of the Diehl variety. A sample of some wheat was forwarded to Montreal, and attracted a good deal of attention, since which an order has been sent forward for a larger sample. Its beautiful whiteness and the early date which it ripens, renders it well worthy the attention of agriculturists.

—A mocking bird sold in Nashville, Tennessee, for \$500.

## The Richardson Mine.

The opinions entertained by Dr. Olway, Mr. J. T. Bell and Mr. Cline, Scott, as also by many experienced miners both from California and Australia, viz., that the dolomite in which the gold of this mine has hitherto been found, will merge in a "quartz reef," that the dolomite is only an offshoot, though a rich one, seems now upon the verge of confirmation. Mr. Glass yesterday afternoon received from Mr. Hardin the following telegram:

"MADOC, August 8, 1897.

"We have struck to day a vein of white and grey quartz, very rich in gold. Will write and send specimens."

This, of course, is very gratifying to those gentlemen who have invested their money in the purchase of the mine, and also to those who are watching, with a scientific interest, the development of this very remarkable deposit.

Fenians at Chicago.

The Fenian Brotherhood had a great celebration at Chicago on Thursday evening last. The papers describe it as the most enthusiastic Irish demonstration ever held in that city. The gathering was estimated at ten thousand persons. The Fenian Battalion paraded the streets, escorted by two hundred men bearing torches. The paper says: "On the line of march which, owing to the lateness of the hour at which the troops were formed, was short, they were enthusiastically cheered—their fine bearing, steady march and ready precision in movement eliciting the heartiest admiration. The soldiers were dressed in their bright green uniforms, and with their polished muskets and bayonets glittering in the light of the torches, they presented a handsome appearance."

There was a preliminary introduction to the demonstration not down in the programme, which is thus described by the local paper. While the large crowd was patiently waiting for the procession to appear, a woman about fifty years old, wearing an old-fashioned bonnet, and carrying a large umbrella, stood on the steps and spoke to them:

"She said the Spirit of God was in her, and she would give some of it to the crowd; they needed it. She would open service by reciting a hymn she had composed some forty years ago. It was done, keeping time with her umbrella. She would now address them seriously. (Here she was interrupted by the guard.) Did they not know that she was a woman? (Cries of 'Yes, go on!') She thought so, and she would do her duty. She was not to be frightened—(fourth time interrupted again.) Did they wish to hear her? (Cries of 'Yes' and 'No!') She had been deceived in today's hour, and she would leave the whole city, too. She had been to the Mayor to see if he had the spirit of God in his heart, and he had told her that she was a wicked woman. It was a wicked city and she would leave it. (Cries of 'Go it, old woman!') I go. He and her umbrella then went."

With this introduction the orators of the day mounted the stand, "massacred the British Lion," "tore into atoms the red cross flag," and knocked the whole British Empire into "smithereens." As a specimen of what they said, we will give the closing remarks of "Senator" Morrison, a gentleman who seems to be doing nothing else but going through the country "firing up the Irish heart." After referring to the union of the two sections of the Brotherhood, Mr. Morrison said:

"They were here to-night to exult in the union. They wanted those in Ireland to wait until the Republic was born in England, on the continent of America. There could now be no more mistakes, no more failures. It was not enough that, drove them out of Canada before. When they moved again it must be with an avalanche of steel that would trample down all opposition since the birth of O'Connell in Canada, and some of them had boasted as green as grass. They had to take possession of Canada and hold it until recognized as a legitimate power by the United States. They had been assured by a Congressman that had O'Neil been a place in Canada for ten days, he would have been thus recognized. When the green flag was once recognized as the flag of a nation, all Irishmen would rally round it. There was hardly a town in the United States that did not have a Fenian Circle. Where they were in favor of striking England wherever they could find him? (Cries of 'Yes!') Let all who are in favor of striking Canada hold up their hands. (Many hands held up.) They had to do more than that; they had to come and assist. There was nothing like a musket to talk to an Englishman with. It had more eloquence in it than all the speeches since the birth of O'Connell. England held us by the power of the bayonet, that shall not be broken by the same power. They had resolved that if we were in favor of striking their enemy in Canada or anywhere else, they would try to strike down the bloody cross that was the symbol of their work, to matter where it might end."

—They are making rum in Louisiana out of sweet potatoes. Seven barrels of potatoes yield a barrel of rum.

—One of the gigantic drum-majors attached to the Belgian corps that recently visited London, is described as 6ft. 4 in. high, on his head he wears a bushy of no less than 200 straws, from the top of which springs a white feather of 24 in. height, surrounded by colored plumes of smaller growth.

—Englishmen still drink beer! The annual return shows that 37,770 persons in the United Kingdom pay licenses as brewers. Nearly 100,000 persons were licensed to sell beer as victuallers. Upwards of 50,000,000 bushels of malt were used in the manufacture.

## The Maritime Provinces.

The news from the fishery along the coast of Newfoundland is not very cheering. A late paper says: "There are plenty of fish on the ground, but apparently glutted and indifferent to bait." It is thought, however, that while they remain near the shore there is good reason to hope, that with new bait and changes of weather, the catch will improve. Even as things are, the voyage is progressing tolerably as compared with that of last year. At Peel's Island the fishermen were doing well, but the hook and line men nothing. About the middle of the present month the last named place was visited by a tremendous gale. About twenty were destroyed and a great many more very much injured. The loss will be heavy to the poor fishermen who were operating in this locality. H. M. S. *Fawn* was at St. John's when the *Della* left."

The St. John's, New Brunswick, *Telegraph* says:

"We learn from a gentleman who came from Quebec Province, via the Metapedia, about three weeks ago, that gold quartz has been found on that river in large quantities. The show of gold is very good. The location is about forty miles above the property of Messrs. Daniel and Alexander Fraser. One party, whose name has not reached us, has been digging out the quartz for some time past. Our informant states that the indications were so favorable as if he had seen at El Dorado and Madre mine, in Ontario."

The merchants of Prince Edward Island, complain that their trade is much hampered by the impossibility of purchasing exchange to remit to Canada, and desire the establishment of a Canadian Bank agency there.

A steamer is to run from Pictou, N. S., to Montreal, regularly, carrying out the trade in which, with Canada, is rapidly becoming considerable and profitable.

New Brunswick papers say Mr. Fleming is in Cumberland, locating the line of the Intercolonial Railway from the border to Truro.

Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

PARIS, August 8.—The French squadron which sailed recently for the Island of Candia to relieve the suffering families of the Cretans, took on board fifteen hundred refugees, mostly women, children, and old men, and conveyed them to a place of safety.

PARIS, August 8, eve.—The Russian loan is being more readily taken on the Bourse than was at first expected, and its success may now be said to be established here.

LONDON, August 8, eve.—It is positively denied in Copenhagen, that the government of Denmark has any intention of entering into negotiations for the Island of St. Thomas. This denial is rendered necessary by the presence in that city of Senator Doodson, of the United States, who was reported to be the bearer of propositions from the American government.

LONDON, August 8.—The Brighton races concluded to-day. The Biennial Brighton stakes were won by "Troadero," and the Brighton cup stakes by "Red Cap."

LONDON, August 9, 1 a.m.—A long and exciting debate took place in the House of Commons to-night on the Reform Bill, which had been returned from the House of Lords. Amendments to a place made in the Upper House, modifying the lodger copy hold and lease hold franchises, allowing the use of votive paper, and conferring the franchise to under-graduates of the Universities, all of which were rejected, but another amendment providing for the representation of Universities was agreed to.

LIVERPOOL, August 9, noon.—Cotton quiet; Upends 10½d; Orleans 10½d; total stock in port 734,000 bales, of which 332,000 is American. Weather favorable for crops. Provisions and produce quiet and steady.

LONDON, August 9, noon.—Consols 9¼; Erie 4¼; I C 7¾; Bonds firm at 77½.

QUEENSTOWN, August 9.—The steamship "Cuba," from Boston on July 31st, has arrived.

LONDON, August 9, 3 p.m.—Consols 9¼; Bonds 73½; I C 7¾; Erie 4¼; others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, August 9, 2 p.m.—Breadstuffs firm; Cotton unchanged; Lined Oil 24d.

## American Despatches.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The *Harvard's* Heart Content telegram says:—H. H. M. surveying steamer *Gulnar* arrived from St. John's this morning, having on board a party charged with the duty to thoroughly examine and report the surroundings of and around the spot where the cable of 1866 was broken.

The New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Co., is now engaged in building three telegraph lines between this place and Nova Scotia to be in connection with the Western Union Telegraph line of New York.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The World's special says the President practically ignored Secretary Stanton to-day by addressing a communication to Col. Townsend, Assistant Adj. General of the army, instead of the Secretary of War, as is customary.

The Times' special says: "Some of the Washington detectives have reported the discovery of a plot to rescue Surratt, which may have some foundation, but it has been nipped in the bud."

DETROIT, Mich., August 8.—All the printers in this city have struck and stopped work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—No verdict in the Surratt case has yet been rendered.







# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**

All orders promptly executed. Remember  
Neilson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N.B.—The highest price in CASH paid for  
Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and  
repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

THE SPENDON STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays, and Fridays, until further notice,  
and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,  
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival  
of G. T. morning trains from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9:30.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-  
lotte), daily on arrival of evening Express  
Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.  
morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
and evening direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT, DR

July 22nd, 1867.

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal  
Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sunday excepted), at half past 7 o'clock,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leaves all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening trains  
going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANGENT, Agent, Madoc.

P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1867.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as repre-  
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUTCHETTE

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT CUSTOMS.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
SD1st Asst. Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and  
afford every facility to intending assureds—  
One of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settlement  
to **Ten per Cent.** of the Net Life  
Income. This most important restriction  
shows that the interests of participating policy-  
holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-  
pecially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
must largely influence profits  
and bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1868, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.

DR. CANNIFF, Belleville Office.

May, 1867. 4D-6m

## W. WHARIN & Co.

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED  
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully  
repaired and warranted.

Wm. WHARIN, Wm. L. WILKINSON

C. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

DEAFERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12Dm

1D-6m

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1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-  
nishing, to his present Stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT  
is complete, and all orders promptly attended  
to.

UNDERTAKING  
in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stock and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4

The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY at SIX o'clock A.M., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Osgooshen and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. J. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Head & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 11D-3m

MAITLAND FISHER.

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Nicholas and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.

Refrigerators—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile,  
Esq., 341 Terrace, East.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,  
Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

St. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with  
every facility for handling provisions to ad-  
vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts  
authorized against shipments to our care for  
sale or consigned to our friends in Great  
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 350-5m-Wm

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C. W.

WILLIAM KENNEDY and Re-  
tail Grocers and Pro-  
vision Merchants, can al-  
ways supply customers with  
Shops, &c., with the best  
quality of all kinds of Groceries,  
Bacon, Lard, Cheese, &c.,  
together with a full assort-  
ment of Groceries. All  
kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.,  
Also, Wholesale Agents  
for Montreal, TATON &  
Co., Toronto.

BELLEVILLE

## AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

## IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-4

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## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection  
with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER  
Newspaper, we have one of the best  
applied.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 85

## Montreal August 21 1884

**F. W. HENSHAW,\***  
No. 10 St. Sacramento Street, opposite the  
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

**H**AVING been engaged in the Ashes, and  
general produce trade for the past thirteen  
years, at the above address; would be happy to  
receive consignments from Manufacturers and  
Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in this  
market or for export.

There is no greater fallacy in the world than that entertained by many young men that some pursuit in life can be found wholly suited to their taste, whims and fancies. The philosopher's stone can never be discovered, and every one who makes his life a search for it will be ruined.

Much truth is contained in the Irishman's remark: "It's never easy to work hard." Let therefore the fact be remembered by the young, that no live work can be done at

**W. L. KINMOND & Co,**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

**CONSULTING ENGINEERS.**  
**M**ANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of  
 Machinery, Tools, Steam Hammers, &c.  
 Also, every description of material and used  
 for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers  
 A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel.

**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND**  
**BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,**  
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets,  
square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron  
Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and  
Wool Felt for Bollers and Steam Pipes, Babbits

OLD FILES RECUR, warranted as good as new for use, at very low rates.  
Custom House Square, Montreal. 1d-6r

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
between Montreal and Quebec.

The Steamer **QUEBEC**, Capt. J. B. Labelle, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning, Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time in taking their passage, by

The Steamer **MONTREAL**, Capt. R. NELSON, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at Seven P. M. precisely, for Quebec, calling, going and returning at the ports of Sorel, Three Rivers and Batiscan.

This Company will not be accountable for specie valuables unless Bills of Lading having the value of

Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 29 Commissioner Street Montreal.

J. B. LAMERE, Manager

Office Richelieu Company, 6th May, 1887. 27DS

**The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE**  
**COMPANY.**  
Established 1825.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY  
Accumulated and Invested Fund, ... \$18,000,000  
Annual Income, ... 2,250,000  
W. M. RAMSAY, *Manager.*  
RICHARD BULL, *Inspector of Agencies.*

**A**SSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a lengthened experience, so as to suit the means of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge.  
Medical Advisers, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister.  
May 1st. 18-3

**MONTREAL**  
**OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY**  
Under Contract with the Government of Canada

the Conveyance of the  
**Canadian & United States Mail**  
1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867.  
*Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool*

Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.

This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the underrated First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built Double-Engine Iron Steamships:—

AUSTRIAN,	2700 Tons,	Capt. AITON.
NESTORIAN,	2700 "	LL. DUTTON, RN.
MORAVIAN,	2650 "	Capt. WILCOX.

PERUVIAN,	2690	"	Capt. WILLIAMS.
HIBERNIAN,	2434	"	Capt. BALLANTINE.
NOVA-SCOTIAN,	2309	"	Capt. BROWN.
NORTH-AMERICAN,	1734	"	Capt. ALLAN.
BELGIAN,	2434	"	Capt. KEER.
DAMASCUS,	1600	"	Capt. GRANGE.
			Capt. WATTS.

(Sailing from LIVERPOOL EVERY THURSDAY  
and SUNDAY, and SATURDAY, unless otherwise stated.)

And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—

ST. GEORGE,	1468 Tons.	L. SMITH, R.N.
ST. ANDREW,	1432 "	Capt. SCOTT.
ST. PATRICK,	1207 "	Capt. TROCK.

The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as undernoted, viz:—

NOVA-SCOTIAN	Saturday, 27th
MORAVIAN,	Saturday, 28d August
AUSTRIAN,	Saturday, 10th
NESTORIAN,	Saturday, 17th
PERUVIAN,	Saturday, 24th
HIBERNIAN,	Saturday, 31st

St. PATRICK for Glasgow about 27th July.

Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry  
 Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or Bay of Quinte  
 and Royal Mail Line of Steamers to Quebec:—  
 CABIN, ————— \$78 65 to \$88 65  
 (according to accommodation.)  
 STEERAGE, ————— \$29 50

procure "Cook's Excursion Tickets" on application  
the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.  
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.  
Berths not secured until paid for.  
For particulars, apply to  
**J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,**  
Canadian Express Office,  
SKILLVILLE

very agreeable to man.

There are always less at the top of the hill than at the bottom. If you do not do any hard persevering efforts, while beset by difficulties of every kind, (Genius counts not for anything,) you will never be able to persevere in one single channel. It is every thing. Hence, should any of our readers be inclined to think that he is a genius, and imagining he has a genius for some other thing, he dismisses the thought as he would a tempest, and says, "I don't think you make a mistake, don't make a mistake," and then he spends all his energies in working for one thing, and as you would to the life that sustained you, and then you say, "I don't leave it, it is almost certain that you will go down; but if you cling to it, information will be given you, and you will be saving your every energy to the work, success is certain.

It is the hard honest effort, steadily persevered in, will make your love for your business or profession grow; since no one should ever be content with what he has, and his life work is just the one he could have done and liked best. We are allowed to take any of the roughness in our pathway, to none of it.

AN OXFORD MAN.—PARIS, July 12.—By a curious coincidence, the exhibition yesterday, at the Hotel de Clugny, of the portrait of a thoughtless and cold-blooded assassin, who is making an exhibition of himself outside—a gentleman whom Mr. Artemus Ward would have been glad to have included in his immortal show. Outside a prescient artist has painted a picture of the man in question, with a horn growing out of his head, and, but for the gentility of his costume, and the Albert waist-chain in his waistcoat, one might suspect that he had been a member of the same class. The picture of admission was two pence half penny, and as I entered I found the gentleman regaling himself on breakfast. He rose from the table, took off his hat, and displayed the horny substance growing out of his head, which was not altogether unbecomingly like a deer's horn, which had been inserted into the skull, but there were two sprouts of a promising appearance, which gave to the mature excrement an air of being genuine. The horns were still to be seen in the skull of a lady who wistfully afflicted—alas! who rejoiced in the name of Mary Davis and who lived many years ago. Some half a century ago there might have been seen a Paris churchyard full of tombstones for the family of the late Frangois, who, at the age of eight years old a horn began to grow out of his forehead, and by constantly keeping it covered he managed to conceal it for some time; but one day the Marquis de la Roche, who was then in the city, saw Frangois arrested for not taking his hat to him; the *cardinal* was thus discovered, and the Marquis sent him as a present to Henri IV., who gave him to one of his valets, who showed him as a curiosity to the king, who was at the time at the fairs, poor Frangois died, and was buried at Saint Germain des Pres.

**HOUSEHOLD HINTS.**—Under this head are given many of the following useful information:—“Keep your meat in a dry, cool place, your fish on ice and your vegetables on a stone floor free from air. Cut your soap when it comes in, and let it dry slowly. Keep your sweet herbs in paper bags, each tied with a string, and hang them in a dry herb. They should be dried in the wind and not in the sun; and when ordered as a recipe should be cautiously used, as preponderance in any one seasoning spoils the effect. When oranges or lemons are used for juicy things, cut them up in small pieces and tie them down for use. Apples should be kept on dry straw, in a dry place; and pears hang up by the stalk. A haircarpet should never be swept down with a broom, but always with the best handled brush, and you can push under each stair of the stairs.”

A DAY IN CHICAGO.—The New York Commercial gives the following catalogue of the occurrence and events of one day in the city of Chicago: A man committed suicide; a German was dangerously stabbed in a maul; a child died of hydrophobia; a fight occurred, before a magistrate, between two women who wished to marry the same man; thirty-four prisoners were sentenced, for various crimes, by the Recorder's court; two couples were married; a drunkenness case was decided; a babe was drowned; a man was strangled; four fugitives were held; twenty-two persons were arrested in houses of ill-fame; extensive frauds by street railroad conductors were discovered; three persons were set on fire; a man was arrested for cheating an Indian of \$200; and a man was arrested for receiving stolen goods from the United States Revenue office.

Henry Vincent, the English orator, is tending to visit this country again, in October, to deliver lectures.

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An alarming fire broke out at 10 o'clock Thursday night in St. John's Suburb, Quebec, in a house on Duquesne street. It communicated to a grocery store owned by Mr. Bureau, and soon the block was a mass of flames. The fire then spread to Richelieu street, destroying 10 houses. St. John's Church was in great danger.

It appears from a letter in one of our New Brunswick exchanges that the St. John crew repeatedly offered to row "any four men" in any boat in France twice round the course, but could get no takers. Oxford, Cambridge and London showing the white feather.

Rev. Mr. Dall, the Unitarian missionary at Calcutta, is describing the way of life in summer with the thermometer at 100 deg. in the day time, and 85 deg. at night. In the night, says the wakefulness is the exception and drowsing the rule. The poor, old or young, who brings you a note from his master no longer delivers it thus he flings himself on his back, at full length, and is sound asleep in three-quarters of a minute; so that it is hard to arouse him if you are five minutes penning your reply.

**DISCOVERY OF GOLD IN THE HIGHLANDS.**  
A correspondent informs us that gold has been found in many parts of the Highlands, by a gentleman who had many years' experience at the gold diggings in Australia and New Zealand. Our informant states that the precious metal was found in four, ten or fifteen different parts of the country, and he believes there is gold more or less to be found along the borders of Argyll and Perthshire, and all the way from Glen-Fyne to the head of Glen-Aitric. He has also found lead, copper, silver, and other ores.—Herald.

#### COMMERCIAL.

##### BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Intelligence Office, Belleville, August 10, 1887.  
Spring Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Rye—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Oats—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Barley—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Buckwheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Rice—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Pork—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Mutton—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Butter—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Eggs—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Flour—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Sorghum—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Beans—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Peas—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Lentils—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Clover—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Hay—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Straw—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Wool—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Hides—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Tallow—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Skins—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Feathers—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Horns—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Hooves—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Bones—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Horns—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Hooves—\$1.00 to \$1.25  
Bones—\$1.00 to \$1.25

##### 1887 MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to The Intelligence Office, From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co., Montreal, August 10, 1887.  
Flour—Superior Extra—\$8.75 to \$9.00  
Extra—\$8.50 to \$8.75  
Fancy—\$8.25 to \$8.50  
Wellhead Canal Superior—\$7.50 to \$7.75  
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat—\$7.40 to \$7.70  
Super. No. 2 Western Wheat—\$7.40 to \$7.70  
Bag Flour—\$7.40 to \$7.70  
Wheat—Canada Fall—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Oats—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Rye—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Barley—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Butter—Dairy—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Store Paoked—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Ashes—Soft—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Pearls—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Pork—Mess—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Prime Mess—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Prime—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Dressed Hogs—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Eggs—\$1.25 to \$1.50  
Flour—fair receipts; market quiet with small sales at yesterday's rates. Grain—no change to note. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Ashes—potents in fair demand; pearls not wanted and nominal.

##### NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 10.  
Flour—firm at \$8.00 to \$11.25 for common to choice extra State; and \$9.10 to \$12.25 for common to choice extra Western.  
Rye Flour steady at \$7.00 to \$9.25.  
Wheat—2c to 3c better; receipts 17,842 bush; sales 15,500 bush at \$2.00 for No. 2 Milwaukee \$2.15 for No. 1 do; \$2.29 for new amber Michigan.  
Rye farmer; sales 6,000 bushels at \$1.45 for Western.  
Corn dull and 1 to 2c lower; receipts 73,000 bushels, at \$1.07 to \$1.09 for new mixed Western; \$1.04 to \$1.07 for unsound prime white Western.  
Barley dull.  
Oats quiet and firm; receipts 12,800 bush; sales 15,000 bushels, at 82c to 84c for Western; 96c to 98c for State.  
Pork firm at \$23.25 to \$23.45.  
Lard steady at 12 1/2c to 13 1/2c.

##### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 10.  
Stocks strong.  
The Express and money is unchanged. Shipments of specie to-day \$55,730. Railways firm and more settled. Governments less active and lower.

##### Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.  
ACROSS 10.  
Imports—1 cars merchandise.  
Exports—2 cars merchandise, 1 car four.

##### PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS.  
ACROSS 10.  
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do  
Tag E. Jeffers, Kingston, sch'r in tow  
Sch'r A. Mosbury, Cleveland, coal  
Sch'r Trial, Oswego, light  
Sch'r Myntetta, do do  
Sch'r Free Trader, Kingston, light  
Sch'r Prince Edward, Milford, light  
Sch'r Edith, Oswego, light  
DEPARTURES.  
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do do  
Sch'r Red Rover, Charlotte, R.R. ties  
Sch'r Embury, Oswego, lumber  
Sch'r Champlain, do do  
Sch'r Edith, Oswego, lumber.

#### SPECIAL NOTICE.

**PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.**—We ask the attention of the public to our celebrated and successful Family Medicine. It has been favorably known for more than thirty years, and is now the most popular and reliable remedy, showing this medicine to be an almost universal remedy for diseases caused by, or attended with, the following: Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Biliousness, Pain in the Side, Back, and Lungs, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Nausea and Rheumatism, Pain in any part of the system, Toothache and Pain in the Head and Face.  
It is also a most reliable Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painter's Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venenous Reptiles.  
See Directions accompanying each bottle.  
It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to America. It is the most constant companion and invaluable friend of the Missionary and the Traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.  
Price, 15 cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., per Bottle.  
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 210 St. Street, Montreal, C. E.  
April 20th 1887. 1Dm-11Wm

#### The Royal Canadian Mining Co.,

THIS COMPANY are now disposing of their STOCK, which they offer for sale at the very reasonable figure of **\$10 PER SHARE!**  
The prospects of success of this Company are as good if not better than any other Company that have as yet commenced mining operations in Madoc.  
For particulars the public are respectfully requested to call at the Law Office of Messrs. MacLellan & MacLellan, Belleville, where they can obtain the necessary information respecting this Company.  
MacLellan & MacLellan are authorized to sell Stock for this Company.  
JOHN JOHNSON, President.  
JAMES PEAT, Secretary.  
Dated August 9th, 1887. 54Dtf-25Wtf

#### Geo. C. Holton & Co.

#### DRY GOODS

#### GROCERIES.

#### ALBERT COLLEGE

AND  
Belleville Ladies' College!  
WILL RE-OPEN  
THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,  
AT 2 P. M.  
Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.  
For Terms apply to  
A. CARMAN, President.  
Belleville, August 2, 1887. D78-4w

#### J. C. FRANK & Co.,

IMPORTERS,  
Wholesale Dealers in  
GROCERIES, WINES,  
LIQUORS, CIGARS,  
&c., &c., &c.  
25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL.  
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

#### ON AS GOOD TERMS

as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.  
J. C. FRANK & Co.,  
July 27, 1887. 74d.

#### Converse, Colson & Lamb,

Commission Merchants,  
CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.  
MONTREAL.  
Bennett's Wharf, Halifax

THE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA, when accompanied by the proper official certificates of their being such, are now admitted into the  
Lower Provinces Free of Duty.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.  
July 20. D67-1m

#### Dr. DOBELL'S.

New Remedy for Consumption!

Just received at the  
APOTHECARIES HALL,  
A SUPPLY OF PANCREATIC EMULSION, prepared by Savory and Moore, the eminent London Chemists, and considered by English physicians superior to Cod Liver Oil as a remedy for  
Pulmonary Consumption!  
PRICE 75 cents, \$1.40, and \$2.40 per bottle.  
ALSO ON HAND  
Trusses and bandages of all kinds, Pads, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Straps, Chest Expansors, &c.  
T. WILLS & Co.  
July 27, 1887. 1d6m

#### Business Cards.

AND all other kinds of Job Printing, executed with despatch, at the *Intelligencer* Office, Intelligence Building, Front Street.

#### ALLSOP'S ALE,

Guinness' Stout,  
Blood's Porter!!  
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT  
HAMBLY'S.

#### F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment of  
SPRING DRY GOODS.  
Special bargains will be offered in  
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,  
HATS & PARASOLS.  
A large stock of  
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS  
will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.  
Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1d6m-11Wm

#### TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE  
EAST RIDING  
OF THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of your Riding to offer myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.  
Yours truly,  
B. S. WILLSON.  
July 27th, 1887. D74

#### ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN, of Toronto, Fire and Marine Assurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.  
All claims promptly settled.  
OFFICE—in Charters & Webster's Drug Store.  
Belleville, June 21, 1887. 43D-19Wf

#### Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN  
E. Holden's New Store,  
FRONT STREET,  
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE  
BANK OF MONTREAL.  
June 23, 1887. 1D6m

#### IMMENSE REDUCTIONS

IN  
CLOTHING

#### BOOTS & SHOES

#### J. MUIR & CO'S.

EMPORIUM.  
LINEN & ALPACA  
COATS  
AT COST.

#### FASHIONABLE

BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS  
AT \$10.00.

#### BOOTS & SHOES

In the same proportion.  
45D-4f.

#### BOTTLED FRUITS.

#### CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
Cherries, 1 to 2 cts.  
Green Gages, Red Plums,  
Prunes, Mussel Plums,  
Black Currants, Peaches,  
Cranberry Jam, do  
Red Currant Jelly, do  
Black Currant Jam, do  
Orange Marmalade, do  
Choice Fresh Figs.  
R. D. CONGER, J. A. CONGER  
June 25. 1d6m

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL!

#### THE "DAILY NEWS,"

\$8 00 per Annum, in advance.  
JOHN LOVELL,  
Printer and Publisher.

#### INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY.

HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL.  
CANADA DEPOT,  
32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.  
Only two qualities, viz. 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.  
FINE Household TEA, combining Strength and Flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, 1 dol. 12 cts.  
Protected by Trade Mark.  
Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall, Brighton—Robert Barker, Agent, Trenton, N. J. W. Barker, Agent, July 20th, 1887. 66Dtf-23Wtf

#### SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE  
20th Instant.

#### GARRATT & CO.

Will clear out the balance of their  
Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins,  
STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS,  
AND  
Other Seasonable Goods,  
AT COST.

GARRATT & CO.  
Belleville, July 15. D65-1m-23D-4f

#### JAMES GLASS,

General Hardware Merchant.

MINERS TOOLS.  
BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,  
&c., &c.  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.  
May 3. 3D6m

#### J. & W. Sutherland.

300 LINEN COATS  
JUST RECEIVED.  
AT  
M. LAFERTE'S,  
FROM  
\$1.25 upwards.  
June 12, 1887. 35D

#### JUST RECEIVED.

AT THE CORNER STORE,  
Front and Bridge Streets,  
Dow's,  
Molson's,  
AND  
Creighton's.  
Celebrated Bottled Ales and  
PORTER.  
A. FLETCHER & Co.  
74Dm.

#### A CHOICE ASSORTMENT

OF  
DRESS MUSLINS  
AT  
Wilson & Robertson's.  
32D-3m

#### JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,  
SUMMER VESTINGS  
AND  
VELVETEENS.  
P. D. CONGER.  
June 17. 1D6m

#### DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W.  
Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets,  
Hartinger & Co., Managers.  
STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES  
Continuing to lead from the Books and Car-  
Stabling and Livery.

#### TO THE ELECTORS

OF THE  
WEST RIDING  
OF THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the mixture of statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1887 is not less so, a nation, who were so well qualified to put the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully constructed.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, if I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be one of the greatest consequences; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,  
JAMES BROWN.  
Belleville, 16th July, 1886. D63-4f



# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand, also a great  
variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember  
the stand.  
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and  
repacked.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays and Fridays, until further no-  
tice, and daily thereafter at 9 a.m., in  
evening, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of  
G. T. R. morning train from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-  
lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express  
Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 9 p.m.  
Connects at North Shore with G. T. R.  
morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1897. 1D-6m

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

### For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal  
Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sunday's excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1.30 P.M., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening train  
going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TARKENTY, Agent, Madoc.  
P.S.—Persons wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for, are at  
the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1897. 1D-6m

## American Invoices—Discounts.

### FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

Quoted 6th March, 1893.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as re-  
presented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

### FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

SDM, Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEBEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

### LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and  
efford every facility to intending assureds.  
One of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the considerable expenditures for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Dead of Settlement  
to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life  
Reserve. This most important restriction  
shows that the interest of participating policy  
holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-  
pecially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
Must Largely Influence Profits  
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1898, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL, Intelligence Office.

DE. CANNIFF, Agent.

May 1897. 1D-6m

## W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED  
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully  
Repaired and Warranted.

Wm. Wharain, 1126 Wm. L. Wilkinson.

C. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Drapers, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

### LOUIS ROENIGK,

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families re-  
siding in the present Stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT  
is complete, and all orders promptly attended  
to.

UNDER TAKING  
Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stock and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-6m

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"  
McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY, at 8 1/2 o'clock a.m., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,  
Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Reid & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,  
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.  
May 14. 1D-3m

## MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.  
Barnard-Holmes & Beattie, Robert Exallie,  
Eug. Jas. Turcotte, Esq.

131 Dism

## Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Asbes,  
Kettles, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
St. Paul Street, Montreal.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with  
every facility for handling provisions to ad-  
vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts  
authorized against shipments to our care for  
sale here or consigned to our friends in Great  
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 85-6m-Wm

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Re-  
tail Grocers and Pro-  
vision Merchants, can al-  
ways supply Miners, Hotel  
Shops, &c., with the best  
quality of Flour, Sugar,  
Hacon, Lard, Cheese, &c.,  
together with full assort-  
ment of Groceries. All  
kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.  
Also, Wholesale Agents  
for Monks, Tatum &  
Co., Toronto.

## BELLEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND  
IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET

J. M. WALKER & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,  
STRAW CUTTERS,  
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,  
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,  
Iron and Steel Ploughs,  
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-4

## JOHN BULL BITTERS

FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

For sale Wholesale at  
FITZGERALD & KRISO,  
Belleville.

## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection  
with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER  
Newspaper, we have one of the best  
appentices.

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## BROWN'S FOUNDRY

AND  
MACHINE SHOP,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE

G. & J. BROWN,

FOUNDERS and Machinists,  
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that  
they are still manufacturing

All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with  
FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER  
MILL FURNISHINGS, &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of  
any capacity, Engine and Wood Lathes,  
Iron and Wood Planers, Shingle Machines  
of various patterns; also, Agricultural Im-  
plements of the most improved style and  
make. Their Horse Powers and Thresh-  
ing Machines, with or without cleaners,  
are unsurpassed.

Brown



# Daily Intelligence

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 12, 1867.

No. 86.

## Bellefleur Business Directory.

**Picinity & Kelso.**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

**Legate & Price.**  
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 10am-WF

**Geo. H. Haymes.**  
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 10am-WF

**McLeod & Carre.**  
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and Patent Solicitors, 185 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & Co. 10am-WF

**A. R. Dougall.**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Office over Overall's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street. 10am-WF

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street. 10am-WF

**Ross, Bell & Holden.**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pincus Streets, Belleville. HOS. JAS. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN. 10am-WF

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c., Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON. 10am-WF

**Macellian & Macellian.**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Indiscreetly, Antiquaries-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c., Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

**Forrest & Lozo's.**  
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, East's New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 25d-WF

**T. Lockery.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Regars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 22d-WF

**Ponton, Kalkiner & Denmark.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

**Robert P. Jellitt.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors, &c., &c., Office—2nd Floor, opposite Front and Bridge Streets, Belleville. 10am-WF

**Angus McFee.**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 10am-WF

**John Wilson.**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Dealers will find the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 10am-WF

**J. W. Brown.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front Street, Belleville, opposite "The Intelligence" Office. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am-WF

**Geo. Gibson.**  
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies', gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 10am-WF

**J. C. Vapour.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 10am-WF

**To Gold Miners.**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the publisher's shop. Drills and shovels made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punties twines from Pick Axes and chisels, Pick Axes, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop next the Upper Bridge, Belleville. 10am-WF

**McKeown & Robertson.**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 10am-WF

**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
**Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.**  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville. 10am-WF

**FIRST CLASS HORSES.**  
Carriages of the latest style always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madoc Gold Regatta at reasonable rates. WATKINS BULLEN. 22d-WF

## Montreal Business Directory.

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.**  
G. LAMPE,  
294 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, MONTREAL.

**PHILIP HENRY, TOBACCONIST.**  
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES. No. 308 Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**J. A. HARTE, GLASGOW DRUG HALL.**  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 10am-WF

**MURRAY & Co., STATIONERS' HALL.**  
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c., &c., Wholesale and Retail. 10am-WF

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries, 40 St. Jacques Street, Montreal. Agents for J. Denik, Henry Morris & Co., Cognac, Weller's Seltzer Water, &c. 10am-WF

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF Gentlemen's Haberdashery. No. 308 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Montreal. 10am-WF

**PEAVEY & FAVOR,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries, Provisions, &c., No. 444 Notre Dame Street, three doors West St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Butter. 10am-WF

**A. BOOKER,**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant, Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants, Importers of East and West India Produce, Netherlands Goods, &c., No. 311 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 10am-WF

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS Wholesale Grocers, 20 & 22 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL,**  
H. HOGAN, Proprietor, Great St. James' Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**DAVID, CLARKE & CLAYTON,**  
WINE, SPIRITS, and Commission Merchants, 49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 10am-WF

**S. DAVIS,**  
MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA SEGARS, Office—No. 16 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 10am-WF

**J. V. MORGAN,**  
Commission Merchant, Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 414 & 450 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St. MONTREAL. 10am-WF

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF British, American, and German SHEEP and HEAVY HARDWARE, 414 & 450 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St. MONTREAL. 10am-WF

**M. GUTMAN & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials, 26 Lamson Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS, SURGEON DENTIST,**  
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS, WINE and SPIRITS MERCHANTS, Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets Montreal. 10am-WF

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL, MERCHANTS TAILORS**  
551 NOTRE DAME STREET, First door West of St. Francis Xavier Street, MONTREAL. 10am-WF

## Montreal Business Directory.

**W. A. LITTLE, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,**  
370 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.,**  
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.

**HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.**  
W. S. GOODHUGH & Co., IMPORTERS OF English and Foreign Leather, 84 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.,**  
Manufacturers and Importers of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Clothes, Cuffs, Band Wools, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Gaiters, Trunks, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Muslins, 475 St. Paul Street, 389 Commissioners St., MONTREAL. Ashmun Woolen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 10am-WF

**Frothingham & Workman,**  
MONTREAL, IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 385 to 395, St. Paul St. Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools, and have constantly on hand a large stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c. 10am-WF

**J. C. FRANK,**  
Under the name of the firm of J. C. FRANK & Co., IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c., 25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 10am-WF

**H. GRANT,**  
Watch and Clock Maker, 203 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold extricated to his care, under his own supervision. 25d-WF

**JOSEPH KIRKUP, BRUSH MANUFACTURER,**  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes. No. 329 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 20d-WF

**BURROWS & Co., Commission Merchants,**  
and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c., 416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 20d-WF

**IVES & ALLEN,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c. Cast Iron Platers and FRONTS for BUILDINGS, 114 to 122 Queen Street, Montreal. 20d-WF

**Place D'Armes Drug Store,**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal. The attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to our select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. R. MUIR, Chemist and Druggist, Place D'Armes, Montreal. 20d-WF

**W. C. McDONALD,**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobacco, OFFICE—348 Notre Dame St., Wines—188 Water St., MONTREAL. 25d-WF

**Established 1820.**  
**J. W. HILTON,**  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERS, CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS Importers and Sellers of all kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses. Also Importers of Draperies, Damasks, Laces, Linens, and Upholsterers Goods generally. No. 61, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 25d-WF

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. MCCAIG,**  
Shipping and General Agent, OFFICE—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and Queen Street, Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 25d-WF

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,**  
100 Great North Street, MONTREAL. HAVE FOR SALE—Boiler Tubes, Gas Pipes, Roman Cement, Water Pipes, Portland Cement, Paving Tiles, Gutter Pipes, Cast Iron Vases, Chimney Tops, &c. 25d-WF

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.,**  
Produce Commission Merchants, MONTREAL. Liberal advances made on consignments to suit the wishes of the merchant in Great Britain and the Lower Port. May 1st, 1867. 25d-WF

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE, 419 AND 421, ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL. Yard Kilmorie, St. V. St. Xavier Street. 25d-WF

## Montreal Business Directory.

**F. W. HENSHAW,**  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, Opposite the Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.

**W. L. KIMMOND & Co., CONSULTING ENGINEERS,**  
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c. Also, every description of material and uses for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel, MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Wool Felt for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Babbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. OLD FILES REPUT, warranted as good as new for use at very low rates. Custom House Square, Montreal. 10am-WF

**Richelieu Company!**  
ROYAL MAIL THROUGH LINE between Montreal and Quebec.

On and after MONDAY the 10th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. R. LeBlond, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. precisely, calling and returning at Quebec, St. Lawrence and Bellefleur. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the wharves without extra charge. The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at Seven P. M. precisely for Quebec, calling, going and returning at Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. precisely, calling and returning at Quebec, St. Lawrence and Bellefleur. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the wharves without extra charge. Office Richelieu Company, 20 May, 1867. 25d-WF

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Established 1825. WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000 Annual Income, \$300,000. W. M. RAMSAY, Manager. RICHARD HULL, President of the Agency. ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a lengthened experience, so as to suit the means of every person desirous of securing a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at the Agency throughout Canada. Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge, Medical Advertiser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister. May 1st. 10am-WF

**MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,**  
Under Contract with the Government of Canada for the Carriage of Passengers and Mail between Montreal, Canadian & United States Ports. 1867—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1867. Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool. Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates. This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the following:—First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Ended Iron Steamships: AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. ALTON. NESTORIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. DUFFY. HEBERIAN, 2800 Tons, Capt. WILKES. PERUVIAN, 2800 Tons, Capt. HALLADAY. HEBERIAN, 2800 Tons, Capt. BEWY. NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2800 Tons, Capt. ALLEN. NORTH-AMERICAN, 1800 Tons, Capt. KERR. BELGIAN, 2400 Tons, Capt. GRANGE. DAMASCUS, 1600 Tons, Capt. WATSON. (Leaving from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling Leith, Freetown, and London, and making direct passage to and from Ireland and Scotland.) And the GLASGOW LINE of Steamships: ST. GEORGE, 1480 Tons, Lt. Barr, R.N.R. ST. ANDREW, 1480 Tons, Capt. SCOTT. ST. PATRICK, 1500 Tons, Capt. TAYLOR. ST. DAVID, 1500 Tons, Capt. AIRD. (Sailing between Glasgow and Quebec and Montreal regularly, and also to and from Liverpool and London.) The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched from QUEBEC as follows:—HEBERIAN, Saturday, 20th July. NOVA-SCOTIAN, Saturday, 27th July. PERUVIAN, Saturday, 3rd August. AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 10th August. HEBERIAN, Saturday, 17th August. BELGIAN, Saturday, 24th August. DAMASCUS, Saturday, 31st August. ST. PATRICK for Glasgow about 27th July. Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or Hay of Quebec and Royal Mail Line of Steamers to Quebec. CABIN, (According to accommodation) \$50 50 STEERAGE, 10 00. Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paris and Lyons, or to the Continent, may apply to the Agent at Quebec or Montreal. Besides no extra charge on each vessel. For particulars apply to the Agent. J. W. THOMPSON, Agent, Canadian Express Office, BELLEVILLE. 25d-WF

## Under the Upas Tree.

Come, I will tell you what I have seen Under the Upas Tree. Whose clustered leaves look so fresh and green, Whose fragrant blossoms give forth a sweet perfume; Oh! I have seen him who has been Under the Upas Tree.

But there's many a sad and mournful sight Under the Upas Tree; Skeletons whose bones are bleached bright, Flowers withered in a night, And fruit that hangs with a deadly blight, Under the Upas Tree.

There are broken resolves all lavishly strewn Under the Upas Tree; Battered hopes which have never blown, Blighted seedlings in tears once sown, And cold dreams that lie in the cold earth, Under the Upas Tree.

There are bleeding wounds which can never be bound, Under the Upas Tree; Dark stains of blood that stain the ground, Lost human corpses are always found, And dead men's bones are scattered around, Under the Upas Tree.

There are fair young faces grown old with care Under the Upas Tree; Clouded minds which are once bright and clear, Broken and bleeding hearts are there, And souls which languish in nerveless despair, Under the Upas Tree.

And yet in our midst we let it grow, This beautiful Upas Tree; It towers o'er the rooftree of high and low, Swaying its branches to and fro, Scattering its seeds of sorrow,— The fatal Upas Tree.

We have vainly tried to cut it out, This dark-shaded Upas Tree; With guano down we have fenced it about, But from Heaven there comes a mighty shout, The voice of God the world through, CUT DOWN THE UPAS TREE.

**"There is a God."**  
"There is a God," all nature cries, I see it painted on the skies, I see it in the flowing spring, I hear it where the birdlings sing, I see it in the flowing mill, I see it on the fruitful plain, I see it stamped on leaf and flower, I see it where the streamlets flow, I see it in the clouds that soar, I hear it when the thunder roars, I see it when the morning dawns, I see it on the mountain height, I see it in the smallest insect, I see it everywhere abroad, I feel, I know there is a God.

**Importance of Learning a Trade.**  
The advantages of having learned a trade are strikingly demonstrated in seasons like the present, when the most helpless victims of the following pertinent and appropriate remarks on this subject:

In referring yesterday to the large number of persons who have no trade, who are now seeking employment, there was one branch of business left untouched. It is that connected with clerks, book-keepers, and office attendants of both grades. There is a growing tendency among short-sighted parents to put their boys in offices, under a false impression that such occupation insures gentleness and the learning of a trade. This is a most mischievous notion, and one that is likely to entail upon their children troubles and sorrows and heartburnings during all the rest of their lives. All business is subject to fluctuations, and the wisdom of aid and of governments have thus far been unable to control, and when a commercial or financial depression occurs, those who are first to suffer, and among them the most helpless victims, are book-keepers, clerks, copyists and office attendants of all kinds. At such times the workman in a number of the mechanical trades can find employment, and thus save his life. The schoolmaster can make shoes or mend them; the painter and glazier, the carpenter, the bell hanger, the locksmith, the plumber, and the gas fitter, and many others that will occur the readers can search for and find odd jobs that will give them meat and means of living. The skilled man, with tools at his command, is in most respects master of the situation. But the clerk, the book-keeper, the office attendant, are helpless. They cannot establish mercantile, commercial or manufacturing houses, to give employment to themselves. They must wait many and many a weary day until the season of the years of depression is over, before they can find that employment for their pen which they have unfortunately made their sole means of livelihood. All this is another of the lamentable results of having learned no trade in childhood. The subject is indeed, one so widely in its ramifications, and so profoundly important in its consequences, that it is time it had engaged the serious thought and more extensive attention on the part of the people who are so deeply interested, and it is for this reason that we have made one of three days' exposure in a single business establishment, referred to yesterday, towards doing our part in procuring for the subject the strong and instant attention it deserves.

—A boiler exploded on Friday at Leamy's Mills, seven miles from Ottawa, on the Lower Canada railway. One man was killed and several injured.

—The Hamilton Courier says that during the 25th day the Central Railway of that place the other day, the train was taken from Hamilton to Smith's Bay, in eight minutes, or the rate of seventy-five miles an hour—the fastest run in American railroad.



## BY TELEGRAPH.

## Arrival of the "Weser."

New York, August 11.—The steamship *Weser*, from Bremen on July 27, via Southampton, July 30th, with 528 passengers, arrived last evening.

In the House of Lords, on the 29th, Lord Halifax moved a resolution that the redistribution of Parliamentary seats in the Reform Bill was inadequate, and more representatives should be given to large constituencies. The resolution was supported by Earl Russell and others.

An amendment admitting undergraduates of Colleges to vote was adopted, and the lodger and copyholder franchises were increased.

The same night a Bill prohibiting public meetings in the royal parks was passed in the House of Commons by a large majority.

In the French Senate, on the 27th, Baron Dupin said Prussia had formed a Confederation in Germany offensive to France. He did not think, after the successes she had gained, that Prussia would stop, but hoped the large States would unite and limit her empire. Then alone could France and the other nations reduce their armaments and be more rich in their peaceful rivalry.

The Sultan had conferred the order of Osmanie upon the King of Prussia.

Cardinal Antonelli had forwarded a circular despatch to the Papal Nuncios at Catholic Courts, stating that the attitude of the Italian Government is greatly at variance with the engagements which have been made with the Pope. The despatch also refers to the preparations being made by Italian Volunteers to deprive the Pope of his temporal sovereignty.

## Montgomery Falls.

Some of our Yankee literary friends have been "doing" the high lights of Canada, of late, in the most approved style of highfalutin. The unjoined is a specimen from a Boston paper, the *Post*:

MONTREAL, Aug. 1, 1887.

Montgomery is the loveliest water fall in the world. You feel no fear in its presence. It has no element of terror, like those, but it inclines you to love and play, you think of the fair march it has made for the fair water of streams, straying from its lake of snow, by forest solitudes where even a slight river could think, through sunny fields where women stroll, by ferns where none but the birds sing. It comes down upon a skip, now, with a flutter of its white robes; again with a daff of its bosom it lies basking wantonly, with the shadowy hands of sure, passionate trees in its face, and it flows youthfully, modestly and earnestly like a wife to her spouse. Black are the eyes, yet saturate with suns; cold is it though so beautiful; deep after its most girlish laughs. Suddenly it breaks from its alms and comes in sight of the lovely city, and feels the nearness of life as well as the sea on which to lie safe forever and answer its destiny. With a leap, a skip, a ring of laughter, the Montgomery plunges up the bank, and glides into rapids. Death of the heedless beauty! it does not see the deep St. Lawrence lurking below. Its plumes and roses and drooping go down together, so deeply that it reaches the abyss the soul of the river has swooned in vapor, and lives again in the rain.

It is not strange to note one river die in cataclysm; but the surrender of one stream into a greater at the moment of its own completion, has the spiritual aspect of a beautiful sacrifice; the yielding of a life purpose to the greater. Love and religion do glad but fearful deaths at the Falls of Montgomery. It seemed to me that the river was taking the white veil ere it stepped over a convent portal, to sail on without flutter for the heaven of streams.

Two hundred and sixty feet, twice as high as your giant Lombardy poplars, this veil floats down like spun silk, and makes the sacrifice before all the world. The great ocean ships sail close to its hem, and the sailors of nature gaze with a thrill. On the island of Orleans the girls that dwell in the fields can hear its sigh, and they say that it is beautiful. Nay, from the very Alleghenies, eight leagues away, they see with a glass this white veil flutter down, and the portal to the great river at the bottom is smoothed as for the feet of saints. No rainbow lies upon it, but the hands of men hang a bridge across its flight, and there came an instant storm that snapped the web around.

As I was putting the above in shape, feet came down the long flight of steps that drop to the brink of the waterfall, and I saw a lady and gentleman.

"Oh! I dare say," exclaimed the latter, "the cascade, you know, is all very well, but the twenty cents at the gate is a swindle."

The young lady took out a book and began to write in it.

"Do you know, Sir," she said, "the height of this fall, or why it fell, or falling, took its present character? Is a geological structure must have some like under impulsion, for there are causes as well as sources to streams, and nothing falls in vain."

"Fah!" said the old gentleman, whom I perceived to be from the States; "it is because the people are too doddled foolish to turn it off for a mill."

"We would as soon think of being without four or without David's Pain Killer in the house."

The great grain elevator at Milwaukee, 250 feet long, 80 feet wide, and 120 feet high, and of 10,000 tons weight, is to be raised several feet. It will require 1,600 jack screws and \$20,000 to complete the work.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

STATION.	TIME.
BELLEVILLE STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Mixed Train going West.	7.30 P. M.
Merchandise Express going West.	10.30 A. M.
Express going East.	6.45 P. M.
Night Express going East.	11.00 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	12.15 A. M.
Merchandise Express going East.	1.10 P. M.
Freight going East.	9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.	



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, MONDAY, AUGUST 12.

## FROM MONTREAL.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

MONTREAL, August 12.

It is said a reasonable correspondence on the part of Mr. Laurier, the roque candidate for Montreal East, with the government at Washington, has been discovered and will be published by Mr. Cartier's committee.

The promised revelations of Mr. McGee are likely to appear in the papers to-morrow morning.

Catchers.—A match will be played to-morrow between the Belleville and Picton Clubs on the grounds of the latter. Wickets to be pitched at 1 o'clock. The match will take place on the old cricket ground, near the Bay shore, Kingston road.

Cows Killed.—During the thunder storm of Saturday morning last, two cows, belonging to Mr. John A. Mayben, 2nd concession of Thurlow, about three miles from Belleville, were killed by lightning. A large tree, under which the cows were standing, was shattered to pieces.

Fire.—On Sunday morning, about 1 o'clock, a fire occurred in a stone stable in rear of Graham's Hotel, Front Street. It had evidently been burning some time when discovered, for it was found impossible to get anything out of the premises. Four horses belonging to Graham & O'Brien perished in the flames. Several sets of harness and some other articles were on the ground, and the fire was soon got under. It is not known how the fire originated, but it is strongly suspected that it was the work of an incendiary.

Wool Market.—The New York *Dry Goods Reporter* has a gloomy article on the prospects of the wool market, in consequence of which it is very difficult now to buy wool in Canada; the high price of gold and the low price of wool entirely prevents operations at the present time. We are not sure but a large portion of Canada wool will be sent to England this year. Our manufacturers cannot afford to pay the premium on gold, the high tariff, and sell their goods no better than they have done lately.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.—The British Emigration Commissioners report that 3,953 acres of country land in British Columbia were sold in the year 1886. In that year about \$144,000 was expended in opening and improving roads; 109 miles of wagon and sleigh road were opened for traffic in the year, and 375 miles of pack trail, making the extent of road open for traffic at the end of the year 560 miles of wagon and sleigh road, and 863 miles of pack trail. Above £7,000 were expended on other public works among which was a lightship, which has been placed on the southern end of the mouth of the Fraser river, and iron works marking the channel from the lightship into the river. It is calculated that British Columbia contains about 280,000 square miles, or 179,800,000 acres, of which, up to Oct., 1886, only about 60,000 acres were settled by white men.

WILL PRICES DECLINE.—The New York *Daily Bulletin* thinks that the bountiful harvest likely to be reaped throughout the United States will not lead to a decline in prices for the following, among other reasons:—A fact which will not be without its influence on the market, is that western farmers are generally out of debt, and are under no immediate pressure to sell. They have been accustomed to high prices for some time, and will hold on in expectation of an advance. But there is another important feature. Our system of taxation presses with great severity upon the producing classes, and will operate to prevent any marked reduction of prices. It should be remembered that a national taxation of four hundred millions a year, exclusive of onerous local state taxes, stands between the producer and the consumer. This immense amount of tax is distributed upon about four thousand articles of consumption, and is necessarily added to the original cost of production. Producers, of course, add the interest of their taxes to the price of the article, thus increasing the price to the consumers still more. That our tax system presses very severely upon the industry of our country, and hence a very decided influence in maintaining prices is quite obvious to all who may take the trouble to investigate the subject. Unfortunately the prospect of a reform that may remedy the evil seems very remote.

The visit of the French Empress to Queen Victoria has been made so very quietly that the gossip suppose it to possess some mysterious significance. If Eugenie had crossed the channel in state, the visit might have passed for one of pleasure. The possibility of an Empress ever getting weary of pomp and ceremony, and travelling quietly, just because she prefers to do so, has apparently not occurred to anybody.

## A Desperate Cause.

The cause of the Wallbridges must be desperate indeed, when they are compelled to resort to the lowest and most contemptible of tricks to bolster it up. It is not sufficient that they misrepresent the position of Mr. Bowell and his friends; it is not sufficient that they traduce their characters, and abuse them in the most cowardly and insolent manner; it is not sufficient that they tell with the most perfect nonchalance the most barefaced falsehoods, accusing Mr. Bowell and Mr. Flint of advocating Municipal taxation to build the Railway, when they know better; it is not sufficient that they repeat these falsehoods openly and unblushingly, after their emphatic denial by both Hon. Mr. Flint and Mr. Bowell; but there is apparently nothing to which they will not stoop to further their interests.

The latest trick—and certainly it is the shabbiest and most contemptible one can conceive of—shows that their cause is one of perfect desperation. It shows that they have lost all hope of gaining the election by fair means, and they are now ready for any other, no matter how foul. It shows they have lost the confidence, not only of the vast majority of the electors, but that they have no conscience in themselves. For no man, conscious of his own integrity, having confidence in the righteousness of his cause, would resort to such a contemptible trick as they have been guilty of. It will be remembered that during the contest between the Hon. Sidney Smith and Hon. Billa Flint, for the Trent Division, the *Intelligencer* supported Mr. Smith. At that time the newspaper warfare was waged more warmly than in later years, and fly-sheets were freely circulated by both parties. One of these fly-sheets issued and signed by the Hon. Billa Flint, has been published by the Wallbridges, and circulated by them throughout the Riding with Mr. Flint's sanction or knowledge. There is no date to the fly-sheet, leaving the inference that it has been issued recently by Mr. Flint himself. We shall not now stop to inquire into a very important question involved in the re-publication of that document—the right Mr. T. C. Wallbridge has to use another name without his permission—but which the Hon. Billa Flint may take occasion to have investigated himself. It is a document issued five or six years ago, by the Hon. Billa Flint. It is now re-published by the Wallbridges, having no date, having every outward appearance of being issued by Mr. Flint, and issued and circulated without the author's knowledge or permission. If there is not in this act a legal forgery, there has been committed a moral forgery, and for that they must be held accountable. Think, electors of North Hastings, of men in the position of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge resorting to such a despicable and immoral trick to deceive and mislead you. They know that the Hon. Billa Flint was giving his support to Mr. Bowell in preference to Mr. Wallbridge, for reasons he has already made known to you. They knew Mr. Flint had addressed you a letter stating at some length his reasons for withdrawing his support from Mr. Wallbridge, and they thought they would try and counteract what influence that letter might have. And this is the means they have adopted! Surely their cause must be desperate indeed, when they are required to resort to such a trick to help them. The position of Mr. Flint towards Messrs. Bowell and Wallbridge is very easily explained. Mr. Flint, in his letter to the Chairman at the dinner given to Mr. Bowell, in a few words gave his opinion of that gentleman. It was this:—"True, Mr. Bowell does not agree with me in every point, politically, but on other grounds we have little or no difference, and on general subjects, the more we will be for each other, the better able will it be for us to agree." "I believe on the ground of commercial and general prosperity to the County we fully understand each other, and I believe had Mr. Bowell succeeded to represent North Hastings, instead of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge, we would not now have to lament the loss of the Marmora Iron Works, our beds and land." In brief, the longer Mr. Flint has been acquainted with Mr. Bowell, though opposed to him politically, he respects him as a man of honor. Mr. Wallbridge has been tried in the balances and found wanting; he played a treacherous part towards Mr. Flint, betrayed the interests of his constituents, and is therefore unworthy of his or their confidence. That is the position of Mr. Flint, and we are certain that will be the portion of three-fourths of the electors, notwithstanding all the Wallbridges may do to prevent it.

—In Stoughton, Wisconsin, a little girl went to sleep in a field where her father was cutting wheat, and he, not noticing the child, ran over her, the machine cutting her to pieces.

## Trouble Ahead.

The contest between McGee and Devlin in West Montreal waxes hotter and hotter, and there is evidently serious trouble brewing. In the present state of feeling between the two parties, it will be almost a miracle if there are not bloody noses and broken heads by the twenties before the election takes place. The following letter from Mr. McGee to the Chairman of Mr. Ogilvie's and Mr. McGee's Committee appeared in the Montreal papers of Saturday, and contains food for serious reflection:

ST. CATHARINE STREET, Friday afternoon.  
Mr. DEAN McCAIG, Sir—I extremely regret that, in obedience to orders, I cannot venture to leave my bed for some days. By Monday or Tuesday next, I hope to be able to meet personally with the committee, and also to be able to complete for the press a narrative of facts, which will fix the political status of Mr. Devlin and some of his followers for ever, in this city and country.

I send for the Executive Committee a letter warning me of assassination if I dare disclose the history of the attempts to establish Fenianism in Montreal the last few years. Also an illustration of a gallows and coffin, which was to be enclosed in the *Buffalo Journal* of July 27th, with the inscription underneath:—"You are a traitor, if you oppose Devlin, by God you will be hanged!" I also send the *Journal* paper as it comes to me marked: "The Committee will observe the sentence in 'General' Spear's speech, in which you will find the following choice bit of Devilism:—

"My friend, General O'Neill," says the ferocious Spear, "has spoken to you of a proposed treaty, but I now tell you that before that treaty takes place, thousands of British soldiers will meet a bloody death on the battle field—(sobbing sobs)—and that while and wretched traitor, that veritable Judas, I'Arcy McGee (tremendous growling)—a Hooley!" will be the chief mourner."

The committee will remark the striking coincidence of style and sentiment, which pervades all this school of patriots, whether in Buffalo or Montreal.

I beg you to keep these papers for me; my collection would be incomplete without them. More seriously I beg the Executive Committee to devote itself to the work, and to stimulate the Ward Committees to increased vigilance. We must not despair, nor surrender simply because he is personally and politically nobody. There are influences and means at work, far deeper than have yet met the public eye, to do damage and discredit our new Constitution at the very outset. Let the disintegration and destruction of one of our mainstays of our since the first intrigues of Mr. Foxdender, till this day be a solemn warning to all patriotic and law-abiding men to guard against interference in our domestic affairs. This great city, with all its prestige, must not be taken by the enemy and unconquered enemies of Colonial Union, represented among us by the Hon. the *Herold* people, and the Fenians, and all their kindred. Let the Centre, if citizens generally are true to themselves.

Yours very truly,  
THOS. D'ARCY MCGEE.  
WM. McNAUGHTON, Esq., Chairman Ex. Com.

## The Provincial Mining Company.

In another column will be found the advertisement of a newly formed company, named the Provincial Mining Company of Canada. The Directors of this company, who are all of them well known throughout the Dominion as capitalists, and men who have a reputation to sustain, have been actuated, we believe, in getting it up by a desire to have, by a well sustained and scientific effort, the mineral wealth of the Hastings district thoroughly developed, and to protect the public from "wild cat" speculators. The lands acquired by this company extend over two thousand acres, and include a lot purchased at a large sum within a few hundred yards of, and on the same ridge with the Richardson mine; several lots in the neighborhood of the Barry mine, where gold has been found; a valuable lot in Tudor where plumbago and lead in large quantities are known to exist; a lot in Marmora specially selected by Californian miners; and the most eligible portion of the Cooke farm, for which thirty thousand dollars were offered, and of which Dr. Orway, who is now in that district in the service of the Geological Society of England, says:—"I have carefully examined this lot, and have located three mining shafts on it; without doubt true mineral veins will be found on the places indicated." All holders of land, and others interested in the Hastings district, will no doubt carefully watch the operations of this company, as by their operations it will be shown whether these hopes of aggrandizement to the prosperity and trade of Belleville, which would result from success in working the Hastings mines, are really to be realized.

—Sir J. Pilkington has stated that 216,233 rifles had at present been converted, and 153,177 remained to be converted. 350,000 would be converted by the end of March next, and the process was going on at the rate of about 1,000 per day.

—The newspapers of Chicago are writing up a vast monster, part fish and part serpent, said to inhabit Lake Michigan. He has been seen by several parties. The animal is between forty and fifty feet in length, his shape serpentine, and the size of his body about that of an ordinary barbel.

—The London *Times* of the 22nd ult. says that the accounts from Australia indicate that the supply of wheat and flour this year in all the colonies will be unusually small. Already in the period between the 1st of January and the 15th of May the exports from Port Adelaide to England had amounted to 57,201 qrs. of wheat and 512 tons of flour, and larger quantities would be shipped in the event of any upward movement in prices.

## Telegraphic News.

## BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 10.—Mr. Aldridge, the colonial African trader, is dead.

DUBLIN, August 10.—By the consent of the Government the trial of John Fawcett, who was reported to have turned State's evidence, has been postponed.

LONDON, August 11, eve.—The Turkish Government have sent a circular note in regard to the Cretan affairs to its diplomatic representatives at the European capitals. The note emphatically denies that there is any truth in the various reports of cruelties perpetrated by the Turkish forces in Candia, and complains that the vessels of the Great Powers continue to remove refugees from the island.

OSAKOV, August 11.—The steamer *Chas* from New York, July 27, has arrived.

LONDON, August 11.—The United States squadron under Admiral Farragut, has been at the Prussian Naval port of Stettin during the past week. The Admiral was received with great honors by the Prussian officers. The fleet subsequently sailed for St. Petersburg.

PARIS, August 11, eve.—There has been a great deal of shooting during which eighty persons are reported killed or injured.

FLORENCE, August 11, eve.—The negotiations between Austria and Italy have been suspended.

SOUTHAMPTON, August 11.—The steamship *Dutchman* from New York, August 3d, has arrived.

The steamship *Atlantic* from New York, July 27th, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, August 11.—The steamer *Minerva* from New York, July 21st, has arrived.

LONDON, August 12, noon.—Consols 94½; Bonds firm at 74½; J. C. 73½.

LIVERPOOL, August 12, noon.—Cotton firmer and more doing; quotations unchanged; weather favorable for crops. Breadstuffs—Provisions and produce unchanged.

LONDON, August 12, 3 p.m.—Consols 94½; Bonds 73½; J. C. 73½; Erie 40.

LIVERPOOL, August 12, 3 p.m.—Cotton advanced to 10½d. Breadstuffs unchanged. Pork declined to 7s 6d; beef 7s 6d; medium roasts declining. Lined, cakes advanced. Other articles unchanged.

## American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—The jury in the Sumner case took about three hours. Verdict—Four for conviction and eight for acquittal.

NEW YORK, August 11.—The *Herold's* Washington special says: "It is stated that on Tuesday next the President will peremptorily dismiss Secretary Stanton, unless in the interim his resignation is tendered. It is also reported that the President had expressed his determination to resign the Presidency and leave the Republic to fight out the reconstruction bills among themselves." These reports are contradicted on White House authority.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, August 10.—It is reported that the Indians had driven off a few men engaged in grading the Union Pacific Railroad.

FLORIDA, Aug. 3, via LAKE CITY, Aug. 11.—The shore end of the cable was landed at Key West on the 3rd inst., and on the 4th twenty miles of cable was paid out. The Spanish man-of-war, *Francisco de Aris*, then proceeded to the Cuba coast and laid the shore end. In preparing to splice the two ends twenty miles from the Florida shore they failed, the cable parting half a mile from the ship. They are still grappling for the lost end.

NEW YORK, August 12.—The latest rumor from Washington was that Mr. Stanton had been removed and Gen. Grant put in his place. A valuable lot in Tudor where plumbago and lead in large quantities are known to exist; a lot in Marmora specially selected by Californian miners; and the most eligible portion of the Cooke farm, for which thirty thousand dollars were offered, and of which Dr. Orway, who is now in that district in the service of the Geological Society of England, says:—"I have carefully examined this lot, and have located three mining shafts on it; without doubt true mineral veins will be found on the places indicated." All holders of land, and others interested in the Hastings district, will no doubt carefully watch the operations of this company, as by their operations it will be shown whether these hopes of aggrandizement to the prosperity and trade of Belleville, which would result from success in working the Hastings mines, are really to be realized.

—The nomination for South Ontario takes place on the 19th inst.; polling days 26th and 27th.

—The elections for Carleton and Ottawa City take place on the 26th and 27th; nominations on the 19th August.

—Horace Greeley is writing his biography in the *Laborer* under the title, "Recollections of an Busy Life."

—The Union Bank of Newfoundland has declared a dividend for the half year at the rate of 8 per cent per annum.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says of a forthcoming prize fight: "The managers of this affair intend to so conduct it that it shall not reflect any disgrace upon our city. No ruffianism will be tolerated." That must be a model fight.

## Imports and Exports.

## PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

August 12.

Imports.—1 car merchandise.

Exports.—1 car merchandise.

## PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. St. Helen, Trenton, do

Str. Rochester, Oswego, general cargo.

Sch'r Mary Ann, do light

Sch'r Jenny Lind, do do

Sch'r M. Gorm, do do

Sch'r Catherine, do do

Sch'r Industry, Cape Vincent, cedar bolts

Sch'r Myrtle, Cape Vincent, do

Sch'r Mary, Oswego, do

Barge Delancy, Oswego, do

DEPARTURES.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. St. Helen, Montreal, do

Str. Rochester, Oswego, do

Sch'r Industry, Cape Vincent, cedar bolts

Sch'r Jenny Lind, Charlotte, R. R. ties

Sch'r Myrtle, Cape Vincent, do

Sch'r Mary, Oswego, do

Barge Onward, Oswego, lumber







# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neilsen's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.  
N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATE STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m. Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning train from Toronto and Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Train at 10 p.m.; Saturdays, 3 p.m. Connects at North Shore with G. T. R. morning train to Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stage direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.  
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1897. 1D-6m

## HURRAH FOR GOULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

## For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sunday excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1.30 P.M., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening train going east and west.  
GOULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.  
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TANGREY, Agent, Madoc.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1897. 1D-6m

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, QUEBEC, 6th March, 1898.

It is directed by the Hon. the Finance Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the *Canada Gazette*.  
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.

In accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.  
THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 3D-10-4 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEBEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL. . . . \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assured. One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Bond of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management must largely influence Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1898, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, Intelligence Office, gent. May, 1897. 1D-6m

## W. WHARIN & Co., KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully Repaired and Warranted.  
W. L. WILKINSON, 1D-6m W. L. WILKINSON.

## C. & W. WALKER, MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAFFERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK, MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families generally, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

## THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, Belleville, April, 1897. 1D-6m

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

## "EMPRESS,"

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a.m., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

## RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY, at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal. 1D-3m

## MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Nicholas and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

RUFUS—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Eschale, J. H. Tarnett, Esq., 3D-10-4

## Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.

## COMMISSION MERCHANTS

St. Paul Street, Montreal.

PAYMENTS—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 3D-10-4

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel, MADOC, C. W.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Provision Merchants, can supply all the requirements of the Trade, and at the same time supply the best quality of all the Groceries, such as Flour, Rice, Beans, Lard, Cheese, &c., together with a full assortment of Groceries. All kinds of Biscuits, &c., &c.

Also, Wholesale Agents for MORRISON, TAYLOR & Co., Toronto.

## BELLEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS

## AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

## J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

## Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

## MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

## Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-4

## JOHN BULL'S BITTERS

A wholesale vegetable compound, for medicinal purposes, is sold by the proprietors, J. M. Walker & Co., Belleville, and by all the principal druggists and grocers in the United States and Canada.

For sale Wholesale by PITCHEATHLY & KELSO, Belleville. 1D-6m

## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

## PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection with THE DAILY AND WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, we have one of the best appointed

## JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should command the attention of every business firm in the County of Hastings.

## The Extensive Assortment

OR

## TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

## POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

## COMMERCIAL WORK.

Letter Headings.

Note Headings.

Business Cards.

Bank Cheques.

Bill Heads.

Circulars.

Catalogues.

Receipts.

Pamphlets.

Bonds and Mortgages.

Deeds.

Posters.

Placards.

In any Size or in any Colour.

## CONSTITUTIONS.

## BY LAWS.

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly and expeditiously.

## Book and Job Printing

AT THE

## LOWEST RATES.

Printed at a distance from Belleville in view of

## Any Description of Printing.

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful attention.

M. BOWELL, INTELLIGENCER BUILDING, FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1D.

## SYNOPSIS

## GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865, 29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere Gold Mining Division," Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, St. Francis de la Mission, and "St. Lawrence Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilman, Esq., Gold Mining Inspector, Chaudiere, 1st July, 1864, amended 30th July, 1864 and 2nd Sept. 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation, 21st March, 1867: "Queen's Gold Mining Division," consisting of the Townships of Barre, Clarendon, Palmerton, Miller and North and South Canons. In the County of Renfrew, situated north of the Townships of Miller and Clarendon, the Township of Addison, situated north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barre, the Township in the County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyndridge, the Township of Belmont, and the Township in the County of Frontenac, situated north of the Township of Belmont, Alfred Arty Campbell, Esq., of Belleville.

No person to mine without a license.

## THE GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865, 29 Vic. Chap. 9.

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## BROWN'S FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

G. & J. BROWN,

## Founders and Machinists,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are still manufacturing

## All kinds of Machinery.

In connection with

FLOUR, GRIST, SAW AND OTHER MILL FURNISHINGS, &c., &c.

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines of any capacity, Engine and Wood Lathes, Iron and Wood Planers, Single Machines of various patterns; also, Agricultural Implements of the most improved style and make. Their Horse Powers and Threshing Machines, with or without chaffers, are unsurpassed.

Brown's Ploughs are admitted to be of the most improved style and manufacture. They consist of some fifty different patterns, and their celebrated STEEL PLOUGH is the best in the country.

Amongst their other manufactures may be enumerated Horse Hoes, Cultivators, Harrows, Old Corn Crushers, Corn and Drill Ploughs, Seed Sowers, Rollers, Straw Cutters and Stump Machines, and improved Grain Grinders and Mills.

## In the Stove Department

They are unequalled. They continue to manufacture Box, Parlor and Cooking Stoves of various descriptions, and their improved "Northern Farmer" Cooking Stove is without a rival for farmer's use.

Potato Kettles cast in loam, lip up, of various sizes and of the best material.

## Gold Crushers

Of the newest style and patterns made to order.

Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to successfully compete with any similar establishment in the Province.

Every description of patterns made to order. Repairing done on the shortest notice. All kinds of Brass Castings made to order.

Belleville, May 1. 1D-4

## The Daily Intelligencer

Will appear about 8 o'clock every afternoon, Sunday excepted, and will be furnished by Carriers at the rate of \$5 a year if paid in advance, \$6 for 6 months, \$3.50 for 3 months.

It will contain the latest telegraphic news up to the hour of going to press, including cable despatches and the New York and Montreal Markets.

Arrangements have been made with R. H. HARRIS, Correspondent in Madoc, Bridgeville, Madoc and other points, who will furnish to the Daily Intelligencer all the news of the Madoc, Bridgeville, Madoc and other points, and of matters of general interest.

Special attention will be paid to reporting the proceedings of Courts of Law, Corporations, Public Meetings, &c., and in short, nothing pains nor expense will be spared to make the DAILY INTELLIGENCER worthy of public patronage.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

A liberal scale of prices for advertisements has been arranged as follows:

Cards, not exceeding six lines, 6 months, \$5.00

Half Square, 6 months, \$40.00

One Square, 6 months, \$50.00

Two Squares, 6 months, \$60.00

Four Squares, 6 months, \$80.00

Notices of Births, \$5.00

Do of Marriages, \$5.00

Do of Deaths, \$5.00

"Business Notices"—All matter under this heading, loaded or solid, 25 cents per line, measured by a scale of 10 lines.

Advertisers contracting for any space not less than half a square can have the privilege of changing their advertisements at any time.

Transient advertisements inserted at 15 cents per line for first insertion, and 3 cents for each additional insertion.

## The Weekly Intelligencer

Is published every Friday Morning at 2 p.m. annum if called for at the Office, or sent by mail; and \$25 if delivered by the Carrier, payable in all cases in advance. When sent by mail, the close of each year's subscription. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid up, except at the option of the Publisher.

Within the past three months its circulation has rapidly increased, and the number now on our Subscription Books is over 17,000. With such a large and general circulation throughout this and adjoining Counties, the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER presents unparalleled advantages to advertisers.

## RATES OF ADVERTISING.



LEY THREE DE HARMONY IN CIVIL SOCIETY—LIBERALITY IN SOCIETY

No. 87.

### A Terrible Revenge

Kate O'Hara was the beauty of our pleasant party at the Elms last Christmas. I remember our little silence of admiration as she came in the drawing room just before dinner was announced (for your *prima donna* does not care to enter until the house is full), and a great sensation.

she could not have approached more quietly or meekly if she had been a cat. Half a dozen young ladies who before her advent looked pretty enough, suddenly became quite uninteresting to a corresponding number of

paused a while in our talk of short-horns steal an admiring glance. We had resumed our bovine conversation, and were diverging, if I remember aright, in the direction of pig when my wife came up to me and whispered

Why did my cheek glow and my heart throb?—Why did the name of one whom I had not seen since she was a little child call at once the crowning happiness and confusion of my life? It shall be told.

The six bachelors "entered themselves immediately for the 'O'Hara stakes'" as one of them was subsequently pleased to design the dreaming of Love's young dream: a two of them.

ate—got a start, and made the running the most reckless pace I ever saw. And the sailor proposed on the third evening, as was declined with such good-natured chaffalness, that he seemed to be rather pleased

day following, very seriously to heart, passed the remaining part of his visit in row and the shrubberies. Two other competitors, unattached except to Kato,

It was a grand set-to, I can tell you. Charley had the handsomest face, and—

chain, but which had previously resided  
his leg—could talk of the time “when I  
in the Crimea,” Philip had the more in-  
lectual expression, and had won at Oxford  
undergraduate’s “Blue-ribbon”—The N

is true, when we were skating on the ice produced upon the ice such wondrous "eagles" as Audubon never dreamed of; he was on the other hand, the first to observe the great numbers of the King.

good thing with hounds, there was but  
of them could catch the parson." For Pe-  
though he did not hunt in his own par-  
could "go like a bird" out of it, where-  
could get a mount.

had a grand performance of charades, and the last of these the Reverend Mr. Lee gave immense applause as a ferocious captain banditti, acting with the greatest enthusiasm and having prepared for himself with

co-operation of the cork, a pair of trustees which rivalled Charley's. We were to appear at supper in our charade costumes, were awaiting the announcement of the election, when I noticed an extraordinary

We passed unnoticed from the crowd drawing-room into the library, still little with our theatrical properties. Seizing

(It was attired as a brigand's assistant). I  
her "Listen!" And she (I see her now  
her pretty hat and cloak, for she had re-  
sented in our last scene the young Eng-  
countess stopped by the robbers) ever

"Twelve years ago, Kate O'Hara, I won, and won, in the home of your childhood,

mer's eve I told my love, sitting under  
acacia, and upon a garden seat the prop  
of your respected sire. Hard by, you, the  
little child, were swinging in a swing. Th  
came long, silken Irish lashes drooped

those deep-blue eyes, and we never dream that you took note of us, sealing, in the same manner, our vows of mutual love. Just then, how intense our agony now compounded and awful our abasement, when as we reached the frontier, shrouded for coffee, you

aloud for all to hear, "O mama! those  
did so kiss each other, when I was swing  
in the elm!" For twelve years, Kate O'Brien  
the memory of that humiliation has troubled  
my indignant soul; but, I am avenged—

I held before her one of the hand look glasses which lay on the table near, and was preparing to say something in theomatic style, as she snatched it from me with the proud air of a tragedy queen, when

moment that fair countenance was bland and pale, and she stood with her head drooping, speechless; for upon her lip reader saw, as I had seen, the certain sign and that in some obscure corner behind

"Kate," I said, "you cannot be vexed with me for I am not vexed with you with all my heart."

May you be as happy, dear girl, with  
friend the robber, as "those two" have  
happy, whom you saw "so kissing each other  
from beneath those silken lashes, as you  
swinging in the elm!"

—An ingenious gentleman at Paris is walking

apparatus. With an umbrella in one hand and  
the other in his pocket, he creates a sensation

[illegible]



## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELEVILLE STATION.  
Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 2.22 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 10.35 A. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight going West, 6.45 P. M.  
Allowed on the train, 12.08 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 12.15 A. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight going East, 9.45 P. M.  
Allowed by this train, 9.45 P. M.  
Montreal Time.

STR. ROCHESTER.—The Str. Rochester leaves Flint's wharf to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELEVILLE, TUESDAY, AUGUST 13.

**VOLUNTEER FIRE-NO.**—The Sidney Company of the 49th Battalion, have a Fire-No. on Thursday, 15th inst., at the Town Hall, 5th concession. From the preparations which have been made we have no doubt there will be a large turnout.

**THE SILVER QUESTION.**—Action is being taken by the merchants of Hamilton and Toronto in order to bring silver to its bankable value in all its transactions. It is high time some concerted action was taken throughout the country to get rid of the silver nuisance.

**PASSE.**—We observe with pleasure, by the official Gazette of Saturday, that at the recent military examinations at Kingston, Captains W. C. Nunn and M. P. Murphy, and Ensign J. Hennessy, of the Belleville Grand Trunk Rifles, passed successful examinations, and received second-class certificates.

**GINGER WINE.**—Notice is given that His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to order and direct that the article now imported and labelled ginger wine shall be considered and classified as a cordial, and liable to the duty of 25 per cent, not having undergone any process of fermentation, but a sweetened compound of spirits.

**ENGLISH MAIL CONTRACTS.**—It is announced by the cable that the Cunard contract for carrying the mails is not to be renewed. The contract is to be opened up to bidders of any nationality. But British steamship owners are to have the preference, if their securities for the satisfactory performance of the service are as good as foreign competitors.

**CRICKET MATCH.**—Owing to the rain this forenoon, the match between Belleville and Pictou did not commence until noon. The Belleville Club winning the toss, went in, and made the handsome score of 133 in the first innings. Pictou then took the bat, and at half-past three this afternoon had made a score of 11, with four wickets down. We will give the score to-morrow.

**GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.**—Notice is given that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada for an Act to consolidate its capital; to authorize the issue of bonds to raise money for the further equipment of the railway; to authorize the conversion into other securities of the existing Postal and Military bonds; to authorize the consolidation of the present Stock and Bonds of the Company; to give power to the Grand Trunk, Buffalo, Lake Huron, and Montreal and Champlain Companies, to enter into further arrangements and agreements, and for other purposes.

## The Writs.

The Writs for the East and West Ridings of Hastings have been received by the Returning Officers. The Registrar, Wm. Hamilton Ponton, Esq., is the Returning Officer for West Riding, and Thomas A. Lazier, Esq., for the East Riding.

Mr. Ponton has appointed Saturday the 24th instant, as the day of nomination for the West Riding; the polling days will be on Monday and Tuesday the 1st and 2nd of September.

The nomination for the East Riding will take place on Monday, the 26th inst.; the polling days will be on the 4th and 5th September.

## Mr. Flint's Letter.

The attention of the electors of the North Riding is directed to the letter of the Hon. Billia Flint, respecting the publication of an old fly-sheet by the Wallbridges. He characterizes it in proper terms, as an "act of consummate meanness." However, nothing better could be expected of such men. "Can men gather grapes of thorns or figs of thistles?"

## The Quarrel Ended.

The quarrel between President Johnson and Secretary Stanton has culminated in the dismissal of Stanton. On yesterday the President sent a communication to that gentleman, suspending him from office as Secretary of War, and instructing him to transfer all records, books, &c., in his custody to General U. S. Grant. The Secretary was at the same time informed that General Grant had been empowered to act as Secretary of War *ad interim*. A communication was at the same hour sent to

General Grant, authorizing him to act as Secretary *ad interim*, and directing him at once to enter upon the discharge of the duties of that office. Shortly afterwards Mr. Stanton sent a reply to the President, in which he denied that, without the consent of the senate and without legal cause, the executive had any right under the constitution and laws to suspend him from office. Inasmuch, however, as the General commanding the armies of the United States had notified him that he had accepted the appointment of Secretary of War *ad interim*, the secretary concluded that he had no alternative, but to submit under protest to superior force. General Grant thereupon assumed charge of the department of war, and appeared at a meeting of the cabinet held yesterday. This quarrel will no doubt afford much food for comment for some time to come, and will give the extreme Radical party another grievance against the President.

## The North Riding.

Accounts which reach us from all parts of the North Riding are of the most encouraging character. Mr. Bowell is carrying every thing before him, and there is every prospect of his election by a very large majority. A correspondent has furnished us an account of a meeting which took place at Marmora on Saturday evening last, which will afford the reader an idea of Mr. Wallbridge's peculiar tactics. The certainly must have presented a humiliating spectacle. We should think it would not require many such exhibitions to effectually dispose of him in the North Riding.

(For the Intelligencer.)

## TO THE ELECTORS OF NORTH HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN.—I am informed that T. C. Wallbridge has been circulating a handbill headed "The Intelligencer's Falsehoods," which handbill is without date, and has my name attached.

I am also informed that A. H. Wallbridge reports that he has circulated some hundreds of the same. If so, both parties have done so without my knowledge or consent, and thereby show their consummate meanness in getting an old handbill reprinted in order to help them, if possible, to still further deceive the electors as to my intention to give Mr. Bowell my vote and influence in the coming contest.

Men who can be so consummately mean as to use another man's name in order to help their election,—men who would so wilfully deceive the electors by trying to palm off on them that handbill, a bill issued by themselves, as one sent forth by me at the present time, would dare use any unfair means to carry an election.

Be not deceived by that handbill. My political quarrel with "THE INTELLIGENCER" or Mr. Bowell, in 1861 or 1862, has nothing to do with the present contest. If Mr. Bowell did me what injury he could politically in 1861, I feel that in 1862 I fully returned the compliment in the loss to him of my election. The past is buried, and I now support Mr. Bowell in preference to Mr. Wallbridge, because Mr. Wallbridge's conduct to the County, as well as myself, has been one of treachery and baseness, and which, as far as I am concerned, is still the case, in using my name without my knowledge or consent, in order, if possible, to deceive some of the electors.

This last act of the Wallbridges is in keeping with the attempt to make you believe I wanted to get the Railroad by Taxation, and that my quarrel with them was because they refused to endorse my paper, both of which are positive untruths.

Be not deceived, but show by your votes that Wallbridge's treachery to the County for the benefit of the Cobourg Railway people, cannot be atoned for but by his being rejected at the polls in the coming contest.

Yours, &amp;c.

BELLIA FLINT.

Belleville, 12th Aug. 1867.

## Editorial Summary.

—The nominations for East and West Toronto take place on the 21st inst.

—Discount on American imports 25 per cent. for the ensuing week.

—John Carruthers, of Kingston, has given \$300 to the General Hospital of that city.

—The Synod of the Diocese of Ontario meets at Kingston on Wednesday, the 13th inst.

—The Kingston nomination takes place on the 19th. No opposition as yet to Hon. J. A. Macdonald and M. W. Strangé, Esq.

—Mr. Jackson, of South Grey, after a reconsideration, has decided to be a candidate for that constituency.

—Additional bodies of troops have been sent to the U. S. Territories, and the Indian war is to be more vigorously pressed.

—We would see soon that by being without a floor as without David Pain Kitter in the house.

—The Hon. George Brown has "no sort of respect for the new opinions of men who are one day violent opponents of Coalition, and the next day in office as Coalition Ministers." He, certainly, cannot be charged with egotism.

—A Brooklynite tells a queer story about the lovely wife and daughter of a milkman, who took daily baths in the lactated said to improve their complexion. The milk was then watered and sold for fifteen cents a quart. That was the "milk" way to make money.

## The North Riding.

MARMORA, August 12th, 1867.

A meeting was called in this village by Mr. Bowell, one of the candidates for the House of Commons, on Saturday evening last. Through some blundering, not known where, the bills were not received nor posted, until Friday evening, still the meeting was attended by upwards of fifty persons.

About half past six, the meeting was organized in the Town Hall by Benjamin Boddome, Esq., being called to the chair on motion of James Hamilton, Esq. The chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, and then called upon Mr. Bowell to address the electors, which he did for about an hour and a half, going over the different topics of the day, and stated that had any local man been selected to contest the election with Mr. Wallbridge that he should have had his cordial and warm support. He concluded by thoroughly ventilating the Railway question, pointing out conclusively, that the cry of municipal taxation was a mere bugbear raised to deceive and mislead the people, and by exposing the votes of Mr. Wallbridge while in parliament, to the satisfaction of the vast majority of the audience. At the conclusion of his speech he was loudly applauded and the chairman rose and expressed himself satisfied and pleased with the explanation given by Mr. Bowell, and then called up Dr. Boulter, who was present to address them. The Dr. was well received, and made a short, but practical speech, in which he displayed a knowledge of facts and figures in connection with our affairs as a Dominion which astonished many. He was also loudly applauded when he concluded.

Just before the Dr. concluded his remarks, Mr. T. C. Wallbridge entered the room accompanied by his henchman in this Township, Ben Johnston. When the Dr. resumed his seat there was a pause for a few moments, when Mr. Wallbridge was overheard to ask Johnston to call upon him to speak, which of course he did accordingly. Mr. Wallbridge at once ascended the platform and displayed sufficient paucity of argument to disgust the crowd. After a few minutes spent in arranging this mass of documentary evidence, he began the old stereotyped speech, but soon forgot himself, and commenced a low, vulgar, personal attack upon Dr. Boulter, and a scene followed which will be remembered by all. Fancying that the Dr. had made a speech in favor of Mr. Bowell, which he had not, he made a pretext to "pitch into him without gloves." But he found his match; he raised the Dr's ire, and the Dr. gave Mr. W. a Rowland for his Oliver, to the small amusement of the audience. He first accused the Dr. of having been speaking in favor of Mr. B. This the Dr. denied by stating that that gentleman was quite capable of doing as much for himself, and recommended him to have some little respect for truth in any remarks he might have to make about him. Then followed accusation after accusation against County officials, and declared that the Dr. as Warden was responsible for all the mischief now going on in this County. The County Surveyor, whom he had out electioneering for him. The Dr. replied that there was no jobbery, and defied him to show that the Surveyor had been guilty of jobbery. Mr. W. said that the County Surveyor was now doing a job for the Clerk's Creek, below Belleville, and that the men had to travel sixteen miles to get their dinner. This the Dr. pronounced a falsehood, and was sustained by Mr. Hough, of this village, who stated that he went to Belleville a few days ago, when Mr. Kyle, where the men board told him that the men got their breakfast early and carried their dinner with them, and did not return until night. This explanation had no effect upon Mr. W., who retorted it over and over again until the scene became exciting, the Dr. taking the floor, and with a loud voice and shaking his fist at Mr. W. pronounced him a falsifier of truth. The latter then accused him of ignorance, and declared he had no more to say to him, and then he would inform him by reading a letter, to which the Dr. replied that he hoped he would read it correctly, and not read it as he did an item of the public expenditure at the last election, when he deceived the people by stating that a dozen pen-knives cost \$48, when in looking over his shoulder he saw that it was pen-knives and stationery. This of course was pronounced false, and upon the Dr. saying he would swear to it, Cam retorted that he would swear to it he would "swear to a lie." Here the Dr. again took the floor, and commenced to reply, while Cam kept on roaring like a mad bull from the stand, and the laughing of feet and hands and the shouting of the audience. The Dr., however, was too much for him and succeeded in drowning Cam's voice, until he had concluded, when Cam again proceeded, and still retaining his mad dog position, every few minutes exclaiming, "there's another lie," to the delight and pleasure of the audience, manifested by the uproarious applause which followed every rally from the Dr., who for Cam began to read the letter mounted on the platform telling him he would watch him. At the conclusion of the reading of the letter, the Dr. exclaimed, "well what does that prove?" Does it prove my ignorance?" The reply was that he exclaim "ha, ha," which Mr. W. can give any time in the desires to avoid an answer by turning it off with "guffaw," but the peculiar manner in which the Dr. pronounced the "ha, ha," brought down the house, and roars of laughter were followed with stamping of

feet and clapping of hands, to the evident delight of the jolly looking chairman, whose countenance was all smiles, and whose sides shook with laughter. At this juncture, a man came on the stage, excitedly exclaiming and amusing, when Mr. Bowell rose and said that when the Dr. had had the experience that he (Bowell) had had that Wallbridge, he would not pay much attention to him, and would recommend that when the next exhibition of a similar kind took place that an entrance fee of 25 cents should be charged, which might be placed in the Treasury of the Township. For himself he was delighted with the exhibition, he having been the victim of all the young man's venom heretofore, he could not but enjoy the seeing of another get a little of the style so characteristic of the Wallbridge family. This turned the tables, and he turned towards Mr. B. and pointing his finger at him, hissing exclaimed through his teeth, "see him! look at him!" Mr. B. rose and walked upon the stand, taking a position along side of him, and addressing the audience laughingly said, "yes look at us and judge for yourselves; look into that countenance" pointing to Mr. W. A cheer you will see visage to Mr. W. in this world." Mr. W. seldom looked upon in this world. Another roar of laughter and stamping of feet followed, which lasted for some minutes, during which Mr. B. resumed his seat. As soon as Mr. W. was restored, Mr. W. again proceeded, his appetite for abuse having been whetted by what had occurred, he proceeded to denounce the Warden, Mr. Eno, Mr. Wood, Mr. Neilson, and every one who supports Mr. B. as County jobbers, rascals, and other names peculiar to the man. He declared that the election was attempted to be carried by a "swindle" and a "lie," that the man who said they (the brothers) killed the Railway Bill to enable them to lay hands on a "breed of dogs." In short, that nobody was honest and pure but his family. The Doctor, he said, expected to cover his actions in supporting Bowell and Flint's Bill by his "moral character." He then, in his frenzy, declared that the Road, if built, would have to go via Bridgewater, and that the County would be taxed to build it; that was the reason all the jobbers and swindlers were supporting Bowell and Boulter, for they were all of the same "breed of dogs." Geo. Neilson then came in for a tolerably good share of abuse, for having written the letter in reply to the one sent to Mr. B. in reference to the assertion of Mr. Lewis Wallbridge in Huntington, that the Marmora ore beds were exhausted. Neilson, he declared was only a carpenter, and knew nothing of iron ores, and through his ignorance he had no doubt the work was stopped. Mr. B. interrupted him by saying that his brother, Lewis, at the Huntington meeting, declared that while Mr. Neilson was in charge of the works he made money for the Company, to which he replied that he did not care what Lewis said, he (Cam) was the man to be elected, and not his brother. After a good deal more of this kind of talk, Mr. Alfrist rose and said that Mr. Bowell, while addressing them, had stated that when the interest question was before the House, that he (Wallbridge) had voted four per cent, against 7, 8 and 9 per cent, and when the report of the Committee was made, at which time the Bill would receive its third reading, he shirked it. And he wished it explained. Mr. Wallbridge: "Ah, that is another of the lies," and then proceeded to read his speech upon the question, all of which he was repeatedly told, was admitted, and to pass on to the third reading, which he did not do, but pronounced everybody "liars" who differed from him, and shuffled to some other point. But he was not to be allowed to get off scot-free in that shirking manner, for Mr. Geo. Wiggins, rising coolly from his seat, said: "Mr. Wallbridge, the impression has been left upon the minds of many that you were absent at the third reading of the Bill. You had better explain it." "Ah," exclaimed Mr. W., "I am glad you called my attention to that. Now, Mr. Wiggins, you are a sensible man; stand up and I will convince you." To which Mr. W. rather discomfited, saying he could hear just as well sitting down, and that would not do, up he must get, and up he did get, taking a position in the centre of the hall, and exclaiming, "Now, Mr. Wallbridge, go on." And Mr. W. did go on, first reading his speech, then his votes upon the second reading, and upon adjustments. After each one was read, Mr. Wiggins, in the most provoking manner, exclaimed, "Yes, that's admitted, but what about the third reading?" During this scene, which beggars description, the roars of laughter and stamping of feet, which followed every query, "What about the third reading," which had been taken up and reiterated from all parts of the room, made the whole building shake. It was all to no purpose, however, Mr. W. could not be brought to that point, and the pitiable exhibition he made of himself, was a source of painful regret to his worst opponents. Crowded and driven from every point, until reaching his seat, he was told not to vote. When the question was to be finally decided, he turned savagely upon the whole of this time with the most imperturbable coolness, not a muscle of his face moving. Mr. Wiggins then replied, "I am not, for you have not answered my question as to your vote upon the third reading." Then exclaimed the polite young gentleman, "You must be either a knave or a fool." "Perhaps so," replied Mr. Wiggins, and walked to his seat amid the most uproarious applause. The chairman, good as he was, had maintained the had been fully "played out," and asked for three cheers for the Queen. The audience, however, were inclined to enjoy more life, and wished the speaker to proceed, but he did not, if best to close, and after a few more rambling remarks, during which he attacked the Hon. Alex. Campbell

for selling the Crown Lands for no other purpose than to create an office for his brother, Alfred A. Campbell, who was getting high wages for doing nothing, and Mr. Flint, for buying 5,000 acres of land which he paid for, and which he sold the timber dues which he had paid to apply on the purchase money, he sat down. Mr. Bowell at once rose, and said he would recommend the young man to follow his seat, to adopt as his family motto, the expression he had used at Lakes lately, "that he would not be held responsible for what he might say, for any man that had had the mortification to listen to him, must come to the conclusion that he was not responsible for what he did or said. Mr. B. then proved by the journals of the House of Assembly, that Mr. W. voted for the resolution declaring for a "new nationality," and that he shirked the last vote upon the mining law, showing that it had been defeated by only one vote, and that Mr. W. might have saved it, had he been present to record his vote, and quoted from the law to show that the Railroad, if built, might have gone any route a company pleased, and after defending Mr. Neilson and Mr. Campbell, and explaining that Mr. Flint had paid in all for the land, \$1,250, as ground rent, and \$2 per acre, the price of the land, making in all \$3,250 per acre, while others could buy all the Crown Lands in the Township at \$3 per acre, a fact which Mr. W. could not deny, he said that he wished to deceive the people. After a few more remarks deprecating the attacks which had been made upon absent gentlemen, and a short citation to Mr. Wallbridge for his persistent assumptions, he retired amid applause.

Dr. Boulter rose, and in a few pithy remarks, denied that he had said one word about Mr. Wallbridge during his remarks previous to Mr. W. coming in, and that the only reference he had made to Mr. Bowell, was in agreeing with that gentleman in his remarks upon the management of the Crown Lands, and yet he had been made the subject of a most virulent and uncalculated attack, and charges were made against him which were false, and which he denied. Mr. Wallbridge to prove, and closed by saying that if Mr. Wallbridge had as clean a character as member of Parliament, as he, Boulter, had as a County Commissioner, he would have been as clean as the wind. He then proposed a vote of thanks, seconded by Mr. Bowell, to the Chairman, which being carried, cheers were given for the Queen, Bowell, and Boulter, and groans for Wallbridge. The audience then separated, (11 o'clock), in the face of a heavy rain, highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

To say that this meeting was the richest and most amusing ever held in any constituency in our wide Dominion is not saying too much, nor could it possibly occur anywhere else, in the face of the fact that there is but one Cam. Wallbridge, in Canada.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 12, midnight.—In the House of Lords to-night the consideration of the Reform Bill was resumed. Sir Derby was present, and moved that the House resolve from all of its amendments to the Bill, except the one providing for the representation of universities, which had been accepted by the House of Commons. After a long debate, the motion was carried in favor of the Government.

PARIS, August 12.—A meeting will take place between Napoleon and the King of Prussia.

DUBLIN, August 12.—The case of Captain Moriarty, who was arrested during the first Fenian outbreak in Kerry, and who has been on trial for treason before the Commission in that county, has resulted in the conviction of the accused. Sentence has not yet been pronounced.

LONDON, August 12, evening.—Information has been received that an American ship recently attempted to make a landing at Port St. Pierre, on the island of Fernow, but that the officer in charge of the boat was killed by the natives. The name of the ship is not given.

GRIZZARD, August 12.—The Austrian frigate Novara, which has been despatched to Mexico for the purpose of obtaining and bringing back to Austria the remains of the late Emperor Maximilian, after receiving from the Austrian Government formal orders, for which he has been waiting at this port, sailed to-day for Vera Cruz.

LONDON, August 13, noon.—Consols 90½; Bonds 74½; 1 C 77½; Erie 44½.

LIVERPOOL, August 13, noon.—Cotton firm for Uplands; 10½ for Orleans. Weather favorable for crops. Breadstuffs and provisions unchanged. Lined cases 410.

LONDON, August 13, 2 p.m.—American securities steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 13, 2 p.m.—Cotton sales probably reach 15,000 bales. Weather declined to 13½; 4½; 13½; 4½; 13½; 4½.

QUEENSWAY, August 13, 2 p.m.—The Irons steamship Edinburgh, from New York, has arrived.

## American Despatches.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The Herald's Cincinnati telegram says: The journeymen tailors and international Union of the United States and Canada assembled here to-day to elect their 3rd annual convention. There were some 1,500 delegates present, the body of whom were from the country. About 3,000 members had been sent to the convention.

The Tribune's Washington telegram says: The suspension of Mr. Stanton has created some excitement, and there are many special agents who will be the next. In fact, it seems that almost universal impression is that both Randall and Seward will have their connection with the cabinet. Seward has been in favor of Stanton.



In his troubles with the President, and especially in this last to one.

The Herald's telegram says: General Grant took part in the Cabinet meeting during the day as the representative of the War Office. It is stated that the President desires all the members of the Cabinet to send in their resignations, that he may make a general revision of the cabinet. Reports are in circulation looking to the speedy depredation of Judge Holt and Gen. Sheridan.

The Tribune's telegram says: Gen. Sheridan has written to Gen. Grant, complaining bitterly of the conduct of Gen. Rousseau in New Orleans, stating that his influence was with the rebels against Sheridan's construction of the Reconstruction Act; and also of his general demagoguery towards Sheridan.

Memphis, August 12.—The cholera has nearly disappeared from this city. Only 9 deaths occurred during last week.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 10.—The business portion of San Francisco was destroyed by fire last evening, and above forty buildings were burned. Attyce from San Francisco to May 9, represent that 10,000 persons had died of the plague during one month.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The rumor in the streets to-day is that hundreds of millions of dollars have been stolen from the Treasury at Washington.

The steamers Tariffa, from Liverpool, and Proteus from Havre, have arrived, also the Java at Halifax.

The reported robbery of the Treasury emanates from a newspaper issued to-day by Edward Dunbar, who was long intimate and confidential with the Treasury Department, and who was President of the Continental Bank Note Co. The paper states that there have been enormous deficiencies, frauds, duplicate issues of hundreds of millions, involved redemption of duplicate coupon notes and currency, wanton expenditures and a general confusion of accounts. The Government is ignorant of the amount of Government paper afloat.

**COMMERCIAL.**

**BELLEVILLE MARKETS.**

From the INTELLIGENCER, Belleville, August 13, 1897.

RYE—Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25	RYE—Wheat—\$1.00 to \$1.25
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**MONTREAL MARKETS.**

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.

From Belleville, Livingston & Co., Montreal, August 13, 1897.

Flour—Superior Extra—\$3.00 to \$3.50	Flour—Superior Extra—\$3.00 to \$3.50
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**NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.**

From the INTELLIGENCER, New York, August 13, 1897.

Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
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Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢
Cotton steady at 25¢	Cotton steady at 25¢

**NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.**

From the INTELLIGENCER, New York, August 13, 1897.

Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker
Stocks weaker	Stocks weaker

**Gold Locket Found.**

FOUND on Sunday morning last, near the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Bridge Street, a small Gold Locket. The owner can have it by calling at THE INTELLIGENCER Office and paying expenses.

## Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. August 13.

IMPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

EXPORTS.—1 car merchandise.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE. August 13.

ARRIVALS.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do.

Sch. E. W. Rathbun, Grosse Pointe, do.

Sch. Emblem, Oswego, do.

Sch. Myntetta, Cape Vincent, do.

Sch. Enterprise, Rochester, do.

Sch. Troy, Charlotte, do.

DEPARTURES.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.

Str. John Greenway, Pictou, do.

Sch. Free Trader, Oswego, ship's bolts.

Sch. Prince Edward, do.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

**PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER.**—We ask the attention of the public to his long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine.

It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing this medicine to be not only a never-failing remedy for diseases caused by cold, rheumatism, Sudden Cold, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, a willow in the joints, Neuralgia, Nausea and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma, Catarrhs, Ringworms, Boils, Pelvic Inflammation, Old Sores, Swelled Joints and General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Pain in the Chest, Jaundice, Dropsy, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venereal Repellents.

See Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the only medicine that can be taken on sea and land and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.

Price, 10 cts. 25 cts. 50 cts. per Bottle.

**PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors,** 300 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. E.

Aug. 20th 1897. ID-m-11Wm

## Why Not Use the Best?

**BUTLER'S CELEBRATED Blackberry Cordial!**

THE most effectual remedy yet discovered for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the Bowels, &c., &c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation is highly recommended by medical men, and has been used with the greatest success in the military hospitals of the United States during the last three years.

Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, and take no other.

Prepared in Canada, from the original receipt, only at

**APOTHECARIES HALL,** T. WILLS & Co., Aug. 12, 1897. ID-m

## JUST RECEIVED.

**WATERPROOF COATINGS, SUMMER VESTINGS, VELVETEENS.**

**P. D. CONGER.** June 17-74 ID-m

**Geo. Ritchie & Co.,** HAVE OPENED OUT IN

**E. Holden's New Store, FRONT STREET,** DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

June 22, 1897. ID-m

**A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS**

AT Wilson & Robertson's, 32D-3m

**DAFOE HOUSE!** Belleville, C. W., Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets, Barringer & Co., Managers.

STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES. Obsolete and from the Boston and Cambridge and Liver.

## The Provincial Mining Company.

Present Capital, \$250,000. Prospective Capital, \$500,000.

SHARES, \$25.

**CHAIRMAN:** THOMAS KELSO, Esq., Belleville, President of the Board of Trade.

**VICE-CHAIRMAN:** JOHN R. DICKSON, Esq., President of the Medical Council of Ontario, Kingston.

**SECRETARIES:** J. B. FLINT, Esq., Barrister, Belleville. G. E. SMALL, Esq., Manager of the Royal Canadian Bank, Kingston.

**TREASURER:** ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, Esq., Belleville.

**MINERALOGISTS:** JAMES WILLIAMSON, Esq., LL.D., Professor of Natural Philosophy, Queen's University, Kingston. JAMES THOMPSON BELL, Esq., Belleville.

**INSPECTOR OF MINING OPERATIONS:** GEORGE NEILSON, Esq.

**BANKERS:** THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

THE advantages to Stockholders in this Company are greater than those now offered, or which can be offered, by any other Mining Company in Canada, inasmuch as its lands, which extend over two thousand acres, include a lot purchased at a large sum within a few hundred yards of the Richardson Mine: the most eligible portion of the Cook farm, for which thirty thousand dollars were lately offered; several lots in the neighborhood of the Barry Mine, where gold has been found; a valuable lot in Tudor, where plumbago and lead in large quantities are known to exist; a lot in Marston, specially selected by California miners, &c., &c. In addition to this, Stockholders have ample security that the affairs of the Company will be managed in good faith, from its Directors being among the leading capitalists and business men in Canada.

[RECAP.] The Company to be incorporated under the Limited Liabilities Act, with the designation of "The Provincial Mining Company of Canada." The object of the Company to be the pursuit of mining operations in Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead, Plumbago, Galena, &c., as also the purchase and sale of mining leases.

Aug. 12th, 1897. 89d

**The Royal Canadian Mining Co.,** ALLSOP'S ALE, Guinness' Stout, Blood's Porter!!

IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT 100m HAMBLY'S.

**J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS,** Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., 25 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co. 74d July 27, 1897.

**TO THE ELECTORS** OF THE EAST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large and influential number of the electors of your Riding to offer myself as a candidate for the Local Legislature of Ontario, and having decided to stand the contest I shall issue my address within a few days.

Yours truly, J. B. WILLSON. July 27th, 1897. 74d

**IMMENSE REDUCTIONS** IN CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

**J. MUIR & CO'S EMPORIUM.** LINEN & ALPACA COATS AT COST.

FASHIONABLE BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS AT \$10.00.

BOOTS & SHOES In the same proportion.

BOTTLED FRUITS.

**CONGR BROS.,** HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries, Green Gages, Prunes, Black Currants, Red do., Crab Apple Jam, Black Currant Jam, Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGER, 24 CONGR, June 23. 1Dm

## INDIA AND CHINA TEA COY.

HOME DEPOT, LONDON LIVERPOOL CANADA DEPOT, 32 Hospital Street, MONTREAL.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest brands of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz. 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb. either BLACK, GREEN or MIXED.

Fine Household TEA, combining Strength and Flavor, 100 cts. per lb. Finest, 100 cts. per lb. 1 dol.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. Wills & Co., Apothecaries Hall, Brighton, Robert Barker, Agent; Toronto, Mr. T. W. Barker, Agent. July 20th, 1897. 66c-12-25-10

## SELLING OFF.

ON AND AFTER THE 20th Instant.

**GARRATT & CO.** Will clear out the balance of their Dress Goods, Shawls, Muslins, STRAW GOODS, STRAW TRIMMINGS, AND Other Seasonable Goods, AT COST.

**GARRATT & CO.** Belleville, July 13. 104-1m 74d-4

**JAMES GLASS,** General Hardware Merchant, MINERS TOOLS, BLASTING POWDER, FUSE, &c., &c.

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE. May 3, 1897. 20m

**J. & W. Sutherland.**

**300 LINEN COATS** JUST RECEIVED.

**M. LAFERTE'S** FROM \$1.25 upwards.

June 12, 1897. 35D

**JUST RECEIVED, At the Corner Store, Front and Bridge Streets,** Dow's, Molson's, and Creighton's, Celebrated Bottled Ales and PORTER.

L. A. FLETCHER & Co. 74d-4











seem to make an appeal to all the Queen's subjects. The writer is quoting from a recent sermon by Dr. Macleod, which is spoken of with great satisfaction.

"It is only now," says the preacher, "when he is gone, that all who know him are made to feel how much they unconsciously depended upon him; like a staff on which the weak have leaned, and long accustomed to lean, they know not how essential it was to their support until it is removed, and when with a sigh they withdraw the hand from the place now empty, where it was wont to be." "It is in this feature in the Prince's character," Dr. Macleod adds, "which ought to make every one sympathize to the very utmost with his Majesty, who in all persons on earth had the best means of knowing it, and the best means of proving it in a thousand ways in every day life, and who had the best grounds, therefore, for appreciating its constancy, its tenderness, its unfailing strength." And well may the eloquent preacher appeal to every true English heart of conscience to acknowledge the demand which now arises in mute eloquence from the throats of the people, the prayers, the loyal self-sacrificing aid of every member of her house, and of every citizen of our Christian nation on her behalf, whom God, in his Providence, has been pleased to spare, and in mercy continue to us as our beloved Sovereign."

After this introduction the volume proceeds with an interesting account of the ancestors and the nearer connections of the Prince. Prince Albert's father was Duke Ernest L. of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld, he died many years after Prince Albert's birth the male line of the allied house of Saxe-Gotha-Altenburg became extinct, and by a family arrangement, Saalfeld passed to the Dukes of Meiningen while the female line passed to the Coburg family. Duke Ernest, in 1817, married the daughter of the last Duke of Gotha, and by her he had two sons—Ernest, the present reigning Duke, born in 1818, and Albert, the subject of this memoir, on the 26th of August, 1819. A memorandum, written by the Queen in 1864, gives an account of their mother and of her melancholy fate. She is described as "very handsome, although very small, fair, and with blue eyes, and Prince Albert is said to have been 'extremely like her.' She was moreover, full of cleverness and talent. But the marriage was not a happy one. The Duke and Duchess were separated in 1824, and divorced in 1826, and the Duchess died in 1831, in her third year.

She is always spoken of with affection and respect, and we are told that the Prince never forgot her, and spoke with much tenderness and sorrow of his poor mother, and was deeply affected in reading, after his marriage, the accounts of her sad and painful illness. After her death, in 1831, Duke Ernest soon married again; but of course, under these circumstances, neither the mother nor the stepmother of the two young princes had much control over their education. They were brought up by a governess, of motherly care; for two grandmothers watched over them from their earliest years with the most constant anxiety. Their grandmother on the father's side, the Dowager Duchess of Coburg-Saalfeld, lived at only a quarter of a mile's distance on one side of Coburg, at a villa called Ketschendorf, while the summer residence of the Duke, was but four miles on the other side. On the birth of Prince Albert she was summoned at once to the bedside of her daughter-in-law, and we find from there writing to announce the happy event to her own daughter, the Duchess of Kent, in England.

The Queen describes the Duchess as a very remarkable woman, "with a most powerful, energetic, almost masculine mind, accompanied with great tenderness of heart, and extreme love of nature." She was the mother, of course, not only of the Duchess of Kent, but of Leopold, afterwards the King of the Belgians; and she seems to be another instance of the rule that great men have generally remarkable mothers. The other relative who took such an interest in the little prince was the Duchess of Saxe-Gotha, the second wife of the Duke, and thus the stepmother of Duke Ernest's first wife, and the stepmother of his two sons. She lived at Reinhardtsbrunn, near Gotha, and the children were not three years old before she had obtained a visit from them there. Indeed, we are told that the two grandmothers seemed to vie with each other as to which should show the two children the most love and kindness—"and, we may add, as to which should show the greatest prudence in managing them." It is from the letters of these two Duchesses that we get the best account of the childhood and youth of the two young princes.

"... But this year (1836) is marked by a far more important event—his first visit to England and his introduction to the Princess Victoria. The Duke and his two sons arrived at the end of May, and were lodged in Kensington Palace, the residence of the Duchess of Kent. The Princess and he were both in their seventeenth year, the Princess being the rule that great men have generally remarkable mothers. The other relative who took such an interest in the little prince was the Duchess of Saxe-Gotha, the second wife of the Duke, and thus the stepmother of Duke Ernest's first wife, and the stepmother of his two sons. She lived at Reinhardtsbrunn, near Gotha, and the children were not three years old before she had obtained a visit from them there. Indeed, we are told that the two grandmothers seemed to vie with each other as to which should show the two children the most love and kindness—"and, we may add, as to which should show the greatest prudence in managing them." It is from the letters of these two Duchesses that we get the best account of the childhood and youth of the two young princes.

"The Prince was at that time much shorter than his brother, already very 'stout,' but very stout, which he entirely grew out of afterwards. He was most amiable, natural, unaffected and merry; full of interest in everything; playing on the piano with the Princess, his cousin, drawing in short, constantly occupied. He always paid the greatest attention to all he saw, and the Queen remembers well how intently he listened to the sermon preached in St. Paul's, when he and his father and brother accompanied the Duchess of Kent and the Princess there, on the occasion of the service attended by the children of the different charity schools. It is, indeed, rare to see a prince not yet seventeen years of age bestowing such earnest attention upon a sermon."

From London the Prince returned through Paris to Brussels, where they stayed until April, 1837, studying modern languages and history, and accompanying their uncle to reviews and other excursions. While here rumors were already spread of an intended marriage between the Prince and the future Queen of England; but nothing, the Queen tells us, had been decided at that time. In April he and his brother went to the University of Bonn, where they attended the lectures of Schlegel, Fichte and Portheus, and while here we have an account of his character from Prince Lowenstein, his chief companion, who closely resembles the description given of him when younger, by Count Mensdorf. He distinguished himself alike in mental and physical acquirements, and was celebrated, also, for his humor and love of fun.

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.22 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going West.	No passengers allowed on this train.
Noon Express going East.	6.45 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.08 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	12.15 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight going East.	11.10 P. M.
No passengers allowed on this train.	9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.	



#### Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 14.

#### The Writ.

A mistake was made in yesterday's issue as to the date of the pollings days in the West and East Ridings. The pollings days for the West Riding are on Monday and Tuesday, the 2nd and 3rd September; for the East Riding on Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th of September.

#### FROM KINGSTON.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

#### COLLISION ON LAKE ONTARIO—THE "MAGNET" SUNK.

At 10 o'clock last night, about twelve miles from shore, the propeller *Magnet*, bound for Montreal, collided with the steamer *Bay State*, from Ogdensburg. The *Magnet* sank in about five minutes after striking, in sixty feet water. She was loaded with wheat, flour and sundries. Her hull is insured in the Phoenix, British American and Western Companies. The crew and passengers were taken from the small boats by the *Bay State* and brought to Kingston.

East Toronto.—Hon. M. C. Cameron has accepted a requisition to become a candidate for the Local Legislature in East Toronto.

The Cricket Match.—The cricket players were rather unfortunate yesterday, making only 21 in the first innings and 29 in the second. Belleville thus beating Picton in one innings with 73 runs to spare.

West Montreal.—The *Gazette* says Mr. McGee has so far recovered as to be able to attend his Committee. His brochure on the attempts to establish Fenianism in Montreal will be published in a few days. 1,300 separate documents had to be collected, hence the delay. Some important developments are published.

Casey's Farm.—The *Quebec Chronicle* says:—"Our Gaspe correspondent writing under date of the 9th inst., sends the following: Farmers are busy at their hay making; the crop this season is a failure; a large number of cattle will be killed this fall in consequence of the shortness of fodder.—Mackerel fishery good—codfish scarce as last season."

COULDN'T SELL HIS CORN.—A Connecticut exchange tells the following story of a boy who was sent from Groton, Connecticut, to New London, one day last summer, with a bag of green corn to sell. The boy was gone all day, and returned with the bag unopened, which he dumped on the floor, saying, "There is your corn, go and sell it yourself—I can't." "Sold any?" "No," said the boy, "I've been all over London with it, and nobody said anything about green corn. Two or three fellows asked me what I'd got in my bag, and I told them it was none of their business." This boy reminds us of business men who keep goods on their shelves and in their drawers, and never tell the community what they've got. They wonder why people don't come in and buy, when the fact is they do not recognize the necessity of advertising and the advantages it would be to their business.

All-walks is agitating the question of boring a lake tunnel similar to that at Chicago. A natural soap has been found in Missouri, it is said. We suspect there is life in the statement.

A brother of the Hon. Mr. McDougall died at St. Mary's on Sunday. The bereaved family made it necessary for Mr. McDougall to suspend his public engagements in various constituencies.

A great fire occurred at Levis, opposite Quebec, on Tuesday night. Fifteen houses, 700 barrels petroleum, a large portion of DeWolf's new wharf and lumber thereon, and several hundred feet of railroad track, were destroyed. Loss not ascertained.

#### The Elections.

A few more days and the elections will be over, and the County of Hastings will have chosen its six representatives to the local and general legislatures. Not in the history of Canada, has there been an election of such importance as the one which the people are now engaged. Never have they been called upon to deliberate and decide upon questions so momentous, and it is therefore of the highest importance that the duty of the hour should be properly considered and well understood, and that the men we select to go to the first Parliament of the Dominion, should be the right men in the right place.

First, it is essential that our members of Parliament should be true and tried Britons. Men, whose record will show that in the hour of danger they can be relied upon. Men, who not merely profess an attachment to the time-honored institutions of the mother land and the red-cross flag, but whose right and trusty arm would be ready to defend those institutions and that flag even to the very death. Men, who would be willing to "rally round the flag," as in those memorable days which tried men's souls, when patriotism was shown to be something more than a mere sentimentalism. On this point we want men who give no uncertain sound.

It is of the highest importance that they be in favor of the Union of the Provinces. The man who hesitates to give his adhesion to the new order of things is an enemy to his country, and is playing into the hands of Howe and the Annexationist party of the Lower Provinces. Fortunately in Ontario there is comparatively few of this stripe of politicians. But there is a large party who are indirectly aiding the Disunion party of the Maritime Provinces, and are thereby strengthening the cause of the Annexationists throughout the Dominion. That party has as its chief the Hon. George Brown, and he is doing for Ontario what Howe is doing for the Lower Provinces. Under the guise of opposition to the Government, he is stabbing at the very heart of the Constitution, impelling the existence of the Dominion, and seriously injuring our credit and reputation among the nations of the earth. Every man who assists this unpatriotic agitator in his opposition to the newly-formed Cabinet, is aiding the cause of disunion and annexation, and helping to secure the overthrow of the Dominion. The candidate who does not come out courageously, and avow his desire and determination to support the new Cabinet in their effort to establish the Dominion on a secure and safe basis, should be thrust aside; and the man who is found hunting with the hounds to-day and running with the hares the next day, should also be told in plain and unmistakable language that he is not wanted. In this important crisis in our country's history, we want men who have been tried and not found wanting; men, who when they say they will do a thing can be relied upon to do it—men, who do not require to tell public opinion before they had courage to announce their policy—men, who did not beat about the bush and profess to be coalitionists to one elector and anti-coalitionists to another—men, who had the magnanimity to make known their policy when they first went into the field.

We want practical men. There are always a sufficient number of theorists in the halls of the Legislature. There are plenty of men in Parliament with 'silver-tongued' eloquence, who can speak for hours about nothing, and who generally wind up with a farewell to empty phrases. There are a number of that class of "impracticables," and Hastings don't want to add to their number. What the County of Hastings pre-eminently wants, are men who can work out a theory as well as spin it—men who can suggest some practical ideas about commerce, manufactures, minerals, agriculture, &c., and can carry into effect those ideas.

Above all, we want reliable, honest men—men, who when they get into Parliament, will carry out what they profess, who will not seek their own aggrandizement at the sacrifice of their constituents' interests. Men, who will not betray a friend to secure their personal and selfish ends—men, who will not mislead or deceive to carry a point—men, in brief, in whom the people can place the utmost confidence that they will honestly and faithfully perform their pledges, and carry out the wishes of their constituents. For the West Riding you have such men in James Brown and Robert Graham; for the East Riding, Richard Read and Henry Corby; and for the North Riding, Mackenzie Bowell and Dr. Boulter. Let the electors see to it that these men are not only elected, but that they are sent to Parliament with such majorities as will place them in the proud position of representing the constituency as a whole and not a small majority of that constituency.

#### East Riding.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

Mr. Henderson has commenced his canvass in this Township, and having been present at two of his meetings—one held at Kilsno, the other at Thomaburg—and having heard from Tweed and Bogertville, I am prepared to say that his success does not warrant him in pushing his canvass. Mr. Henderson is not in favor of Coalition, and he states that he is willing to give them a trial, the reason being, I suppose, because he cannot help him self. At one of his meetings, he stated that if a non-coalition motion were brought before the House he would support it, but he would not be the first to bring it in.

He boasts about his wealth and position, saying that his lease amounts to about two hundred dollars a year, and being a fluent speaker, he gets off a good story. Dr. Wilson is following Mr. Henderson in his meetings, and from what I can learn, is meeting with good encouragement. The election in this Township will be between Mr. Corby and Dr. Wilson.

Yours respectfully,  
An Elector.  
Hungerford, August 10, 1867.

#### Bathing.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

MY DEAR SIR.—On Saturday evening, when returning with a lady from bathing, before seven o'clock P. M., I found at my landing several men in bathing, and had to go farther on to discharge my cargo. On Sunday morning, about eleven, the same thing was going on. I was also informed that when the "Rochester" lands at Flint's wharf, in the mornings about ten o'clock, the same scenes invariably presents themselves. Every one will grant that bathing is a very necessary duty, at the same time this may be done without violating the Town by-laws. The Poet says "Nature when unadorned is adorned the most." But this can hardly be understood to mean that we are perfectly naked, as when Adam was before the fall. In a water tower like ours, bathing is one of the great attractions, and it is really too bad that because of the indecency of a few roughs the better classes should be deterred this pleasure. It is the duty of the police to see that the by-law is enforced. If they do not to it a subscription will have to be got up to pay some one to inform. You, sir, can well understand how unpleasant it would be for any individual citizen to turn informer and bring down on them the ire of these roughs. To find out the guilty ones there can be no trouble, as the constable can easily seize the clothes and soon find out the offender. I hope and trust the Police Magistrate will defend a person who looks to this every-day infringement of the by-law, and permit our ladies to enjoy the water without having their morals shocked by such indecencies. It really is a disgrace to the Town, and would not be permitted in any civilized community.

Yours truly,

Belleville, Aug. 12, 1867.

#### POLICE COURT.

AUGUST 14, 1867.

**FELONIOUS ASSAULT.**  
On the 8th inst., Capt. James proceeded to the hospital and arrested a "Doctor" named T. R. Humphreys, for a criminal assault on one of his fair patients; he was remanded until the next day, when a second charge of indecent assault was preferred against him by "maiden out of teens," and certainly the evidence adduced on the 9th and 10th inst. fully proved that the old medical advances to his feminine friends, a person who "honored in the observance," in the Paphian school, were deemed fit subjects for the stern Eccelesiastical practice that characterizes medical gentlemen. The Police Magistrate fined him \$20 and costs in one case, and \$10 and costs in the second, which he paid, and was discharged "to gather fresh flowers in pastures new."

**ROAD OF TRAFFIC.**  
A man named Thomas Fitzgerald was summoned for neglecting and refusing to remove a filthy pig pen from off his premises, on Pine street, when ordered to do so by the Inspector. He complied with the order on the receipt of the summons and the case was dismissed.

**ASSAULT.**  
A man named Barrager from Shannonville was fined for assaulting Dextera, and a second charge was preferred against him for selling spirits without license in that quiet village on the 12th July last. He was also summoned for selling "fire water" to the Indians, and has been bound over to keep the peace. Rather troubled water Mr. Barrager has been fishing in lately.

**VAGRANT.**  
Mrs. Mary Smith, alias "Big Mary," while in a mendicant state, fell over the river bridge in Cambridge and broke her arm in two places. She was very glad to use her old cry, "is that you, John Roche," and is now in gaol under the care of Dr. Hope, progressing favorably.

**ASSAULT.**  
Mrs. Arthur, an old habitee of the Police Court, flung some stones at a pig that entered her premises with that independence so peculiar to the liberty of the pig and with the aid of the mistle being of a boomerang type, instead of striking the grunter, came into collision with Miss Smith, who promptly returned the compliment and with true aim caused the blood to flow in torrents, drenching the classic mould of Mrs. Arthur's "nest of thought." A small fine and costs on the younger assailant, acted as an antidote to Mrs. A. and she left the court with a proud consciousness that the fine would appease her undomestic spirit, other than all the adhesive plaster in the Pharmacy could.

The Rev. Newman Hall and Rev. Morley Penson, are expected to visit Halifax this fall. They are two of the most eloquent Dissenters in England.

#### Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

DUBLIN, August 13.—Captain Moriarty, the leader of the Fenian force in Kerry, has been sentenced to imprisonment for five years.

LONDON, August 13.—It is reported that the differences between Prussia and Denmark with regard to North Schleswig and the execution of the stipulations of the Treaty of Prague are a fair way to be settled. The negotiations now going on between the countries indicate a disposition on both sides to come to a speedy agreement.

FLORENCE, August 13.—General Garibaldi is known to be at Vienna, where it is said he is actively engaged in renewing his preparations for the movement on Rome, which was to have been attempted last month.

PARIS, August 13, evening.—A report has reached this city from the island of Cuba, that Omar Pasha has resigned his command of the Turkish forces. No reason is given for this unexpected action. The report is not really credible.

LONDON, August 13, evening.—Advises received here from Shanghai give the following account of a conflict between two steamers of the Chinese navy, the *Ching Hai*, and the pirates of the island of Formosa. The United States authorities having received notice of the capture of the *Ching Hai*, the men-of-war *Harford* and *Wyoming* were ordered to the scene of the outrage on the island of Formosa. They sailed early in June, and on arriving off the shore a demand was made for the murderers, which was not complied with. Meantime it was apparent that the natives were preparing for a fight, and the shore was vigorously shelled by both vessels. Several boats loaded with sailors and marines subsequently effected a landing, and a sharp fight ensued with the Formosans, which lasted over five hours. The heat was intense, and fifteen officers and men were reported struck. Lieut. Silvestre Mackenzie, one of the landing party, was shot and died of his wounds. At nightfall, the fighting party was withdrawn from the shore, and the bombardment resumed and continued until the natives had dispersed and disappeared. The *Harford* and *Wyoming* then sailed for Shanghai.

Among the general items of news from Shanghai, it is stated that the Chinese merchants refuse to receive as currency Mexican dollars coined during the reign of the late Emperor Maximilian.

LONDON, August 14, noon.—Consols traded unchanged. Bonds weak at 74½; 1 C 78; Erie 46; G W 21½.

LIVERPOOL, August 14, noon.—Cotton firm and active. Other articles without quotable change.

LONDON, August 14, 2 p.m.—The weather throughout England is very hot. Consols 74½; Erie 46; Bonds 74; Ill C 78.

LIVERPOOL, August 14, 2 p.m.—Cotton declined to 57½.

LIVERPOOL, August 14.—The U. S. Steam Frigate "Minnesota," arrived at Plymouth, all well.

LONDON, August 14.—Advises from Foo Chow, state that 14,000,000 pounds of the new crops of tea have already been sold.

#### American Despatches.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Weather very favorable for crops; warm, with but little rain. Accounts from the interior of Louisiana continue glowing. There will be little or no cotton, on account of worms. Corn prospects good.

New York, August 14.—Two men were killed yesterday afternoon on the James Railroad by a locomotive smashing the team in which they attempted to cross the track.

Mexican advices state that Marquez had been found in the Capital, and that Santa Anna had been conveyed to Vera Cruz. The reception of Juarez at the Capital was a grand ovation. He issued a proclamation, congratulating the people upon the return of peace. Maximilian's body was held for payment for embalming.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Extracts from late Vera Cruz papers state that O. Horan, who was reported captured on July 28 in the neighborhood of the city of Mexico, was ordered to be taken to Italian and put to death in the very theatre of his crimes. The Council of War sitting at Queretaro were sentencing to death in the proportion of 3 to 1. A list of 72 persons who were captured at the city of Mexico and released by order of the Government is published in the Mexican papers.

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Paris correspondence of the *Herald*, dated August 2nd, says the Queen of the Belgians, despite predictions to the contrary, had no difficulty whatever in persuading the ex-Emperor of Mexico to leave Miramar. Dr. Buellens, the eminent Belgian physician in all cases of insanity, who has had extraordinary success in the treatment of the insane, expects to cure her. His opinion is that stable poison has been administered to her in Mexico, and that the Vienna doctors have been treating her wrongly.

Boston, August 14.—The steamship *Chico* sailed this morning for Liverpool, with 61 passengers.

NEW YORK, August 14.—A Mexican letter states that Lopez had been assassinated. Rio Grand papers say that the Americans in Matamoros are to be treated as foreigners.

#### Arrival of the 'City of London.'

NEW YORK, August 14.—The steamship *City of London*, from Liverpool on July 31st, arrived this morning.

The *Paris Monitor* says: The extremists that extremists are seeking to ferment in Italy have been foreseen and will cause no serious results.











Daily Intelligencer.

VOL. 1.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Diamond & Dickson,**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c.  
OFFICE:—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belle-  
ville.  
A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON,  
AD. W.

**MacLellan & MacLellan,**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvent  
Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c.  
Office—Over Hockett's Store, Front Street,  
Belleville. 1Dm-Wtf

**A. R. Douglass,**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery,  
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.  
Office over Overell's Book Store, and oppo-  
site "The Intelligencer" Office, Front Street.

**Robertson & Stewart,**  
BARRISTERS and Attornies-at-Law, Sollici-  
tors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Convey-  
ancers, &c.' Office,—Ground floor next the  
Express Office, Bridge Street.  
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.

**Ross, Bell & Holden,**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner  
Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.  
HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN  
116m Wtf

**Fitzceathly & Kelso,**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine  
and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Build-  
ings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m-Wtf

**BAKERS**, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers, and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dcm-Wif

**Geo. H. Baymes.**

**McLeod & Carre,**  
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SUR-  
veyors, Architects, Draughtsmen and Patent

**Forrest & Lozo's**  
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Lazier's New

**T. Lockery,**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of  
Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175,  
Front Street, Belleville.

**Fonton, Falkiner & Denmark,**  
**BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,**  
Front Street, Belleville. 1D6m

**Robert P. Jellitt,**  
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,  
&c., &c. Office—Dafoe Buildings, corner  
Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1D6m

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**Angus McFee,**

**John Wilson,**

**J. W. Brown,**

Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel.  
Garments made to measure and warranted to  
fit. 1D6m

**Geo. Gibson,**  
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and

assortment of ladies, gent's and children's  
hats and shoes constantly on hand and made  
to order. All work warranted. 1D6m

**J. C. Vapor,**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite

me. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing  
always on hand. Garments made to measure  
and warranted to fit. 1D6m

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**To Gold Miners**

YOU will find a variety of mining tools at

made of the best refined cast steel. Solid  
punched Swedes Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting  
Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted,  
and cheaper than any other shop in Canada.  
Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street,  
Belleville. WM. POWELL.

**McKeown & Robertson,**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and  
Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front  
Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large,  
well assorted and of the best material, and is  
sold at unusually low prices for cash.

are extensively manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bal's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville, 1D6m

**Bullen & Gibson's**  
**LIVERY.**

**F**IRST-CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madoc Gold Regions at reasonable rates.

WESLEY BULLEN,                      GEO. GIBSON.



## The Cretan Insurrection.

SEE SCENERY—BLOCKADE RUNNING—SUFFERING—IN THE CHRISTIAN POPULATION.

We extract from a Canadian correspondence the following state of this island:

All the northern coast of Crete is picturesque and charming to the eye. But the country about this city is of a most almost matchless beauty. Sailing into the vast curve of the coast which forms the roadstead, you have in the background the rugged, jagged peaks of Joutika, lower down ranges of picturesque hills, sloping gently to the shore. In the centre of the curve are the walls of the city, which, rising directly out of the sea to a great height, are crowned with battlements and flanked by towers. They make a vast sea front; then run backward on each side zigzag up the hill, forming the two flanks; then unite in the rear and enclose a vast space filled with houses, palaces, mosques, churches and various structures, all built of clean cream-coloured stone.

Careful persons estimate that at least twenty thousand inhabitants have left the island since the revolt began. But the government stopped the main channel of the exodus, by forbidding departures without passports, and refusing passports to any but Turks. The clerk of the Austrian steamer told me that he carried 3400 passengers, mainly Greek women and children, during the first months, but none since.

No one can now go out from the fortress into the interior; and, owing to the blockade it is very difficult and dangerous for those outside to emigrate from any part of the coast, although the "Isle of Greece" can be seen from the mountains of Crete.

Still, almost every dark night, some little boat laden with frightened women and children, of some sick and wounded men, goes paddling softly out from some cove until beyond the range of the blockade, when the sail is hoisted, and rowing and it glides away. Unfortunately most of the multitude of little fishing and coasting boats which existed before the revolt, have been destroyed. It is only at the extreme western end of the island that there is any considerable intercourse with Greece proper. There the distance to the island of Cerigo is only twenty miles. Men know that if caught running the blockade they would be put to instant death; yet so enormous are the prices upon the island, that they would venture to send over by night, little frail boats, hardly fit for long loads with tobacco, coffee, raki, etc. They are sure to find persons waiting upon the shore who will gladly give all they can for a passage back.

As the revolt spread through the island, the families in the neighborhood of the fortress took refuge within the walls; the Turks to escape from the insurgents; the Greeks to avoid the fury of the Muslem population, which in the cities is partially restrained by the military, and by the presence of the foreign consuls.

The Turks took possession of the deserted houses, and the Greeks were obliged to find refuge where they could in churches, schoolhouses, and abandoned public buildings, etc. There are 5000 in Megalocastro, one thousand in the cities, nine hundred in Retymno; and besides many in Suda and other places which I have not been able to visit.

I have engaged the consuls in each place to give an exact account of the number and condition of these unfortunate ones; in the meantime I have positive evidence that their lot is a hard and terrible one. Mr. Stillman assures me that it is worse than that of the refugees in the mountains. In the cities there are now two hundred and fifty women and children crowded into the house and yard of one of the consuls. They are safe from massacre; but the rest, besides the torments of hunger, suffer from the dread that the news of some victory by the insurgents will excite the Muslems to fury uncontrollable by the military or the consuls, and that they shall be outraged and massacred. Meanwhile the systematic treatment of the unfortunate Christians by the authorities is a atrocious beyond description. Houseless, ragged, filthy, half-famished, they are kept crowded up any military necessity whatever.

They have no money, no occupation, no means of earning anything. They cannot go outside the walls to get a herb or root, and cannot get a fish from the reef; an iron hand holds them back from access to any of Nature's ample resources. They are actually famishing; for the weekly allowance of an ounce (2½ lbs.) of flour can hardly support life; and even this is not regularly supplied. They are suffering, and many are slowly dying here, while the Turks will neither feed them nor allow them to go away. Meanwhile they are subject to all sorts of indignities and outrages short of murder, at the hands of the Modern population. They are kicked and cuffed and spit upon. "Ah!" said a Greek to me, "it is hard to be spit upon, but it is harder to see a Moslem strut up to a Christian door, or to some little notice posted on a wall, and seeing the sign of the cross, to spit spitefully upon it."

## A Bridge over the English Channel.

M. Boutet, a French engineer of considerable celebrity, proposes, instead of the long meditated tunnel, to build a bridge across the English Channel. The proposed bridge will be broad enough to hold double line of railway, a carriage road and path for foot passengers. There will also be space enough for the Dover and Calais road for a row of shops, which it is supposed if once established would pay. The following is the description given of the intended bridge: "The bridge would rest on a series of thirty-two vertical rectangular iron piles, each pile to be one hundred feet in breadth. The depth of the channel between the two points selected, is found to be not more than thirty to thirty-six metres, so that the bridge would be about one hundred and twenty metres above the level of the sea."

In laying down the bridge, the iron piles by means of sixteen cables of iron wires, stretched out in parallel lines from the channel's Cliff, on the English side of the channel, to Cap Blanc Nez, on the French side, a distance of thirty-three kilometres, (about twenty miles) The body of the bridge would thus be formed of iron trees bridge from pile to pile."

M. Boutet, in calculating the feasibility of his plan, supposes that "if a wire of a certain strength and thickness will hang extended between two given points, then if the strength and thickness of the wire be increased the distance between the points may be increased proportionately." It is estimated that the cost of the bridge will be 400,000,000 francs, and M. Boutet having deposited his plans at the Ministry of Public Works, actually proposes to form a company with that amount of capital. It is said that the benefit of the bridge is about to be constructed across the Seine at Paris.

## The Fenians.

CONVICTION OF AMERICAN CITIZENS—OFFICIAL REPORT.

The report of the State Department, in answer to the inquiry contained in the House resolution regarding the trial, conviction, or sentence of American citizens in Great Britain, for acts done or words spoken in the United States, is as follows:—

"That upon examination of the voluminous papers relating to the arrest, trial, conviction and sentence of American citizens in Great Britain and Ireland, I find no case reported where the proceedings were based solely upon words spoken or acts done in this country. The case against John McCafferty, an informer, in which the Department has information, is that of John McCafferty. The person, a native citizen of the United States, was convicted of high treason at Dublin. Among the charges against him by his counsel, entitling him to an appeal, and a reversal of the judgment, is this: That no direct evidence was offered on his trial of any act of hostility to the British Government, committed by him within its territory, except that of procuring arms for his counsel, the only other evidence consisted of acts done in the United States, and of circumstances of suspicion affecting him in Ireland and England; that upon such evidence his counsel insisted at the trial that there was no proof sufficient to warrant a conviction requiring two witnesses of high treason. In the report of that trial, forwarded to the Department, the Attorney General is stated to have told the jury that the prisoner was responsible for no acts within the United States, committed within the realm; and Mr. Justice Fitzgerald, who presided at the trial, charged the jury that they were not to convict the prisoner at the bar, clear as might be the proof that he conspired to overthrow the Queen, unless there was established beyond all doubt an overt act within the country of Dublin for which he was responsible. The questions raised by Mr. McCafferty's counsel, upon the trial, were brought before the Court of Criminal Appeals, which upheld the judgment. An effort was then made by the prisoner's counsel to obtain the allowance of a writ of error under a mode of procedure in Ireland which is somewhat remarkable. Application for the purpose had to be made to the Lord Lieutenant, a Lord being disallowed by him upon the opinion of the Attorney General that there was no ground for a writ of error. The prisoner thereupon petitioned both Houses of the British Parliament to intervene in his behalf by addressing Her Majesty's Government the issue of a writ of error, or by other other steps as will enable the petitioner to bring under the review of the proper tribunal the legality of his sentence. We are not informed what action, if any, has been taken upon these petitions, nor indeed that they have yet been presented. It is proper to remark that there is a British statute which, in terms, provides for the punishment as for a felony of any person who, within the United Kingdom, or without, shall attempt, or do anything, by printing, writing, or by open and advised speaking, move or stir any foreigner or stranger with force to invade the United Kingdom, or any other of her Majesty's dominions. We have a statute providing for the punishment of any citizens of the United States residing in a foreign country who there, without the authority of this Government, and with intent to defeat its measures, held correspondence, written or verbal, or counselled, or assisted in such correspondence with the late pretended rebel Government or any of its officers or agents."

"We would be soon tired of being without flour as without David Pain Killer in the house."

A gentleman residing in Newark fell asleep on a railroad train, and supposing he had reached his home, walked off the rear car while at full speed. He was very seriously injured.

The breaking up of a gamblers' retreat in Boston, the other day, led to the discovery of a closet containing a small space of colored glass, and inside of which a man was discovered with a telegraph machine. The man in the closet and the telegraph were used in this wise: Whenever a countryman entered to play and try his luck at cards, he was seated at the table with his back to the closet door, thereby giving the man in the closet a fair chance to see the cards as they were dealt. The telegraph machine was used with a wire running from the man at the table, who was thus acquainted with all the cards he was playing against, thus gaining advantages and ultimately leading his victim.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

WILHELMSTADT STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.22 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.30 A. M.
Merchants' Express Freight	
going West.	No passengers
allowed on this train.	6.45 P. M.
Noon Express going East.	12.00 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Merchants' Express Freight	
going East.	No passengers
allowed by this train.	9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.	

ST. ROCHESTER.—The St. Rochester leaves Elm's wharf tomorrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 15.

FROM MONTREAL.

(By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.)

MONTREAL, AUGUST 15.

Mr. McGee was mobbed in Grindstone last evening, while visiting, in company with his friends, his Ward Committees. Stones and eggs were freely used, but though several of the party were struck, none were severely injured.

NEW WHEAT.—Joseph F. Way, Esq., brought in, on Wednesday, 14th inst., a sample of wheat of the new crop, grown on his farm. It is the White Soules variety, and is the finest sample we have seen for a long time.

THE BELMONT ONE BID.—At this mountain the company have now at work no less than 300 men, the ore being laid out for the incalculable. No less than thirty cars loads of ore, each car containing five tons, making 40 tons per day, is sent to Coburg. In addition to this no less than fifty houses are under contract, all of which is lost to this country through the action of our representatives.

THE RICHMOND MINE.—Through the kindness of Mr. Hamilton the writer was permitted to descend the shaft in this mine, and examine the work. The shaft is now sunk about sixteen feet, with a drift of ten feet to the North-east, where a vein of white and grey quartz has been struck, in which gold is found in large quantities, and quite visible. By the aid of a candle the visitor can discover the gold quite plainly, hanging to the rock, and in the rock, showing that the mine is rich beyond the conception of any one.

## The East Riding.

Mr. Geo. E. Henderson, who professes to be par-excellence, the Temperance candidate, for the Local Legislature for the East Riding, expects to obtain the entire Temperance vote. He boasts that he will poll that vote to a man, and appeals to his past record as an evidence that he deserves it. It is unfortunate for him as it is for the cause he represents, that his record is not so clear as the consistent friends of temperance would desire, and it will not be surprising if he is cast aside by them altogether. It would indeed be a matter of considerable wonder if in the face of what transpired, a short time ago, he would receive the support of any true friend of the cause of temperance. Men who engage in the advocacy of this cause, as in the promotion of every philanthropic movement, should be ready at any moment to do battle for that cause. The man who hesitates to show his colors when called upon, is very naturally looked upon with suspicion. The man who does as Mr. Henderson did, decline to show those colors because it might militate against his election, shows that his attachment to the temperance movement does not lie far beneath the surface. It shows that he can put on and put off the temperance garb when it suits his purpose. In order to understand Mr. Henderson's position in this matter, let us relate a few facts.

Some time ago, after Mr. G. E. Henderson had issued his address, there was a Temperance Pic-Nic gotten up in Hungerford, in which A. L. Bogart, Esq., a gentleman who has for a long time been noted as a warm and consistent friend of temperance, took part. Mr. Bogart, amongst other gentlemen, invited Mr. G. E. Henderson to be present as one of the speakers. But to Mr. Bogart's complete astonishment, Mr. Henderson replied in words substantially as follows: "That he did not want to go as he was afraid it would injure his election prospects. It was no wonder that Mr. Bogart was astonished—no wonder that he left Mr. Henderson—pained that so prominent and eloquent an advocate of the temperance cause should so sacrifice his position and his friends in such an important crisis. A man engaged in promoting one of the noblest movements ever established for the benefit of the human race, to be afraid of doing battle for that cause, lest it should affect his position among the drinking classes! Afraid to show his colors, lest he should lose the support of those whom it

should have been his highest object to bring under the same banner! No wonder that Mr. Bogart felt humiliated that the cause in which his heart and soul are engaged, should number among its foremost champions one who had not the courage to let his principles be known. No wonder that others besides Mr. Bogart should be pained; and it must be no cause of wonder if the temperance electors of the East Riding should let Mr. Henderson know that such glaring inconsistencies meet with no favor from them. It would, indeed, we repeat, be very strange if, under these circumstances, Mr. Henderson should receive the support of a single consistent temperance man in the present contest."

## The Missionaries.

Kenneth McKenzie, one of Brown's missionaries, who has vainly been searching for a constituency for a long time, has at length been gratified. The Colborne Express of to-day says Mr. Webb has withdrawn from the contest in West Northumberland in favor of Mr. McKenzie. The contest will now be between Mr. McKenzie and Mr. Keeler. As Mr. Keeler is a local man and possesses a large interest in the Riding, the chances are decidedly in his favor. Besides, Mr. McKenzie being a violent anti-conditionist, puts an end to any hope he might have of election. No one approving of the Brownite policy, has the slightest chance in any constituency east of Whitby.

In Lambton, the other McKenzie is likely to have all he can attend to. He is opposed by Mr. Vidal, who formerly was in the Legislative Council, and who has very favorable chances of defeating McKenzie. It will certainly be gratifying to all friends of fair play and union to know that there is a prospect of these two fire-brands being left at home.

## Mr. Corby's Meetings.

It will be seen by announcement that Mr. Corby has commenced an active canvass in the East Riding, and will hold meetings in various places during this and the ensuing week. From all that we can learn, Mr. Corby's prospects are excellent, and we hope his friends will turn out at these meetings in strong force.

## The Madoc Gold Mines.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

TORONTO, August 13, 1887.

DEAR SIR.—You will confer a favor by permitting me, through the columns of your valuable journal, to express to your readers an opinion regarding the gold mines in the Township of Madoc. I was for several years a miner in California, and whilst there had some experience in quartz mining. I have just returned from a visit to the mines in Madoc, made for the purpose, in chief, of satisfying myself as to the truth or falsity of the reports in circulation about them.

Soon after my arrival in the village of Eldorado I was, by the politeness of Mr. Hardin, the gentleman in charge, permitted to examine the Richardson mine, and on account of a change having taken place during my stay by a second pocket being struck, I was accorded the privilege of a second examination of the mine immediately before my departure.

In this mine there is a beautiful lead of quartz rock some four feet thick, which is extremely rich in gold and has all the appearance of being extensive, which there can be no reasonable doubt it is. The lead and the rock of which it is composed bear a striking similarity to many leads that I have seen in California, but the amount of gold visible to the naked eye in the solid rock at the bottom of the shaft, with the aid only of the light of a small candle, independently of anything that I had formerly heard, at once convinced me that this mine is much richer than any I have ever seen. I am of opinion that this is one of the most valuable mines ever discovered. If I had seen the mine before the lead of solid rock had been reached, and whilst the miners were working in the pocket in which it is said gold was first discovered, I should not have been so much astonished as many others at seeing gold in such a place; but since the solid, defined ledge, so rich in gold, has been struck, the matter is not so inexplicable.

I have also visited many of the shafts that are being sunk by miners who are prospecting for the precious metals, and travelled over a small section in the neighborhood of the Richardson mine. So far as my observation has extended, I am of opinion that the country is rich in mineral wealth, but that it will require some time and no small outlay of capital to develop its resources. I am quite prepared to hear of rich "strikes" being made in Madoc, but I fear many of the miners now prospecting will be disappointed, on account of their shafts not being located with sufficient care and skill.

By the kindness of Messrs. Turley & Co. I was permitted to examine a quartz mill which they are erecting in Eldorado and to discuss the merits of the machinery and apparatus intended for crushing the rock and saving the gold, with a gentleman lately from California, who is in charge of the work, and from a careful inspection of the whole, I arrived at the conclusion that this mill, when finished, will be an excellent one. Although the same in principle as the mills used in California when I was there, I am convinced that it is an improvement upon, and will be entirely superior to, any of these. It will be ready to

commence crushing in a short time, and if the proprietors, Messrs. Turley & Co., will consent to use it for the purpose, it will prove a great boon to the miners in the neighborhood, who, instead of procuring an assay of a small portion of their quartz, can have a ton or several tons crushed, and ascertain precisely what it will pay, which, I apprehend, is impossible, or at least highly inconvenient by an assay. Trusting that you will grant the favor above requested, I am,

Your obedient servant,  
THOMAS FERGUSON.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

PARIS, August 14.—The accounts of the cholera received from various parts of Italy do not improve. They represent that the epidemic is spreading and is attended with unusual fatality.

PRAGUE, August 14.—The amount of revenue reported by Hungary to the treasury of the Austrian Empire will be the same as it was before she was constituted a separate kingdom.

LONDON, August 14.—Further advice from China state that the port of Lamag, in Japan, has been designated by the Japanese Government for the use of foreigners, and had been thrown open to all nations, in accordance with the agreement made with foreign representatives at Osaka.

LONDON, August 15, noon.—Since the last despatch, cholera runs are now falling through out England. Consols 94½; Bonds 7½; Erie 45½; C. & O. 78.

LIVERPOOL, August 15, noon.—Cotton quiet. Broadstairs—the rainchecks business. Corn has declined to 38s 6d.

## American Despatches.

New York, August 14.—Southern despatches report heavy rain.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Mexican despatches via Havana, state that Juarez ordered Santa Anna to be tried according to the law of January, 1862, by which Maximilian was tried, and under which the identification of a prisoner's sufficient evidence for a conviction.

Vidal is to be kept in close confinement. Marquez was taken prisoner and was on his way to the capital.

Among the condemned officers is Sam Salm. His wife is reported to be the niece of President Johnson.

Congress is to be convened in November and the Presidential election will take place in Dec.

Santa Anna's son, in a protest to Secretary Seward, against the seizure of his father, intimates that the Washington government must have been in complicity with the Liberals who arrested him.

Havana letters, August 10th, say a serious riot occurred at Matanz during a ball fight. The President attempted to stop the sport, when the people tore the circus down and let loose eight wild bulls in the street. A policeman was mortally wounded and the President was compelled to flee. A detachment of troops was called out and restored order.

A negro conspiracy in Santiago de Cuba had been denounced and most of the leaders arrested.

Yellow fever was raging over the island.

Affairs at Puerto Princesa are reported deplorable financially.

A Havana letter states that the steamer *Nerva* is diligently attempting to grapple the Cuba cable, and it is expected it will soon be connected and working to Havana.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The steamship *Hammonia*, from Southampton, has arrived. She has on board the body of the late Governor Wright, Minister to Prussia. Also arrived, the steamship *Denmark*, from Liverpool.

## The Collision on the St. Lawrence.

The Kingston *Whig* of this morning furnishes the following additional particulars of the collision between the *Bay State* and the *Magnet*:

On Tuesday evening the propeller *Magnet*, of Hamilton, Capt. F. Patterson, left this port on her way downwards to Montreal, and 12 miles below here, and about six miles above Gananoque, was struck while rounding the point of an island in the direct channel, by the American Express liner *Bay State*, and sank in less than five minutes. Both boats seem to have been running at their regular speed, and though all the proper lights were displayed, the watches on the boats do not seem to have seen them. Both boats were in the neighborhood of the point of collision. Capt. Patterson was in the saloon of his boat conversing with his passengers, of whom he had a few on board, including a couple of ladies, and rushed out to the deck but a moment before the collision took place. The bows of the *Bay State* penetrated the side of the *Magnet* about the engine, almost cutting her to the centre. The *Magnet* immediately began to sink, and a scene indescribable occurred. While the crew were working hard to launch the small boats, the ladies took to the mast, but the gentlemen passengers were proceeding will be disappointed, on account of their shafts not being located with sufficient care and skill.

The *Bay State*, which was only slightly injured in the bow, remained alongside offering all the assistance in the power of her officers, who throughout acted most kindly to the shipwrecked persons. The boats of the *Magnet*, containing some portion of the crew, were towed up to King-











# Friday Intelligence.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LITIGATION IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 16, 1887.

No. 90.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW  
Solicitors in Chancery, etc., &c.  
Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.  
A. DIAMOND. GRS. D. DICKSON.  
1D-WM

**Macellan & Macellan.**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency,  
Solicitors-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c.  
Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville.  
1D-WM

**A. H. Dougall.**  
BARRISTER & SOLICITOR in Chancery,  
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.  
Office over O'Neill's Book Store, and opposite  
"The Intelligence" Office, Front Street.  
1D-WM

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors  
in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers,  
&c., &c. Office—Ground floor next the  
Express Office, Bridge Street.  
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.  
1D-WM

**Ross, Bell & Holden.**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c. corner  
Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.  
Hos. Jno. Ross. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN.  
1D-WM

**Pitcheathly & Kelso.**  
IMPORTERS of Wholesale Groceries, Wine  
and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Build-  
ings, Front Street, Belleville. 1D-WM

**Legate & Price.**  
BAKERS, Confectioners, Family Biscuit Man-  
ufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries,  
No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. All or-  
ders promptly attended to. 1D-WM

**Geo. H. Haynes.**  
HATTER and FURNER, Front Street, Belle-  
ville. Highest prices paid for raw furs.  
1D-WM

**McLeod & Carre.**  
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SUR-  
veyors, Architects, Draftsmen and Patent  
Solicitors, 1834 Front Street, Belleville.  
M. McLEOD. GAVILLER. KENNEDY & CO.  
1D-WM

**Forrest & Lozo's.**  
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Lania's New  
Building, opposite the Anglo-American  
Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 2D-WM

**T. Lockery.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of  
Saddles, Harnesses, and Trunks, No. 175,  
Front Street, Belleville. All orders  
promptly attended to. 1D-WM

**Ponting, Falkner & Denmark.**  
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law,  
Front Street, Belleville. 1D-WM

**Robert P. Jellott.**  
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,  
&c., &c. Office—Dillon Building, corner  
of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1D-WM

**Angus McFee.**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St.,  
Belleville. A large stock of Clocks,  
Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware, always  
on hand. Repairs done at short notice and  
reasonable terms. 1D-WM

**John Wilson.**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and  
retail, at the old stand, Front Street,  
Belleville. All orders promptly filled.  
1D-WM

**J. W. Brown.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St.,  
Belleville, opposite Fleming's Hotel.  
Garments made to measure and warranted  
to fit. 1D-WM

**Geo. Gibson.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and  
Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select  
assortment of ladies', gents' and children's  
boots and shoes constantly on hand and made  
to order. All work warranted. 1D-WM

**J. C. Vapour.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite  
Fleming's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville.  
A large stock of Ready-made Clothing  
always on hand. Garments made to measure  
and warranted to fit. 1D-WM

**To Gold Miners.**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at  
the subscriber's shop. Drills and augers  
made of the best refined cast steel. Solid  
punches Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting  
Picks, cast-steel pointed. All warranted  
and cheaper than any other shop in Canada.  
Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street,  
Belleville. 1D-WM

**McKeown & Robertson.**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front  
Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large  
well assorted and of the best material, and is  
sold at reasonable prices for cash. They  
are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical  
workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction.  
All orders executed promptly, and all work  
warranted. Remember the place, opposite  
Bennett & Balfour's Brewery, Front Street, Belle-  
ville. 1D-WM

**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
**Bullen & Gibson's**  
LIVERY  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

**FIRST-CLASS Horses, new Buggies and**  
Carriages, of the latest styles always  
on hand. Turns out for the Madoc Gold  
Mine at reasonable rates.  
WESLEY BULLEN, GRS. GIBSON.  
May 20 2D-WM

## Montreal Business Directory.

**NEW YORK BRANCH**  
**DYE WORKS.**  
G. LAMPE.  
291 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block.  
Germents dyed, cleaned and repaired within twenty-  
four hours. Old made new. 1D-WM

**PHILIP HENRY,**  
**TOBACCONIST,**  
DEALER in ALL KINDS OF  
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES.  
No. 201 Dame Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**J. A. HARTE,**  
**GLASGOW DRUG HALL**  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Manufacture of the celebrated Concentrated Lye.  
1D-WM

**MURRAY & Co.,**  
**STATIONERS' HALL,**  
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.  
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manu-  
facturers, &c., &c. 1D-WM

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,  
40 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.  
Agents for J. D. Lewis, Henry Moir & Co., Cognac.  
Wolfe's Scotch Whisky. 1D-WM

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.,**  
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,  
No. 230 St. Paul Street, opposite Albion Hotel, Mon-  
treal. 1D-WM

**PEAVEY & FAVOR,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS in  
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,  
Provisions, &c., &c.  
No. 244 Notre Dame Street, three doors west of  
Francis Xavier Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**A. BOOKER,**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.  
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre  
Dame Street, Montreal.  
Agent for Walter Evans & Co., Sewing and Knit-  
ting Cottons, Jersey, and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's  
Woolen Goods, Glasgow, Nottingham, England. 1D-WM

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,  
Importers of East and India Produce, Mediter-  
ranean Goods, &c., &c.  
413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Mon-  
treal. 1D-WM

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
20 & 22 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.  
Orders by letter from Country Merchants not  
sent to Montreal, will receive prompt attention,  
and goods not in stock will be purchased  
and shipped at lowest market prices. 1D-WM

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL,**  
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR.  
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,**  
WINE, SPIRIT  
AND Commission Merchants,  
28 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street.  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**S. DAVIS,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
HAVANA SEGARS,  
Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal.  
Sole proprietor of the Havana White and "Cable"  
brands of Segars. 1D-WM

**J. V. MORGAN,**  
Commission Merchant,  
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French  
Goods. 1D-WM

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
British, American, and German  
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.  
44 & 46 St. Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St.,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**M. GUTMAN & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,  
36 Lemoyne Street, Montreal.  
Wine Works, 297 Piquette Lane. 1D-WM

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Three doors east of French Church. 1D-WM

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal.  
1D-WM

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL,**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS  
381, NOTRE DAME STREET,  
Rue du West, of St. Francis Xavier Street,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
IRON, STEEL AND GENERAL HARDWARE  
MERCHANTS,  
418 and 416 St. Paul Street,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

## Montreal Business Directory.

**W. A. LITTLE,**  
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,  
275, Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.  
Maps, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invitations, Engrav-  
ings, Bill of Lading, Blank Cheques, Receipts, Drafts,  
Specimens of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business  
Cards in any number of colors, Composites, Drawings,  
Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest  
notice, consistent with good work, on the most reason-  
able terms. 1D-WM

**do B. MACDONALD & Co.,**  
SACHETTES OF  
19 St. Helen Street, Montreal.  
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF  
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and  
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
English and Foreign Leather,  
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.,**  
Manufacturers and Importers of  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery,  
Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Cloaks, Can-  
dles, Woollen Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Cottons,  
Prims, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Mantles.  
478 St. Paul Street & 289 Commissioners St.,  
Auburn Woolen Mills, Peterboro, C. W. 1D-WM

**Frothingham & Workman,**  
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale  
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hard-  
ware.  
Warehouses and Offices 895 to 900, St. Paul St.,  
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools,  
and have constantly on hand a large stock of  
Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c., &c.  
May 1st. 1D-WM

**J. C. FRANK**  
Under the name, style and firm of  
**J. C. FRANK & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS in  
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c.  
25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**H. GRANT,**  
Watch and Clock Maker,  
303 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.  
Every description of Jewellery manufactured  
and sold to order at his care, under his own super-  
vision. 1D-WM

**JOSEPH KIRKUP,**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.  
No. 229 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 1D-WM

**BURROWS & Co.,**  
Commission Merchants,  
and WHOLESALE DEALERS in  
Brandies, Wines, Spirits, Tobacco, &c., &c.  
410 St. Paul St., Montreal. 1D-WM

**IVES & ALLEN,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.  
Can Saw Pumps and Pumps for BUILDINGS.  
114 & 112 Queen St., Montreal. 1D-WM

**Place d'Armes Drug Store,**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.  
THE attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested  
to call to my select stock of English Toilet Articles,  
which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.  
E. M. HILL,  
Chemist and Druggist,  
Place d'Armes, Montreal. 1D-WM

**W. C. McDONALD,**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos.  
Office—240 Notre Dame St., Wm. 1st Water St.,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**Established 1820.**  
**J. & W. HILTON,**  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,  
All kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses.  
Also Importers of Brackets, Mantels, Lamps, Clocks,  
and Upholstered Goods generally.  
No. 81, GRAY ST. JAMES STREET,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. MCGAIG,**  
Shipping and General Agent,  
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and French Streets,  
St. Catharines, Canada West.  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,**  
100 FRY STREET, MONTREAL.  
HAVE FOR SALE—  
DEAN PATENT  
Roman Cement,  
Portland Cement,  
Paving Tiles,  
Fire Bricks,  
Chimney Tiles,  
Flue Covers.

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.,**  
Produce Commission Merchants,  
11, BEAUFORT STREET, Montreal.  
LIVERIES, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain  
and the Lower Port. 1D-WM

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
IRON, STEEL AND GENERAL HARDWARE  
MERCHANTS,  
418 and 416 St. Paul Street,  
MONTREAL. 1D-WM

## Montreal Business Directory.

**F. W. HENSHAW,**  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the  
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.  
HAVING been engaged in the Ashes and  
general produce trade for the past thirteen  
years, at the above address, would be happy to  
receive consignments from Manufacturers and  
Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in this  
market, or for shipment to his friends in Lon-  
don, Liverpool, or Glasgow. 1D-WM

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.,**  
**CONSULTING ENGINEERS,**  
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of  
Machinery, Tools, and Engines, and for  
Also, every description of material and used  
for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers.  
A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel.  
**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND  
BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,**  
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Pipes, Rivets,  
square and Hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron  
Wool Felt for Rollers and Steam Pipes, Subbit  
Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low  
prices.  
**OLD PILES REBUT,** warranted as good as new for  
sale, at very low rates.  
Custom House Square, Montreal. 1D-WM

**Richelieu Company!**  
between Montreal and Quebec.  
On and after MONDAY, the 6th of May, and until fur-  
ther notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steam-  
ship will have the following schedule:  
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Lalonde, will  
leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Quebec, for  
Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at  
seven P.M. precisely, sailing on and returning at  
Seven, Three Rivers and Saint John, and will  
take their passengers on board the Ocean Steamer  
which is in time to take their passage by this route,  
as there will be a tender to take them to the steam-  
ship without extra charge.  
The Steamer RICHELIEU, Capt. R. Nadeau, will  
leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at seven  
precisely, for Quebec, and will return on Monday,  
Wednesday and Friday, at seven P.M. precisely,  
at the ports of Three Rivers and Saint John.  
This Company will not be accountable for specie or  
valuable articles left on board, having the vessel, and  
passengers are requested to be careful of their property.  
Further information may be had at the Freight Office  
on the Wharf, or at the Office, 25 Commissioner Street,  
Montreal. 1D-WM

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE**  
COMPANY.  
Established 1855.  
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED  
**THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$15,000,000  
Annual Income, \$1,000,000  
W. M. BARNES, Manager.  
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.  
ASSURANCES effected on the different sys-  
tems suggested and approved by a length-  
ened experience, so as to ensure the means of every  
person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every  
information on the subject of Life Assurance  
will be given at the Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.  
Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge,  
Medical Advisers, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lester.  
May 1st. 1D-WM

**MONTREAL**  
**OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY,**  
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for  
the Conveyance of the  
Canadian & United States Mails.  
1887—STEAMER ARRANGEMENTS—1887.  
Passengers Booked to London and Liverpool.  
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.  
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the un-  
dermentioned First-Class, Full-Powered, Clipper-  
Built, Double-Engine Iron Steamships—  
AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons. Capt. AITON.  
ST. DENIS, 2700 Tons. Capt. DENNIS.  
MORITAN, 2800 Tons. Capt. WYLLIE.  
PERUVIAN, 2800 Tons. Capt. ALLAN.  
HIBERNIAN, 2800 Tons. Capt. BROWN.  
NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2800 Tons. Capt. BROWN.  
NORTH-AMERICAN, 2700 Tons. Capt. BROWN.  
BELGIAN, 2800 Tons. Capt. BROWN.  
DANMARK, 2800 Tons. Capt. BROWN.  
(Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY,  
and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at  
Plymouth to receive on board and land Mail and Passen-  
gers) and from Ireland and Scotland.)  
And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships—  
ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons. Lt. Smith, R.N.  
ST. DENIS, 1400 Tons. Capt. Scott.  
ST. PATRICK, 1200 Tons. Capt. TROSCY.  
ST. DENIS, 1200 Tons. Capt. TROSCY.  
(Sailing between Clyde and Quebec and Montreal  
regularly intervals throughout the season of Summer  
Navigation.)  
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be  
despatched from QUEBEC as undermentioned, viz:—  
HIBERNIAN, Saturday, 20th July.  
NOVA-SCOTIAN, Saturday, 27th July.  
MORITAN, Saturday, 3rd August.  
AUSTRIAN, Saturday, 10th August.  
PERUVIAN, Saturday, 17th August.  
ST. DENIS, Saturday, 24th August.  
ST. PATRICK for Glasgow about 29th July.  
Rates of Passage from Belleville to London and  
Liverpool, per Grand Tour Railway, or Bay of Quinte  
and Royal Mail Line of Steamers to Quebec, viz:—  
CABIN, \$7 00 to \$8 00  
STEEPSIDE, according to accommodation, \$2 00  
Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paris can  
procure "Contra Assurances Tickets" on application to  
the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.  
An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.  
Berths not secured until paid for.  
For particulars, apply to  
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent,  
Canadian Pacific Office,  
Belleville. 1D-WM

## The World of Fashion.

THE GREAT BALL AT SARATOGA.  
For the benefit of our lady readers, we  
give the following from a Saratoga corres-  
pondent:—  
Perhaps the most striking beauty in the  
room was Mrs. H.-D., the wife of the drug  
store, whose stores is one of the features of  
Broadway. She wore a heavy crimson  
satin, with a low corsage, trimmed with  
round point lace. Her diamonds were very  
brilliant and very much admired.

Miss C.-o., of Syracuse, has the sort of  
face that according to Ben Johnson  
"makes simplicity a grace." She wore a  
white tulle, caught up with deep red  
roses.

Mrs. S.-h., a new made bride of Madison  
Avenue, appeared in a bright blue satin  
trimmed with pearls and a pearl headband.  
Miss M.-n., her sister, wore a drab satin,  
very elaborately trimmed with cherry-colored  
silk and corsage decolette.

The Misses L.-d., of New York and Saratoga,  
ladies on the floor, wore dark green, with  
pearl trimmings. The elder wore a  
high corsage, with long sleeves and a yoke  
of pearls. The hair was in waves, with  
natural flowers. The younger wore a  
pearl necklace, and headpiece—Cossage  
Pompadour.

Miss-a, of New York, the granddaughter  
of the great steamboat and railway specu-  
lator, looked very pretty in a white gown.  
Miss-a, of New York, wore a white gown  
with narrow, cross-colored stripes.

Miss D.-a, of Baltimore, wore a green  
satin, with a high collar, and a great  
many people esteem the belle of Saratoga.  
She wore a lace shawl over a deep blue  
satin, with a tall, noticeably long among  
long ones, with crinoline, and with a low  
corsage.

Miss O.-a, of New York, wore a bright  
green silk decolette, trimmed with guipure.  
Miss M.-a, of Baltimore, wore a pale  
green silk decolette, with elaborate trim-  
mings of black lace.

If I may hazard a generalization, I should a-  
say that tulle is coming in rather more  
more freely than heretofore, and the better  
displacing the heavier fabrics in which the  
belle have been used to get themselves up.  
Several of the stylish dresses last night  
were more freely than heretofore, and the better  
displacing the heavier fabrics in which the  
belle have been used to get themselves up.

It is a matter of wonder how young ladies  
manage not only to carry them out, but  
even to "tread the mark" without get-  
ting themselves red to fragments. I do not  
know of any one who has done so.

**Path of Safety.**  
The darkest day in any man's earthly  
career is that wherein he fancies that there  
is some easier way of gaining a dollar than  
by squarely earning it. No matter whether  
he acquires it by beggary, by theft, or any  
other means, the path of safety is the only  
one that leads to the goal of success.

demoralized who, looking at a dollar in his  
palm, says, "That came easier than I had  
earned it by honest labor." He has lost the  
true path of safety, the path of honesty, and  
must henceforth wander as chance may  
dictate. To his distorted apprehension, the  
universe has become a gambling-table, and  
life a succession of ventures on the red or  
black. His prospects of winning there-  
fore are in the long run, are miserable enough.  
I am pained to hear any one say of the  
wisest and best men living, "I pin my faith  
to him. I am sure he can never go wrong."  
My friend, you have right to repose im-  
plicit faith in God alone. Man is frail and  
weak, and he who is upright and noble  
yesterday, may prove false and unworthy  
to-morrow. Cling to truth and justice,  
though all the world would desert and  
decry them. Give your conscience voice,  
and never fear that it will mislead you.  
Others may be richer in knowledge and  
wisdom than you, but a pure and lofty  
soul has no earthly superior, and should  
recognize none. Hold fast to what you  
believe is right, and whatever clouds may  
for the moment envelop you and intercept  
the smile of heaven, never be so fabled as  
to doubt that the path of virtue is the only  
way of safety—the only way that leads to  
perfect and enduring peace.—Greely.

When a counterfeit is presented at the  
Bank of England, the gold is usually  
paid for it. It comes from some known  
person is only asked where he got it—  
If from a stranger the cashier signals to his  
detective, always in waiting, and the  
officer follows secretly. Before many years  
the bank is in possession of the stranger's  
biography. The offender once arrested, is  
likely to be tried, convicted, and sentenced  
within two days; whereas Great Britain  
is not an inviting field for that branch of  
industry.

"Numerous towns in Maine have resolved to  
exempt from taxation all money invested in  
manufacturing enterprises.

"A rumor is current in New York, with the  
appearance of credibility, that the body of a  
man found in the river a fortnight ago, with a  
bullet hole through his head, has proved to be  
that of British detective who has been shot  
by some Fenians, whose movements he was  
investigating.



## The Last Railroad Luxury.

HOTEL CARS AND BELLS OF FARE ON THE  
PULLMAN LINE.

The New York Times publishes the remarks of a lady who has tested the elegance of Chicago cars and the convenience of Pullman's traveling hotels. Says the Times:

"The 'hotel cars' that are now coming into use on our Western railroads are comfortable and much pleasure and comfort to travelers that we are astonished that they are not at once introduced upon all the lines in the country. A lady traveler from this city writes us a note about them:—

"The traveling arrangements East remind me of the Inquisition. Here (between Rochester and Chicago) we fare much better. We have the largest, finest, cleanest and most highly-finished cars I ever saw, with nice little tables between every two seats. We can have our meals served up at the time ordered in a thoroughly good style. I enclose a bill of fare." We find the bill of fare to be excellent—broiled and cold meats of all kinds, eggs, omelette, vegetables, coffee, etc., with an extensive wine list, and all at very reasonable prices. There are people in New York who do not even know of the existence of such luxurious railroad appliances as those which they have in the West."

## By the Sea Side.

George Alfred Townsend gives the following naughty sketch of life at Newport:

Here is a bathing scene that struck me yesterday: a lady dressed all in azure, even to her boots, which were of the same ethereal hue; likewise her parasol, her gloves, her little flat fancheon of a hat, and the only relief to this "uniformity" was the golden chignon of hair, that looked as if it might be the reservoir of all this azure. She had that pretty walk and stylish manner of the New York belle, and coming down the sand trippingly, she looked only more real than these French lithographs we see of superbly shapely, dead-lily beauties, pashaint, and with the clean cut feet of sea birds. This creature disappeared, and I waited, with guilty anxiety for her reappearance from the sentry box of a bathing house. Merciful Paul! what is this! A low-cut, bald-headed, bare-footed apparition, rigged out in blood-red smock and breeches, with green reins around the armpits and down the breast, and a green belt like a sea weed bisecting her like an insect. The nightmare of the auto-juggernaut straight down the beach into the sea, as if to meet the anthropophagi, and I stole to the bathing box, down by the rear side, and looked in. There hung a little skirt and jacket of azure; little azure boots with silver strings were set down conspicuously in the sand; the little hat, like a leaf, was hanging from a nail; and a ball of golden hair, as big as a pumpkin, swung freely from a beam. I could account for the diminished height of my lady now. She had been decapitated. Directly, all clasped by her wet masquerading garb, so that the roundness of youth was half come back, she entered the box. Of course I had quitted it. In five minutes an azure sylph, fit for Thetis, came daintily out upon the sand, golden ball and all. I thought Ovid or the Davenport Brothers would have a hard time to beat this metamorphosis!

## Reminiscences of Maximilian.

MEXICAN PROPENSITY TO STEAL.

On one occasion the Emperor called together his cabinet. On the table was silver inkstand. Suddenly it vanished—"Where is it?" said the Emperor. No reply. "Gentlemen," said Maximilian, "I shall now carefully close the windows and curtains of this room. In five minutes I shall open them again and must find my inkstand on the table. If it is not there I will have you all arrested." The room was darkened, and when at the expiration of five minutes the room became light, the missing article was on the table.

Another time Maximilian sat at a table which was furnished with silver knives and forks. When the meal was at an end his Majesty wrapped up the plate in a napkin with his own hands, and handed it to a German servant, to whom he said in French, "Take care that the Mexican servants do not lay fingers on these things, or I shall lose them."

A prisoner had been sentenced to be garrotted. A priest accompanied him to the scaffold, and gave to the executioner's assistant his broad-brimmed hat to hold for a moment. After the delinquent had kissed the crucifix, the priest turned toward the assistant and the hat had vanished.

A noble Mexican lady once told at court that the previous night some scamps had broken into her house, bound her, and taken what money she had. "But," said she, "they were true caballeros, since I asked them not to step on my lap dog, and they did not. Yes, there are still well bred people in Mexico."

## The Prince of Wales' Trip.

Mr. Brown's memory is very bad whenever it is convenient to forget. It was recently charged against him of the Premier that he took money not voted by the Legislature, for meeting his future in 1880, then on a visit to this country. Mr. Brown replies that he never forgot about it. But the public knows nothing of the fact that he was taken out of the Public Treasury, and that his virtuous friends, including Mr. More, who find that six members, including Mr. More, who then represented Ontario, where Mr. Brown is now trying to make his money, the other members of the cabinet, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Donald, Mr. Ross and Mr. R. V. Brown boasts of scruples and

money; these gentlemen felt scruples, without talking of their virtue, and refused the money. The difference is very notable.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.	
Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.22 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.30 A. M.
Express Freight going West. No passengers allowed on this train.	6.45 P. M.
Noon Express going East.	12.08 P. M.
Night Express going East.	12.15 A. M.
Mixed Train going East.	11.10 P. M.
Express Freight going East. No passengers allowed by this train.	9.45 P. M.
Montreal Time.	



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, AUG. 16.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday evening, a son of Jas. Ponton, Esq., while returning from school, was run over by some person, who it is said was driving at a furious rate, and had his leg fractured just below the knee. Dr. Foltz was in attendance and adjusted the fracture on the spot. We learn this morning that the little patient is progressing favorably.

VOLUNTEER FIRE.—The Fire-Brigade of the Sidney Town Hall yesterday, we understand, was a complete success. The company turned out about 50 strong, and was inspected by Brigadier Major Shaw and Lieut. Col. Brown. Other officers of the 49th Battalion and some from other Battalions, were present. We are promised an account of the demonstration by a gentleman who was present.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW for July. Contents: Ministry, and other protective Remedies; Animals; Lucius Annus Seneca; The last great Monopoly; Lyric Feuds; The Fall of Edford; James; The Religious State of the Italian Question; Contemporary Literature, running through more than thirty pages. Republished by Leonard, Scott, & Co., N. Y., at \$3.00 a year.

NO HONOR.—Lopez the betrayer of Maximilian is said to have been assassinated at Puebla. If the news is confirmed, few, if any, will lament him. The only thing which he ever made his name known, was fraud and treason. When he first betrayed his own country, the French rewarded him with the cross of the Legion of Honor, but he never trusted him. Recently his treason was the immediate cause of the capture and death of Maximilian, but great as was the gift the Mexicans received from his treacherous hand, they neither trusted nor honored him.

## Gold News.

Another discovery of gold has been made in Marmora, which affords additional evidence that the deposits of the precious metal are not confined to the Richardson mine, and confirms the opinion of Dr. Olway and other mineralogists that the Hastings District promises to turn out to be the richest gold field on this continent.

We have been just shown a certificate from Mr. Wyckoff of an assay made by him on the 14th inst. from a lot of quartz taken from lot number 9 in the 10th concession of Marmora, which yielded at the rate of \$70 to the ton. This is said to be the greatest yield yet realized outside of the Richardson mine. This mine is owned by Neil McArthur, Esq., of this town, and J. O'Brien, Esq., of Madoc; and the parties engaged in sinking the shaft. Mr. G. O. Hays and Mr. H. Munro, found on Thursday last a fine specimen of decomposed quartz, in which the gold is plainly visible to the naked eye. Mr. John Curry, of the Young & Burnham mine, crushed a quantity of quartz a few days ago obtained by him from the same mine, which produced a large show of gold. Affidavits to the foregoing facts were made before A. F. Wood, Esq., Reeve of Madoc, on the 8th inst. We congratulate Mr. McArthur on his good fortune, and hope he may make his pile out of it.

We understand that yesterday two blasts were made in the Richardson mine, which developed quartz richer than has yet been taken out of that "unexampled deposit." It was estimated by practical miners who saw the quartz, that it contained from \$5,000 to \$8,000.

## Masonic.

The annual meeting of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of Masons, of Canada, took place at Ottawa on Tuesday, at which the following officers were elected for the current year:

Most E. Comp. T. Douglas Harrington, G. Z.  
Right E. Comp. David Curtis, G. H.  
Right E. Comp. James Seymour, G. J.  
Right E. Comp. T. B. Harris, G. S. E.  
Right E. Comp. A. G. Smythe, G. S. W.  
Right E. Comp. A. T. Houel, G. P. S.  
Right E. Comp. Isaac H. Starnes, Grand Treasurer.  
Right E. Comp. J. N. Brown, Grand Registrar.  
Comp. T. Holwell, G. Janitor.

The usual annual address was delivered by the E. E. G. Z.

## The East Riding.

The canvass in the East Riding is now being prosecuted vigorously. Dr. Wilson has issued his address. Mr. Corby has called a series of meetings in different parts of the Riding. Mr. Henderson is also advocating his claims. Mr. Read has held a number of meetings during last week and this, but all we can hear from Mr. Farley is that he is travelling with Mr. Henderson and attending the meetings held by that gentleman. Mr. Read has notified Mr. Farley of the meetings to be held by himself, but as yet he has not thought proper to meet that gentleman, although at the very time he was holding his meetings at Wood and Stoco, we understand that Mr. Farley was both days in the same township, attending meetings held by Mr. Henderson. We must therefore come to the conclusion that those two gentlemen are acting in concert, and that they are trying to ride into Parliament on each other's shoulders. We fancy they will find Jordan a hard road to travel, and that before they have got half way over they will wish they had not undertaken the task.

Failing to get Mr. Farley to his meetings, and Mr. Farley not calling any himself, Mr. Read has taken another course, and last night attended Mr. Henderson's meeting at Shannville, to see and hear for himself, where we understand he found his opponent. After Mr. Henderson had spoken, Mr. Read was called upon to address the meeting, which he gladly availed himself of doing, stating his views upon the various subjects likely to engage the attention of Parliament, and explaining the position he took during the passage of the Confederation resolutions. Mr. Farley was next called upon to address the meeting, but made a miserable failure of it. He could not make any one understand the course he intended to take, nor did he even explain his views upon any one subject likely to engage the attention of Parliament. After reading some printed papers upon the Confederation resolutions, which the audience evidently was not inclined to listen to, he was very unmistakably notified by the audience that they did not wish to hear from him any longer. Respecting the contest between Mr. Read and Mr. Farley there was but one expressed opinion. The whole meeting seemed to be in favor of Mr. Read, and so much so was it felt by Mr. Henderson, that at the close he requested the meeting that in their ardor and enthusiasm for Mr. Read they would not forget him.

This is only an additional evidence of Mr. Read's popularity in all parts of the Riding. Wherever he has been the same good feeling towards him exists.

## The Maritime Provinces.

The Nova Scotia elections are expected to take place about the end of September. A block of gold weighing 605 oz., and valued at \$13,000, the product of 850 tons quartz, from the Palmerston mine, is on exhibition at Halifax.

Maritime Province papers continue to report damage and loss of life caused by the recent hurricane. The St. Stephen Courier says the schooner "Liberal," and nine hands, went down off Kent Island on the 9th.

The scene at the election in Northumberland N. B., must have been rich. The Antis forgot to demand a poll, and the sheriff, after pacing up and down a few minutes declared the Confederates elected. The Antis gnash their teeth at their own stupidity.

A correspondent writing from Halifax a few days ago, thus alludes to the commercial business of the Province: "The markets are very dull at present, but there are indications of improvement. The curing fish has been materially retarded by recent rains, but now that the aspect of the moment promises fine weather, it is probable the fishermen will endeavor to make good and remunerative progress. The flour market is very quiet, and but small quantities are changing hands. The stock on hand is large, but much of it is of different quality. The very best brands of Canada flour realize from \$3.50 to 8.00. Sour flour is sold at auction at \$5 and upwards. At present the West India trade is very dull, and there is no speculative enquiry for the products of that country."

The Intercolonial Railroad may be said to be commenced. The Hon. J. McCully, in a letter to the Halifax Journal states that it was agreed in conference at London. He says further: "It was then unanimously agreed that so far as the portions of the line lying between Truro and the European and North American Railway were concerned, no reason existed why the surveys and preliminary proceedings should not commence as soon as the Act should receive the Royal Assent, and it was arranged by all present

that this should be done. He adds: The fact that the Act of Union makes it imperative that within six months next, after it becomes law, it shall be the duty of the Government and Parliament of Canada to provide for the commencement of the work, would be ample authority of itself for the action taken."

We have heard a good deal of late of money going to Canada, but the people of Cumberland and Colchester may now rest assured that two millions of Dominion dollars, at least, before twelve months have elapsed, will have been disbursed in completing the line of Railway between Truro and the Missisquoi—a great public work with all its advantages, and they are not few, to endure to the end of time.

## Shipments of Ore.

The Cobourg Star of yesterday says:

"The following are the shipments of ore since our last: Schooner, J. L. Gros, 334 tons; schr., Paragon, 280; La Petite, 190; Victor, 453; G. M. Able, 253; C. Jeffrey,

253. There are a number now loading, and others which are waiting their turn, altogether some fifteen vessels in port, 'giving it a lively appearance.' What a lively port our harbor might have been!

What a lively, busy, prosperous city Belleville might have been! What lively times the merchants and business men of North Hastings might have had! What a rich harvest the farmers of North Hastings might have gathered in for the increased price obtained for their stock, grain and everything they produce! What a lively appearance the hills and ridges and valleys along through Marmora, Madoc, and Elzevir, might have presented had the Wall bridges not given Cobourg the chance of taking away our Railway! Then it was that through their treachery the County of Hastings lost its golden opportunity. Now Cobourg reaps the golden harvest, and we are left to chew the ruminative cud. Can it be possible that a man who has so basely betrayed the interests of his constituents, and done so much to retard the prosperity of this County, will have a chance of doing the same thing over again? Let the electors answer.

## FROM MADOC.

From our own Correspondent.

MADOC, August 15, 1887.

The election contest here is being prosecuted with a good deal of vigor by both parties to the House of Commons. Not much interest is felt with reference to the Local Legislature, although Mr. Read is pushing his canvass with a good deal of zeal. It is pretty generally understood here that it was a mistake for Mr. Read to come out at all, for though a very decent man in private life, very few give him credit for possessing any fitness for parliament. Dr. Boulter seems to take matters easy—I suppose he feels certain of success. Too much confidence has lost more than one election. The friends of both candidates for the Commons profess to be certain of a successful issue to the election—time will tell. Mr. Howell will undoubtedly get a large majority in Madoc, his friends who have canvassed the Township putting it at not less than 150, some say 170. They also speak of large majorities in Elzevir and Marmora. One thing appears to be certain that Mr. Wallbridge's style of oratory is not exciting him friends. The Hastings Chronicle of this week says, truly "that something more to the point than 'personal abuse is required by the sturdy yeomen of N. Hastings, and the candidates who know of nothing better, will be likely to remain in the obscurity of private life.' 'Secondly,' 'rascals,' 'swindlers,' and such epithets applied to a political opponent, do not go very far in convincing electors that the speaker is a gentleman, and where one loses respect, it is not far from a loss of support."

Gold matters have been and are looking up. A great many strangers are arriving daily, and a large number of sales of lands have taken place. Shafts are being sunk in all directions, and from the assays made by Mr. Wyckoff, Dr. Olway, and others, there can be no longer any doubt as to this being one of the finest mineral countries in the world.

It would be impossible to enumerate the discoveries made. The best I have heard of lately, is an assay made of quartz taken from a mine near Hazard's corner, which yielded over \$300 per ton. This is owned by a Mr. McQuarrie.

At the Moore Farm, shafts are going down with a rush. Companies are being formed, preparations for quartz mills being made, and altogether an air of earnestness pervades the locality that is quite interesting.

The Richardson Mine is being worked vigorously under the management of Mr. Harding, who reports a new discovery that throws the former ones in the shade, so far as refers to gold in the rock. This was found in an attempt at drifting, for the purpose of more room. I suppose "drifting" in that direction will be continued for a while, at least.

Mr. Wyckoff informs me that from his knowledge of mining, and from assays made here, he is satisfied that the belt of land running through Madoc village is as rich in gold and silver as any part of the country. If this is the case—and I see no reason to doubt it—you will see quartz mills in operation all

around these "alluvial" already Mr. Wyckoff, Mr. Nichol, Messrs. Jones, and Messrs. Wood & Ross are sinking shafts at short distances from the village, and Mr. F. Seymour, I am told, has also large offers for the ridge east of the Presbyterian church—to village lots of quarter of an acre, and Land Brokers, report discoveries of a number of localities near the village. The crease of money men.

We may thank the Belleville papers for giving the public information, for not a line will be accepted in the Globe or Leader.

GRANT.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

PHILADELPHIA, August 15.—The American steamship City of New York, with a large number of Emigrants from the United States on board, has arrived at Naples, where she has been placed in quarantine. The Quaker City was on her way to the Holy Land, and her detention caused much indignation among the passengers.

BERLIN, August 15, eve.—A meeting is being planned to make peace between the King of Prussia and the Emperor of Austria.

FALMOUTH, August 15.—The steamer Arago from New York on the 3rd inst., arrived here today, on her way to Havre. The Arago picked up a sea, the crew of the ship Car, of Greenock, which had been abandoned, and landed them at this port.

LONDON, August 15, midnight.—The action of the House of Lords last Tuesday night in rejecting the amendments to the Reform Bill, placed in both Houses of Parliament in complete accord at that great measure. The bill has finally passed Parliament, and having received the assent of Her Majesty, the Queen, is now the law of the land.

In the House of Commons to-night, the Regulation of the Parks Bill, a measure intended to prevent public meetings in the Royal Parks, was withdrawn by the government.

BROMPTON, August 15.—All the members of the Dominion Cabinet have tendered their resignations to Prince Charles Hohenzollern.

PARIS, August 15.—Despatches from Constantinople state that the Turkish government, after giving due consideration to the collective notes of the European Powers, has come to the conclusion that it cannot admit the intervention of the governments in the affairs of the Island of Crete, and refuses to consent to the joint enquiry proposed.

BERLIN, August 15.—The new minister of the United States to the Court of Berlin, Hon. Geo. Bancroft, though he has not yet presented his credentials to the King of Prussia, has had an informal interview with the Prime Minister, Von Bismarck, at which the conversation was of the most cordial character. Next week Mr. Bancroft will have his first interview with the King, and present his credentials as ambassador of the American Republic.

LONDON, August 15, evening.—The House of Lords have decided the appeal in the bankruptcy case of Overend, Gurney & Co., which was brought before them, in favor of the liquidator.

FRANKFORT, August 15.—Last night a disastrous fire broke out in the Domnick Roman Catholic Cathedral of this city, a structure of great antiquity, dated from the year A. D. 1425, and famous for its architectural beauty and historical associations. All the elaborate decorations of the interior were destroyed, and the walls, roof and towers so badly injured that it will probably be necessary to take the whole building down.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 15.—His Majesty the Sultan, on his return to Constantinople, received an address from the Grand Vizier, whom he left in charge of the Government during his absence. In his reply to the address, the Sultan, after reviewing his recent journey to Western Europe, said that, as the result of his observations, he is prompted to inaugurate a series of progress for the Ottoman Empire, and to propose to submit a series of measures and reforms for the benefit of his subjects.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16, noon.—The steamship City of Boston, which arrived yesterday, reports that on the 4th inst., she ran down, and sunk the schooner Silver, bound for Boston.—No lives lost.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 16, noon.—The steamer Heceta, from New York on the 3d, arrived today.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16, noon.—Cotton quiet. Uplands 10½; Orleans 11¼. Stock in port 68,000 bales, including 315,000 American.—Broadstuffs quiet and steady.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 16, 2 p. m.—The steamship Arago, from New York on the 7th, has arrived.

LONDON, Aug. 16, 2 p. m.—Bonds 73½; Erie 48; Ill. C. 75.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16, 2 p. m.—Cotton steady. Prices unchanged. Lard advanced to 86s. Sugar advanced to 129s; Cheese declined to 8s 3d.

## American Despatches.

ROCHESTER, August 15.—Prof. Langworth, while performing with the lions connected with Forepaugh's Circus, at Honeoye Falls, last evening, was attacked by a lion and badly injured. His side was crushed, his back and limbs lacerated. He will probably recover.

DETROIT, August 15.—Five thousand spectators were present to-day at the base ball tournament between the Detroit and the first team. Three games were played. The first match was between the Ann Arbor club, and the Victorians of Ingersoll, Cal., which was easily won by the latter. The second match was between the Maple Leaf Club, of Hamilton, Can-







# TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untrodden national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the liberal side of politics, arguing reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen, who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive the hearty and general approval of all those who are in favor of a liberal and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be well qualified to put the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully constructed.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, that I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I should deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,  
**JAMES BROWN.**  
Belleville, 16th July, 1868. 263-1

## To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN—Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors in your Division to allow myself to be a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but I take this opportunity of stating, as many of the electors as may time will permit. My acts during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union, the Provinces, I believed that it would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have first submitted the proposition to the people for their approval, and so voted, but the motion for such reference having been defeated, I voted for the Union Act, and shall steadily use my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that the great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will be laid upon me, which I shall endeavor to discharge with the most faithful and efficient service, and with the most steady and unflinching view of the great future, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burthens as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, satisfying myself that my long business intercourse with them will enable me to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,  
**ROBERT READ.**  
Belleville, May 23, 1868. 219

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN THE "DAILY NEWS,"  
\$40 per Annum, in advance.  
JOHN L. LLOYD,  
Printer and Publisher.

## GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.  
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian and United States.

VIA SLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 8 a.m., Cobourg 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of 6 P.M. morning train from Toronto and Montreal at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains at 10 p.m. Saturdays, 5 p.m. Connects at North Shore Ports with G.T.R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1867. 1D-1

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 10 P.M., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TANNEN, Agent, Madoc.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1867. 1D-8

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

Quebec, 6th March, 1867.  
IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

Ottawa, June 8, 1867.  
IT is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be applied to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON, 3D1-4f Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the business of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the entire expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Order of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income. This most important restriction keeps the interests of participating policy holders closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management must largely influence Profits.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

DR. GANNIFF, Medical Referee, Agent, May 1, 1868. 4D-6m.

W. WHARIN & CO., 4 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

227 Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.  
Wm. WALKER, 1200m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER, MERCHANT TAILORS, DRAPEES, &c.

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## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK, MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotelkeepers, and Families for furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns. Tables of all kinds. Chairs of every description. Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDER TAKING FRIDAY, at six o'clock, A.M., and generally, Hotel Keepers, and the Public are requested, call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4f

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS," MONMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at six o'clock, A.M., and McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY, at one o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe, and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of McIntosh, next door to Farness's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 55 & 56 Common St., Montreal. 1D-3m

## MATTLAND FISHER,

TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.  
REPRESENTS: Robinson & Beattie, Robert Zedler, Esq., J. M. Tannan, Esq.

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Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, &c.

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PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Empire. See Wm. Kennedy & Williams.

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel, MADOC, C. W. W. Kennedy & Williams, 100-101, 102-103, 104-105, 106-107, 108-109, 110-111, 112-113, 114-115, 116-117, 118-119, 120-121, 122-123, 124-125, 126-127, 128-129, 130-131, 132-133, 134-135, 136-137, 138-139, 140-141, 142-143, 144-145, 146-147, 148-149, 150-151, 152-153, 154-155, 156-157, 158-159, 160-161, 162-163, 164-165, 166-167, 168-169, 170-171, 172-173, 174-175, 176-177, 178-179, 180-181, 182-183, 184-185, 186-187, 188-189, 190-191, 192-193, 194-195, 196-197, 198-199, 200-201, 202-203, 204-205, 206-207, 208-209, 210-211, 212-213, 214-215, 216-217, 218-219, 220-221, 222-223, 224-225, 226-227, 228-229, 230-231, 232-233, 234-235, 236-237, 238-239, 240-241, 242-243, 244-245, 246-247, 248-249, 250-251, 252-253, 254-255, 256-257, 258-259, 260-261, 262-263, 264-265, 266-267, 268-269, 270-271, 272-273, 274-275, 276-277, 278-279, 280-281, 282-283, 284-285, 286-287, 288-289, 290-291, 292-293, 294-295, 296-297, 298-299, 300-301, 302-303, 304-305, 306-307, 308-309, 310-311, 312-313, 314-315, 316-317, 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## TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honor at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, regarding reform where reform was necessary, and believing that the Liberal party had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who eschewed revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, in its scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking men, and that to condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object, or reasonable motive, and would endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully conducted.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, if I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be the greatest consequence; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,  
**JAMES BROWN**

Belleville, 16th July, 1868. D63.4f

## To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors in your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but will take this first opportunity of seeing as many of the electors as my time will permit. My acts during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that it would have been more in accordance with the spirit of the Government to have first submitted the proposition to the people for their approval, and so voted, but the action for such a proceeding being taken in order that the great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will arise which I shall endeavor to discharge with the least expenditure consistent with efficiency, and shall only rely on the great liberality of the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burthens as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, but recognizing that my long business intercourse with them will enable me to legislate with such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be,  
Your most obedient servant,  
**ROBERT READ**

Belleville, 23d July, 1868. D18

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN  
MONTREAL.

THE "DAILY NEWS,"  
50 CENTS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.  
JOHN LOVELL,  
Printer and Publisher.

## GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember  
the stand,  
Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and  
repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

## THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER "CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 430, Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-  
tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,  
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival  
of 7 P. M. morning trains from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Sav-  
anna), daily, on arrival of evening Express  
Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.  
Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.  
morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. Df

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

## For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal  
hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
Returns—Leaves all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening trains  
going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.  
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN TANNER, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. D68

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which he is to be  
accordance with the price of gold as repre-  
sented by Exchange at a rate equal thereto.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
*Canada Gazette*.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and  
afford every facility to intending assurers—  
One of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-  
ment to Ten per Cent. of the Net Life  
Income. This most important restriction  
shows that the interests of participating pol-  
icy holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to this point, as the proportion  
of premium expended for Management  
must largely influence Profits  
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1868, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,  
Intelligence Office.

W. WHARIN & CO.,  
11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF  
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELKTON-PLATED  
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully  
examined and repaired.  
Wm. Wharain, 110 Queen St. W. L. Wilson.

C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPERS, &c.  
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12Dm

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.  
He would call to the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families for  
furnishing, to his present Stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

## THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

## UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stocks and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK, 1D-4f

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

## RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY  
at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.  
This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. McNamara, Belleville, at the office of  
Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 55 & 56 Queen St., Montreal. 1D-3m

## MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Stephen and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.  
Residence: Robinson & Beattie, Robert, Esq.,  
Dei, de la Ferme, 1868.

## Kirkwood, Livingston & Co., Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.

## COMMISSION MERCHANTS

St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.  
PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with  
every facility for handling provisions to ad-  
vance.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts  
authorized against shipments to our care for  
sale here or consigned to other foreign or  
British or the Lower Tropics. 28-6m

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C. B. J.  
Wholesale and Retail  
Grocers and Pro-  
vision Merchants,  
ways supply Hotel, Hotel,  
Bucks, &c., with the best  
quality of Flour, Beans,  
Sugar, Lard, Cheese, &c.,  
together with a full stock  
of Groceries. All kinds  
of Groceries, &c., &c.,  
for Montreal, Toronto &  
St. John, N. B.

## BELLEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS AND IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET

## J. M. WALKER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,  
STRAW CUTTERS,  
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,  
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,  
Iron and Steel Ploughs,  
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-1

## JOHN BULL BITTERS

A wholesome vegetable compound, for a  
remedy of the stomach, and for the relief  
of the bowels, and for the relief of the  
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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 92

## The Indian War

A HARD-FOUGHT BATTLE NEAR FORT KEARNEY—THE SAVAGES ROUTED—THE PLUM CREEK MASSACRE

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 14.—Dispatches received here from Fort Fetterman state that contractor Porter arrived here on the 18th, with intelligence that a hard-fought battle between the Indians and the army had

Early in the morning an ox-train of 80 waggons, guarded by 50 citizens and many soldiers, under the command of Major Powell and Lieut. Jump left the

thus engaged, within five miles of the fort a band of savages, supposed to number at least 250, rode up, and immediately made an attack. The whites made a desperate

resistance, but the Indians, after killing  
Lieut. Jump and others, and wounding  
two privates, succeeded in stampeding the  
cattle from the train corral. The white  
men then took position behind a breastwork

formed of waggons, boxes, ox-yokes, &c. and the savages encircled them with wild yells, continuing the fight with fiendish desperation. The whites fought the Indians for three hours, killing and wounding

a great many, who were immediately carried off the field by their comrades. The battle continued with unabated vigor until Major Smith, with two companies of United States regulars and two howitzers

came to the rescue from Fort Phil Kearney when the red men retreated, going north east, and leaving five dead bodies on the field. Major Powell reports the total loss of the savages at 60 killed outright, and

**The Assassination of Lopez.**

A correspondent says :  
Lopez was stopping at a hotel in Puebla

where his wife spurned him from her presence. Early one morning a Mexican arrived, and familiarized himself with an hostler in a livery stable adjoining the hotel. Gen. Miguel Lopez was enquired for, by

not being in, the stranger was told that the General would be at dinner. Before the dinner hour, Lopez returned, and was pointed out to the stranger, who made special note of his man. When dinner was

called, Lopez and his assassin occupied opposite seats at the table. After some minutes, during which time the stranger called for and drank a glass of wine, he deliberately rose, drew a concealed knife

and sprang upon Lopez and stabbed him nine times. The stranger then took his hat and, as he started to leave, said: "This is the way all traitors should be paid." No one interfered, or prevented the assassin.

Thus was the blood of Maximilian, Miramon, Mejia, yes, thousands of others, avenged.

The report is regarded as authentic.

### Exciting Scene at a Menagerie.

Liverpool, were purchased by Mr. Wm. Manders, and were first exhibited by that gentleman at Northampton. As the box in which the snakes had been brought over was to a certain extent unsafe, Mr. Manders

had a stout case expressly manufactured for their reception, and the poisonous reptiles were installed into their new quarters. The new case had a thick plate-glass front and top, hot water cisterns underneath, and

a small door, fastened by a spring latch, on one side. This case, in its turn, fitted in a massive oak box, in which it was placed when the snakes were not on exhibition: every possible precaution being taken to

prevent accident. Mr. Manders arrived with his menagerie at Tunbridge-wells on Friday morning last, and as soon as he had "set" the caravans he left for London, to superintend the debarkation of three giraffes, which he had purchased, and which

rares when he had purchased, and when they were then on board a steamer in Blackwall Reach. Mr. Manders was detained in London until summoned to return on Saturday, and when he did reach the menagerie again he found that the animals which he had

he was dismayed at the sight which met his eyes. It appeared that early on Saturday morning the keeper who attends the reptile department of the menagerie had put a large pan of water on the coke fire which stands in the centre of the enclosure.

so that he might be enabled to fill the cisterns with hot water. During the time the saucepan was heating, the man proceeded with his work, and at length he took the case containing the rattlesnakes out of the

box, and commenced cleaning the exterior. While he was so engaged, the spring latch of the door at the side of the case became detached, and the door dropped down. — At this moment the water in the pan boil-

ed over, and the keeper rushed to the fire to remove the pan, incautiously leaving open the door of the rattlesnake case. On his return to resume his work, he saw that one of the

largest of the snakes had escaped from the case, and was peering about, hissing in a terrible manner and shaking its fearful rattle. The man closed the open door of the case, and then warned his companions who

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a deliverer. Onward he flew, faster than the wind. Quicker than the heart of the pursuer. Looking back he saw the white man, and the engine, and the two forms bounding after him. Never again came the engine, and the two forms bounding after him. Never again came the engine, and the two forms bounding after him. Never again came the engine, and the two forms bounding after him.

# GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**BELLEVEILLE STATION.**  
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 7:30 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 10:30 A. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 6:45 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 12:05 A. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 11:10 P. M.  
Morning Express going East, 8:45 P. M.  
Evening Express going East, 7:30 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 10:30 A. M.

## Hastings Elections.

**WEST RIDING.**—Nomination at Belleville, on Saturday, the 24th of August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 25th and 26th September.  
**EAST RIDING.**—Nomination at Chatham's Mills, on Monday, the 28th August; polling days Thursday and Friday, the 31st and 1st September.  
**NORTH RIDING.**—Nomination at Madoc, on Saturday, the 31st August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 3rd and 10th September.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVEILLE, TUESDAY, AUG. 20.

**NOT DEAD.**—It is announced in the *Chronicle* that Mr. J. E. Ashley, teacher of School No. 3, Belleville, died yesterday. The statement is not true, and the friends of Mr. Ashley will be glad to know, though not out of danger, that he has much improved to-day.

**THE CHOLERA.**—The cholera is making considerable havoc in Italy. Out of 37,644 cases, there have been 18,890 deaths. In Austria, too, the scourge has committed serious ravages; 1,800 cases having occurred in one district which has a population of only 30,000.

**"THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE"** is the name of a new eight-page paper, published by E. T. Bromfield & Co., of Hamilton. It is very neatly got up, and is intended to advocate and promote the interests of the Canadian trade in all its branches, to be a means of communication between wholesale and retail houses, to express the opinions of business men, and to supply them with accurate statistical information. It is well filled with choice reading matter.

**INQUEST.**—An inquest was held yesterday evening before Coroner John P. Macdonnell on the body of an infant found on the bay shore, near Blecker's grove. The body was considerably decomposed, but the medical witnesses thought the child had been born alive. The jury said in their verdict that the child was either still-born or could have lived a few moments, and that it was placed in the position found by some person or persons unknown to the jury.

**SEVERE CALAMITY IN AUSTRALIA.**—Sydney (Australia) advices of July last are received. A most devastating calamity visited the colony. Four days of rain flooded the country, and five days of gales dashed helpless wrecks on the shore. The highest flood marks were sixty or seventy feet above the ordinary level. Hundreds of houses were swept away, thousands of live stock were destroyed, crops were ruined, and many lives were lost. One family of nine were drowned, and in another case 12 persons, families of two brothers, lost their lives.

**FATHER MURDERER HIS OWN SON.**—In Bowling Green, Ohio, on the 13th inst., an old citizen, named Hiram A. Donaldson, stabbed his son Thomas, aged 21, to the heart, killing him instantly. The wife of the murderer had left him last week, on account of cruel treatment, but returned with her son on the day of the tragedy to take away her personal property. While thus engaged the fatal affair occurred. The murderer was unmoved by his awful deed, and only said, when arrested, that he "wished Thomas the best of his luck."

**TEN MANNERS.**—The Kingston *Whig* of yesterday says: "The driver which accompanied the American tug *DeWitt*, went down to anchor in the position of the propeller *Maynet*, sank on Saturday last. The tug on a son's bottom, perfectly upright, and not deeply imbedded. While under water he visited the several decks, and entered into some of the rooms, from one of which he brought up the dinner table, and astonished the lookers on by flinging it out on to the surface. The hole which was torn in the *Maynet* he reports as not very large, and does not think there will be a very great difficulty experienced in raising her. The vessel will be raised by the insurance companies which have taken the matter in hand."

The bay and east crop of Prince Edward Island look remarkably well.

## Gold News.

We were shown yesterday the certificate of Mr. Wyckoff, dated the 2nd August, giving the result of an assay of five pounds of ore which was taken from lot 23, in the sub-concession of Madoc, owned by Geo. W. Rose, Esq. It is known as the "Gambie mine." The ore yielded a grain of gold, or at the rate of \$8 to the ton; and 2 grains of silver, equal to 68 cents per ton; producing altogether \$8.68 per ton.

Mr. J. T. Bell informs us that he yesterday visited the mines on lot 23, in the 12th concession of Hungerford. He found seven shafts going down within the space of a mile, in three of which gold has been found, at a depth of from four to fifteen feet from the surface. Mr. Bell thinks the appearances very satisfactory; the ridges evidently forming the southern slope of the great anticline on the northern slope of which the Richardson and Moore mines are situated, the summit having been torn off and carried away; and the evidences of volcanic action being more extensive and more strongly marked than in the Madoc region.

The following letter, which was received yesterday, is in the highest respect encouraging:

(COPY.)

UPPER KIDDO, August 17, 1887.  
T. S. CHANDLER, Esq., Managing Director Madoc Gold Mining Company, of Toronto:

Sir,—This is to certify that I have made a quantitative analysis of four ounces of rock taken from the Madoc Gold Mining Company of Toronto's shaft on lot 17 in the 7th concession of Madoc, and find that it contains one grain of gold and four grains of silver.

Assay of 4oz. of ore, yielding 1gr. gold, 40oz. to 100oz. 100wt. Sgr. Value per ton \$83.60

Assay of 4oz. of ore, yielding 4gr. silver, 40oz. to 600oz. 100wt. Sgr. Value per ton \$8.35

Total \$92.05 (Signed) W. E. OTWAY, M.D., do.

Mr. Edmonson, Mr. Chandler handed me the above certificate, and states that he took the rock from the shaft on lot 17, 7th con. Madoc, and that he was present and saw Dr. Otway assay the ore.

I am quite satisfied that the statement is correct. As you will observe, the yield is an extraordinary one. The Company have stocked the territory for \$20,000, which is all taken up by parties who do not wish to sell, but intend to develop. This is one of the most satisfactory assays yet made, and from Dr. Otway's standing no doubt can be thoroughly relied on.

Yours truly,  
A. F. Wood,  
Representative of Madoc.

## McGee's Revelations.

Mr. McGee's revelations are continued in yesterday's Montreal papers. The narrative is resumed with a reference to a Fenian dinner which took place at Montreal on St. Patrick's Day, 1884, in which several prominent gentlemen of that city participated. Amongst them were Mr. O'Donnell and two or three others, who were obliged to leave Montreal, and have not since returned. With respect to the extent to which the Fenian organization extended in Montreal, Mr. McGee says he has before him a return made early in 1886 to the headquarters of the F. B. No. 709 Broadway, New York, setting down the exact number of "reliable Fenians in Montreal" at 2,500. That the organization existed there in 1885 the following proof is submitted:

"In the financial circular of the Corresponding Secretary of the F. B. for September and October, 1885 (printed by O'Sullivan & McBride, 280 Pearl Street, New York, printers to the Brotherhood), there are the following entries:

Sept. 19th—Montreal, Canada, per \$80.50  
Sept. 22nd—Montreal, Canada, per \$2.75  
Oct. 6th—Montreal, Canada, per \$202.10

Or a total of \$385.35  
"Here we find, within the space of eighteen days, three remittances amounting to \$385 sent from thence to the treasury of the ruthless invaders of Canada. Who sent this money? Who subscribed it? How much more money was subscribed? How much more was sent? How much more was consumed in local expenses?"

"In the same 'Financial circular,' (I mention it here as I shall not return to it), there are the following Canadian entries:

Sept. 25th, Toronto, Canada, per \$500.00  
Oct. 10th, Quebec, Canada, per \$104.00

"And finally, embodied by impartiality:

Oct. 14th, Toronto, Canada, W. esl, per \$300.00  
"Michael Murphy, do. do. do. \$300.00

"Within three weeks indicated by the above date, the Toronto Fenians remitted \$800 to the Treasury, St. Paul, Broadway, and the Quebec Fenians sent forward as 'dues,' indicating a regular system of assessment—the sum of \$1,104.75. Assuming these 'dues' to be monthly, and at the rate of a quarter of a dollar a month, the figure would indicate the presence of 260 enrolled Fenians in Quebec; and all the other sums, which are acknowledged as 'local dues,' averaged, say a dollar a man, they would indicate the presence of 355 Fenians in Montreal and 800 in Toronto."

Mr. McGee in subsequent chapters shows what money was taken to raise funds from poor servant girls and other deluded parties by the Fenian Brotherhood, and gives extracts from speeches made by him in Montreal and other places, in condemnation of the organization.

## FROM BRIDGEWATER.

From our own Correspondent.

BRIDGEWATER, August 19.

We are jogging on here in about the same style that we were when I last wrote. Nothing of a sensational character has turned up, at least not sensational for the position which we have arrived at now, whatever it might have been six months ago. We hear occasionally of big sums being offered for little lots, which last year would have been greedily taken for large ones, and the seller congratulated himself upon having caught a "greenhorn" thus. I heard the other day that at Delong, in Hungerford, there is a mine being worked by Messrs. Vandusen and others, and there was an offer made of ten thousand dollars for five acres—a "lucky" man the owner will be, if he has one hundred acres, and can sell the whole off in five acre lots at that price. Shakespeare says "Some are born to greatness, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them." It would appear by the foregoing offer, that farmers of this section of the country would be of the latter class; any way, if they were not "born with a silver spoon in their mouths" themselves, they will be able to insert a golden one in the mouths of their progeny.

The Mechanics' Mining Company have had a sample of their quartz tested by Mr. Wyckoff. The yield is as follows: Gold \$16 to the ton, silver \$3.35 to the ton. The shareholders are of course very much pleased with this result, as they expect it will improve the deeper they go, appearances warranting them in so doing—in fact such confidence have they in the whole scheme that I don't think you would find one of them willing to sell his share.

Excellent indications have been found in the second mine sunk by Messrs. Harrison and Breeze. I was shown one piece of stone taken out four feet below the surface, containing large quantities of sulphate of silver and some gold. Specimens not near so good as this have been declared worth forty dollars to the ton. I visited this mine to-day and saw a great quantity of similar stuff piled up, which is to be crushed as soon as the crushing mill is erected, also a quantity of earth waiting to be washed, samples of which have yielded gold in paying quantities. It would interest any one acquainted with geology to visit this mine, and they would meet with courteous reception from both these gentlemen.

You have already been informed, I see, of the result of the test on John Brynes' lot. This mine is the property of the Joint Stock Mining Company, who after this will, I presume, go to work with renewed vigor, while Mr. Brynes is doing gold while digging a well. When I first heard that the news appeared to me to be of a serious character, serious inasmuch as a man can contemplate building a house, and begin digging a cellar, without before his work is half completed, being placed on the horns of a dilemma, not being able to decide whether to let the hole he has dug be the cellar he intended it to be, or convert it into a mine, and begin a cellar somewhere else with, perhaps, the same result, in fact suddenly and himself transformed into a sort of modern Croesus.

Mr. Walton is busily engaged in erecting a "sluice" close by the Carlton mine. It is to be two hundred feet long. He is going to superintend it himself, and having tested all around and found the gravel would pay for sluicing, is very sanguine of the result. From the conversations I have had with him he appears to be thoroughly acquainted with his business, indeed, the manner in which he has gone about it shows that he is a practical man, and in every instance where he has made there were "good indications," there have been shows of gold, so I think we may consider his opinions of value.

The sabbath school attached to the Methodist church here, held a Picnic on Wednesday last. The day was delightful. There must have been at least three hundred persons present, large and small; they took dinner and tea on the grounds, the refreshments, which were of the very best kind, being provided by those friendly to the movement. The children sang some songs, accompanied by a melodeon, in a manner that reflected great credit on the young lady who trained them. Various games and pastimes were delighted in, but the most interesting feature of the whole was a presentation by the teachers and children of the school, of a handsomely bound bible to Mr. J. E. Harrison, for some years the respected Librarian of the school, as a mark of their esteem upon his leaving the town.

An address was read by one of the scholars, to which Mr. Harrison responded in a brief but appropriate speech, after which the audience were addressed by the Rev. Thomas Cullen, of the Hon. Bill. The remainder of the day was devoted to festivities, and many did not leave the grounds until some time after the moon rose.

It is related that a subscriber to a country paper of long standing, who had never paid a dollar of his subscription, told the collector when called upon for his installment that he had no funds; "He only subscribed for the thing in order to encourage the undertaking."

Fifteen United States soldiers, tried by court martial and convicted of joining a Fenian procession on the occasion of the Fenian Picnic at Queen's Park, near Buffalo, on the 17th of July, were sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment in the Albany Penitentiary.

Two others were sentenced to be publicly reprimanded by their commanding officer.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 20.—Though it is difficult to obtain any reliable information from Spain, it is known that General Prim is still at the head of the insurgents. The insurrection had not been quelled. It is reported that Gen. Prim is supplied with funds by prominent bankers at Paris.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 20.—Ferdinand, the minister who accompanies the Sultan throughout his Western tour, has gone to meet the Emperor of Prussia.

SALZBURG, August 20, eve.—The private interview between the Emperor of France and Austria, and between Napoleon and Bismarck, have resulted in a good understanding, but no treaty has been made.

VIENNA, August 20, eve.—All official journals declare that the peace of Germany is now secured.

ROME, August 20.—The mission of the U. S. at the Holy See having been discontinued, the American legation in this city has been closed.

LONDON, August 20.—Lord Monck does not return to England, but will remain one year longer in Canada at the head of the new government.

LONDON, August 21, noon.—Bonds 73½; Erie 45; Others unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, August 21, noon.—Cotton quiet; sales 8,000 bales, at unchanged prices. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet and steady. Petroleum nominal; no buyers.

THE STEAMSHIP *Laurent*, from New York, arrived at Antwerp.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Despatches from Shanghai state that business is very active, and the new crop is going off rapidly.

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—The Prussian Government decrees free trade in salt.

LONDON, August 21, 2 p.m.—At the hour American securities are: Bonds 73½; U. S. 77½; Erie 45; Consols 94½.

LIVERPOOL, August 21, 2 p.m.—Cotton rather more active; sales will reach 10,000 bales. Lard 51s 6d; Cheese 50s; Bacon 43s 0d. Other articles unaltered.

## American Despatches.

CHICAGO, August 20.—A block of dwellings on Michigan Avenue were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss 30,000 dollars.

NEW ORLEANS, August 20.—There were twelve deaths from yellow fever in this city Sunday evening, and yesterday there were also two cases of cholera.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The Boston club beat the St. George Cricket club to-day by fourteen runs. The Athletic club of Philadelphia, beat the mutual base ball club of Brooklyn by two runs.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The telegraph cable between Havana and Key West is spliced and working well.

DENVER, August 21.—Sufficient returns have been received to show that the Republicans will have a majority in both branches of the Territorial Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 21.—Bishop Joseph C. Talbot of the Diocese of Indiana will leave here on the 26th inst., to attend the meeting of Bishops at Lambeth, England, in September next.

ALBANY, August 21.—Despatches state that the principal business part of the village of Plattburg was burned last night, including Platt's block, Blake's block, &c. No further particulars.

## Armstrong Triumphant.

The *N. Y. Tribune* admits the failure of the American Rodman gun and the triumph of the Armstrong. The *Tribune* says that at Shoburn, the *Tribune* says that a cable despatch informed us, on the day, that experiments performed under the direction of the British Government had shown that no iron or steel armor yet invented was capable of resisting the American 16-inch Rodman gun. We have been by fact a exactly the reverse of the statement of the telegraphic correspondent.

The Rodman gun has proved a signal failure. These experiments leave little doubt that the Rodman 15-inch, weighing 194 tons, is far inferior to the English 9 inch, which weighs only 12 tons. And it is not only in its penetrative power that we are disappointed, but its "racking" effect; which is claimed as its special merit, appears to have been greatly overrated, and not comparable to that of the English gun.

The Rodman is the heaviest ordnance made by our Government for general use on shipboard, and constitutes the armament of the formidable vessels of the Miantonomoh class. It is pretty clear that with iron shot, and at 70 yards range, it could not beat the best of the British iron-clads, and that even with steel shot (which are not part of its equipment) there are some vessels which would land there as English guns, it is said, which will do as much execution at 200 yards with steel as the Rodman can do at 100 yards with solid steel projectiles. So after all our outlay and all our experiments we are apparently as far from a solution of the question what is the best heavy ordnance as we were six years ago. The experiments at Shoburn have only taught us that—while Heaven avert—the British and American iron-clads should ever go into action against each other, we should be blown out of the water before we had knocked a single hole in our enemy's hulls.

During the hottest season, New York consumes nearly 13,000 tons of ice per week.







# TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and to the public, that he should state his political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untrodden national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the liberal side of politics, urging reform where reform was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of those political statesmen who have been governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be to thrust the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youth and vigor will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully consummated.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, that I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to consider. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence, and as public works of this kind have been commenced by the Government many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

JAMES BROWN,  
Belleville, 16th July, 1868.

## To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

GENTLEMEN: Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors of your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the County of Hastings at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, and will take the first opportunity of seeing you, and during the time I have been in Parliament before you, and from then you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that it would have been impossible to have more intelligent and patriotic people for their approval, and so voted, but the motion for such reform having been defeated, I voted for the Union Act, and shall in order that this great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will be placed upon the shoulders of the Government, and I shall endeavor to discharge with the most scrupulous care, and with the most efficient and successful results, when the duty of the Government shall be to the people.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burden as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, favoring myself that my long business experience with those who will endeavor to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,

ROBERT READ,  
Belleville, May 23, 1867.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN  
THE "DAILY NEWS,"

84.00 per Annum, in Advance.

JOHN LOVELL,  
Printer and Publisher.

## GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and repaired.

May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN," "EMPRESS,"

LEAVES BELLEVILLE 4:30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until further notice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m. Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Express Trains for the East, West, and South. Returns, leaves Port of Rochester, (Charlton), daily on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 9 p.m. Connects at North Shore Port with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1867. 1Df

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon. RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 1:40 p.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNEN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22, 1867. 1Df

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. the Finance Minister, that the following Notice be published and furnished to Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange on a rate equal thereto. Such notice to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice is hereby given that the established discount is declared to be this day 28 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
Solicitor, Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUBIN INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL . . . \$10,000,000

FIRE and LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and afford every facility to intending assureds. One of the advantages secured by those who insure with this Company is that the expenses of the Company are absolutely restricted by the fixed cost of Settlement. The most important restriction placed on the interests of participating policy holders are closely watched and carefully attended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point, as the proportion of premiums expended for Management and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

Dr. CANNIFF, *Intelligence Office, Agent.*

May 1867. 4D-6m

W. WHARIN & CO.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM-PLATED

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, carefully

Required and Warranted.

W. E. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPEES &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families residing to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bookcases, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-6m

The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

Will leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock a.m., every Monday, at TEN o'clock a.m., and at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

RETURNING,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe and the swiftest mode of transit.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. J. Mcintosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Read & Mcintosh, next door to Fanning's Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,

35 & 59 Common St., Montreal. 1D-6m

MAITLAND FISHER,

TEA and GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. Barnabas and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.

Excursions, Boatmen & Hotels, Hotel Belleville, &c., Jas. Tannan, &c.

Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Patrons—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts cashed against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 325-327-329

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of Groceries and Provisions, and for the preservation of food.

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## SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that the Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada, 36 Chapters Gold Mining Division, 1. Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 2. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 3. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 4. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 5. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 6. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 7. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 8. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 9. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 10. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 11. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 12. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 13. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 14. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 15. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 16. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 17. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 18. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 19. J. K. Gillman, Esq., Gold Mining Division, 20. J. K. 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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No. 95

2, 1891.

From London Society.

In the August number of *London Society*, published by Hurd & Houghton, we find the following:

the head of an illustrious house, whom  
all call Lord Skinflint, had given one of  
cast-off hats to a certain lackey in his  
service. Recognizing this hat a few days  
backward on the hall table, where it lay

deposited for a moment, my lord  
quired to whom it belonged, and was a  
ce reminded of his lordship's gift.  
What!" cried he "did I give you such  
ed hat as this?" The

"Pray what did you pay for it?" says my lord, "I never thought that." "A crown, my lord," answers M.

"I'll give you five shillings for it as it is," said he at length. "If your friendship pleases," answered the footman.

fact there was nothing else for him  
(.) The bargain was struck at once.  
rd Skinfint put on the hat, and, I  
ght I know, he may wear it still.  
Not long ago a cook who was out of

uation asked a lady to assist her in getting one. Before long a place was found and a consultation held on the subject. "Pray, mum," asked Mrs. Cook, "does this really have cressets?" "Water."

erred her kind patron, "but what does  
gnify!" "Excuse me, mum," interpos-  
e applicant, "I don't think I make my

understood. I mean cresses on their cressage, note paper, liv'ry, and cetera—Oh! armonial bearings, you mean? said the lady. "I really cannot tell you." "I use, m, I reely couldn't undertake

condition?" asked the lady, quietly. "Simply mum," says Mrs. Cook. "Bother!"

pt; washing put out; beer, tea, a  
nly cress." "Then, I really think, M  
allender," said the lady, smiling, "th  
u had better look out for yourself. Joh

**Lady's Opinion of a Lady's Ma**  
Mrs. Stephens, in her Monthly Magazine

Our own private opinion of the "ladan" is, that he is thoroughly contemptible.

e—a sort of the life hardly worth this  
g about—a handful of foam drift  
er the wire of life, something not al  
ther unpleasant to the fancy, but of  
rthly use. A woman of sense would

on be put to sea in a man of war man  
shingles, or take up her residence in  
rd house, as dream as attaching h  
it to a lady killer.

women with the name are seldom  
 ived into thinking a lady's man the cho  
 specimen of his sex. Whatever th  
 ignorance may be, womanly intuiti  
 ust tell them that the men who live fo

eat object, and those spirits are so firm  
it that they are able to encounter  
forms of life--men whose depth s  
warmth of feeling resemble the current  
me mighty river, and not be pebbles

surface, who, if they love, are not bitten by mere beauty of form and features—that these men are more worthy even of occupying their thoughts in idle hours.

ents, than the boys and men about to  
with whose attention they amuse them-  
selves. If we were to tell him this  
ould only laugh; he has no pride about  
him, although full of vanity; and it m

Soft and delicate, though he is, he is  
pervious to ridicule as a hod carrier, a  
regardless of honest contempt as a c

derman. Were you to hand him the article, he would take it to some society, and read it aloud in the most melodious voice as an homage to his o-

DISEASE PRODUCED BY SLEEPING TOGETHER.—During the night there is considerable exhalation from our bodies, and at times a large quantity

the time we absorb a large quantity of the vapors of the surrounding air. Two healthy young children sleeping together will mutually give and receive healthful emanations; but an old, weak person ne-

child will, in exchange for health, be weak. A sick mother near her daughter communicates sickly emanations; if the mother has a cough of long duration, the daughter will at some time

to cough and suffer by it; if the mother has pulmonary consumption, it will be ultimately communicated to her child. It is known that the bed of a consumptive is a powerful and sure source of contagion, and

all for men as women, and the more so for  
young persons. Parents and friends ought  
to oppose as much as in their power the  
mixing together of old and young persons  
the sick and of the healthy. Another

son ought to forbid every mother  
from keeping small children with them  
; notwithstanding the advice of pru-  
dence, no year passes that we do not hear  
of a mother's infanticide. A bab-

of life, health and vigor in the evening  
found dead the next morning, suffocated  
the parents or nurse.



## The Ocean Voyage of the Life-Raft "Nonpareil."

The Southampton correspondent of the *London Star* gives the following particulars of the successful voyage of the little raft *Nonpareil*.

The American life-raft *Nonpareil*, forty-three days from New York has arrived here, and is moored off the dock shore. This daring adventure has been conducted by John Miles, captain, and a crew of two, named George Miller and Jerry Malene. She is only twenty-four feet long and twelve and a half feet broad. The raft, which has two masts, consists of three cylinders, pointed at each end, united together by canvas connections, having no real deck, and is strengthened by boards slipped under strong iron neckpieces, the whole kept together by lashing. A waterproof cloth, hung over a boom, closed at each end, somewhat resembling a gipsy tent, affords sleeping accommodation, two at a time, and the third keeping watch. This is fixed on a strong tucker, in which the provisions are usually kept. The raft lay to seven times from stress of weather, and the last vessel spoken was the John Chapman, a week since, from which they were given a lift, which is still alive and well. They have arrived with thirty gallons of water to spare. The captain was poorly two days during the passage, otherwise all have been in perfect health, and the men and dog, spirits, their countenances looking healthy and bronzed by the weather. They had no chronometer on board, and sailed by dead reckoning, and corrected their position by vessels they spoke. There is a smaller raft on deck for use as a boat. The raft has kept perfectly water tight all the way, not a leak of any sort having occurred. She is equipped with an apparatus for filling the tubes with air. On the arrival of the raft, Mr. J. R. Stebbing, the President of the Chamber of Commerce, went on board, congratulated the crew on the success of their daring enterprise, and tendered them any good offices that might be required. The Captain laid on his arrival to report to the U. S. Consul, Capt. J. Britton.

**DYING OF THIRST IN AUSTRALIA.**—Strangely as say while water has been so abundant all over the country, there is one little spot where people have been dying of thirst. It is said that in the Lachlan basin country bodies and skeletons of persons who have perished from want of water are being continually found. It is also related that one man offered a pound note for half a pint of water, and having got it and swallowed it, offered £20 for a full pint, so great was his thirst. This may be an exaggeration, but still the story passes muster and is generally believed. The tract of country alluded to is the only portion of the colony where the rain has not fallen in large quantities.—*Sydney Herald*.

**IN SEARCH OF THE POLE.**—Fifty Frenchmen have announced an enterprise, the discovery of the North Pole. M. Gustave Lambert, formerly a pupil at the Polytechnic, now in the hydrographic department of the government, proposes to reach the open Polar sea and the Pole itself by a route never before attempted. The party, now fully equipped, and a subscription has been opened. As soon as 600,000 fr. are obtained the enterprise will be carried out. Among the fifty names appended are those of M. de Beaumont, Chasseloup Labat, Michel Chevalier, Broca, de L'Isle, G. Guizot, Emile de Girardin, De Quatrefages, Leonce de Laverne, Leon Say, Alfred Maury and Milne Edwards. The Emperor Napoleon has given his full approval to the project.

**A SCENE AT AUBURN PRISON.**—N. Y. A few days since, while two convicts were engaged in the shoe shop of the Auburn prison, assisting in packing goods preparatory to shipment, one of them "accidentally" happened to get nailed up in a packing case marked "90 pairs Brogan's—11s and 12s." The foreman of the shop observed the mark, and knowing that that style of work had not been manufactured recently in the prison, immediately suspected something wrong. He accordingly informed the other convicts that he might get that box aside, as it would not be shipped in about three minutes the top came off the box and out jumped the convict, he having heard the remark of the foreman. It was a close thing for him, however, as the carman had already backed up to the door to draw the goods out.

**SEEING THE SUN AT MIDNIGHT.**—In July 1855, Hon. J. H. Campbell, United States Minister to Norway, with a party of American gentlemen, went far enough north to see the sun at midnight. It was in 99 degrees north latitude, and they ascended a cliff 1,000 feet high above the Arctic Sea. The scene is thus graphically described: "It was late, but still sunlight. The Arctic Ocean stretched away from the shore at our feet; the sound of its waves swept resoundingly over our heads; in the north the huge old sun swung low along the horizon, like the slow beat of the pendulum in the tall clock in our corner of the parlor corner. We all stood silent, looking at the watches. When both hands came together at 12 midnight, the full round orb hung triumphantly above the wave—a bridge of gold running due north and south, and the sun between us and him. The light shone in silent majesty which knew no setting. We spontaneously took off our hats; no word was said. Combine, if you can, the most brilliant sunset and the most brilliant day, and the beauties will place before the eye a scene coloring now lit up by ocean, heaven and mountain. In half an hour the sun had swung up perceptibly on its beat, the colors changed to those of morning, a fresh breeze rippled over the sea, the songster after another piped up in the grove behind us.—We had slid into another day."

—For a Cough or Cold, nothing is better than Perry Davis' Pain Killer: it relieves one instantly.

## Hastings Elections.

**WEST RIDING.**—Nomination at Belleville, on Saturday, the 24th of August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 2nd and 3rd September.

**EAST RIDING.**—Nomination at Chisholm's Mills, on Monday, the 28th August; polling days, Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th September.

**NORTH RIDING.**—Nomination at Madoc, on Saturday, the 31st August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 5th and 10th September.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**BELLEVILLE STATION.**  
Morning Express going West. 8.00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West. 7.22 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West. 10.35 A. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight allowed on this train. 6.45 P. M.  
Night Express going East. 12.08 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East. 11.10 P. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight allowed by this train. 9.45 P. M.  
Montreal Time.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 23.

**EAST NORTHERLAND.**—James Cummings, Esq., has resigned the candidature for the Local Legislature for this Riding, and John Eyre, Esq., has been nominated in his stead by a Reform Convention.

**CHINA TRADING.**—There is good news for merchants. A despatch from India announces that the tea markets in China have opened at prices one-third lower than at the opening of last year.

**TROOPS FROM ENGLAND.**—The *Scots*, which is now in route with the first battalion of the 14th Regiment for Canada, will take home the second battalion of the 3rd Fusiliers, now at Levis, and the fourth battalion of the Rifle Brigade, from Montreal.

**ELECTIONS OVER.**—For St. Catharines, Hon. James R. Benson has been elected for the House of Commons, and Mr. J. C. Ryker for the Local Legislature without opposition. For West Northumberland, Hon. J. Cockburn was elected for the House of Commons, and Mr. A. Fraser for the Local Legislature by acclamation.

**INCENDIARISM.**—The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday says:—"We learn from a telegram from our special correspondent in St. John, N. B., that the incendiaries are also abroad in the sister province, Fredericton having been fired in four places in one day, but the fires in all cases being happily put out without damage."

**FIRE IN MONTREAL.**—So numerous have been the incendiary fires in Montreal lately, and so fearful are the authorities of their repetition, that the whole of the troops in garrison off duty are held in readiness to turn out at a moment's notice in case of fire in the city, one Regiment under arms and another in fatigue dress alternately.

**LONDON SOCIETY.**—The August number of this splendid magazine has been received from Messrs. Chiswell & Co. It is profusely and splendidly illustrated, and has the following interesting list of contents:—Mary Eglington's Lover; Summer on the Spanish Frontier; As Dicker in the City; Recollections of an Abbot; M. J. Phases of London Society; Beautiful Miss Johnson; Exmoor; Another word about Switzerland; Lear's Fool; Playing for High Stakes; Monsieur Rousseau's Ghost; Upstairs and Down.

**FRANCE CROPS.**—Letters from France state that the south of that empire will scarcely meet the requirements of its consumption. In the centre of France the wheat ears are light, and their quantity is not so considerable as it had been hoped and supposed to be at the moment of flowering. To the east of France merchants are concluding for contracts for wheat from Germany, and especially from Hungary. The north of France is somewhat divided in its estimates as to its crops. The French provincial markets have given this week one franc to two francs per quintal at Marville; there have been large transactions at an advance of two francs; an upward movement has also been observed at Bordeaux, Nantes, Havre and Dunkirk.

**VOLUNTEERS OF GREAT BRITAIN.**—The *London Morning Star* says, that notwithstanding the reports which have from time to time appeared in the letters of correspondents of American newspapers, the Volunteer force of the United Kingdom is steadily increasing in numbers and efficiency, numbering at the present time nearly 100,000 men. The increase in rifle infantry volunteers since 1860 has been upwards of 40,000 men; the artillery in the same time has grown from 16,000 to 24,000, and the Engineers from 600 to 5,000. There was a decrease of 3,400 men in 1862, but with the exception of that year the force has continued to grow up to the present time, and is in fact becoming more powerful.

—Lawyer Bradley of Washington says his note to Judge Fisher was not intended as a challenge, but only an invitation to a quiet nook in the country where they could have a friendly meeting and talk over their differences without interruption.

## The North Riding.

The attention of the reader is directed to the letter of B. B. Beddome, Esq., which will be found in another column. Mr. Beddome was Chairman of the celebrated Marmora meeting, and as Mr. Wallbridge has chosen to deny that he acted in the manner represented in the report of that meeting published by us, and as several of his friends cannot possibly make up their minds that he did make such a sorry exhibition of himself, Mr. Beddome's testimony will set that point at rest. Of course it is very difficult to believe that any sane man would use the language that he used, or would conduct himself in such an ungentlemanly manner; and however much we may regret that men occupying the position of Mr. Wallbridge would so disgrace themselves and their constituents, still we must accept it with the best grace possible, and take proper steps to avert the chance of another such calamity.

It is gratifying to know that the best men of all classes and creeds in the North Riding are becoming alive to the important issues involved in the contest, and are using every legitimate means to wipe out the disgrace which has attached to that constituency by having such a man as its representative—a man who betrayed his warmest friends, and "destroyed the fairest prospects that have ever been offered to any County in Canada." It is gratifying to know that local and sectional and party differences are being laid aside, and that the farmer, the merchant, the laborer and manufacturer, begin to realize what they have lost, by having Mr. Wallbridge as their representative. It is gratifying to know that they comprehend to the fullest extent the incalculable and irreparable loss which the whole County has sustained by Mr. Wallbridge's conduct, and the people are determined not to put it in his power to betray them a second time.

From all parts of the Riding we continue to receive the most encouraging reports in favor of Mr. Bowell, and we cannot apprehend that there is the slightest chance of Mr. Wallbridge being elected. The assurance of support Mr. Bowell has himself received during his canvass has been of such a character as to guarantee his election by a large majority. But as we remarked the other day, it does not do to despise an opponent, however unpopular he may be, we therefore urge every friend of Mr. Bowell, upon every friend of the County, to do all he can to secure his election.

Help all you can to counteract the misrepresentations and falsehoods which Mr. Wallbridge is circulating respecting his parliamentary career. Help to spread wide and near the facts about the Railway and other matters, for it is only in plain unvarnished facts we deal. You who know the facts explain them to your neighbor who does not know them, and we have no fear of the result. If every section of the Township is not already organized and canvassed, complete the organization and canvass as soon as possible, and have every voter ready to be at the polls on the morning of the first day of the election. If this is done Mr. Bowell will carry the Riding by a sweeping majority. In the face of Mr. Wallbridge's record, it is surprising that he obtains the support of any one having a property interest in the Riding—it will be still more surprising if he obtains even a small minority of the votes.

## Another Move.

The New York *World* of the 9th inst., says that the Fenians are about to make another move. The O'Mahony party are to have a congress in that city to-day, and efforts are to be made to fuse the discordant elements and bring about an amicable adjustment of all the differences that have caused division. This Congress has no easy work before it.

General Spier of Limerick notoriety has gone to the southwest to confer, it is said with certain eminent leaders of the "Knights of the Golden Circle," who have avowed their readiness to join in a raid against Canada in the fall. The Fenian purse must be in a state of collapse when it requires the issue of such exhortations to "keep things swimming."

It would appear from the following from the *Dublin Express* that the British Government must have received some intelligence from Canada with regard to a threatened Fenian invasion. The *Express* says: "A telegram was received in town on Wednesday, ordering the 69th regiment, now stationed at Dublin, to be prepared to embark at Kingston on the 30th, for Canada, to meet a threatened invasion by the Fenians. Two other regiments now in England have also been ordered to hold themselves in readiness. We understand that Lord Strathairn, who is at present in London, and was about to return to Ireland, has been detained in consequence of

the receipt of the intelligence from Canada."

## The Famine in India.

The official reports on the awful famine in India, which has now lasted a year, and at latest accounts was increasing, tell a truly heart-rending story. The disaster has affected a population of 50,000,000, and the deaths have been as many as 1,500,000. Certain districts, however, have suffered far more severely than others, and in the Province of Orissa at least one-fourth of the inhabitants have been swept away. The crowning horror of hunger has not been wanting. Starving wretches have turned cannibals and eaten their own children. A missionary of Ballasore records a case of a mother and son who were found devouring a dead child. A Hindoo is mentioned who, having found the body of an infant in the river, cooked and ate it. Last year the Government and private charity expended \$2,000,000, and this year it is expected that a Government subsidy of at least \$2,500,000 will be required.

## For The Intelligencer.

### North Riding Election.

MARMORA, August 20.  
As Chairman of the great political meeting which was held here a week ago, and a report of which has appeared in your daily and weekly paper, I trust you will allow me a few remarks by way of explanation.

The meeting was conducted in a quiet, orderly and satisfactory manner until Mr. T. C. Wallbridge made his appearance on the platform, and indulged himself in a style of abuse and vituperation against his opponents and all who in any manner supported or sympathized with them, that was altogether unprecedented and extraordinary. Mr. Bowell, Dr. Boulter, Mr. Flint, Mr. Neilson, and every body else (except himself and brothers) were "scoundrels," "scamps," "traitors," "rogues," "liars," "swindlers," or "jobbers," &c., &c. The great Wallbridge family, he told us, held ten times more property in the County than any other, and therefore he thought they had the best right to represent the whole County, North and South. Any interference with their vested rights and interests he resented to the utmost, not only with his tongue, but with a fury of gesticulation, as if he were resolved to annihilate all his adversaries at every blow, or every assertion which he made respecting them. All this was too much for the other candidates, and they paid him off pretty liberally in his own coin, and there was considerable uproar and confusion on the part of the people present as the natural consequence of such proceedings.

The business of a Chairman, on such occasions, is to maintain order, and to secure a fair and impartial hearing to each person. Mr. Wallbridge, by the violence and impropriety of his language and manner, made it almost impossible for the Chairman to interfere in his behalf, as any person who even asked him a question or wished for some explanation, was treated in a similar manner. The only way was to allow each party to make his speech, to hear the reply of his opponent, to give to each full opportunity of defending himself or of vindicating his own cause, and then to close the meeting. This was afforded them to the utmost, as the meeting was protracted from 8 1/2 to 11 1/2 o'clock in the evening.

I have no personal ill-feeling whatever against Mr. Wallbridge, and I am a Reformer at heart in politics as much as he is; but really if he wishes to lose his own election he is pursuing the right way of doing so. People will not be trampled upon, or ridden over rough-shod in this manner, and the contest now is not a party contest; it is a personal contest, for the old party lines have disappeared. We are all Liberal Conservatives now, or Conservative Liberals. I do not believe that the Wallbridge family possess ten times more wealth and ten times more political and social importance than any other family, and even if they did, it is certainly in very bad taste to be blowing their own trumpet in such a manner. It is not very gentlemanly to be acting in this manner, especially after visiting "all the Capitals of Europe," with a view of studying politics and politeness, arts and sciences, law and literature. Political and military ambition have now seized upon the mind of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge, and have fired his brain to that degree that he is unconscious of the rights or interests of others, especially when they stand in his own way. His conduct in Parliament for the last four years was very briefly reviewed at the Marmora meeting, especially with regard to the Railway Bill and on the weary question. On the Railway Bill of Mr. Flint he has made the following assertions:

- 1st. That he did not drop, defeat or burke it at all.
- 2nd. That he gave Mr. Flint notice of his intention to do so.
- 3rd. That it would have been useless to pass the Bill during that session of Parliament.
- 4th. That he intended to introduce and pass a Railway Bill of his own, and find the whole of the money for it in ten days.
- 5th. That he defeated Mr. Flint's Bill in order to save the County from taxation for Railway purposes.

All these assertions or positions have been taken up in turn for the last two years, and it is so certain that owing to this course of conduct on the part of our representative, we have lost the railway, for ever, with all its advantages. The Cobourg & Marmora Railway is now in full operation in consequence of this wilful and guilty neglect on the part of our representative.

On the weary question, Mr. Wallbridge prevaricated and refused to give a satisfactory reply as to why he was absent from the third reading of the Bill for limiting the rate of interest to 6 per cent.

But even passing over these questions, the question now for us to consider is, Has Mr. Wallbridge's general conduct, speeches, or influence, generally in the House of Parliament, been such as to entitle him to our support for the future? This is the question, apart from all clamor and noise, and apart from all the dust which has been blown into our eyes, and the wool which has been pulled over them. I wish very much that I could answer the question in the affirmative.

But whoever we support, let us avoid this wretched and miserable party spirit, which has been killing all the best interests of this great country for the last thirty years, while parties and persons have been abusing each other, and railing at each other in Parliament and out of it. The country has been drifting to ruin politically speaking, and all good and useful measures indefinitely delayed. We have been paying our legislators, in fact, for doing us all the injury that was in their power. They have been playing the political fiddle to us, and we have danced to the diabolical music, and have paid the piper also. We have had mountbaiters and pretenders enough in Parliament, just because they had no purses or great impudence, but let us now endeavor to throw them overboard, or leave them at least for the future, and let us make them give place, if possible, to honest men.

I supported Lewis Wallbridge at Belleville in 1856 in his contest with the late B. F. Davy in the southern division. Mr. W. Wallbridge was more talented than his opponent, and his profession as barrister fitted him for Parliamentary life, and I have tendered a quiet and humble support to the Wallbridge over since whenever I have had the opportunity, because they professed liberal principles, and promised (so far as they were concerned) equal and just laws to the whole community. But I have found that Conservatives and Reformers made great professions as to their own honesty and patriotism, but were full of selfishness, pride, and worldly ambition, which they went to Parliament to satisfy or gratify. In conclusion, I wish to say concerning Mr. Campbell Wallbridge, that I do not think he is actuated by spite or malice in allowing these various assertions or in showing these fiery arrows at his opponents, but he seems to think he can overwhelm them with confusion by his denunciations, and come in and secure his election; and then he seems really to have a fixed idea, that the County of Hastings is ruled in, or ought to be so, as the political cabbage garden of the Wallbridge family and when he comes to the polls at every election, and finds other people attempting to do the same, he is forthwith enraged, that the cabbage garden is turned into a bear garden on every party occasion. There is also a tradition that the Belleville fish market was immediately adjoining a large white frame house at the corner of the Kingston road, and the house was indeed there, and brought up in that house must have heard the vocabulary of the fish women there, and may have adopted it, without, in fact, being guilty of it. Indeed, the election may terminate, and I feel anxious to make all possible excuses for our late representative, and palliate his conduct at the Marmora meeting as much as possible.

Yours truly,

BENJAMIN BEDDOME.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 21, evening.—Parliament was prorogued to-day. The Queen was not present, and the Speech from the Throne was read by the Royal Commissioner. The Queen declares that there is no longer any ground for the apprehension of war. The treaty concluded in Ireland has proved futile, and the attempt at revolt has been suppressed almost without bloodshed by the valor of the troops, and vigilance and activity of the police, and the general loyalty of the people. The law has been vindicated without the sacrifice of human life. The speech refers with satisfaction to the new Postal Treaty made by Her Majesty's Government with the United States of America, and in conclusion congratulates the Parliament and this country on the completion of the Canadian Union, the passage of the Reform Bill, and the adoption of other measures beneficial to the United Kingdom.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—It is to-day reported from Madrid that the revolt in Castile by Her Majesty's Government with the United States of America, and in conclusion congratulates the Parliament and this country on the completion of the Canadian Union, the passage of the Reform Bill, and the adoption of other measures beneficial to the United Kingdom.

FLORENCE, August 21.—The prorogation of the Italian Parliament took place to-day. Garibaldi has again been obliged to defer the movement on Rome, and the preparation which was being made by the party of action is suspended.

LIVERPOOL, August 21.—The important suit of the West India and Pacific Steamship Company vs. Williams & Gules, just tried in the Liverpool Court of Assizes, has resulted in a judgment for the plaintiffs. Damages, £210,000 sterling. The suit grew out of the collision between the ship *Arcturion*, of Liverpool, and the *Queen Victoria*, of London, on the 2nd of April, 1861, in which the steamship "European" was destroyed.

PARIS, August 21, evening.—The semi-official press of this city declares that the conference of the Emperors at Salzburg indicates a long term of peace for Europe. Another gathering of European Sovereigns is expected to take place here. It is reported that their Majesties Queen Victoria of England and the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria will meet Napoleon at Paris in October.

LONDON, August 21, evening.—A despatch from Constantinople states that the Sultan has resolved to form a new Council, composed of equal numbers of Greek and Turkish members.

LONDON, August 21, evening.—The races at York took place to-day, and were well attended. The principal race was for the *St. Leger Stakes*, which were won by "Jue."

LONDON, August 22, noon.—Consols 94 1/2; Bonds 79 1/2; Erie 45; I. C. 77 1/2.



## India &amp; China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.  
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.  
Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb., Finest procurable, \$1.00.  
Protected by Trade Mark.Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.  
ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.  
August 16th, 1887. 100-ly w27-ly

## ALBERT COLLEGE

Belleville Ladies' College!  
WILL RE-OPEN  
THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,  
AT 2 P. M.Steward waiting for Boarding Hall.  
For Terms apply to  
A. CARMAN,  
Belleville, August 2, 1887. D78-4w

## ALLSOP'S ALE.

Guinness' Stout,  
Blood's Porter!!  
IMPORTED AND FOR SALE AT  
100-ly w27-ly

Geo. C. Holton &amp; Co.

DRY GOODS

AND  
GROCERIES.

100-ly w27-ly

Geo. Ritchie &amp; Co.,

HAVE OPENED OUT IN  
E. Holden's New Store,  
FRONT STREET,  
DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE  
BANK OF MONTREAL.  
June 22, 1887. 1D-6m

J. &amp; W. Sutherland.

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment  
of SPRING DRY GOODS.  
Special bargains will be offered in  
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,  
HATS & PARASOLS.  
A large stock of  
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS  
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price.  
Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6mConverse, Colson & Lamb,  
Commission Merchants,  
CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.  
MONTREAL.  
Bennett's Wharf, HalifaxTHE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA,  
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Lower Provinces Free of Duty.CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.  
July 20. p67-1mJUST RECEIVED.  
WATERPROOF COATINGS,  
SUMMER VESTINGS  
AND  
VELVETEENS.  
P. D. CONGER.  
June 17. 1D-6m

BOTTLED FRUITS.

CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
Cherries, Green Plums,  
Prunes, Red Plums,  
Black Currants,  
Red do.,  
Black Currant Jelly,  
Black Currant Jam,  
Choice Fresh Figs.  
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.  
June 23. 1D-6m

300 LINEN COATS

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M. LAFERTE'S,  
FROM  
\$125 upwards.  
June 12, 1887. p67-1mIMMENSE REDUCTIONS  
IN  
CLOTHING  
AND  
BOOTS & SHOES  
AT  
J. MUIR & CO'S.  
EMPORIUM.  
LINEN & ALPACA  
COATS  
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AT \$10.00.  
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MINERS TOOLS.  
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FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE  
May 3. 3D-6m

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May 3. 3D-6m

J. &amp; W. Sutherland.

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment  
of SPRING DRY GOODS.  
Special bargains will be offered in  
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,  
HATS & PARASOLS.  
A large stock of  
NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS  
will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual  
price.  
Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6mConverse, Colson & Lamb,  
Commission Merchants,  
CORNER HOSPITAL & ST. JOHN STS.  
MONTREAL.  
Bennett's Wharf, HalifaxTHE MANUFACTURES OF CANADA,  
when accompanied by the proper official cer-  
tificates of their being such, are now ad-  
mitted into the  
Lower Provinces Free of Duty.CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.  
July 20. p67-1mJUST RECEIVED.  
WATERPROOF COATINGS,  
SUMMER VESTINGS  
AND  
VELVETEENS.  
P. D. CONGER.  
June 17. 1D-6m

BOTTLED FRUITS.

CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED  
Cherries, Green Plums,  
Prunes, Red Plums,  
Black Currants,  
Red do.,  
Black Currant Jelly,  
Black Currant Jam,  
Choice Fresh Figs.  
R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.  
June 23. 1D-6m

300 LINEN COATS

JUST RECEIVED.  
M. LAFERTE'S,  
FROM  
\$125 upwards.  
June 12, 1887. p67-1mIMMENSE REDUCTIONS  
IN  
CLOTHING  
AND  
BOOTS & SHOES  
AT  
J. MUIR & CO'S.  
EMPORIUM.  
LINEN & ALPACA  
COATS  
AT COST.  
FASHIONABLE  
BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS  
AT \$10.00.  
BOOTS & SHOES  
In the same proportion.

Why Not Use the Best?

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED  
Blackberry Cordial!THE most effective remedy yet discovered  
for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea,  
Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the  
Bowels, &c. &c.  
This new and justly celebrated preparation  
is highly recommended by medical men,  
and has been used with the greatest success  
in the military hospitals of the United States  
during the last three years.  
Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY  
CORDIAL, and take no other.  
Prepared in Canada, from the original re-  
ceipt, only at  
APOTHECARIES HALL,  
Aug. 12, 1887. T. WILLS & Co.  
10-6mJ. C. FRANK & Co.,  
IMPORTERS,  
Wholesale Dealers in  
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.25 Hospital St., - - - MONTREAL.  
OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL  
ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines,  
at as LOW figures and  
ON AS GOOD TERMS  
as any house in the City, and solicit the  
patronage of their old friends and the Trade  
generally.  
July 27, 1887. J. C. FRANK & Co.  
744.JAMES GLASS,  
General Hardware Merchant.  
MINERS TOOLS.  
BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,  
&c. &c.  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE  
May 3. 3D-6m

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Prunes, Red Plums,  
Black Currants,  
Red do.,  
Black Currant Jelly,  
Black



# TO THE ELECTORS OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

**GENTLEMEN:** When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as it were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxima and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equalled revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be to fetter and enslave the future of the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to understand the machine in good working order as those by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully consummated.

While saying this, however, I do not wish to be understood, if I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should their policy and administration, in my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legislating the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of our representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence, and as public opinion was generally in favor of it, many years ago for the completion of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every nation's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,  
**JAMES BROWN.**  
Belleville, 16th July, 1866. 10631

## To the Electors of the Eastern Division of the County of Hastings.

**GENTLEMEN:** Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors in your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but will take the first opportunity of seeing as many of the electors as my time will permit. My aim during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the future.

In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have the Dominion in opposition to the people for their approval, and so voted, but the motion for such reference having been defeated, I voted for the Union, and shall steadily use my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that the great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will be laid upon me, and I shall endeavor to discharge with efficiency, and keep steadily in view the great future before me, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burdens as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, flattering myself that my long business acquaintance with the tariff will enable me to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be,  
Your obedient servant,  
**ROBERT READ.**  
Belleville, 23d July, 1866. 10632

## THE "DAILY NEWS,"

Printed and Published by  
**JOHN LLOYD.**  
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 10630

## GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

### Felt & Silk Hats,

Kept always on hand. Also, a great variety of

### CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember the stand.

Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for Raw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and repaired.

May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and vicinity to New York, Boston, &c., from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c., and between the Canadian Gold Fields and the United States.

THE SPLENDID STEAMER

### "CORINTHIAN."

Leaves Brighton 4.30, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, until morning Express Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Charlotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Point with G. T. R. morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and at Brighton and Colborne with morning Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT.

July 22nd, 1867. 10633

## MURRAY FOR

### COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

### For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the principal Hotels in Belleville every morning (Sundays excepted), at half past 7 o'clock, arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leaves all the principal Hotels in Madoc at 10 a.m., arriving in Belleville in time to connect with the evening trains going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON,

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNERY, Agent, Madoc.

P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on this route will be promptly attended to. All parcels unless booked and paid for will be at the risk of the owner.

July 22d, 1867. 10634

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS OFFICE, QUEBEC, 9th March, 1868.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS OFFICE, OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IT is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,

Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEBEN

### INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000

### FIRE AND LIFE.

### LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is founded contain all the elements required to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and afford every facility to intending assured.

One of the advantages secured by those who insure their lives with this Company is that the outside expenditure for Management is absolutely restricted by the Dict of Settlement to Ten per Cent of the Net Life Income.

This most important restriction shows that the interests of participating policyholders are closely watched and carefully tended to by the Company. Attention is especially called to this point as the proportion of premium expended for Management is most largely influenced by Profits and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in 1868, and all those who wish to participate in the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL,

Dr. CANNIFF, Intelligence Office.

May, 1867. 1D-6m

## W. WHARIN & Co.,

DRUM STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully repaired and made to order.

W. WHARIN, 12Dm

C. & W. WALKER,

DRAPELERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 10Dm

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENICK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture, the Upper Ridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families furnishing to his present Stock, which is the largest, most varied, and best ever shown in Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as low as any establishment in Canada.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables of all kinds, Chairs of every description, Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING

all the branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public generally, are requested to call and examine Stock and Prices, before they make their purchases.

LOUIS ROENICK, 1Dm

Belleville, April, 1867.

The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and Melancton's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, calling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.

Returning,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY, at ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon, and every accommodation for passengers, who will find her safe and the swiftest and most comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to Capt. J. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fenning's Hotel.

G. C. McFALL, 11D-3m

55 de 600 COMM. HJ, Montreal.

May 14.

## MAITLAND FISHER,

### TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of 5th Street and St. Nicholas Street, Montreal.

Representatives: Robinson & Beattie, Robert Edmonds, Esq., J. J. Farnham, Esq., 21Dm

Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.,

Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

PREMISES—Large, cool, dry and central, with every facility for handling provisions to advantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts authorized against shipments to our care for sale here or consigned to our friends in Great Britain or the Lower Provinces. 38m-6m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel, MADOC, O. W.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Grocers and Provision Merchants, can always supply Minors, Grocers, and Shopkeepers, with the best quality of all Port, Home, French, and Foreign Wines, together with a full assortment of groceries, and all kinds of delicacies, and also, Wholesale Agents for the various Brands of Canned Goods, &c., Toronto.

Belleville

## AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND

### IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-6m

JOHN BULL

BITTER

FOR SALE

FOR SALE

FOR SALE

FOR SALE

FOR SALE

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## SYNOPSIS

### GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

### Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: 1. Chaudiere Gold Mining Division, 2. Richard River, 3. Gold Mining Division, 4. St. Francis, 5. St. Lawrence, 6. St. John, 7. St. Pierre, 8. St. Vincent, 9. St. James, 10. St. George, 11. St. Patrick, 12. St. Andrew, 13. St. John, 14. St. Peter, 15. St. Paul, 16. St. James, 17. St. George, 18. St. Patrick, 19. St. Andrew, 20. St. John, 21. St. Peter, 22. St. Paul, 23. St. James, 24. St. George, 25. St. Patrick, 26. St. Andrew, 27. St. John, 28. St. Peter, 29. St. Paul, 30. St. James, 31. St. George, 32. St. Patrick, 33. St. Andrew, 34. St. John, 35. St. Peter, 36. St. Paul, 37. St. James, 38. St. George, 39. St. Patrick, 40. St. Andrew, 41. St. John, 42. St. Peter, 43. St. Paul, 44. St. James, 45. St. George, 46. St. Patrick, 47. St. Andrew, 48. St. John, 49. St. Peter, 50. St. Paul, 51. St. James, 52. St. George, 53. St. Patrick, 54. St. Andrew, 55. St. John, 56. St. Peter, 57. St. Paul, 58. St. James, 59. St. George, 60. St. Patrick, 61. 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St. Andrew, 125. St. John, 126. St. Peter, 127. St. Paul, 128. St. James, 129. St. George, 130. St. Patrick, 131. St. Andrew, 132. St. John, 133. St. Peter, 134. St. Paul, 135. St. James, 136. St. George, 137. St. Patrick, 138. St. Andrew, 139. St. John, 140. St. Peter, 141. St. Paul, 142. St. James, 143. St. George, 144. St. Patrick, 145. St. Andrew, 146. St. John, 147. St. Peter, 148. St. Paul, 149. St. James, 150. St. George, 151. St. Patrick, 152. St. Andrew, 153. St. John, 154. St. Peter, 155. St. Paul, 156. St. James, 157. St. George, 158. St. Patrick, 159. St. Andrew, 160. St. John, 161. St. Peter, 162. St. Paul, 163. St. James, 164. St. George, 165. St. Patrick, 166. St. Andrew, 167. St. John, 168. St. Peter, 169. St. Paul, 170. St. James, 171. St. George, 172. St. Patrick, 173. St. Andrew, 174. St. John, 175. St. Peter, 176. St. Paul, 177. St. James, 178. St. George, 179. St. Patrick, 180. St. Andrew, 181. St. John, 182. St. Peter, 183. St. Paul, 184. St. James, 185. 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St. John, 308. St. Peter, 309. St. Paul, 310. St. James, 311. St. George, 312. St. Patrick, 313. St. Andrew, 314. St. John, 315. St. Peter, 316. St. Paul, 317. St. James, 318. St. George, 319. St. Patrick, 320. St. Andrew, 321. St. John, 322. St. Peter, 323. St. Paul, 324. St. James, 325. St. George, 326. St. Patrick, 327. St. Andrew, 328. St. John







## West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of  
MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN  
**Neilson's Hall,**  
**THIS FRIDAY EVENING,**  
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.  
JOHN SUTHERLAND,  
Chairman.  
Belleville, Aug. 22, 1867.

## Hastings Elections.

**West Riding.**—Nomination at Belleville, on Saturday, the 24th of August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 25th and 26th September.

**East Riding.**—Nomination at Chabon's Mills, on Monday, the 26th August; polling days, Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th September.

**North Riding.**—Nomination at Madoc, on Saturday, the 24th August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 5th and 6th September.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**BELLEVILLE STATION.**

Morning Express going West.	8.00 A. M.
Evening Express going West.	7.20 P. M.
Mixed Train going West.	10.35 A. M.
Merchants' Express going West.	10.35 A. M.
Express going West.	6.45 P. M.
Express going East.	12.05 P. M.
Mixed Train going East.	12.15 P. M.
Merchants' Express going East.	11.10 P. M.
Express going East.	9.45 P. M.

Montreal Time.

## Daily Intelligence.

BELLEVILLE, FRIDAY, AUG. 23.

## West Riding Nomination.

The nomination for the West Riding of Hastings takes place to-morrow at the Court House, Belleville, at 1 o'clock. Though there is no show of hands required by the new law, it is just as well that the friends of Messrs. Brown and Graham turn out in large force, so that they may hear what all the candidates have to say. A formal show of hands, no doubt, will be taken, and there ought to be enough on the ground to make, at least, two to one in favor of Messrs. Brown and Graham.

**A NEW DAILY.**—The *Welland Telegraph* comes to us as a daily. It is a set, well put up sheet, and must do good service to the Union cause during the present contest.

**JAMAICA.**—From Kingston, Jamaica, advices to the 29th of July are received. A negro riot broke out at Bushy Park, and a serious fight ensued, but ended in the capture of the leaders. Yellow fever had disappeared.

**HAYTI AND ST. DOMINGO.**—News of a late date from Hayti and St. Domingo is to the effect that friendly relations between the two countries were about being established. The Haytian Commissioners arrived in St. Domingo on the 14th, for the purpose of instituting the treaty of peace and amity. They were welcomed by General Cabral, who heartily seconded their efforts in that direction, and expressed his opinion that the Dominican people were anxious for a satisfactory accomplishment of their mission.

**HAVANA.**—The *Montreal Gazette* says: We have received Havana correspondence to the 11th instant. The financial crisis continued without abatement. The masses were becoming destitute, and all trade was paralyzed. The sugar prospects were promising, but the crops have been irreparably injured by heavy rains. After the 15th instant the entries of goods on the manifests of vessels must be made out strictly in accordance with the new system, under penalty of sixteen per cent on the amount of the invoice. The sugar market was quiet. Exchange was firm, United States currency quoted at twenty-four cent. *La Prensa* attributes the troubles in Porto Rico to the non-importation of slaves for the last twenty years, and the bad influence engendered by free trade principles.

**EATING UNRIPE FRUIT.**—There has not been much sickness as yet incident to the season of the year. This, however, is the season when parents should exercise the greatest care in regard to their children's diet. While good, sound, ripe fruit in moderate use is wholesome and commendable, the eating of unripe, and unsound fruit, a habit to which children of all ages are very prone, can do no vigorously guard against. The masses were becoming destitute, and all trade was paralyzed. The sugar prospects were promising, but the crops have been irreparably injured by heavy rains. After the 15th instant the entries of goods on the manifests of vessels must be made out strictly in accordance with the new system, under penalty of sixteen per cent on the amount of the invoice. The sugar market was quiet. Exchange was firm, United States currency quoted at twenty-four cent. *La Prensa* attributes the troubles in Porto Rico to the non-importation of slaves for the last twenty years, and the bad influence engendered by free trade principles.

—Late Denver papers report that Forts Reno and Phil Kearney are in a state of siege, and all parties leaving them are immediately chased back.

## McGee's Revelations.

Mr. McGee closes his narrative about the attempts to establish Fenianism in Montreal in yesterday's papers. The scene opens in the winter of 1865-66, at which time preparations were being made for a raid on or about St. Patrick's day, 1866. As a paper relating to that period the following secret circular is given:

(SECRET CIRCULAR.)  
Council Chamber, Headquarters F. B.  
32 East 17th-street, New York, March 21, 1866.  
Brethren: All men of the first class prepare at once to receive orders.  
Let all others send every available dollar, and all available war material, at the earliest moment, to these headquarters.  
Direct, everything to John O'Mahony.  
In the presence of God and our Fatherland, we pledge you to strike! Should we fail to redeem this pledge trust us no longer.

In intimacy.  
(Signed),  
JAMES T. ROGERS.  
P. A. SINNOTT.  
JOHN M. TORIN.  
JEREMIAH KAVANAGH.  
JAMES MCGEE.  
JOHN O'MAHONY, H. C. F. B.  
WM. G. HALPIN, I. R. A.  
J. MCARTHY, Capt. I. R. A.

McGee refers to a very significant fact that before and after St. Patrick's day the Society in Montreal, of which Bernard Devlin was President, were particularly busy recruiting their numbers. When O. B. Gowen's letter was made public, Devlin called a meeting of the Society to interrogate the Government officially and peremptorily on the subject. But the Government saw the mischievous tendency of the movement, and gave Devlin to understand they could manage their own affairs.

Mr. McGee thus connects Devlin with the Fenians, for whom, whatever else we may say, he seemed to have an earnest solicitude for their welfare. "When Murphy was in jail at Cornwall," says Mr. McGee, "a member of the Society, said to be Mr. Daniel Lyons, visited him there in order, among other things, to offer Mr. Devlin's professional services for the defence of the Head Centre. Of course Mr. Devlin could not plead in an Upper Canada Court without being regularly called by the Benchers, on an examination, after twelve months' notice given. This he right well knew. Why, then, this pretended professional interference, repeated subsequently with the Fort Erie raiders in Toronto Jail? Was it not under the guise of a mistake as to the rules of the profession in Upper Canada to get an opportunity of holding confidential intercourse with the prisoners? Mr. Devlin says that this branch of his conduct was strictly professional! If the Fenians had sent for him it no doubt would have been. But was it strictly professional to go all the way to New York to find Fenian clients in the bureau of President Roberts? Mr. Devlin says he has, and his Committee have been showing about a letter of Mr. Cameron, Q. C., of Toronto, agreeing to undertake the defence of the Fort Erie raiders for a certain fee. From whom did Mr. Devlin obtain this letter of Mr. Cameron's? From the Fenian Chief, who alone had possession of it. And what must we think of the relations between a Colonel of Canadian volunteers and "President" Roberts, when the latter would place in the hands of the former his private correspondence with any third party? The *entente* must have been cordial when such proofs of intimacy exist to illustrate it.

"But later in the year, in the memorable first days of June and July, I can show Mr. Devlin's conduct to have been wavering, and suspicious in the extreme. In those days several consultations were held among influential Irish Catholics as to the necessity of filling up the ranks of the skeleton companies of the Prince of Wales' Regiment, and of taking an active part, with the rest of our fellow citizens, in the Drill Associations formed under the Hon. James Ferrier. Some of these consultations were held at the house of my friend Mr. M. P. Ryan, and some at my residence. On one or two occasions Mr. Devlin was present, and it will be within the recollection of many who were also present, that Mr. Devlin distinctly refused to aid in recruiting at that time—that he declared 'he would not make himself unpopular' by any such efforts; that he had already made sacrifices enough for the service, and that he was disgusted with the whole thing.

"It was at this critical time Mr. Devlin made his rather artful attempt to get the Canadian Government to send him out of the country, as an Ambassador to the F. B. The facts are thus related in a recent correspondence in the *Daily News*:  
"Now, Sir, what will your correspondent say when I tell him, on the best authority, that Mr. Devlin (Colonel), I beg his pardon, not only asked for 'leave of absence,' but asked the Government for permission to leave the country, and remain in the United States, during the critical days of June, 1867?  
"Such is the fact—and here's the proof—Under the plea of using his 'moral influence' (where required) as the defender of the 'ill' account of Mr. Devlin sent Mr. C. Schiller to the Hon. Mr. Cartier, to ask authority to go to New York, and there to negotiate with the Fenian leaders, and to try to persuade them to induce them not to invade us!—Profound! This would have given the Col. leave of absence for an indefinite time, and at the expense of a Government which he affects to despise, and would also have given him further notoriety and aid as an emissary to the F. B.

fects to despise, and would also have given him further notoriety and aid as an emissary to the F. B.  
"Mr. Cartier's instantaneous answer of course was, that the Government could not give him any negotiations with maverickers and filibusters like the Fenians."

Another fact Mr. McGee gives is that as soon as Mr. Devlin returned from the front he talked of the 'harmful' effect of the Fenianism against his own countrymen, and took the first opportunity he could seize upon to 'cast up his commission and peel off his uniform.'

Mr. McGee quotes from a letter from a Montrealer, who absented himself from that city about the time of the raid, and who has not returned. The letter writer says: "That he was a true Fenian, and had 'it not been for a very slight mistake, the Fenians of Montreal would have risen the night between the 2d and 3d of June, and one of their first acts would have been to assassinate the Hon. Mr. McGee.'"

Mr. McGee goes on to show how the Fenianism still worked. He says: "I was instructed and undeterred by these, and the outpouring of Murphy and his men, our sympathies still kept recruiting, and our sympathies still kept recruiting. Advancing in boldness they placed on the walls of the City Hall the names of the Fenian 'martyr' McManus and the Fenian General Connor, and the names of Irishmen in Canada should hold in veneration. It is said these names were put up on two meetings before they were observed, it may well be so, for in that long and not over brilliant room, few notices except those of the chandelier are ever seen at night. Last January, however, they were seen, and the fact first became public. It naturally excited the public indignation. But the Fenians and their president, so ready to call public meetings on any and every pretext, did not dare to lift the subject. The questions still remain unanswered by those who were the Fenian martyrs printed and put up, on behalf of the St. Patrick's Society, on the walls of the City Hall of this city? At the meeting held in the Fenian's rooms after the business was over, Fenian songs such as 'The Wearing of the Green,' were about this time frequently introduced, and no notice was taken of this by the president, who was personally cognizant of the fact. It remains only to add that at the last election for the St. Patrick's Society, when it was so necessary to Mr. Devlin to renew his lease of office in order to have that vote, and to have an attack upon me, another infusion of pro-Fenianism took place. At the meeting before the annual election, about ninety new members were admitted, for eighty-one or eighty-two of them, Mr. Daniel Lyons paid, out of his own pocket, the entire contribution fee of \$81 or \$82. Does any one suppose this was a private gift of Mr. Lyons? And if not, from what fund was it taken? And what was that fund?"

Respecting the proposed operations by the Fenian agent from the United States, Mr. McGee says "Toronto, Ottawa, and Montreal were favoured with the presence from time to time of other organizers from the United States. So late as October last, one of these agents, a man named McManus, called John Beaton (if that was his original name), was at the late Lawrence Hall, in this city, where he had entered himself under the name Keyhole. While here he consulted, as he himself said, with two men especially named McManus and Carroll. He (McManus) said Reynolds had previously visited Ottawa city; had paid particular attention to the armory and the Parliamentary buildings there; had been more than once at Prescott, and had made notes of the state of things along the Ottawa and Prescott railway. These notes he communicated to a weekly brother at Troy on his return to the United States, and by a roundabout, which I don't feel more particularly bound to explain, the accounts of Mr. Lenon's Canadian tour found their way into my personal custody."

With respect to the mysterious fire when the St. Patrick's Society's books were burned up, Mr. Devlin has denied the charge, and demanded investigation. He says: "I perceive that Mr. Devlin has applied for a judicial investigation on one point, the reported burning of the books, at the St. Patrick's rooms on the night of the 14th of January, next. I can find that his audacity has carried him far, though up to this hour (Wednesday at midnight, August 21st), no summons of any count has reached me. But he has asked for a judicial investigation, and he shall have the one, and I trust it may take place before the Montreal election. There are witnesses to be found whose testimony will enlighten and serve the city—that I say I will say on that head at present."

Mr. McGee does this most extraordinary memoir by showing that every man of the Fenian conspirators who have been shown to be connected with the organization, are now active backers of Mr. Devlin. It is very evident that while the narrative plainly shows that Devlin and his party are not less tainted with Fenianism, a great deal of testimony bearing upon this point is withheld for future use, should occasion require it.

## The Storm.

We learn that the storm on Sunday night last did a large amount of damage in the Township of Rawdon, particularly along the Ridge Road, and in the 3rd and 4th concessions. Trees were uprooted, and twisted like with, whole fields of grain are completely destroyed and present the appearance of having been tramped down by a large drove of cattle. Wheat and peas which were out have been completely thrashed out by the hail stones, and hundreds of dead birds, tons, and frogs can

be seen lying about the fields over which the storm passed. Mr. Geo. Wilson, of Rawdon had the end of a new brick house blown in, and a part of Mr. W. R. Parker's brick house of his farm was blown down. Many farmers have been very heavily losers by this fearful tornado.

The *Peterboro Examiner* describes the effect of the storm in that quarter as follows:—"A fearful hurricane swept over the township of Smith, part of Ontario and Otonabee on Sunday evening commencing about 8 o'clock. The winds were such that barns, trees, &c., were swept away like dust. It was also accompanied by a hail storm that caused untold damage to the crops, fruit trees, and dwellings. Peas, turnips, oats and spring wheat are literally cut up, and glass wherever exposed was dashed to pieces. The hail was in some places, was like pieces of ice broken up, some of the lumps being 2 1/2 inches in size. Very fortunately the storm took a narrow range of only two miles in width, as it is, it has caused immense damage and loss. Since writing the above we have been pelted with some pieces of the ice, would not go into a fair sized tea-cup, and that several sheep were killed during the storm."

The *Napance Standard* gives the following particulars of the storm:—"A storm, passed over the country about four miles south of this town, on Sunday night, inflicting an immense amount of damage to crops, buildings, fences, and orchards. It extended over a tract of territory about a mile in width, and miles of fences were levelled to the ground, whole fields of grain were laid flat, and the grain threshed as clean as if done by the machine, a large number of barns were unroofed and Mr. Manson Parks had a new house almost completely demolished; Jacob Schiryer, Esq., besides the damage done to grain and barns, had two large orchards completely ruined."

## Turley &amp; Gilbert's Crushing Machine.

It will be a source of gratification to our readers to learn that the crushing machine of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, erected in El Dorado, has proved a success. The following letters from Messrs. Orway and Wyckoff show that the mill is all that could be desired. It was tested on Wednesday last in the presence of over 200 people, and the greatest satisfaction was expressed at the perfect manner in which it worked. The castings came from the foundry of Messrs. G. & J. Brown, Belleville, and the whole work was done under the superintendence of Mr. Wm. Marsh, an old California miner, and cost \$5,000. We wish the enterprising proprietors every success. It is the intention of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, should the auriferous metal prove as extensive a there is every reason to believe it is, to erect another mill with five times the capacity of the present one.

EL DORADO, 21st Aug. 1867.

MESSEURS TURLEY & GILBERT:—GENTLEMEN,—Allow me to congratulate you upon the opening of the machinery established by you at Lower El Dorado, and for the purpose of testing the argenticiferous and auriferous qualities of this section of the country. Familiar as I am with the *modus operandi* of the metallurgical treatment of the precious metals, I have seldom seen a more perfect battery of stamps in operation. You will meet many difficulties in the treatment of the ore, as they contain such a vast amount of sulphuretted hydrogen gas, and thrown upon the imperfect working of the machinery, but it is not the case; much more than upon those who send the material upon these who treat it afterwards. It is the duty of the owners of the plant, and that it is thoroughly burned, and sent to the machinery, that they must decompose the sulphuretted gas, and liberate the sulphide of iron in laminated form, thus reducing the metallurgical treatment of the precious metal more easy to the operator in your machinery. I would also suggest that additional improvements be made in your establishment, so as to collect the argenticiferous material accompanying all the ore of this district. Allow me also to congratulate you upon your public spirit in introducing the first machinery to develop the mineral resources of this country.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

W. B. OTWAY, M. D.

EL DORADO, Aug. 21st, 1867.

MESSEURS TURLEY & GILBERT:—

GENTLEMEN,—Having witnessed the commencement of the crushing machinery of Messrs. Turley & Gilbert, I am happy to state that it works as well as any one could desire, and will no doubt prove a success.

Geo. D. WYCKOFF.

The Mines of Hastings.

To the Editor of the *Daily Intelligence*.

DEAR SIR,—I enclose you an assay made by Mr. Wyckoff of some quartz taken from Denby. It will be gratifying to your numerous readers to know that gold-bearing quartz is distributed over such a large area. This lead is well defined, about 4 feet wide, and can be traced for twenty miles. It is 50 miles in a north-easterly direction from the Richardson mine.

The Company (which was formed in Belleville two weeks ago) feel highly elated with their success, and on Monday next commences running a tunnel one hundred feet, expecting to strike the vein seventy-five feet beneath the surface.

Is it not strange, Mr. Editor, that there is so little excitement here? You will remember the emigration to Australia and rush to California. They went into a new country, with neither law, protection nor provisions,

yet fancy we have as good mineral and as much of it, with better prospects for safe investment than ever was shown in those countries. This state of affairs must be attributed to the mining laws, the jealousy and want of enterprise and go-aheadness of our people. We would not believe there was gold in the country. Mr. Wyckoff proved it, yet we would still have been dubious had not Dr. Orway proved Mr. Wyckoff's assays. I have seen up-hill work all along, with even the papers of the new Dominion against us.

The only way I see to force it to form Companies, as in the present case, is to have plenty of experienced miners who have dug gold in Australia, blown it out of the Sierra Nevada, and panned it up in California, who will go back and locate claims for any Company that may be formed. In this manner all who are inclined can get interests for a trifling consideration and control his own property. It is admitted by all that we have good mines. It is also admitted they have been sadly neglected. In this way the country can be developed, regardless of all opposition. Such Companies should be formed immediately, for as sure as the sun rises to-morrow, these mines will be secured and worked by other parties.

Look at the facts: The Gould & Curry, of Nevada, started on a vein of only five feet, assaying \$17.75 per ton. The stock of that mine realized to some over \$2,000 to the foot. They sank 800 feet, and the greater portion of the quartz only yielded \$80 per ton. Probably the next best mine was the Butterfield, yielding \$30 per ton. Then comes the celebrated Mariposa, yielding \$20. In a country where everything is 100 per cent higher than here, the owners of these mines realized millions. Our mines compare favorably with theirs, and can be worked at a reduction of 50 per cent.

With such chances for improvement, is it not annoying daily to read of the millions lying idle in Paris; money forced on the market in England at 2 per cent, and readily obtained in New York at 5 per cent? Besides, the mineral wealth is the standard of nations. Spain was a first-class power till her mines failed. England is dependant on hers, and the new Dominion, if properly worked, will enter upon her career on a perfect equality in mineral resources with the United States.

JUNICE.

MADOC, August 19.

This is to certify that I have assayed 5 pounds of ore, and to have come from Lot No. 9, 11th Concession of the Township of Denby, and find it to contain: Gold, 15 grains. Value per ton, \$55.84. Geo. D. WYCKOFF, Assayer.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

VENUE, Aug. 22.—The *Journal* in this city, which is generally acknowledged to be the organ of the Prime Minister, Baron von Beust, says to-day that a definitive alliance has been formed between Austria and Prussia.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—It is said that one of the results of the conference which has been held at Salzburg, between the Emperor, Napoleon, and Francis Joseph is to insist that the south German States shall unite in a Confederation, of which Austria is to be the head. It is also stated that an agreement has been arrived at between the Emperor and the King of Prussia to heretofore pursued by Austria and Prussia in the Eastern question.

## American Despatches.

WASHINGTON, August 22.—To-day a committee for the radical Germans and citizens of the United States, called upon Senator Romero, the President Juarez, an address, and expressed their approbation of his course during the recent struggle in Mexico, congratulating him on the success of his cause.

BINGFIELD, Massachusetts.

Hon. ELIZABETH C. WELCH, a well-known member of the Massachusetts bar, died here to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, August 22.—The number of deaths from yellow fever in this city from the 19th inst. to 6 o'clock this morning were 37. Yellow fever of a very virulent type prevails at Corpus Christi.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 23.—Additional advices from North Carolina state that the freshets in the rivers were creating the most serious apprehensions for the low ground crops. The four principal rivers have again overflowed their banks, and it was stated that the rain storms of last week were much heavier north and south than in this section of Virginia. The rains have nearly destroyed many crops on the different plantations on the rivers, and now it is feared that the damage done to the crops on the lower ground will be incalculable.

The "Tribune," Washington special says it is now a settled fact that General Howard will be relieved from his position as Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau.

The course of the "Tribune" towards Gen. Grant has determined those of his friends who are to manage his presidential canvass to make him pronounce his adhesion to Congress. The General himself, to-day, announced that he would hold no communication with newspaper correspondents.

The "Intelligencer," to-morrow, will urge the removal of Mr. Seward, as an editor of that paper was in consultation with him last evening. This is significant. The President is understood to have said that he would accept the resignations of Mr. McCullough, Mr. Welles and Mr. Randall. He wants to make a new deal and have fresh cars for the remainder of the term. You may regard this as semi-official.

The "Times" special says that General Thome's health has been quite poor for some time, and that he will transfer to New Orleans at the present time will be at great peril.

A letter received in this city from Pennsylvania states that the health of Thaddeus Stevens is poor indeed. The writer says it is very doubtful whether Mr. Stevens will ever be able to come to Washington again.



## India &amp; China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.  
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.PURE and GENUINE TEA of splendid natural flavour, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.  
Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00.  
Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.  
ROBERT BAKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARBER, Agent, Trenton.  
August 10th, 1887. 100-ly w73y

## Why Not Use the Best?

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED  
Blackberry Cordial!

THE most effective remedy yet discovered for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the Bowels, &amp;c., &amp;c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation is highly recommended by medical men, and has been used with the greatest success in the military hospitals of the United States during the last three years.

Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, and take no other.  
Prepared in Canada, from the original receipt, only at

APOTHECARIES HALL, T. WILLS &amp; Co., 166m

J. C. FRANCK &amp; Co., IMPORTERS, 166m

Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

25 Hospital St., MONTREAL.

OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines, at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK &amp; Co., 74d

July 27, 1887.

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TO THE ELECTORS  
OF THE  
WEST RIDING  
OF THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN. When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views. At the present crisis of our political history, when, as we were entering upon a new and untold national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of those politicians and statesmen who were governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous working order at the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike, would throw the country into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in good working order as a hand by whose genius it was contrived and through whose energies it was successfully conducted.

While saying this, however, I do not wish it to be understood, if I have the honor of being elected, that I will give to the Government a blind support—a position into which many are driven by the extreme discipline of party Government. I shall hold myself equally free to oppose them, should my judgment, not be in accordance with the true interests and prosperity of Canada.

As no human contrivance can be considered perfect, the working of the Imperial statute legalizing the Union of the Provinces may disclose certain defects, which it will be the duty of your representatives to correct. These shall receive my earnest consideration.

As the expenses of the Government will necessarily be increased under the new system, it will require the most rigid economy consistent with the public interests at stake, to keep the expenditure within the proper limits.

The construction of a canal connecting the waters of Lake Ontario with the head waters of the Bay of Quinte would, in my opinion, not only be of vast local benefit, commercially, but in a military point of view it would be of the greatest consequence; and as public lands were granted by Government many years ago for the purpose of that important enterprise, I shall deem it my duty to see that the monies arising from the sale thereof be properly applied.

The Agricultural and manufacturing interests, which lie at the base of every country's greatness and prosperity, shall receive at my hands that consideration which their importance demands.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,  
JAMES BROWN  
Belleville, 16th July, 1886. 163-4fTo the Electors of the Eastern  
Division of the County of  
Hastings.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been repeatedly requested by a large number of the electors of your Division to allow myself to become a candidate for the Commons of Canada at the ensuing election, I have consented to comply with their wishes.

To most of you I am personally known, but will take the first opportunity of seeing as many of the electors as my time will permit. My acts during the time I have been in Parliament are before you, and from them you will be enabled to judge of the principles of our Government. In the formation of the Union of the Provinces, I believed that it would have been more in accordance with the principles of our Government to have first submitted the proposition to the people for their approval, and so voted, but the motion for such reference having been defeated, I voted for the Union Act, and shall steadily use my exertions to carry it into effect, in order that this great Dominion may take that position in the world to which its extent and population entitle it.

Under the new order of things about to be established, new responsibilities will arise which I shall endeavor to discharge with the least expenditure consistent with efficiency, keeping steadily in view the great future before me, and shall only rest satisfied when the Dominion of Canada extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

In the adjustment of the tariff I shall endeavor to remove the burthens as much as possible from the producer, especially the Agricultural portion, fostering myself in my own business intercourse with them will enable me to arrive at such a conclusion as will be conducive to their interests.

I have the honor to be Your obedient servant,  
ROBERT READ,  
Belleville, May 29, 1887. 163-4fTHE LARGEST CIRCULATED PAPER IN MONTREAL.  
THE "DAILY NEWS,"  
\$5.00 per Annum, in advance.  
JOHN LOVELL,  
Printer and Publisher.

New York, August 23.—Advises from Hayti to the 2nd state that the port of the late government were busy plotting against the new administration. Several arrests of individuals had been made. The Government troops had wiped the brigands in the north-eastern districts very badly, and some of them had taken refuge in St. Domingue.

The "W. W. W." W. W. W. special says there is authority for asserting that Secretary Seward will soon be requested to retire from the Cabinet.

New York, August 23.—Initiatives steps were taken yesterday by prominent gentlemen of this city towards holding a grand Industrial Exhibition in the spring of 1890.

FALLING ILL.—The health of ex-President Buchanan is improving, and he will probably be able to start for home to-day.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—The rain of yesterday and the night before has done much damage to crops, bridges, &amp;c., in this vicinity.

Three lady passengers were drowned from the Rockville stage yesterday in crossing a ford near the city.

—The total debt of the State of New York foots up to nearly \$80,000,000.

—A man bathing in the Gulf of Genoa was seized by a large polypus, dragged under and drowned.

—For a Cough or Cold, nothing is better than Perry Davis' Pain Killer: it relieves one instantly.

—Professor Max Muller, of Oxford, the distinguished linguist and philologist, is at present engaged in translating the sacred hymns of the Brahmins. The whole work will form eight octavo volumes, and will be brought out by a London publisher.

## COMMERCIAL.

## BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.  
From Kirkwood, Livingstons & Co.  
Belleville, August 23, 1887.

Flour—Superior Extra... \$3.75 @ 9.00  
Extra... 3.50 @ 8.50  
First... 3.25 @ 8.25  
Welland Canal Superior... 4.45 @ 7.55  
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat... 4.45 @ 8.00  
Super. No. 2 Western Wheat... 4.25 @ 7.50  
Bag Flour... 3.50 @ 7.75  
Wheat—Canada... 1.55 @ 1.75  
Spring... 45 @ 45  
Oats—Per 30 lbs... 11 @ 13  
Barley—Per 30 lbs... 12 @ 13  
Butter—Dairy... 12 @ 13  
Lard... 9.50 @ 9.99  
Pork—Mess... 20.00 @ 20.50  
Prime Mess... 19.50 @ 19.75  
Prime... 18.50 @ 18.75  
Dressed Hogs... None  
Feaf... 5.50 @ 5.75  
Rye Flour... 5.50 @ 5.75  
Flour—receipts small, demand and prices unchanged. Superior line enquired for, strong laying the preference. Grain—no transactions, prices unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged in value. Ashes—pots lower; pearls appreciated.

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.  
From Kirkwood, Livingstons & Co.  
Montreal, August 23, 1887.

Flour—Superior Extra... \$3.75 @ 9.00  
Extra... 3.50 @ 8.50  
First... 3.25 @ 8.25  
Welland Canal Superior... 4.45 @ 7.55  
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat... 4.45 @ 8.00  
Super. No. 2 Western Wheat... 4.25 @ 7.50  
Bag Flour... 3.50 @ 7.75  
Wheat—Canada... 1.55 @ 1.75  
Spring... 45 @ 45  
Oats—Per 30 lbs... 11 @ 13  
Barley—Per 30 lbs... 12 @ 13  
Butter—Dairy... 12 @ 13  
Lard... 9.50 @ 9.99  
Pork—Mess... 20.00 @ 20.50  
Prime Mess... 19.50 @ 19.75  
Prime... 18.50 @ 18.75  
Dressed Hogs... None  
Feaf... 5.50 @ 5.75  
Rye Flour... 5.50 @ 5.75  
Flour—receipts small, demand and prices unchanged. Superior line enquired for, strong laying the preference. Grain—no transactions, prices unchanged. Provisions quiet and unchanged in value. Ashes—pots lower; pearls appreciated.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.  
New York, August 23.

Cotton quiet at 25c.  
Flour—dull, and 10c to 15c lower; receipts 5,194 barrels; sales 5,600 barrels, at \$7.40 to \$8.15 for superior State and Western; \$9.00 to \$11.60 for common to choice extra State; \$9.00 to \$11.55 for corn, to choice extra w.e.s.n.  
Rye flour quiet at \$7.50 to \$9.25.  
Wheat dull and 1 to 2 cents lower; receipts 63,459 bushels; sales 45,000 bushels, at \$2.30 to \$2.35 for red Southern; \$2.40 for white do; \$2.34 for amber do.  
Eye dull and declining.  
Corn without decided change; receipts 23,152 bushels; sales 66,000 bushels, at \$1.12 to \$1.13; for new mixed Western; \$1.09 to \$1.11 for ground.  
Barley quiet.  
Oats dull, 2c to 3c lower; receipts 5,710 bushels; sales 24,000 bushels, at 75c for old Western; 78c to 82c for new Ohio.  
Pork heavy; Mess \$23.50 cash.  
Lard less active and rather heavy, at 19 1/2c to 14c.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.  
New York, August 23.

Stocks dull.  
Gold 146 1/2.  
Stocks at second board dull.

## Imports and Exports.

PER GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.  
August 23.

IMPORTS.—3 cars merchandise.

PORT OF BELLEVILLE.  
August 23.

ARRIVALS.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do do  
Schr. Industry, Capreol, light  
Schr. Free Trader, Cape Vincent, light  
Schr. Alert, Oswego, light  
Schr. Mary Ann, Oswego, light  
Schr. Emblem, do do  
Schr. Prince Edward, Oswego, light.

DEPARTURES.

Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do do  
Schr. Queen of the Bay, Charlotte, 39 cords  
Schr. Industry, Oswego, 38,000 ft. lumber  
(153,000 lbs.)

—Herpeth's Rubbing Journal speaks favorably of the success of the Great Western Railway of lands under its present management.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER is the most famous and successful Family Medicine of the last half century and is the only one of its kind that has been known for more than thirty years during which time it has received its name and seal of approval from the most eminent physicians of the day, showing the medicine to be so almost as curing remedy for disease cannot be so attended up on.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Biliousness, Pains in the Side, Back and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs, Nausea and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.  
As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, P.R., Asthma, Phthisis, Ringworms, Boils, Pimples, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints and General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Dumbago, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chafes, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Rattlesnakes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

It has been tested in every variety of climate and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the seafarer and the traveler, on sea and land, and no one should travel on our lakes and rivers without it.  
PERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 250 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. E.  
April 20th 1887. 166m-11 Wen

## WANTED,

A N active and intelligent young man as Bread driver. Apply to

P. H. HAMBLBY.

Aug. 23, 1887.

## STRAYED,

FROM the premises of the subscriber, a Red Mully Cow, tall slightly tipped with white. She had a swelling on her side. Any person giving any information of her whereabouts will be rewarded.

W. KIRSTEMAN.

Murney's Hall. 95D38

Belleville, August 21, 1887.

## ALBERT COLLEGE

AND

Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12,

AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall.

For Terms apply to

A. CARMAN.

Belleville, August 2, 1887. 178-4w

## Delightful Beverage

IN HOT WEATHER.

FENNER'S

CHAMPAGNE CIDER!

IN

WOOD AND BOTTLES

AT THE

CORNER STORE.

A. FLETCHER &amp; Co.

F. HACKETT

HAS just received a complete assortment

of SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in

DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

LADIES

FATS &amp; PARASOLS.

A large stock of

NEW CLOTHS &amp; TWEEDS

will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price.

Belleville, May 1, 1887. 1D-6m

## JUST RECEIVED.

WATERPROOF COATINGS,

SUMMER VESTINGS,

AND

VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER.

June 17. 1D-6m

## BOTTLED FRUITS.

CONGER BROS.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Cherries,  
Green Gages,  
Prunes,  
Black Currants,  
Red do  
Red Currant Jelly,  
Black Currant Jam,  
Choice Fresh Figs.

R. D. CONGER. J. A. CONGER.

June 25. 1D-6m

## ARE YOU INSURED?

THE WESTERN of Toronto, Fire and Marine Insurance Company, are prepared to effect risks in both branches, through their Agent, A. WEBSTER, on the most reasonable terms.

Office—In Charters & Webster's Drug Store.  
Belleville, June 21, 1887. 48D 19wly

## J. &amp; W. Sutherland.

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J. &amp; W. Sutherland.











often than most men, yet sleep well, have no headache, no white tongue, and very little exhaustion. The secret is this: I never drank wine nor spirits nor porter nor beer nor cider, nor any fermented or intoxicating liquor. I never drank water from the spring in my beverage, and I have never felt so well since I became a proselyt.

#### Miscellaneous Items.

It is said that there are indications of revolt among the Christians in Thessaly and Epirus.

The Rotunda of the Capitol at Washington is now lighted by electricity. Thirteen hundred burners are lighted simultaneously in an instant.

The Grand Duke Alexis, third son of the Emperor of Russia, is shortly expected on a visit to Canada, and will be the guest of Lord Monck, who will accompany him on a tour to Niagara Falls.

An extensive strike is going on among the colliers of the Oldham district, in England. Out of twenty-two pits only six are working, and about 900 men, besides a large number of lads, are on strike.

An English house has offered the Government of Columbia to pay its national debt of \$30,000,000 on condition that the Panama Railroad be leased to them for 99 years, at the rate of \$500,000 a year.

A letter from Paris states that Chevalier Tache, Canadian Commissioner to the Exhibition, has been directed by Mr. Howland to proceed to the South of France, in order to report upon the wine-growing system of culture, and the way in which taxes are levied upon the wine growers.

The Tribune has opened its batteries on General Grant, and undertakes to show that he is not entitled to the confidence of the Republican party. The people, however, are again rising above mere party issues, and he is certain to be the next President.

The Ogdensburg Journal says that the stupendous grain elevator at that place is rising rapidly—that the bins are well up, and the masonry is following fast. The smoke stack of the engine house stands something over 130 feet high, and the top of the elevator building will reach nearly the same height. There are but one or two elevators in the United States of equal dimensions.

A wild woman has for several years been frolicking in the mountains of Carnarvonshire, in Wales. This awful creature has been twice captured and released, and once has carried off a stray child to the hills, and now she has been caught for a third time and locked up. She turns out to be an Irish woman who thinks she has been excommunicated by the Pope and ordered to lead a solitary mountain life for ten years.

The czar has introduced another reform into his empire, by the abolition of a strange custom. For centuries the curio of souls in Russia has been hereditary, from father to son, and in case of a man having only daughters, the name, rank, and honor conferred the priesthood upon her husband. The czar has done away with this old usage, and ordered that in the future the best qualified shall be alone appointed to the sacred office.

The Court Journal tells us that the Sultan, during the period of sejour at the Bosphorus Palace, had a lamb brought every morning to the palace and given to his own butcher, after a certain ceremony had been gone through. Fowls are killed the same way. The Sultan always dined alone; there was a special dinner prepared for his son, who also dined alone, as did his two nephews. This does not speak much for Turkish society.

The Guelph Advertiser says:—The tempestuous wind that passed through Guelph on Sunday was but the Southern edge of one of the fiercest and most destructive tornadoes that has ever occurred in Wellington. Betwixt here and Fergus the winds were very high and violent. Five miles above that village, and for a space of three quarters of a mile wide, there swept a perfect hurricane, leveling barns, blowing down chimneys and haystacks, leveling fences, grain and an immense number of trees, and also the telegraph wires and the walls of a brick church on the Owen Sound road.

TRAGEDY AT PLATTSBURG.—By a resident of this city, direct from Otsego county, we are made acquainted with the particulars of a bloody tragedy which was enacted at Plattsburg on Friday night last, the recital of which is enough to make one pale to read or hear. It appears that one Charles Jones, a resident of Plattsburg, was employed as clerk of the principal inn of the place, fell in love with and was engaged to the daughter of the proprietor, Miss Molly Steele. The young lady, however, cooled in her attachment, and broke off her engagement with Jones, who had also lost his situation as clerk. On Friday night last the young lady, in company with a gentleman friend, visited Lake's circus, then exhibiting in the place. Young Jones, fired with jealousy, waylaid the couple on their way home from the circus, and drawing a revolver, and pointing at Miss Steele, deliberately fired, the ball piercing her head and causing immediate death. Jones instantly placed the revolver at his own head and after several ineffectual efforts lodged a ball in his own brain, and immediately expired. The unfortunate lady was quickly restored, and the daughter of one of the most prominent citizens of that place, whilst the murderer and destroyer was equally well known. The tragedy has in consequence caused much excitement and general sorrow.—St. Joseph Herald.

A Long Island paper states that the rider-post has raged in the vicinity of Huntington during the past week, several horses having died from it in a few hours after the first attack.

#### Hastings Elections.

WEST RIDING.—Nomination at Belleville, on Saturday, the 24th of August, polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 25th and 26th of September.

EAST RIDING.—Nomination at Ch. Meador's Mills, on Monday, the 24th August; polling days, Thursday and Friday, the 5th and 6th September.

NORTH RIDING.—Nomination at Mt. Acon, on Saturday, the 24th August, polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 5th and 10th September.

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.

Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.

Evening Express going West, 7:22 P. M.

Mixed Train going West, 10:35 A. M.

Merchants' Express Freight, going West, No passengers allowed on this train, 6:45 P. M.

Noon Express going East, 12:05 P. M.

Night Express going East, 12:15 A. M.

Mixed Train going East, 1:10 P. M.

Merchants' Express Freight, going East, No passengers allowed by this train, 9:45 P. M.

Montreal Time.

ST. ROCHESTER.—The steamer Rochester leaves Flint's Wharf on Monday at two o'clock, for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



#### Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, AUG. 24.

#### Garrisoning the Breastworks.

Considerable amusement and interest were created in local political circles yesterday by the circulation of a fly-sheet, the production of Mr. James Meagher, Jr. Not on account of any importance attached to the document—not on account of any intrinsic value it possessed, nor on account of any influence it might have on the pending contest, was it the chief topic of discussion for a few hours. But it was such an original, such an uncommon, and wistful such a remarkable document, that every one wished to see it. Unfortunately, but few copies were to be had—it had been quietly circulated amongst a few whom it was intended to influence, and neither for love nor money could it be obtained. It's a pity for Mr. Brown's sake that they were not in the hands of every elector in the West Riding. It is just, as well, probably, for the sake of the author that their circulation is limited. A more egotistical production it is scarcely possible to conceive. One would imagine upon reading it that the writer was the poster amongst the Reformers in the county of Hastings, when the fact is he cannot get elected for the smallest office in the gift of the people. He "fands himself" as he says, "garrisoning the breastwork and the enemy within rifle shot, and forth the winged messengers fly on their destructive errand, but when the smoke is cleared away, not a hair is singed, nor a scratch is made. Like the celebrated war-horse he smelt the battle from afar, and rushes pell-mell into the thickest of the fight, but alas! neither rider nor horse is seen again. But how could he do otherwise, "without forgetting himself"? "Who," says this gentleman, "that has ever read an O'Connell, a Grant, a Meagher, a Bright, a Mills, or a Gladstone, could be otherwise, than "garrisoning the breastwork" of Reform at this critical period of our country's history? Not a Meagher, faith. He never did "forget himself" (his) political standard "ever in with the enemies of my (his) race—the offspring of a tyrannical and corrupt compact, no matter how seemingly "consistent it may appear to shallow-bested politicians amongst whom my (his) lot is cast"? Hear that, ye gods and little fishes! Is it a pity that his lot is not cast in a more favored spot? To be the associate of such "shallow-brained politicians" as this country furnishes is more than he can stand. A man who ranks with a Grant, an O'Connell, a Gladstone, compelled to stand on the ramparts of Reform and guard the sacred and inalienable rights of the "shallow-brained politicians" who seek protection behind his "breastworks"! The two bad, but, some one must be sacrificed on the altar of his country, and who can make a more suitable martyr than James Meagher, Jr.? So he comes down from his high pedestal and casts in his lot with "shallow-brained politicians." We will not be surprised if it is found necessary for some one else to cast lots before the contest is over, and we will not be surprised if it is found to be the lot of Mr. James Meagher, Jr. to be thrown overboard, as it was the lot of a distinguished personage who flourished before the times of Grant or Gladstone or Meagher, to be cast away to keep the ship from sinking. The Grit ship is pretty well under way, and it only needs one or two more James Meagher, Jr. to send her to the bottom like a lump of lead.

Mr. James Meagher, Jr. informs the people that he is "democratic in principle,"

"and opposed to the importation of a titled 'aristocracy' in this now struggling country." A "democratic" Worcester tells us is a "Republican." "Democracy" is "a form of government in which the sovereign power is lodged in the body of the people; a republic." And so Mr. James Meagher, Jr. is a republican. Probably it is just as well that Mr. Meagher should define his position on this question at this important and critical period in Canada's history, when efforts are being made by the Fenian Brotherhood to make this Dominion a Republic, and when we know too well, that we have in our midst those who are sympathizing with and aiding the Fenian Brotherhood in their nefarious designs. It was just as well that Mr. James Meagher, Jr. should make his record on this momentous question, and having made it, with his eyes open, and with the full responsibility of his acts staring him in the face, it will be the duty of every loyal and true Canadian to show Mr. James Meagher, Jr., and all who sympathize with him, that they will not be permitted to promulgate such doctrines with impunity. Would it not be well for Mr. James Meagher, Jr. to make the purchase of the ten cent looking-glass recommended by the Hon. Bill Filnt. The reflection might make him act more cautiously in the future.

There are some other matters in this precious production to which we may take occasion to refer hereafter.

#### West Riding Nomination.

The nomination of candidates for the West Riding of Hastings took place to-day at the Court House, Belleville. There were from four to five hundred persons on the ground at the commencement, and the number kept gradually increasing.

The proceedings commenced at 1 o'clock by the Returning Officer reading the Proclamation and the Writ, after which nominations were called for.

Col. EDWARD KETCHERSON, of Sidney, stepped forward and proposed Dr. R. HOLDEN as a candidate for the House of Commons. He referred briefly to the additional expense incurred by the new form of Government, and it was important to have men in Parliament who would use proper economy. He believed Dr. Holden would practise that economy.

CORNELIUS LAWRENCE, Esq., of Sidney, seconded the nomination.

JOHN S. HUFFMAN, Esq., then came forward and proposed JAMES BROWN, Esq., as a candidate for the House of Commons. It was a pleasure to him in doing so, and he knew it would be a pleasure for the farmers of Sidney to support him. He was a man reared amongst them—a man whom they all knew as a mechanic, a manufacturer, and an honest and upright man. He was a Reformer, and had always supported Reform principles. (Some one in the crowd called out, he supports the right road.) If we had more reformers like the speaker, like the Hon. Mr. Read and Mr. Brown, it would be better for the country.

JOHN SUTHERLAND, Esq., seconded the nomination. He did so with pride and pleasure. Mr. Brown was a man known to them all, and in his public capacity he had displayed qualities which showed he was capable as well as an honest and upright man. In municipal matters he had proved one of the most useful men the town ever had, and he was satisfied if he was sent to Parliament, he would show a clear and satisfactory record there. In his private capacity he knew him as a true and generous friend, a man who could be thoroughly trusted, and any man who knew James Brown, in any capacity, would be prepared to endorse his statement.

Col. WM. KETCHERSON nominated K. GRAHAM, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly. He believed Mr. Graham was laying the foundation for a career of usefulness, and as a young man of ability and real worth, he placed a great deal of confidence in him. He was one of themselves, a farmer, and he believed he would represent them with credit to himself and honor to his constituents.

DANIEL E. VANDERWATERS, Esq., seconded the nomination.

DAVID JONES, Esq., nominated THOMAS D. FARLEY, Esq., as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly. He believed him to be the most suitable man for the position—a man who would do his duty to the country, and use every economy in the management of the affairs of the Government.

Col. EDWARD KETCHERSON seconded the nomination.

The following persons were nominated as candidates for the House of Assembly, but retired in favor of their respective friends:

DR. E. COLEMAN, proposed by Mr. J. P. THOMAS, seconded by Mr. John B. Mason.

ALEX. ROBERTSON, Esq., proposed by Mr. G. NELSON, seconded by Mr. B. GIBBERT.

C. LAWRENCE, Esq., proposed by Mr. R. BIRD, seconded by Mr. L. H. HENDERSON.

GEO. NELSON, Esq., proposed by Mr. R. GRASS, seconded by Mr. A. DANIEL.

JOHN B. MASON, Esq., proposed by Mr. Clement Holden, seconded by Mr. L. H. Henderson.

THOS. HOLDEN, Esq., proposed by Mr. Jao. R. MASON, seconded by Mr. C. LAWRENCE.

We are obliged to defer the remainder of the report until Monday.

THE FIRES IN MONTREAL.—The Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec has issued a proclamation, offering a reward for the discovery of the principals and accessories in the recent arson cases which occurred in Montreal.

#### Gold News.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer.

Sir,—This morning I had the pleasure of again visiting the world-renowned "Richardson Gold Mine." A short time previous to my visit, a large quantity of quartz had been taken up from the mine, and was found to exceed in richness any of the quartz yet taken out of it. I noticed one piece in particular, which I do not think weighed more than a few hundred pounds; this piece was said to contain at least no less than \$800 worth of the precious metal, and calculating according to this yield, there must have been at least \$5,000 worth of gold taken from this mine to-day. Many experienced miners and mineralogists who were present to-day at the mine, pronounced this show to be really as good as they had ever seen before. No doubt ere this will reach you, specimens of this quartz will be forwarded to Belleville, to enable persons there to judge for themselves concerning this matter. The good citizens of this, the "Golden City of the North," are indulging in romantic ideas of the glorious prospects which now present themselves, of their being able, before very long, of realizing their fond and long cherished wish of making nice fortunes, and where you formerly beheld faces bearing evident traces of despondency, you now can see many smiling ones.

Lively times are now expected in El Dorado. A great many people are daily arriving here, but only stay a short time, and then go further back to prospect. Mr. Harding, by his gentlemanly conduct and good nature, has won for himself the esteem of all who come in contact with him. The only drawback that is now felt among the miners is the want of a quartz mill. A mill, however, is in the course of construction, and is expected to be completed in a few days. The quartz now taken out of the different mines is carefully stored away in suitable places awaiting the completion of the mill, which I can assure you is very much needed, and consequently is anxiously looked for.

The El Dorado Mining Co. are succeeding admirably with their operations. This company have disposed of a large portion of their stock, notwithstanding that they have raised the amount of each share to double the original value. Mr. Sparling, who is managing director of this company, and also his colleagues Mr. Mitchell & McGishan, are very energetic and really deserve to be sustained in their laudable efforts to develop the mineral wealth of the back country. This mine is situated on the "Moore Farm," and not far distant from the Richardson Mine.

I also notice with pleasure that the "Royal Canadian Mining Company" are progressing with their enterprise in a very satisfactory manner, and are in no way behind their brethren in this respect, at all events so far as energy and spirit of enterprise are concerned. This company began mining operations only a few days ago, and so far are meeting with very promising indications, having gone down only three feet below the surface, where they met a very rich ledge, the portion of the ledge which Mr. John East, secretary and treasurer of the company, had tested by Mr. Wyckoff, whose certificate in showing the result of the analysis is as follows: "Assayed 967 lbs. ore said to have come from lot no. 17 in the 5th concession of the Township of Madoc, for the Royal Canadian Mining Company, and found to contain one grain value per ton \$22.55," and considering the fact that the quartz was found so near the surface this yield is very encouraging, and no doubt that before the close of many days we will hear of good news for this company. The property of this company is only a short distance from the Richardson mine, and judging from present prospects I have no hesitation in saying that the chances of this company of making a "big strike" are as good as any I have yet seen.

Heretofore mining operations were almost entirely confined to Madoc Township, but recent discoveries go to show that the indications for gold and other minerals are just as promising in El Dorado and Marmora Townships. Owing to the untiring, energetic, and enterprising spirit of Mr. Forner, P. L. S. of Madoc, and also, of Mr. Warren, a Californian of considerable experience in mining matters, we are enabled to know something definite concerning these rich localities, a rich ledge averaging from four to eight feet in width, and some three miles in length, has recently been discovered in the Township of Marmora. The ledge runs through the centre of the tenth concession in a southerly direction, and from the assays which have been made of some of the quartz taken from it, is supposed to be exceedingly rich.

We may mention that the Young Mine is situated on this ledge, and as some others, among which is a shaft sunk by Mr. N. McArthur, of Belleville. All these mines are yielding very richly, as will be seen from the sworn affidavits of the proprietors thereof. We hear of several shafts being sunk further back, but with what success I am at present unable to say. Miners are eagerly sought for, as that class of men are very scarce in proportion to the demand; wages being pretty good, ranging from \$1.50 to \$2 a day, and in some cases more. Several of the miners were, on Thursday last, summoned to appear before Lieut.-Col. Campbell, for violation of the law respecting the issuing of licenses, and they having acknowledged the corn, were dismissed upon the payment of cost, and upon promise of taking out their license and being better boys in future.

We may mention that the law respecting mining operations is very unpopular back here, as it is considered an interference and calculated to assist or encourage the miners,

who are devoting their time and labor in developing the mineral resources of the country, and consequently the sooner the state of the law is amended, the better it will be for all parties, and especially to those who like to see the mineral wealth of this country thoroughly developed.

On this evening Dr. Orway, the celebrated mineralogist will deliver his lecture at the Town Hall, Madoc, on his favorite subject, "Mineralogy and Geology," the proceeds thereof to be applied towards the erection of a school house in the "City of El Dorado." I understand that this is only one of a series of lectures which the learned Dr. intends to deliver in reference to other subjects. The Dr. is a fluent speaker and a close reasoner, and generally attracts large houses to hear him. Altogether, times look a hundred per cent. better in El Dorado and Madoc than what they did a month ago, and I think we may predict pretty stirring times in future.

I am yours, etc., A CITIZEN OF EL DORADO.

El Dorado, August 20th, 1867.

#### Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

SOUTHAMPTON, August 23, evening.—The steamship "Baltic" arrived to-day from New Havana.

St. President Jeremiah Day, of Yale College, died here last night, aged 94.

QUEENSTOWN, August 23, noon.—The steamship "China" arrived to-day.

LONDON, August 23, evening.—It is rumored to-day that a formal treaty concluded at the Conference recently held at Salzburg, between the Emperor Napoleon and Francis Joseph, for the formation of a South German Confederation, has proved a signal failure. The Government of Bavaria, it is reported, has replied to the propositions of their Majesties and positively refuses to join the Bund.

MADRID, August 23.—A state of siege has been declared in all the provinces, in consequence of anticipated insurrectionary movements.

PARIS, August 23.—Napoleon, on returning from Salzburg, departed for Biarritz.

St. PETERSBURG, August 23.—It is reported that the Czar, who is now in the Crimea, is quite ill.

Admiral Farragut and the officers of his fleet received a grand ovation to-day at Cronstadt from the Russian naval officers. The Grand Duke Constantine, Admiral-General of the Russian Navy, and other dignitaries were present.

LONDON, August 24, noon.—Consols fell at 94½; Bonds weak 72½; Erie 44½; L. O. 77½.

LIVERPOOL, August 24, noon.—Cotton dull and unchanged; wheat 38s 6d; Corn 38s 6d; white Calcutta, 13s 6d for new season; Chinese 4s 6d; Best 14s 6d; Land 5s 4d.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Accounts from Southern New Jersey show great damage by rain storms this week. Crops, bridges, railroads, turpines, with houses, mills and dams in great numbers, were destroyed. Loss about \$300,000.

JOHNSBURG, Colorado, August 23.—Advices received from the report of a fight between Major Corbin and the Sioux on the 2nd of May. Powell was not killed, as reported. He fought three thousand Indians three hours, with only twenty-nine men concealed behind a coral. Lieut. Jennie and five soldiers were killed. The Indian loss was two thousand.

RICHMOND, Virginia, August 24.—Charles Stuart was accidentally shot and killed night before last by Rev. Robt. Gray, in Pulaski Co.

WILMINGTON, North Carolina, August 24.—The Republicans are becoming alarmed lest a negro should be elected Mayor of this city. The Southern whites are denounced because they did not register.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Since the late action of the President, letters have been received here by prominent Republican politicians from members of Congress, which state that the only remedy left to insure reconstruction is the impeachment of the President. These letters are significant, from the fact that several of them are from members who at the last session of Congress were known as Conservatives and opponents of impeachment.

The World's Washington special says: The friends of Secretary Seward to-day declare that he will anticipate the President's request to resign, and tender his resignation, provided he becomes satisfied that the demand for his withdrawal made in the Administration journal here is really prompted from the Executive mansion.

One thousand dollars were promptly contributed yesterday by a few merchants for aid to the sick in Galveston.

Arrival of the "Union."

NEW YORK, August 13.—The steamship Union, from Bremen, via Southampton on the 13th, has arrived.

The little frigate Nonpareil is on exhibition at the Crystal Palace.

It is stated that the United States practice ships Macedonian, Savannah and Dale would have a race across the Atlantic.

The returns of the War of France show an increase of seventeen millions and a half of francs.

The Bank of Russia announces that in future they will accept payment for bills either in Russian or foreign money.

The Paris Presse says that Creté is to have her autonomy under a Governor, subject to the suzerainty of the Porte.

Intelligence from Belgrade announces that revolutionary movement is anticipated in Bosnia and Herzegovina.











# Daily Intelligence.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26, 1887.

No. 98.

## Bellefille Business Directory.

**Pitcairney & Kelso.**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants Commercial Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**Legue & Price.**  
BARRISTERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 178, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 1Dm-WH

**Geo. H. Haymes.**  
HATTER and FURRIER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs. 1Dm-WH

**McLeod & Carre.**  
ENGINEERS, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, Draughtsmen and Patent Solicitors, 183 1/2, Front Street, Belleville. MACLEOD, GAVILLER, KENNEDY & CO., Mtdco. 1Dm-WH

**Robertson & Stewart.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c., Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street, ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART. 1Dm-WH

**Diamond & Dickson.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c., &c. Office—Neilson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville. A. DIAMOND. GEO. D. DICKSON. 1Dm-WH

**Macellan & Macellan.**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolventcy, 3 Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c., &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**A. R. Douglass.**  
BARRISTERS, &c., &c., Solicitors in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over O'Neill's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**Ross Bell & Holden.**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pine Streets, Belleville. HON. JNO. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN. 1Dm-WH

**Forrest & Looze.**  
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Ladies' New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 2Dm-WH

**T. Lockery.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 2Dm-WH

**Ponton, Falkner & Denmark.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**Robert F. Jellin.**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors, &c., &c. Office—Duff's Buildings, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**Angus McFee.**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. Their stock is always large and well assorted. Watches and Silver Ware always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 1Dm-WH

**John Wilson.**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Dealers find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 1Dm-WH

**J. W. Brown.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm-WH

**Geo. Gibson.**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gents and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 1Dm-WH

**J. C. Vapor.**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of ready-made clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 1Dm-WH

**To Gold Miners.**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. WM. POWELL. 1Dm-WH

**McKeown & Robertson.**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large and well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee the quality of all orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place, opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 1Dm-WH

**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
**Bullen & Gibson's LIVERY.**  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

FIRST-CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages in the latest styles, on hand. Turnouts for the Madoc Gold Regions at reasonable rates. WESLEY BULLEN. GEO. GIBSON. May 2. 2Dm-WH

## Montreal Business Directory.

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL.**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS  
25, NOTRE DAME STREET,  
Fifth door West of St. Francis Xavier Street,  
MONTREAL. 1Dm-WH

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS.**  
BY  
G. LAMPE,  
291 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block,  
MONTREAL.  
Garments dyed, scoured and repaired within twenty-four hours. Old made new. 1Dm-WH

**PHILIP HENRY.**  
TOBACCONIST,  
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF  
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES,  
No. 208 Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**J. A. HARTE.**  
GLASGOW DRUG HALL  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Manufacture of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 1Dm-WH

**MURRAY & Co.**  
STATIONERS' HALL,  
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.  
Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Materials, &c., &c. Wholesale and Retail. 1Dm-WH

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,  
40 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.  
Agents for J. Denie, Henry Moulin & Co., Cognac; Wolff's Schiedam Schnapp. 1Dm-WH

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,  
No. 538 St. Paul Street, opposite Alton Hotel, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**PEAVEY & FAVOR.**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN  
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,  
Provisions, &c.,  
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, three doors West of St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.  
Depot for superior Table Butter. 1Dm-WH

**A. BOOKER.**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.  
Office and Sale Rooms, 615 1/2 New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Agent for Walter Evans & Co. Selling and Buying Consignments. Drury & J. M. Perry & Co. Gray's Patent Linn Eider Collars, Nottingham, England. 1Dm-WH

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,  
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c.,  
412 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.**  
IMPORTERS,  
Wholesale Grocers,  
30 & 32 St. Francis Xavier Street, Montreal.  
Orders by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive (prompt attention) and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 1Dm-WH

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL.**  
H. HODAN, PROPRIETOR,  
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON.**  
WINE, SPIRIT  
AND Commission Merchants,  
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL. 1Dm-WH

**S. DAVIS.**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
HAVANA SEGARS,  
Office—No. 15 Great St. James Street, Montreal.  
Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brands of Segars. 1Dm-WH

**J. V. MORGAN.**  
Commission Merchant,  
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 1Dm-WH

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.**  
IMPORTERS OF  
British, American, and German  
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE,  
454 & 456 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., MONTREAL. 1Dm-WH

**M. GUTMAN & Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,  
28 Lemoyne Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS.**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
304 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**KINGAN & KINLOCH.**  
IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

## Montreal Business Directory.

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER.**  
IRON, STEEL AND GENERAL HARDWARE  
MERCHANTS,  
419 AND 421 ST. PAUL STREET,  
MONTREAL.  
Yard Entrance, St. Fr. Xavier Street. 2Dm-WH

**W. A. LITTLE.**  
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,  
270 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.  
MAPS, Plans, Circulars, Cards, Invoice Headings, Bills of Lading, Blank Cheques, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Diplomas, Ornamental Business Cards in any number of colors. Contracts, Drawings, Specifications, Music, &c., executed at the shortest notice, consistent with good work, on the most reasonable terms. 2Dm-WH

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
HOOP SKIRTS, AND IMPORTERS OF  
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and  
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.  
W. S. GODDUGH & Co.,  
IMPORTERS OF  
English and Foreign Leather,  
34 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.**  
Manufacturers and Importers of  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Montreal, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Small Wares, Cloths, Canadian Woollens, Flannels and Blankets, Linens, Outfits, Prints, Stuffs, Dress Goods, Millinery, &c., &c.  
478 St. Paul Street & 299 Commissioners St., MONTREAL.  
Auburn Woolen Mills, Peterboro', C. W. 1Dm-WH

**Frothingham & Workman.**  
MONTREAL,  
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale  
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware.  
Warehouses on Office 395 to 398, St. Paul St.  
Manufacturers of all kinds of Milling Tools, and have constantly on hand a large Stock of Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c., &c.  
May 1st. 1Dm-WH

**J. C. FRANK.**  
Under the name, style and firm of  
**J. C. FRANK & Co.**  
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c.,  
25 Hospital Street, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**H. GRANT.**  
Watch and Clock Maker,  
308 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.  
Every description of Jewellery manufactured from gold obtained to order, under his own supervision. 2Dm-WH

**JOSEPH KIRKUP.**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,  
No. 278 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 2Dm-WH

**BURROWS & Co.**  
Commission Merchants,  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
Brandies, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.  
416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 2Dm-WH

**IVES & ALLEN.**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.  
Can Iron Plates and FRONTS for BUILDINGS,  
114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal. 2Dm-WH

**Place D'Armes Drug Store.**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.  
THE attention of Travellers visiting the City is directed to my select stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.  
E. MITCHELL,  
Chemist and Druggist,  
Place D'Armes, Montreal. 2Dm-WH

**W. C. McDONALD.**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos.  
Office—340 Notre Dame St. Works—136 Water St., MONTREAL. 2Dm-WH

**Established 1820.**  
**J. & W. HILTON.**  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,  
CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS, Importers and Silversmiths of all kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses, and Upholsters' Goods generally.  
No. 61, GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. 2Dm-WH

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. MCCAIG.**  
Shipping and General Agent,  
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and St. Sacrament Street, Saint John's Wharf, MONTREAL. 2Dm-WH

Personal attention given to the Sale of Pot and Pearl Ashes and other Produce, and purchase of Merchandise.  
**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.**  
100 GRAND ST. STREET, MONTREAL.  
HAY FOR SALE—  
BOLTON TURN, Horse Nails, Paints and Putty, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, Pine Cords, &c.  
Manufacturers of AMERICAN SOFA, CHAIR and BED SPRINGS. 2Dm-WH

**THOS. HOBBS & Co.**  
Produce Commission Merchants,  
MONTREAL.  
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to order of agents, or for shipment to friends in Great Britain and the Lower Parts. 2Dm-WH

## Montreal Business Directory.

**F. W. HENSHAW.**  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.  
HAVING been engaged in the Ashes, and general produce trade for the past thirteen years at the above address, would be happy to receive consignments from Manufacturers and Dealers in Canada West, either for sale in this market, or for shipment to his friends in London, Liverpool, or Glasgow. 1Dm-WH

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,  
MANUFACTURERS' Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c., &c. Also, every description of material and used for Engineers and Agricultural Machine-makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE, Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, square and hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Washers, &c., &c. Also, a large stock of Wool Felt for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Rabbit Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low prices. OLD FILES RECUT, warranted as good as new for use, at very low rates. 222 1/2 NOTRE DAME ST. Custom House Square, Montreal. 1Dm-WH

**Richelieu Company!**  
Royal Mail Through Line  
between Montreal and Quebec.  
ON and after MONDAY, the 6th of May, and until further notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steamers will leave their respective Wharves as follows:—The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. R. Lefebvre, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, for Quebec, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at Quebec, St. John's, and St. Lawrence. Passengers wishing to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamers can depend on being in time taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the wharves without extra charge. The Steamer MONTRÉAL, Capt. R. Nelson, will leave every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at Seven p.m., precisely, calling, going and returning, at the ports of St. John's, Three Rivers and Montreal. This Company will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless BILLS OF LADING have been duly presented and signed therefor. Further information may be had at the Freight Office on the Wharf, or at the Office, 29 Commissioners Street, Montreal. J. R. LAMERIE, Manager. Office Richelieu Company, 6th May, 1887. 2Dm-WH

**The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.**  
Established 1855.  
WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED  
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.  
Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000  
Annual Income, \$2,500,000  
RICHARD BULL, Manager.  
ASSURANCES effected on the different systems suggested and approved by a lengthy experience, so as to meet the wishes of every person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every information on the subject of Life Assurance will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal, or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada. Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge, Medical Advisers, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lister. May 1st. 1Dm-WH

**OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**  
UNDER Contract with the Government of Canada for the conveyance of the Mail, between Montreal, Canadian & United States Mail.  
1887—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS—1887.  
Passengers Booked to Londonderry and Liverpool.  
Return Tickets Granted at Reduced Rates.  
This Company's MAIL LINE is composed of the following:—First-Class, Full-Powered, Clyde-Built, Double-Ended Iron Steamships:—  
AUSTRIAN, 2700 Tons, Capt. AITKEN.  
NESTORIAN, 2700 Tons, Lt. DUTTON, R.N.R.  
MORRIS, 2600 Tons, Capt. WILKES.  
PERUVIAN, 2600 Tons, Capt. BALANTINE.  
NOVA-SCOTIAN, 2600 Tons, Capt. HOWE.  
NORTH-AMERICAN, 2600 Tons, Capt. ALLEN.  
BELGIAN, 2600 Tons, Capt. KIRK.  
DANUBIUS, 2600 Tons, Capt. GIBSON.  
And their GLASGOW LINE of Steamships:—  
ST. GEORGE, 1400 Tons, Lt. SMITH, R.N.R.  
ST. ANDREW, 1400 Tons, Capt. SCOTT.  
ST. PATRICK, 1200 Tons, Capt. TRACKE.  
ST. DAVID, 1200 Tons, Capt. ALEX.  
(Sailing between the Clyde and Quebec and Montreal at regular intervals throughout the season of Summer Navigation.)  
The Steamers of the MAIL LINE are intended to be despatched as underlined, viz:—  
AUSTRIAN, 27th May, 1887.  
NESTORIAN, 29th May, 1887.  
MORRIS, 31st May, 1887.  
PERUVIAN, 2nd June, 1887.  
NOVA-SCOTIAN, 4th June, 1887.  
NORTH-AMERICAN, 6th June, 1887.  
BELGIAN, 8th June, 1887.  
DANUBIUS, 10th June, 1887.  
And from QUEBEC EVERY SATURDAY, calling at Loch Port to receive on board and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland.)  
Rates of Passage from Belleville to Londonderry or Liverpool, per Grand Trunk Railway, or Bay of Quinte and Royal Mail Line of Steamers to Quebec:—  
CABIN (according to accommodation) \$3.00  
STEERAGE (according to accommodation) \$2.00  
Passengers desirous of proceeding to Paris and London, may obtain "Cook's Excursion Tickets" on application to the Agents at Quebec or Montreal.  
A special reduced fare granted on each voyage. Berths not secured until paid for.  
For particulars apply to—  
J. W. THOMPSON, Agent, Canadian Express Office, 215 1/2 BELLEVILLE. 2Dm-WH

**BLANK NOTES.**  
BOUND in Books containing  
25 notes each, printed on the paper, for sale at the Intelligence Office.

## Booth.

A CORRESPONDENT OF THE NEWS IS SURE THAT HE IS ALIVE—AFFIDAVIT READY TO PROVE THE FACT—BAKER CHARGED WITH A CONSPIRACY TO OBTAIN THE REWARD FOR THE BODY OF BOOTH.

A New Orleans Correspondent of the N. Y. News writes to that paper on this much disputed point:—  
I have to report the facts of some persons who will not admit the possibility of my being deceived. J. Wilkes Booth is alive!

The delusion has continued long enough. It is time that people were awakened to a due sense of their simplicity and susceptibility of being duped by the shrewd and cunning parasites of rascality, who have been and still are prowling about Washington, growing fat on the spoils of war, and drinking to the dogs the blood of the innocent victims, whose lives they have recklessly bartered for a "filthy lucre" and that it might redound to their credit and self aggrandizement.

It is time they were made fully aware of the foul and most damning scheme that have been concocted by these "wolves in sheep's clothing" to defraud an over-generous public. It would be folly to recall the details of the tragic events of the night of April 15, 1865. They are too indelibly stamped upon the memory of every American citizen. Suffice to say, the President was assassinated, and J. Wilkes Booth became by common consent as the assassin.

That he made his escape from Washington, none will deny. That it was his lifeless body that was brought back to Washington, and so mysteriously disposed of—many have doubted, and but few individuals believe who saw the strange conduct of the officers in charge. The reward offered for his capture, and having his eyes open was a thoroughly unprejudiced and perfectly reliable source.

There are three men in the United States who have seen J. Wilkes Booth, since what purported to be his mortal wound. He was seen by a gentleman in the month of September, 1865; and there is a young man in this city to day, who saw him no longer ago than August, 1866, and conversed with him. The names of these individuals, who signed to their respective affidavits, might possibly be obtained from application to ex-Judge Advocate Holt, or the notorious L. C. Baker, Chief National Detective. Police, as it is probable they may have forgotten to mention to their friends or in public matter of such a "rival impostor." If not, I would venture to say the men referred to would not object to a repetition of their names to documents of a similar nature.

Be it known that I do hereby charge Gen. La Fayette C. Baker and his associates with having wilfully and maliciously conspired to swindle the United States Treasury out of one hundred thousand dollars.

**The Apple-tree Borer.**  
In all July and August, the apple-tree borer, then in the beetle stage, lays its eggs on the bark, near the roots of the tree. If once entered upon its mission, leaving a slender monument of its presence, it is impossible to be easily watched. But if a tree stands in grass or weeds, or if roots are exposed as often is the case, for some distance from the trunk, the mother beetle will crawl from her nest, and deposit her litter of ten eggs where ever she pleases.

Before winter comes of these eggs a whitish worm, with a dark, horny head and tapering body will hatch out, and at once enter upon its mission. Leaving a slender monument of its presence, it is impossible to be easily watched. But if a tree stands in grass or weeds, or if roots are exposed as often is the case, for some distance from the trunk, the mother beetle will crawl from her nest, and deposit her litter of ten eggs where ever she pleases.

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# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER,

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
KEPT always on hand. Also, a great  
variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember  
the name  
**Nelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.**

N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
Haw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats ironed and  
repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4.30. Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays, and Fridays, until further no-  
tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.  
Colborne, 7 a.m., and Port Hope on arrival  
of 4 P.M. morning trains from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9.30 a.m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Char-  
lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express  
Trains at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.

Connects at North Shore Falls with 6 P.M.  
morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. 1D-6m

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-  
cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sunday's excepted), at half past 7 o'clock,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1.30 P.M., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening trains  
going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON,  
Proprietors.

John Harris, Agent, Belleville.  
John FANNING, Agent, Madoc.  
P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless looked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1867. 1D-6m

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

It is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices  
be published and forwarded to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as repre-  
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal to the  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is decreed to be this day 25 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D-14 Assistant Commissioner of Customs

## QUEBEC

## INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and  
afford every facility to intending assureds.  
—Of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Board of Directors.  
—The Company is closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-  
pecially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
Must Largely Influence Profits  
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1868, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.

DE. CANNIFF, Medical Referee  
May, 1867.

M. BOWELL, Intelligence Office, 4D-6mo.

W. WHARIN & Co.,  
11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF  
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED  
WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully  
repaired and warranted.  
WM. WHARIN, 1D-6m W. L. WILKINSON.

O. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

He would call the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families to the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.  
Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs, of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

## THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

## UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stock and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4f

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY at SIX o'clock A.M., calling at  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at 10 P.M., call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

## RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdahsburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.

For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL,  
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 1D-3m

## MAITLAND FISHER, TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.

OFFICE: Corner of St. James and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.

Representatives—Robertson & Beattie, Robert Esdaile,  
Esq., St. James, Esq.

## Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co., Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Leather, &c.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS  
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Representatives—Large, coal, dry and central, with  
every facility for handling provisions to ad-  
vantage.

ADVANCES—Cash advances made, and drafts  
authorized against shipments to our care for  
sale here or consigned to our friends in Great  
Britain or the Lower Provinces. 350-60-W6m

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C.W.

WHOLESALE AND  
RETAIL Dealers in all  
kinds of Groceries and  
Provisions, and all  
supplies for Hotels, Restaurants,  
Shops, &c., with the best  
quality of all kinds of  
Meats, Lard, Butter, &c., and  
all other articles usually  
supplied to the trade.  
Also, Wholesale Agents  
for Montreal, Toronto &  
Ottawa.

For sale by the  
Belleville

## AGRICULTURAL WORKS

AND  
IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,  
MANUFACTURERS OF

Threshing Machines,  
STRAW CUTTERS,  
MILL WORK & MACHINERY,  
IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,  
Iron and Steel Ploughs,  
Stoves, &c.

May 1. 1D-11

JOHN BULL  
BITTERS

FOR SALE BY THE  
FITCHTHER & KELSO,  
Belleville.

For sale Wholesale by

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## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection

with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

we have one of the best

applied

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out a

large and complete assortment of

the country of Hastings.

The Extensive Assortment

OF

TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK.

such as

Letter Headings,

Note Headings,

Business Cards,

Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

Circulars.

Catalogues.

Receipts,

Pamphlets,

Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

Posters,

Placards.

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS,

BY LAWS,

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly

and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

Parties at a distance from Belleville in want of

Any Description of Printing,

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders

by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful

attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

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## SYNOPSIS

GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor

in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Clarendon

Gold Mining Division," Richard Poirer, Esq., Gold Mining

Inspector, St. Francis de la Riviere, and "St. Francis

Gold Mining Division," J. K. Gilmour, Esq., Gold Mining

Inspector, St. Francis, both July 1st, 1864, amended

30th July, 1864 and 23rd Sept. 1865.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Procla-

mation, 24th March, 1867: "Queen's Gold Mining Division,"

constituting the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Palmer-

ston, Miller and the Township of South Canoe, in the

County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of

Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and

Canoe, the Townships in the County of Addison, sit-



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

No. 99

## Travelling in Mexico.

An American lawyer who assisted in preparing a defence for Maximilian on the occasion of his mock trial, gives the following account of the beauties of travelling in the delectable land of Mexico.—He writes:—

I was anxious to attend his trial as he requested, but on the 7th of June Gen. Escobedo ordered all the foreigners to leave the city the next day, and I was obliged to go. I parted with the Emperor with mingled hopes and fears for his fate, and deeply impressed with his kind, complimentary words. The news of his death, strong

me with horror. It was unmitigated murder. His trial was a farce. I know that the court had decided upon their judgment before trial, and I know Maximilian was honest, conscientious, and an excellent man in every way. He told me that he wished

to communicate everything to me that the world might know the truth. I have gathered a good many facts in relation to him, and may write his biography when

get home. He was to have written many more facts, and a copy of the Treaty of Miramar. At the request of Maximilian I have written a letter to his mother, the Archduchess Sophia of Austria, and also one to the Duke of Flanders.

We left Queretaro June 8. Stage full  
two ladies, seven men, only two armed.—  
We were dozing along half asleep before  
daylight, when whew! a dozen arms

robbers surrounded the stage, and we were ordered out to be searched. Oh! how maddening! I drew my revolver to find but one robber with his rifle at my breast, another with sword and knife at my side.

demanded my money and watch. There was no use, no hope of resistance. We were robbed of everything, trunks, money, watches, clothes, &c. An hour afterwards the troops came up and our party went on their guide.

the afternoon they overtook the robbers on the mountain side, carousing over some brandy they had found in a box on the stage. The troops dismounted and fired—the robbers escaped but much of the

**Scene at the Montreal Fire**

(From the Witness.)

We visited the burned oil-store the morning, and found flame still spurring up here and there over its large area, and smoke rising from almost every part. The

It is a scene of terrible desolation, the chief object visible being some iron hoops. There were 12,000 barrels of oil, there must be 12,000 hoops; and, in point of fact, the

are lying there in almost countless numbers. The wonder is, that the sea of fire did not overflow the dams on the creek, erected with such desperate energy, in the midst of such intense heat. Had the water in the

creek been higher, nothing could have prevented the stream of fire from coursing through among the dwelling houses Point St. Charles adjoining, which would have burned like tinder. Some of the

are built directly over it or piles. It would have kindled at once the great area of wood work of the cattle market, under which runs, and caught the corner of the stave yard of sugar-refinery. From thence

among the piles of lumber which cover many acres on its banks, and gone through part of Griffintown, till it reached the sewer in William street, through which it would have passed unto the port. All the

would have been a necessary consequence of more water in the creek. On the other hand, had there been any wind toward the buildings of Point St. Charles, nothing could have hindered a most extensive con-

—The strike on the Mobile and Ohio Railroa

has assumed formidable proportions. The employees, many of whom have not been paid for eighteen months, assembled at Jackson, and stopped all the trains.

—The Belgian Volunteers who recently visi-

ed England, have forwarded to the Anglo-Belgian Benevolent Society the sum of £426 stg. as token of their appreciation of the cordial welcome and reception which they were accorded.

—Edward Payson Weston has been matched to walk from Portland, Maine, to Chicago, twelve hundred miles, in thirty consecutive days, Weston agreeing not to walk on Sunday. The time for starting is to be between the 1st and 15th of October. The match is for \$10,000.

—The French are again making great strides to conquest in the East. A despatch from Paris says that Admiral Grandiere announces the occupation of the six western provinces of

Lower Cochin China. The French troops occupied the towns of Uing, Kung, Sadoc, Chandoc and Hatien, without firing a shot, the mandarins of these places opening their gates with the unanimous consent of the inhabitants. The

annexation of these territories to France effected because they served as a refuge to pirates and agitators. A proclamation of the Admiral, dated 25th June, says that henceforth the six provinces of Lower Cochinchina are and will remain French territory.

will remain open in territory.



## WEST RIDING.

THE FRIENDS AND SUPPORTERS OF  
**K. GRAHAM, ESQ.,**  
are requested to attend a meeting at  
**NEILSON'S HALL,**

**This Tuesday Evening, 27th Inst.,**  
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Addresses from Mr. Graham and  
others will be given.  
Aug. 27, 1897.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

**BELLEVIEW STATION.**  
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 7:30 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 10:35 A. M.  
Morning Express going East, 8:45 A. M.  
Evening Express going East, 7:30 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 11:10 P. M.  
No passengers allowed by this train.  
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NEW BRIDGES.  
The new bridge over the river at  
Belleville is now open for  
traffic. It is a fine structure  
and will greatly benefit the  
community.

## Daily Intelligencer.

**BELLEVIEW, TUESDAY, AUG. 27.**  
**FROM TORONTO.**

By Special Telegram to the Daily Intelligencer.

**ONTARIO.** Toronto, August 27.  
An intense excitement exists here to-day,  
and little business is being attended to, except  
the contest in South Ontario, and hourly  
telegrams are eagerly sought after. King  
Street, in front of the Globe and Theater  
of Arts, is crowded with people. The majority  
for Gibbs at three o'clock was 50. It is said  
that he will have a majority to-night of over  
100. Preparations are being made for a grand  
procession to-night. Excitement increasing.

## South Ontario Election.

The following is the state of the polls at the  
close last night:

PICKERING.	known.	guess.
Whitely	168	303
Bromham	123	80
Strick	73	146
Whitely (Town)	123	151
Whitely (East)	180	274
Whitely (West)	189	494
OSWATA.	101	189
Total	1093	1092

The following is the state of the poll so far as  
learned from noon to-day:

WHITELY TOWN.	known.	guess.
Whitely Town	120	149
Whitely West	189	494
PICKERING.	434	423
OSWATA, (3 o'clock).	93	majority.

3 p.m. Returns show Gibbs' election a certainty.  
He is gaining steadily at Columbus, Pickering,  
and Brooklin. His majority throughout  
the county is now from 60 to 70.

## The Kingston Election.

The returns from Kingston at three o'clock  
are as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.	
Mr. John A. Macdonald.	700
Dr. Stewart.	180
Macdonald's majority.	570
ONTARIO ASSEMBLY.	
Mr. W. Strang.	674
Dr. Stewart.	130
Strang's majority.	554

## East Riding Nomination.

The nomination for the East Riding was  
held yesterday at Chisholm's Mills, near  
McLaren's Tavern, Tynesburg. Between  
400 and 500 electors were present.

The Hon. ROBT. BRAD and J. J. FARLEY,  
Esqs., were nominated for the Commons,  
and Messrs. HENRY CORRY, G. E. HENDERSON,  
DR. WILSON, ALEX. ROBERTSON, A.  
L. ROBERTSON, and R. D. O'BRIEN, for  
the Local Legislature. The respective candi-  
dates, together with their nominators and  
seconders, addressed the electors. The  
contest for the Local will be between Henry  
Corry and G. E. Henderson, the other gen-  
tlemen having all retired in favor of Mr.  
Corry. The meeting was almost unani-  
mously for Read and Corby.

We will give a full report of the proceed-  
ings and speeches to-morrow.

## The Revenue.

The following is a statement of the  
revenue and expenditure of Canada for the  
month ending 31st July, 1897.

REVENUE—Customs \$95,000 22.	
Excise \$185,750 69.	
Bill stamp duty \$12,000 64.	
Post office \$65,783 19.	
Crown lands \$95,834 70.	
Miscellaneous \$147,000 50.	
Total \$1,076,479.	
EXPENDITURE—\$144,659 40.	

The above does not include the revenue  
and expenditure of Nova Scotia and New  
Brunswick.

## Election Intelligence.

**SHERBROOKE.**—Hon. Mr. Galt has been elect-  
ed by acclamation for Sherbrooke.

**QUEBEC COUNTY.**—Hon. Mr. Chabert was re-  
turned by acclamation for both ridings.

**DOUGHERTY.**—Hon. H. L. Langville, Sec-  
retary of State, has been elected for the House of  
Commons by acclamation.

**DUNDAS.**—Mr. John S. Ross (Union) has been  
elected by acclamation for the House of Com-  
mons for Dundas.

**NORTH OXFORD.**—Mr. Thomas Oliver, the  
late member, was elected by acclamation for the  
Commons. Mr. Geo. Perry and Dr. Clarke  
were nominated for the Local Parliament.

**WEST PETERBOROUGH.**—Mr. Chas. Perry and  
Mr. John Gordon were nominated for the Com-  
mons of Canada; and Mr. John Carnegie and  
Mr. John Walton for the Local Legislature.

**BROCKVILLE.**—F. W. H. Chambers, Esq., and  
Lt.-Col. Jas. Crawford were nominated for the  
Commons House; and Mr. G. F. Fraser and  
Wm. Fitzsimmons, Esq., Mayor of Brockville,  
for the Ontario Legislature.

**NIAGARA.**—Messrs. Angus Morrison and W.  
A. Thompson were put in nomination for the  
House of Commons; and A. C. Currie, William  
Kirby and J. M. Currie for the Ontario Parlia-  
ment.

**NORTH BRANT.**—Dr. J. T. Brown, Mr. Joseph  
D. Clement, Mr. A. S. Hardy and R. R. Brown  
were nominated for the General; and Messrs.  
W. Turnbull and R. Finlayson for the Local  
Legislature.

**HAMILTON CITY.**—Mr. Chas. Magill was  
elected by acclamation to the Commons. Mr.  
J. M. Williams and Major O'Reilly were nom-  
inated for the Ontario Legislature. Mr. Marston  
was the Conservative candidate, but was re-  
placed by Major O'Reilly on the day of nomi-  
nation.

**SOUTH LANARK.**—In South Lanark yesterday,  
Mr. Alex. Morris was elected by acclamation to  
the House of Commons. Messrs. John Laurie,  
Wm. Shaw, Abraham Code, and Col. Playfair  
were nominated for the Ontario Legislature.

**MEANS.**—Shaw and Code go to the poll.

**EAST DUNHAM.**—The nomination for this di-  
vision took place at Millbrook on Thursday last,  
when Messrs. F. H. Burton (Union) and F.  
Beamish (Cons.) were nominated for the Com-  
mons of Canada; and Messrs. T. H. Williams  
& J. Shuter Smith for the Local Legislature.  
It is since rumored that Messrs. Beamish and  
Smith have withdrawn from the contest.

## Dr. Otway on the Madoc Region.

Dr. Otway delivered a preliminary lecture  
in Madoc on Monday evening, the 19th, which  
is thus referred to in the Madoc Mercury.  
He alluded to the experience he had in the  
various gold fields in other parts of the world,  
and the difficulty he met with, when he first  
discovered of gold here. In ascertaining  
where Madoc was situated. On coming  
this way he at once recognized some mines  
before reaching the village. All characteristics  
of a rich mineral country, and in the course  
of his remarks, he laid on the fact, for the  
benefit of the people, in having, the  
superiority of the people, in having, the  
steps to develop the wealth within their  
reach, immediately around and in the vil-  
lage, as well as elsewhere, and he also  
blamed the Government for not having  
granted a subsidy of one hundred thousand  
dollars to teach them how to go to  
work with advantage. He expressed a  
very decided opinion that gold mining,  
though the most tempting, is not generally  
the best means of advancement, but that  
every one in it, and that more money will  
be made from the search for silver, as three  
profits are to be made from the galena, the  
silver it contains, and the litharge to be ob-  
tained in addition. He described this  
country as the centre of a wonderfully  
rich mineral district, in which besides gold  
and silver, bismuth has been found, and in  
which he has no doubt cinnabar will also  
be discovered. The copper he pronounced  
of no value. Incidentally he mentioned  
that the deposit of red hematite, so much  
sneered at by the way, by some of our  
Belleville friends, was much more exten-  
sive than was imagined, as he had traced  
it for a considerable distance; and he  
spoke very highly also of the extent and  
value of the Seymour iron ore bed. From  
his allusions to the difficulties experienced  
miners will meet with from the mineral  
veins being broken by the action of earth-  
quakes, and from the surface being over-  
laid by extensive moraines deposited by  
icebergs, Dr. Otway evidently considers  
this region, as we have before stated it to  
be, a geological puzzle. The conclusion  
he has arrived at, from his explorations, is,  
that in the future we shall have one of  
the largest mining populations in the world  
settled in this neighborhood.

**ARMS ARRIVED.**—The Companies composing  
the 4th Battalion will be glad to learn that  
the Snider-Enfield Rifles have arrived. The arms  
for Tynesburg and Trenton have been sent to  
their respective armories. The remainder are  
in the Belleville armory, and will be forwarded  
at once.

**GASPE TRUCKS.**—A correspondent of the Que-  
bec Chronicle says:—Two candidates are  
put for the honor of representing this county in  
Parliament, Commander Fortin for both houses,  
and H. LeBlond, Esq., for the Local Legisla-  
ture. Applicants received lately from the  
Gaspé whalers at Labrador and Newfoundland  
report the catch of whales good. Cod fishery  
better than last report. Mackerel fishery good.  
Grain and potatoes look remarkably well.

**Parties intended to purchase Clothing or  
Boots and Shoes cheap, will find it to their ad-  
vantage to call at J. Mair & Co.'s Emporium,  
as they intend to sell off their present stock to  
make room for Fall Importations.**

## North Hastings.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR.—A political meeting held by T. C.  
Wallbridge at the Allen School House, last night,  
he was pleased to designate the EXPLORATION  
CONGRESS, a name which, that name in  
my opinion, was a compliment to him, and  
otherwise. A smart machine is for the pur-  
pose of cleansing the wheat. I would en-  
gaged that you can get through; but be very  
careful not to blow too hard or you will blow  
him all away, for I think there is nothing in  
the man but smut, he has made that impres-  
sion since he lectured at the Allen School  
House, for there is a peculiar odor since he  
left that we cannot get rid of; I would sug-  
gest that for the future he is to be designated  
smut.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.

AN ELECTOR.  
Rawdon, August 26th, 1897.

## FROM BRIDGEWATER.

From our own Correspondent.

BRIDGEWATER, AUGUST 24.

A meeting was held in the Town Hall  
on Thursday evening, for the purpose of  
appointing a committee to secure by all  
legitimate means the return of Mr. Bowell  
to Parliament. Mr. R. Nelson having been  
called to the chair, the Hon. Bills Flinn  
addressed the audience, stating that he and  
Mr. Bowell differed on many political points,  
but where the best interests of the county  
were concerned there was no difference be-  
tween them. Having briefly explained our  
present position under Confederation, he  
went on to say that had Mr. Wallbridge  
done his duty, he would this day have been  
without opposition, but he (Wallbridge)  
had destroyed our prospects of getting a  
Railway, and in defence is trying to raise  
the highest of taxation, saying at first that  
he did not kill the bill; next that he did kill  
the bill to save taxation; Mr. Flinn went  
on to say the county could not be taxed for  
such a purpose without the consent of the  
people; and he for one was always opposed  
to such a course. He then carefully dis-  
sected all the rhodomontade of Mr. T. C.  
Wallbridge from first to last, showed the  
utter absurdity of it, and the irreparable  
loss the county had sustained by the actions  
of that gentleman. He further said that  
he wanted no one to be guided by him at  
the ensuing election, but to be guided by  
Mr. Wallbridge's actions in the past, if they  
did him sure Mr. Bowell would be re-  
turned their member by a large majority,  
and concluded by stating that his belief in  
the Railway being for the best interests of  
the country was as strong as ever, and joy-  
fully remarked that if any one would find  
him a gold mine sufficiently rich to build  
the railway, he would go to work and build  
it himself. The speaker was listened to  
attentively and frequently applauded. A  
committee of twenty having been formed,  
Mr. R. Nelson was appointed chairman, and  
Mr. E. James secretary. After a short ad-  
dress from the Chairman the meeting was  
brought to a close, and Mr. Otway to be  
the general impression that Mr. Bowell  
would be the successful candidate.

In gold news I can give you a small  
item. A sample of dark Tourmaline rock was  
taken from Mr. F. Hott's mine, No. 20, 4th  
concession Kildare, about two feet from  
the surface, and sent Dr. Otway to be  
tested. I have sent the certificate. The  
result of the test was, gold 4 oz. 3 dwts. 8 grs.,  
value \$38.35 to the ton; silver, a trace—  
This promises to be a valuable mine.

Mr. James White, of Port Hope, has tak-  
en a contract to erect a building over the  
creek at the Barry mine, 20 feet by 48 feet,  
for a wheel and sent to attach to a crusher,  
or such other machinery as may be deemed  
best for the purpose. There are twenty-six  
men now at work at this mine, and yester-  
day they got out about four tons of quartz,  
all impregnated with the precious metal.  
When a few more of the places with good  
indications come to be opened up there will  
be stirring times in this Township, and  
more especially, if, as was suggested in your  
columns the other day, we had a good  
Assayist here. I feel convinced that one  
well up to his work would find his mine  
fully occupied. It is palpable to all here  
that one is much wanted.

## Mineralogy.

NUMBER X.

For The Intelligencer.

SIR.—I informed you last week that I had  
paid a visit to the Hungerford mining district,  
which has been hitherto neglected for the  
superior attractions of the more northern  
townships; and having at last a little leisure,  
I shall give your readers a short account of  
what I saw in that quarter. The Hungerford  
road is for the most part pretty good order,  
and we had a pleasant drive along it as far as  
Caton's Corners, where we left the gravel road  
and took the road to Steen, across Sugar  
Island, the village of Hungerford. A little  
beyond Steen Village, the limestone of the  
south part of Hastings terminates, abutting  
upon the southern edge of the great Laurentian  
upheaval, which forms the gold mining  
region of the Province of Ontario. Of that  
became painfully aware from the state of the  
road, which is conducted across the butt of a  
hill composed of gneiss, clay slate, mica schist  
and other non-plutonic rocks, and which  
covered with huge boulders, and  
with vast outcrops of rocks, among which  
we had to wind and turn like a Thames  
steamer among the collars in London river.  
Having overcome this difficulty, and a few

miles of sandy road beyond, we arrived at  
Bogart's Mills, where Mr. A. L. Bogart owns  
a fine level tract of land on the banks of the  
pretty little Clare River, the richness of whose  
soil was sufficiently evidenced by the excellent  
crops which it carried. At this point, the  
Clare River is crossed by a bridge of rock,  
which forms a beautiful waterfall, by the side  
of which stands the saw mill which gives  
name to the locality, now, unfortunately for  
the prosperity of the village, standing idle.

I spent the remains of daylight in viewing  
the beauties of the spot, and started next  
morning, in company with Mr. Bogart, to  
inspect the mines. The first we came to were  
Mr. Bogart's and Mr. Jas. T. Young's shafts,  
which are within a few feet of each other,  
one on each side of the fence which divides  
their respective lots, and which are so much  
alike that a description will serve for both.  
These shafts have not gone down any great  
depth. Mr. Young's mine, the deeper of the  
two, not being more than eight feet. This  
shaft has been put down right in the focus  
of a "burn," as they call it here, that is,  
the centre of one of the small craters, or  
"chimneys," through which the subterranean  
fire, which forced up the ridges, which so  
placidly scan the face of North Hastings,  
found vent for its struggle, and whose  
pent up volumes must have afforded a grand  
and terrible spectacle, as they shot up in  
streams of hundreds of feet into the air.  
That there has been a crater here is plain  
from the existence of a service about two feet  
wide in the bottom of the shaft, filled with  
brown sulphur, which have been so rapidly  
sublimed and so suddenly condensed that they  
have taken the form of coarse sand, or fine  
gravel; while beneath the soil, and even  
within the crevices, are found masses of twigs,  
leaves and mullein tops, which at some  
remote period been blown by the winds or  
washed by the rains into the opening, and  
have been subsequently covered up by simi-  
lar deposits, and by soil from the surface,  
have been so acted upon by the decomposing  
pyrites, as to be thoroughly converted into  
brown oxide of iron, or what is technically  
known as limonite or bog ore. So complete  
and so quick has been the conversion, that  
not only can the prickles of the brambles be dis-  
tinguished from the smooth bark of the other  
trees, but on breaking the branch across the  
path, the woody circles, and the ring of bark  
can be plainly seen; while the footstalks, the  
mid ribs, and even the side veins and parts  
of the pith of the stems of the plants have been  
preserved. Mr. Joseph Hill, Mr. Young's  
partner in the mine, kindly gave me, speci-  
mens in which all these phenomena are beau-  
tifully exemplified. This mine affords a hand-  
ful of iron enough for the manufacture of  
copperas on a large scale. It has also afforded  
a show of gold, which at so small a depth  
is very encouraging.

Passing from this, which is the eleventh  
concession, we went on to No. 23 in the twelfth,  
where there are several mines in operation. I  
here found a ridge, which traced for about  
a mile, the base being about 30 to 40  
yards wide all the way. There Mr. Vandusen  
is digging in high hope, though he has not  
among the surface stuff what I was there. A  
little further on is the Delong mine, which  
has given good results, and has been found  
in a free state and in the sulphurets.  
Adjoining this is a shaft which I  
worked on his own gold, which Mr. Brooks,  
one of the partners in the Delong  
Company. Being so close, his prospects must  
be equally favorable. A little further on is  
the mine of Mr. Lucas, which affords speci-  
mens of mineralized twigs, &c., like those of  
Mr. Young's mine, though in smaller quan-  
tity; and some very fine radiating masses of  
green mica with deep yellow sulphurets.  
We here saw a section of gold, which I was  
assured was picked out by Mr. Lucas' sul-  
phurets. His shaft, like Mr. Young's, seems  
to occupy the site of a "chimney." There  
are two more shafts open on this ridge, but no  
work was being done in them, and my limit-  
ed time did not permit me to visit some that  
exist a mile or two to the northward.

This part of the country exhibits consid-  
erable promise of mineral wealth. The dip of  
the strata being to the South, it seems to  
form the southern slope of that great Laurentian  
Anticline on the northern slope of which the  
Madoc mines, including the now famous  
Richardson mine, are situated; the  
apex of which seems to have been disrupted  
and abraded, and carried away to be scattered  
over the face of the country in the shape of  
those boulders, which form in too many places  
so serious an impediment to the progress of  
the settler in his agricultural improvements.

The inspection of these remarkable appear-  
ances gives rise to some rather interesting  
and curious speculations on which I will  
at times ago, probably long before the up-  
right form of man stalked over the earth's  
surface, the same brambles, raspberry canes,  
and weeds grew on those ridges, and in the  
valleys between, as grow there at the present  
day. Another is, that those stores of untold  
wealth should have lain unsuspected and  
undreamed of under their roots, and under  
the feet of so many explorers, until the pre-  
sent day, when they are being dragged from  
their long concealment, to enrich and strength-  
en our New Dominion.

Yours truly,  
JAMES T. BELL.  
Belleville, August 26th, 1897.

## The Election Law.

To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

PICTON, AUGUST 23, 1897.

SIR.—Under the Act to amend the Parlia-  
mentary Election Act, it is prescribed that  
the Council or, in case of its failure to do so,  
the Sheriff shall, if the number of qualified  
voters in the municipality, ward or electoral  
division shall exceed 600 and under 1,000, di-  
vide the locality into two divisions, adding  
one division for every 400 voters; and the  
lists for each division shall be in alphabetical  
order, according to the surnames of the  
names, viz: Those whose names commence  
with A to H to vote in division 1, I to P  
to vote in 24, Q to Z, and Q to Z to vote in  
the division 3.

Now, suppose Picton, for instance, has  
under 600 voters, can the Sheriff compel the  
above alphabetical order to be carried into ef-  
fect, and if he does so, what will be the ef-  
fect of such polling on the election?

Perhaps some of your legal gentlemen in

Belleville will give an idea as to the above  
subject. The Statute referred to is 29, 30  
Vict. Chap. 18, Secs. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

## Telegraphic News.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

**LONDON, August 27.**—Reports of troubles in  
Spain are conflicting and unreliable. The official  
despatches say that all the risings have been put  
down, and that the insurrection is ended.—  
While advices from the insurgents daily con-  
flict these statements, and say that movements  
against the Government are going on with suc-  
cess, and gathering strength every day.

**ST. PETERSBURG, August 26.**—The Russian  
Government has sent an order to the United  
States for 100,000 Berdan rifles.

**PARIS, August 26.**—M. Vulpes, the eminent  
physician, is dead. An abolition Congress of  
the leading anti-slavery men of the world, com-  
menced its sessions here to-day. A large num-  
ber of Americans, and many representatives of  
the African race were present. One of the ob-  
jects of the Congress is to adopt a memorial to  
all those Powers which tolerate human slavery  
within their dominions, urging the total aboli-  
tion of such bondage.

**BERLIN, August 26.**—The preliminaries for a  
meeting between the King of Prussia and the  
Sovereigns of the South German States, have  
been arranged. They will meet at Berlin at an  
early day.

**MARSEILLES, August 26.**—Intelligence from  
Canada is as follows:—While a Russian war  
steamer was taking on board a number of refu-  
gees on the Crete coast, the commander of a  
Turkish man-of-war, which was lying near, for-  
bade further embarkation. The Russian com-  
mander refused to desist, and both vessels ran  
out their guns and prepared for a fight, but  
Omar Pasha, who was on shore, interfered and  
prevented an engagement.

**LONDON, August 27, noon.**—Consols 94½;  
Bonds 75½; Erie 45½; 1 C. 77½.

**LONDON, August 27, 2 p.m.**—Bonds weak  
and unchanged, Consols 94½; Erie 45½.

**LIVERPOOL, August 27, noon.**—Cotton steady  
at 10½d for Uplands; 10½d for Orleans. Cora  
declined to 35s 6d.

**LIVERPOOL, August 27, 2 p.m.**—Cotton steady  
and rather more doing; prices unaltered.  
Broadstuffs quiet. Sugar 94s 6d. Lard 54s 5d.  
Tallow 44s 6d.

## American Despatches.

**WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.**—A private letter de-  
tected near Fort Hayes, Kansas, August 20, says:—  
"The cholera has been the scourge of the  
plains this summer."

**NEW YORK, August 27.**—The Times says  
Hayes correspondent says of the recent battle  
between the Indians and Major Ames' force:  
"Our loss was 35 killed, wounded and missing;  
Indian loss about 150. After the battle the In-  
dians sent a flag of truce, our scouts were an-  
swered, it were told in good English. Tell  
your officer we want no peace, we are for war,  
we will not leave the war path." Our flag  
of truce was then fired upon, and a charge made  
by the Indians. Dr. and Major Ames' remains  
I saw were seen along the Indians. A force of  
800 cavalry has gone out to meet the savages.

The Herald's special says: Secretary McCul-  
loch's resignation will probably be the last ac-  
credit. It is reported that Secretary McCulloch  
has accepted an offer from Jay, Cooke & Co.,  
to manage the new Banking House they are  
about to open in London.

The Tribune special says: It is intimated that  
Grant will ask to be relieved from duty at the  
war office soon. Changes in the cabinet will  
take place.

The Herald's Poughkeepsie special says: The  
engine and baggage car of the noon expres-  
s train derailed, run off the track to-day. No ac-  
cidents, but several injured.

**NEW YORK, August 27.**—The gamblers are  
agitating the formation of a protective union.  
A split is imminent among them, the higher  
orders favoring the efforts of the suppression  
society so long as they are directed against the  
lower classes.

**NEW YORK, August 27.**—The Post's Wash-  
ington special says it is supposed that Postmaster  
General Randall's resignation will be the only  
one accepted at present. Secretary McCulloch  
will probably be retained. It is reported that  
about the disposition of Sheridan will lead to  
the withdrawal of Grant from the War Office.

**SOMEWHAT INCREDULOUS.**—There is away  
out in Iowa, a very learned and very worthy  
missionary, known as Father M., who is more  
than suspected of being very fond of  
having his own way. He once attempted  
to cross a wide unsettled prairie, and was  
compelled to camp out over night. In the  
morning he took the wrong course and was  
eaten twenty miles due north while he was  
at it. Some one inquired how it  
happened, as it was a clear day, and asked  
him if he could not see the sun. "Why,"  
he replied, "I saw the sun, but I could not  
bring myself to believe that I was east."

At a certain college, the senior class was  
under examination for degrees. The profes-  
sor of Natural Philosophy was badgered  
on optics. The point under illustration  
was that, artistically and scientifically speaking,  
we see no objects. The worthy Professor, to  
ed on the retina. "The worthy Professor,"  
actually see your father. But explain to  
promptly, "No." "Because," replied Mr. Jack-  
son, "I saw the sun, but I could not bring  
myself to believe that I was east."







# GEORGE ROCHE,

HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of

Felt & Silk Hats,

KEPT always on hand. Also, a great

variety of

CLOTH CAPS.

All orders promptly executed. Remember

the stand.

Neilsen's Block, opposite Apothecaries

Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in CASH paid for

Haw Furs. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and

repaired.

May 1. 1D-6m

DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and

vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,

from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,

and between the Canadian

Gold Fields and the

United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

"CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 4.30. Mondays Wed-

nesdays and Fridays, until further no-

tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a. m.,

Colborne, 7 a. m., and Port Hope on arrival

of G. T. R. morning trains from Toronto and

Montreal, at 9.30 a. m.

Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-

press Trains for the East, West, and South.

Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-

lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express

Trains at 10 p. m., Saturdays 3 p. m.

Connects at North Shore Ports with G. T. R.

morning trains for Toronto and Montreal, and

at Brighton and Colborne with morning

Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and

the Canadian Gold Fields.

R. P. DAVY, AGENT. DM

July 22nd, 1867.

MURRAY FOR

GOULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES.

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-

ci pal Hotels in Belleville every morning

(Sundays excepted), at half-past 8 o'clock,

arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.

Returning—Leaves all the principal Hotels

in Madoc at 1.30 p. m., arriving in Belleville

in time to connect with the evening trains

going east and west.

GOULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TANNEN, Agent, Madoc.

P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on

this route, will be attended to by the

parcels always booked and paid for will be

at the risk of the owner.

July 22nd, 1867. 1D-6

American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

QUEBEC, 6th March, 1863.

IT is directed by the Hon. The Finance

Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices

be published and furnished to Collectors of

Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-

lowed on American Invoices, which is to be

accordance with the price of gold as repre-

sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.

Such notices to appear every Saturday in the

Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

OTTAWA, June 12th, 1867.

IN accordance with the above Order, Notice

is hereby given that the authorized dis-

count is declared to be this day 28 per cent,

which percentage of deduction is to be con-

tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-

ply to all purchases made in the United States

during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON

8D-14 Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

QUEEN

INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL, - - - \$10,000,000.

FIRE AND LIFE.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is

founded contain all the elements required

to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and

afford every facility to intending assurers.—

One of the advantages secured by those who

insure their lives with this Company is that

the outside expenditure for Management is

absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-

ment to Ten per Cent of the Net Life

Income. This most important restriction

shows that the interests of participating policy

holders are closely watched and carefully at-

tended to by the Company. Attention is es-

pecially called to this point, as the propor-

tion of premiums expended for Management

Must Largely Influence Profits

and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in

1868, and all those who wish to participate in

the profits should insure at once.

M. BOWELL, Agent.

DR. CANNIFF, Medical Referee.

May, 1867. 4D-4m

W. WHARIN & Co.,

11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO,

IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELKHO-PLATED

WARE, TABLE CUTLERY, &c.,

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully

cleaned and warranted.

WM. WHARIN, 12D-6m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

DRAPEES, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12D-6m

# FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and

Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture

and in particular attention of

the Trade Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-

nishing to his present Stock, which is the

largest most varied, and best ever shown in

Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as

low as any establishment in the

stand.

Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables

of all kinds. Chairs of every description,

Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended

to.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches.

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public

generally, are requested to call and examine

Stock and Prices, before they make their

purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

Belleville, April, 1867. 1D-4f

The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPERESS."

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every

FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and

McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-

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RETURNING,

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY

ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at

Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.

This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,

and every accommodation for passengers, who

will find her safe, and the swiftest and most

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of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's

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May 14. 1D-3m

The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE

COMPANY.

Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Accumulated and Invested Fund, - \$18,000,000

Annual Income, - - - - - \$2,500,000

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.

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ASSURANCES effected on the different sys-

tems suggested and approved by a lengthened

experience, so as to put the means of every

person's decision of taking out a Policy. Every

information on the subject of Life Assurance

will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,

or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

Agent for Belleville, George Walbridge,

Medical Adviser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Elmer.

May 1st. 14-3m

KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,

MADOC, C. W.

WHOLESALE and Retail Grocers and Pro-

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ply every supply of Groceries,

Shops, &c., with the best

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# THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865.

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection

with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER

Newspaper, we have one of the best

appointed

JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all

kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should

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The Extensive Assortment

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Gives us great advantages in the printing of

And for all kinds of

COMMERCIAL WORK.

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In any Size or in any Colour.

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And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly

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Parties at a distance from Belleville in view of

Any Description of Printing,

Can have their work supplied by sending their orders

by mail. Their orders will require prompt and careful

attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1D.



# THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9, and the

Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865.

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

BOOK AND JOB



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 28, 1867

No. 100

## Montreal Business Directory.

A correspondent of the *Times*, writing from Athens on the 25th ultimo, says:—  
“Omar Pasha has certainly proceeded very leisurely in re-establishing the Sultan's authority in Crete, but he has succeeded in shedding as little blood as possible.”

shedding as little blood as possible, and his delays have often proceeded from his using skill instead of force. His ultimate object was the submission, not the destruction, of the insurgents. He could easily have conquered the insurgents by overwhelming force, even had Greece supported

Before leaving Constantinople he is reported to have said to one of the Sultan's ministers, "Stay off the diplomatists and I will pacify the Croats."

After restoring the Sultan's authority in the eastern half of the island, Omar sent 8,000 of the troops who had stormed Lasethé to the southern coast by the plain of Mesara, where 8,000 were embarked at Dinsiki and landed.

Franghokastelli. The remainder with a corps of Mussulman Cretans and irregulars, marched through the provinces of Amari and Aghio Basili to Argyropolis, Mehemet Pasha was at the same time ordered to

advance from his camp in Apokorana, while another corps drove the insurgents and volunteers in the provinces of Kissamos and Selinos back into the Sphakian mountains. Three Turkish divisions then

advanced to storm the citadel of the insurrection. Mehemet climbed the mountains from the north, Reshid ascended from the east, and Omar in person directed all the operations from his camp at Franghokaste.

li to the south. The first object of the Turkish General was to gain possession of the elevated plain of Askypho, which is between 4,000 and 5,000 feet above the level of the sea. The insurgents have

always represented the place as impregnable; the passes were said to be all fortified, considerable stores of ammunition were formed, and the Greek newspapers have frequently declared that 10,000 well armed

The first who penetrated over the barrier of rugged mountains that surround Askyphe was Mehemet Pasha. He had exercised his men in many feigned attacks on the in-

surgents, and on the 10th inst. he carried the defiles of Krapi without much difficulty. The leader of Greek volunteers charged with the defence of the northern pass says in a published report that he

could only assemble 400 men to guard the key of the insurgent citadel. The names of 25 chiefs who took part in the resistance offered to Mehemet are enumerated, and this leads many here to infer that un-

wards of 2,500 men were engaged in defending Askypho on this side. The Greek and Turkish accounts agree with regard to the complete success of Mehemet Pasha and the skill and courage with

which he conducted his attack. The discipline he maintains among his troops, and the humanity and vigour with which he protects the Christians, are acknowledged by some of his enemies—While Meheme

was entering the plain of Aaskypho from the south Reschid occupied Argyropolis and attacked the Sphakion centre. After a series of desultory skirmishes he gained possession of the plain of Kallikrati, another

of the natural fortresses of the Sphakian warriors, and during these operations the troops under the immediate orders of Omar penetrated to Nipro and Aspenda, and both the central and southern divisions

the Turkish armies established direct communication with the northern in the plain of Askypho. The skirmishing continued for about ten days, but the loss of men appear to have been trifling on both sides.

The insurgents had time to transport their women and children either to the highest recesses of the White Mountains, to the plain of Anopolis, or to the sea coast between Lontra and Aghia Roumele. Omar

Pasha expects that famine will soon compel all those who do not escape to Greece to submit, and he declares that he can ensure them efficient protection, and will supply those who return to their own villa-

ges with provisions. The Arkadi has lately carried off about two thousand refugees from the Sphakian coast—chiefly women and children. Though the Turks are unable to prevent the Arkadi running

into Aghia Roumele and landing her cargo, they might have adopted measures for preventing her escape when her deck was encumbered with 1,000 refugees on a recent voyage. Whether their humanity, as the

Ottoman authorities pretend, or want to pretend, to lack the naval skill, as the Greeks assert, is the real cause of the facility with which the Arkadi carries off refugees, the fact is that women and children are escaping from Crete in

great numbers and volunteers are returning to Greece. The Turks declare that they are supplying food to upwards of 10,000 poor Christians in Crete. This is a fact that can be easily verified or disproved.

In Greece there must be 14,000 Cretan refugees at least. The sub-committee, which acts as agents for the relief committees of London and Manchester, lodges and distribute rations to 42,000. The ladies' com-

committee at Athens maintains 3,000 from the funds sent from Russia, supplemented by 600 drachmas a week from the English committee. The Greek Government affords

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a small dark spot near the top center. A dark, irregular shape is visible along the bottom edge, possibly a binding or shadow.



permanent relief to about 2,000, and the rest are maintained by local charity or maintain themselves.

## West Riding Election.

### A General Meeting of MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN

### Neilson's Hall, THIS Wednesday EVENING, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHN SUTHERLAND, Chairman.

Belleville, Aug. 28, 1897.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 28.

NORTH RIDING.—Nomination at Madoc, on Saturday, the 31st August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 9th and 10th September.

### London Election.

The election for London commenced to-day at 3 P.M., the returns were:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.	
Hon. John Carling.....	850
Peacock.....	327
Carling's majority.....	523
ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.	
Hon. John Carling.....	728
Mr. Durand.....	468
Carling's majority.....	260

### The Ball Rolls.

The great arch-agitator is defeated. In spite of the tremendous influence of the *Globe* newspaper—in spite of the personal canvass made by one of the most successful electioneering agents that ever entered into a political fight—in spite of the effect produced by one of the most powerful and effective speakers in the country—in spite of the money which flowed freely as water, George Brown is defeated. It is a great and glorious victory for the Union cause, and must have an important bearing upon the elections which are to follow.

The following are the majorities at the close of the poll on the second day:

	BROWN.	GREEN.
Pickering, (majority).....	36	60
Oshawa.....	00	93
West Whitty.....	40	00
Whitby Town.....	00	43
East Whitty.....	00	16
	76	132
	76	76
Gibbs' majority.....	76	76

### The East Riding.

Now that Dr. B. S. Wilson, at the solicitation of numerous friends, has gracefully retired from the contest in the East Riding, there promises to be a fair stand-up fight between the candidates for the Local Legislature; unless, indeed, Mr. Henderson, seeing the utter hopelessness of his cause, withdraws from the contest before the polling commences. He may be sufficiently foolhardy to go to the polls, but we very much mistake the feeling of the electors of the East Riding, if they give him the slightest encouragement in prolonging a useless contest. His "silver-tongued" eloquence may tickle the ear and draw crowded houses, but it will require something besides that to draw voters to the polls. Polished manners and "silver-tongued" eloquence, though very well in their place, do not fit a man to be a member of Parliament. Other qualifications are requisite—qualifications which Mr. Henderson does not possess, but which Mr. Corby does possess, and which peculiarly fit him for the position to which he aspires. It would, indeed, be a calamity for the East Riding of the County of Hastings to have as its representative Mr. G. E. Henderson, and while we do not believe he has the remotest chance of being elected, we hope the friends of Mr. Corby will put that chance beyond the bounds of possibility.—Mr. Henderson is an indefatigable worker, and it will not answer to despise the efforts he is making. We repeat, therefore, let the friends of Mr. Corby in all the townships organize at once, and make a thorough canvass of every concession, and have all necessary arrangements made, so that the voters can be got to the poll the first day.

With regard to Messrs. Read and Farley, it was rumored that Mr. Farley would resign on the day of nomination, but it seems he is determined to go to the polls, and it but remains for Mr. Read's friends to serve Mr. Farley as Dr. Stewart, of Kingston, was served the other day. It

will not do to rest satisfied with the election because it is certain, but let every friend and supporter of Mr. Read turn out the first day of the poll, and poll up such a majority as will completely overwhelm his opponent. It can be done, and under the circumstances, it becomes the duty of Mr. Read's friends to see that it is done. Remember Thursday and Friday next, the 5th and 6th of September, and let every loyal and true man do his duty.

### Mr. Graham's Meeting.

Mr. K. GRAHAM, candidate for the Ontario Legislature, had a public meeting at Neilson's Hall on Tuesday evening, the 27th inst., which was very numerously attended. JOHN SUTHERLAND, Esq., was called to the Chair, on assuming which he briefly referred to the contest now pending, and hoped Mr. Brown's friends would give Mr. Graham their hearty support. Mr. Graham then addressed the assembly at some length, giving his views upon the various public questions of the day, which he did in a clear and satisfactory manner. The objections brought against him by two penny-half-penny politicians, who measure others' calibre by their own, and judge others' motives by their own, were completely and satisfactorily disposed of, and in the clearest and most unmistakable manner showed that his interests and the interests of the mechanics and merchants of Belleville were common, and that to display any antagonism to those interests would be the most suicidal policy he could adopt, and which no one but a madman would attempt. With respect to charges that had been made on the hustings and since repeated in a most offensive form, he proved most clearly that they were without foundation. He referred with pride to his past career, and believed, if honored with the confidence of the electors, he would prove to them and his detractors that he was worthy of it. With regard to the canvass, he had been pretty much over the ground and after carefully surveying every point he thought he might say with perfect confidence that his prospects were of the most cheering character, and he urged upon his friends present to put forth every exertion for the next few days, and he had no doubt but he would be returned by a large majority. During his remarks Mr. Graham was frequently and loudly applauded.

Short and interesting addresses were then made by Geo. Neilson, Alex. Robertson, James Brown, and A. Diamond, Esqrs., after which the meeting broke up with cheers for the Queen and the candidates.

### West Riding Nomination.

The most remarkable feature of the nomination proceedings on Saturday last was the good feeling and civility manifested by the candidates and their supporters towards each other. Neither by the nominators in proposing or seconding their favourite candidates, nor in the speeches made by the nominees themselves, or personal imputation indulged in. Notwithstanding the keenness of the contest, and the importance of the situation—the initiation of a new order of things, in which the returns from a single county, or even a single constituency, might possibly give an irreparable bias to the policy of the New Dominion—any of those who were competing either in their own person or through the candidate whom they favoured, for the representation not only of the West Riding of Hastings, but of the distinctive opinions of which they severally claimed to be the opponents and advocates.

But while we admire and applaud this new mode of conducting our local political contests, we cannot shut our eyes to the difference in the position assumed by the candidates upon either side. Messrs. Brown and Graham, high in hope and strong in confidence in the destiny of our new untold country, spoke with modest confidence of a future of ever increasing happiness and prosperity, with which it should be their constant endeavor to identify themselves and their constituents; their opponents in the absence of any present grievance went far back into the past, to rake up every instance of error or misfortune, everything which they were pleased to designate by the name of corruption or misgovernment, forgetting at the same time to tell us how much of this was owing to the factious and interested opposition which the very men whom they would again elect to power, offered to those who were endeavoring to do their best for the country and its people.

As for those small politicians who hang upon the skirts of the candidates, and, having no legitimate claim upon public attention, strive to force themselves into a little questionable authority by keeping such a portion of the community as can be

brought to listen to them, in a state of perpetual unhealthy excitement; we have only to say to them, that if they really admire republican institutions as much as they profess, let them at once cross the boundary, and take possession of their social and political Cuman, where, if they find nothing else, they will at least find for many years a more legitimate cause, than they had here for their chronic disaffection, from which, as well as from their personal presence, they should be glad to be relieved upon such easy terms.

To our brother electors we would say, let our motto be "oblivion for the past, and watchful care for the future." While we thankfully acknowledge the blessings which, notwithstanding the arguments of the "Reformers," we have hitherto enjoyed, let us exercise a jealous supervision of these, which are likely to pass in the future, viz., light taxation in proportion to our means; the friendship and protection of the most powerful empire the sun ever shone upon; and the greatest amount of personal and political liberty ever attained by any people within the range of human history.

### East Riding Nomination.

In accordance with the proclamation, the nomination of candidates for both Houses of Parliament was held at Chisholm's Mills, near McLaren's Tavern, Tynnington, on Monday at 1 o'clock. A large stand was erected in the grove close by, and between 400 and 500 electors were present.

The Returning Officer (T. A. Lister, Esq.), after reading the Writ, stated that he was now prepared for nominations. He hoped the proceedings would be carried on quietly, and that they would give the candidates a hearing. He would allow five minutes to nominators and seconds to speak, and half an hour to each candidate nominated.

Donald Anderson, Esq., then came forward and said that, in the absence of Mr. Appleby, who would have nominated the Hon. Mr. READ had been present, he had much pleasure in proposing that gentleman as a candidate for the House of Commons. He had known him long and intimately; that he was the friend of the people, a practical man and a farmer; upright and fair in his dealings; supplied a market for their grains; was the right man, and ought to have their confidence; had been tried and not found wanting, and hoped he would be elected by a large majority. (Loud cheers.)

P. R. DALY, Esq., Deputy Reeve of Tharlow, seconded the nomination. He did so with much pleasure. He had supported Mr. Read in 1893, and saw no reason to change his mind. (Heard him.) We want good and reliable men to mature our new Constitution, and Mr. Read was of the right sort. Mr. Daly said that he had advanced the interest, and did not want to elect any man that would support Fenianism or Republicanism; would have nothing to do with lawless. We were an agricultural people, and wanted a man like Mr. Read, who advanced the interest of the working classes, and did not look after emoluments and office. He would gladly second the nomination. (Cheers and "Hurrah for Read.")

A. McLEARY, Esq., begged to nominate J. FARLEY, Esq., for the House of Commons. Mr. Farley's address was before him, his views suited him. He knew Mr. Read as Bob, the distiller. (Cries for Hon. Bob Read.) Set in the County Council with Mr. Farley, he never voted one way and spoke another. Mr. Farley and he stood out against the whole County Council. (Oh, oh.) They should elect a farmer. (Cries of Read is a farmer.) Read had been against free-trade. (Great confusion now prevailed, and it was with difficulty quelled by the Returning Officer.) He thought they should elect Mr. Farley.

ZENAS ROSS, Esq., of Tharlow, seconded the nomination. Mr. Farley was a good man in the County Council. (Yes, for 20 per cent.) We must send farmers to represent us. (Then let us have honest ones.) He was not a speaker, but would second the nomination.

PHILIPS, Esq., nominated G. E. HENDERSON, Esq., for the Local Legislature. He expected Mr. Corby as well as any other man, but we all had our choice. He thought Mr. Henderson would be a credit to us. (Cries of we don't want lawyers.)

JACOB EATON, Esq., seconded the nomination. He said he occupied an honorable position in the County Council. The people should be consulted. He listened to a speech from Mr. H., and thought him clever.

JOHN H. HUFFMAN, Esq., nominated Dr. WILSON, who was the only good man in the locality, and a good man.

JNO. WILSON, Esq., seconded the nomination. He said he had been a member of the County Council for many years, and he had always found him loyal, upright and honest. He was of some length upon Mr. Corby's capacity to represent them, and would credit to his position. (Cries of we elect him.)

W. CAMPBELL, Esq., seconded the nomination, and said they could not have a more suitable representative. (Hurrah for Corby.)

FRANCIS ENGLISH, Esq., nominated A. L. ROBERTSON, Esq., seconded by ROBERT GIBSON, Esq.

P. FARLEY, Esq., nominated A. L. ROBERTSON, Esq., and spoke at length upon the qualities of the late Robert Baldwin, economy, taxation, &c.

C. P. LYMAN, Esq., seconded the nomination in a patriotic speech, and retired in favor of Mr. Corby. (Loud cheers.)

JOHN HOLLIN, Esq., nominated R. D. O'BRIEN, Esq., seconded by Wm. Ward, Esq.

Hon. ROBERT READ came forward and was received with prolonged cheering. He said that after thirty years residence among them he appeared before those whose faces

were now familiar to him to ask them for the suffrages for the House of Commons; they had elected him to the Legislative Council of Canada in 1882, by a majority from both counties, and he trusted the confidence they had placed in him had not been betrayed. (Oh, no, no.) But while he had yet three years to serve, difficulties arose among the members of the Legislative Assembly—nominators of the government had had a working majority—and it was found necessary to devise means to remedy those difficulties, hence it was that the leading men of both parties united in 1884, formed a coalition government, and brought about a union with the Maritime Provinces, and it was for them to say whether it was for the weal or woe of the country. He explained at length his vote upon the Confederation, that while he believed it objectionable in some of its details, he was prepared to give it a trial and reserve his right to oppose such portions of it as he chose. (Heard him.) He then went through each portion of the Confederation Act, showing the difficulties that originally presented themselves, how they had been overcome, and the equitable arrangement made for Upper Canada, the regulation of tariff and if this scheme was carefully and prudently worked, it would prove a blessing to the country in a commercial, agricultural and military point of view. He strongly advocated economy, in the council they did not hold the purse strings, could not vote upon questions of taxation or money expenditure. Bills were presented as a whole, and thus received or rejected. He had not been an extravagant man. He advocated a proper outlay of money for permanent improvements. But these things should be carefully watched. He had been called a distiller, but he had yet to learn that gaining your living by honest industry was a disgrace. (No no.) He had no objection if there was not more honesty in giving them the best prices for their grain, than in exacting 15 & 20 per cent interest, and taking most gross upon their farms. Those gentlemen Mr. McLEARY and Mr. FARLEY reminded him of a couple of crooked ram's horns, and he would just yoke them together and let them go. He strongly advocated a fixed rate of interest; he did not mention this for electioneering clap trap. He believed this restricted usury to be a great evil, and would use every exertion to fix the rate, up to 10 per cent, in the future. He said that up to 1890, they had a fixed rate in England, but it then was abolished because money could be had at so low a figure—in every part of the world. In Minnesota, they had a fixed rate and were punished with heavy penalties if the law was violated. He would say that he had by experience acquired some information in Parliamentary affairs, they had for that education, and if they wanted the benefit of it they would send him back. (Cheers, we will send you.)

He had not pursued a system of canvassing, and he had no one to do so for him, though they knew him well enough and he was sufficiently acquainted with their wants to secure his return without asking personally their votes, and he trusted under the Union they would continue to prosper in wealth and national greatness. (Loud cheers.)

MR. FARLEY then came forward and said a great deal of noise, and that the Hon. gentleman who had just set down compared him to a crooked stick. (Cries of so you are.) Now he would tell them some of his (Read's) crooked ways and votes in Parliament. Mr. Read voted one way and spoke another; he opposed Confederation and voted for it. ("He did right.") What was the reason he did so? Because the Senators were to be appointed for life. ("Read is a Senator.") They had cheated him out of his pay, and now he wanted an office. (Cries of Read never sold himself; great confusion and shouting. Mr. Read here came forward and said that he had been elected by the people, and they would confer a favor on him.) Mr. Farley then produced a number of pamphlets, and said he would now show some of Mr. Read's speeches and votes. (A voice—talk some sense, Farley and leave Read alone.) He read some quotations, but failed to find the place he wanted, and called to his assistance a bystander. After some time he gave it up, and said he could not find it, but Read was the man to be trusted. ("We'll show you.") He would now tell them about Union. He said Canada had got the worst of the war, the Maritime Provinces had reserved their fisheries and minerals, and he had to put in everything we had to pay most of the expenses, and would yet have to pay them. Those countries were sterile and barren, and ours was fertile and cultivated, and if he was elected he would go for good measures; "you can't go," he would open trade and encourage emigration, keep down duties and the expenses within our income; if taxes got any higher and the public debt increased, the farmer would have to pay a rental for his farm in taxes. He supported civil and religious liberty and fair play to all. Let them judge him by his acts, (20 per cent), and if he was the right man he expected them to elect him. (Cries for Farley.)

MR. G. E. HENDERSON came forward and claimed a fair hearing. If Mr. Corby's friends would not interrupt him, he would not interfere with Mr. Corby. He wished to explain his position; he was differently situated from the candidates for the Commons, because the matter to which he would have to give his attention if elected, were purely local. He did not dwell upon the history of the past, but would speak of the Confederation of the present. He supported the Union, not blind or extravagantly, because they did not declare their policy, but would give him a fair trial. He said unless we worked economy, heavy burden and large taxation would be imposed upon the people. The number of members had been increased; we had now a fair representation; the great questions of Self-government, Clergy Reserves had been settled, and whoever went in should advocate economy; the Government of revenue, indirect taxation, the Bill Stamp Act, the salaries of the Government; the Governor General had \$30,000, which was too much. Coalition was necessary to bring about Confederation, and the government should have a law in every state of this kind. He was right. He spoke of the Mining Act, and contended that present Act as applicable to the mineral region of the North. Emigration should be encouraged and the North-West thrown open to practical settlers. He strongly advocated civil and religious liberty. (Are you loyal?) He dared any man to impeach his loyalty; he helped

to search his own mother's house for Nelson Gilbert. He said that he was a traitor to his country. He was prepared to stand up to the interference of the man-money. (Oh, no, you wouldn't, say arms and ammunition if you wouldn't, say arms and ammunition in a case of that kind, he would go for the man-money. You take interest. You take interest. You never let me out of your nest. Look at the large property interest in Belleville, \$500 and \$300 taxes. He said he lived out of the division so far. He was paid for premises were once in Tharlow, but now he was in Belleville. If elected he would serve them honestly and faithfully. He hoped they would go the polls and put him ahead. (Cheers and counter cheers.)

DR. WILSON came forward and requested that they would be as orderly as possible, and he would not detain them long. (We will) He said he did not intend to stand the contest. (Enthusiastic cheering.) He would, however, make a few remarks and explain his position. He had intended a meeting at Melrose some time ago to select candidates. At that meeting he had unexpectedly received a nomination, and although he did not aspire to the position, understanding that he was preferred, a local man, he consented to stand, but he told them that he would resign in favor of any stronger man than himself, and he was still prepared to do so. He had never called on meetings, but attended some meetings of Mr. G. E. Henderson's, who he had understood, in the absence of the editor of the *Chronicle*, was writing some editorials and styled himself the "silver-tongued lawyer." (Laughter.) He had not given much attention to politics, and he did not go about trying and elaborating. He said that Mr. Henderson had stated that he was making a great many friends, and would have large majorities, which he doubted. Mr. H. stated that he was a supporter of the Coalition, but at one of his meetings he asked him the question if he was in favor of the Ministry and he said "Yes." He then asked if a vote of non-confidence in the Ministry would support it, and he said he would. (Cheers for Wilson.) He asked Mr. H. to desist if he could.

MR. HENDERSON stepped forward and said that he was writing the honorable gentleman, stating that it was penned by Dr. Nichol and with out his knowledge or consent, and that he would support the Government; but wished to know first the electors if they would bring forward before he would give them a blind support.

DR. WILSON said he had proof in his hand that at the Tharlow meeting Mr. H. said he would vote non-confidence in the Government. He said that he had just read a letter from a person present to that effect. (Shouting and cheering.) The Dr. had known Mr. Corby long and intimately, and always found him straightforward, honest, and reliable. (Cheers.) He (the Dr.) had known Mr. Henderson, but they were not to be influenced exclusively in choice of a candidate because he belonged to a Temperance Society. He would rather attend to his intellect than to his stomach, as now in the hands of Mr. Corby than in Mr. Henderson's. (Sensation.) He believed he could poll a large vote, but concluded to retire from the contest. (Loud cheers.) He was able to pay his own expenses. He had no money, but he had a good deal of money, and it was through the kindness of his friends, that Mr. Henderson said he (Wilson) could not qualify. He said this was untrue. He did not want lawyers. He could not support Mr. Henderson, because he was not a member of the Government question. Mr. Henderson was invited to Mr. Bogart's picnic in Hungerford, but declined, stating that it would dampen his election if he went, and he thought them for their patient hearing, and would retire from the contest. (Tremendous cheering.)

MR. CORBY was received with loud cheers. He said that he appeared before them as a candidate for their suffrages, and he did so with much satisfaction, because of his long acquaintance and intimacy with them. He did not wish to force himself upon them, but he believed he had their good wishes, and they would return him as their member. (Cheers—we will.) He had been ambitious he could have represented North Hastings long since, but he did not wish it, but he came home before the election, and he got the good feeling that existed in his behalf. He was not a silver-tongued lawyer, but earned his living by honest industry. There was a Convention in Belleville, called by Dr. Hope. Mr. Henderson went to that Convention as one of the delegates; he was a candidate for the nomination for the Commons, and he told them if he was not elected that he asked their support for the Local Legislature. What was the result? He was elected completely overboard by that Convention, and now he throws himself upon you. Will you have him? (No, no.) He heard him say at the Lansdale meeting that he would vote want of confidence in the Government. Honest men and wise heads brought about Confederation, and we were likely to become a great and a prosperous people. If you want a man with a flowing tongue, that can try him to say what that blows and Mr. Henderson. He went to Quebec to try and get a Judgeship, and would be on sale the moment he got into Parliament. He did not wish to go into per sonalities, but those were questions for public discussion, and in which they were interested. It had been said he was not educated sufficient, but he had not acquired a knowledge of Greek and Latin, he knew how to express his views, and could be honest and consistent, and having lived thirty years among the people he considered that he knew their wants and necessities as well as any one. He expressed his views upon Confederation, and warmly praised the present Government, and if elected, advocated strict economy, and wipe out the 40 per cent interest. He believed they would show a good record at the polls, and put him down with a sweeping majority. (Loud cheers for Corby.)

MR. A. L. ROBERTSON spoke eloquently and with much force in favor of Mr. Corby and



retired, recommending him as the most suitable man to represent them. [Cheers.]

Mr. R. D. O'Brien would not detain them with a speech. He read and Mr. Corby, to support Mr. Read and Mr. Corby, to support the polls, but don't support a man who wants judgment. Those two gentlemen would look after your rights. Where would you find a market for your coarse grain? Where would you take your wool and cattle when you could not find a market, were it not for Mr. Read and Mr. Corby. He spoke four mortal hours and then proposed three cheers for the Queen to prevent his speaking, but he did not succeed, and there was no trouble in electing Read and Corby, and he would retire in Mr. Corby's favor. [Hurrah for Corby.]

Three cheers were then given for the Queen, three for the Returning Officer, three for Messrs. Read and Corby, and three for the meeting dispersed.

#### Election Intelligence.

MONTMORENCY.—Hon. Mr. Cauchon was elected by acclamation for both Houses.

GLIMMERY.—Mr. D. A. Macdonald was elected by acclamation for the Commons. Mr. W. W. Bodwell was elected by acclamation for the Commons. The contest for the Local will be a keen one.

BROME.—Mr. Dunkin was returned on Monday by acclamation for the Commons and Local Legislature.

EAST NORTHUMBERLAND.—Mr. Meyer resigned, leaving the field clear for Mr. Keeler, whose election is now certain.

OTTAWA COUNTY.—Mr. Alonzo Wright, the late member, was elected by acclamation for the Commons.

NORTH LAKESHORE.—Hon. Wm. McDougall was elected for the Commons and Mr. Galt for the Assembly, by acclamation.

CARLETON.—Mr. Holmes was elected for the Commons by 71 majority over Mr. Rochester, and Mr. Robt. Lyon for the Local Legislature by 51 over Hon. Mr. Skead.

KINGSTON.—Sir John A. Macdonald, majority over Dr. Stewart was 592. Mr. Strange's majority was 576. There being but very little interest in the election, not half of the voters went to the polls.

LENOX.—The election in Lennox for the House of Commons is very closely contested. All the polling places heard from at the close of the Telegraph office last night, gave a majority of twenty votes. Two other places not heard from were expected to give outright a small majority, but on the whole, Lennox it is thought, would be a close fight. For the Local Legislature, Stewart is elected, having a majority of 233 over Casey. Casey resigned.

#### Telegraphic News.

##### BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 27.—Active preparations are being made for the speedy departure of troops from India to rescue the British prisoners in Abyssinia. Sir W. Napier has been appointed to command the expedition.

Accounts from Spain confirm the report that the insurrection in Aragon had been successful.

PARIS, August 27, evening.—Emperor Napoleon, in a speech at Aras, significantly said: "Have faith in the future—weak governments often seek to divert public attention from domestic troubles by fomenting foreign quarrels. On the other hand, those governments which rest on the national will have strength, and need only resort to whatever shall tend to promote the permanent interests of the country as a means of upholding the honor of the national flag."

BERLIN, August 26, evening.—Hon. Geo. Bauffort had an audience with the King of Prussia, this morning, and presented his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Court of Berlin.

LONDON, August 27.—The new Transatlantic Cable, from Brest to New York, is to be laid in May next. The steamship *Great Eastern* will perform the work.

QUEENSTOWN, August 27, evening.—The steamer "City of London," from New York on the 17th, arrived on her way to Liverpool.

LONDON, August 27, evening.—The Government of Denmark has renewed its demand on Prussia in regard to the Northern Provinces of Schleswig.

MANCHESTER, August 27, evening.—The great anti-slavery Congress convened in this city today. Wm. Lloyd Garrison was present and made a speech. Other distinguished persons, including several negroes, made speeches. Eulogies were passed on the governments of the United States and Russia for their recent abolition of slavery.

LONDON, August 27, evening.—Prof. Farragut, eminent in science, died today.

LONDON, August 28, noon.—Consols 94½; Bonds 79½; 1. G. 77½; Erie 45½.

LIVERPOOL, August 28, noon.—Cotton irregular; Uplands about 10½d; Orleans about 10½d; Breadstuffs and others unchanged.

LONDON, August 28, p. m.—Erie 45½; Bonds weak and unchanged; Pork declined to 137d 6d.

LONDON, August 28, evening.—Consols 94½; Bonds 79½; Erie 45½; 1. G. 77½. Sugar dull.

LIVERPOOL, August 28, evening.—Cotton dull and heavy, and prices declined; Orleans 10½d; Uplands 10½d. Other articles unchanged.

—Perry Davis' Pain Killer is a blessing to the friend, to the poor and to the rich and the reach of all.—See advertisement.

—Parties intending to purchase Clothing or Boots and Shoes, please call at J. Muir & Co.'s Emporium, as they intend to sell off their present stock to make room for Fall Importations.

#### American Despatches.

MICHIGAN CITY, Indiana, August 27.—The machine shop and engine house of the Lafayette and Indianapolis Railroad, at Lafayette, was burned on Saturday night. Four locomotives were destroyed. Loss \$200,000.

BENNINGTON, Vermont, August 27.—This morning a fire belonging to the Bennington Powder Company exploded, instantly killing three men.

NEW YORK, August 27.—A fire this morning at No. 18 Broad Street consumed property to the amount of \$40,000. A fireman was killed by falling from the roof of an adjoining building.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 27.—A correspondent of the *Bulletin* writes from the city of Mexico under date July 31st, describing the entry of Juarez, which elicited much enthusiasm. At a grand banquet Juarez said he hoped the nation would tolerate the clemency and moderation of the United States in victory. The Mexican press is clamoring for a general amnesty. The people are sick of bloodshed. The reported massacre of Imperialists at Queretaro is authoritatively denied. Juarez announced his determination to put down all armed factions, but he will pursue a course of clemency and conciliation towards those who are submissive. The army is to be reduced to eighteen thousand men, and many prisoners are to be released.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, Kansas Branch, for July, amounted to \$190,000.

CINCINNATI, August 27.—A destructive fire occurred at Greenburg to-night, consuming a woolen factory and other buildings. Loss \$100,000.

ST. LOUIS, August 27.—Two suicides occurred since yesterday, making 27 since July 1st.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The *Herald's* Cleveland special says: Great preparations are being made for the Fenian Congress, which assembles on the 3rd of September. Between 600 and 800 delegates will be present, including General Spear and General O'Neill. J. W. Fitzgerald, of Cincinnati, will formally open the Congress.

#### COMMERCIAL.

##### BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE, Belleville, August 28, 1867.  
SPRING WHEAT—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
BARLEY—55c.  
OATS—For local consumption 25c.  
PEAS—40c.  
BEANS—For local consumption 25c.  
RICE—\$7.00 to \$8.00.  
MILLS—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
BUTTER—16c to 17c.  
EGGS—12c to 13c.  
HAMS—\$4.00 to \$5.00.  
SUGAR—\$10.00 to \$12.00.  
SHERRINGHAM—\$10.00 to \$12.00.  
CALCINATED—\$10.00 to \$12.00.  
DEAN'S—declined to 40c to 50c.  
TALLOW—Rough 50c to 60c; rendered 50c.  
WAX—25c.  
POTATOES—40c to 50c.  
APPLES—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
RAISINS—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
CHERRY—10c to 12c.  
COAL—\$1.00 to \$1.25.  
FLOUR—No. 1, \$7.00 to \$8.00; No. 2, \$6.00 to \$7.00.  
POULTRY—\$4.00 to \$5.00.

##### MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER, From Liverpool, Liverpool & Co. (Montreal), August 28, 1867.  
1 P. M.  
FLOUR—Superior Extra 8 75 @ 9 00  
" Fancy 8 50 @ 9 00  
Welland Canal Superior 7 40 to 7 50  
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat, 40 to 50  
" 2 Western Wheat, 35 to 40  
" 3 30 to 35  
" 4 25 to 30  
WHEAT—Canada Fall, 80 to 85  
Spring, 1 00 to 1 15  
OATS—Per 35 lbs, 44 to 45  
BARLEY—Per 45 lbs, 40 to 45  
BUTTER—Dairy 12 to 13  
" Store packed, 11 to 12  
EGGS—Pols, 5 50 to 5 80  
" Fresh, 6 75 to 6 80  
POULTRY—New, 11 to 12  
Prime Mutton, 15 00 to 15 75  
Prime, 14 75 to 15 00  
DRESSED BEEF, None  
PEAS, 85 to 87  
RICE FLOUR, 5 50 to 5 80  
Flour receipts, best at prices nominal. Buyers holding off; market in a transitive state, grain—nothing doing. Provisions unchanged. Ashes—pots steady; pearls dull.

##### PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVALS, August 28.  
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo, do do  
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do do  
Str. Rochester, Oswego, do do  
Schr. Annexation, do light, do do  
Schr. Belle, Oswego, do do  
Sloop Challenger, Boblin's Mills, 25,000 STAVES  
DEPARTURES  
Str. Bay of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo, do do  
Str. John Greenway, Picton, do do  
Str. Rochester, Oswego, do do  
Schr. Mary Ann, Oswego, 28,000 ft lumber, do do  
Schr. M. Gormly, Oswego, 65,000 ft lumber, 15,000 headings, 1 box excls.  
Schr. Emblem, Oswego, 118,000 ft lumber, do do

##### NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 27.  
Cotton quiet at 25c.  
Flour, 10c to 12c lower; receipts 10,225 barrels, sales 6,400; at \$7.00 to \$7.50 for superior State and Western; \$5.60 to \$10.20 for common to choice extra State; \$5.60 to \$13.90 for corn to choice extra western.  
Wheat—a shade firmer for white, steady for red; receipts 31,360 bush; sales 14,000 bush; at \$2.40 white Michigan; \$2.45 for extra do; Rye quiet, receipts 940 bush; sales 4,000 bush, Western at \$1.45.  
Corn heavy and firmer; recd. 77,650 bush; sales 77,000 bushels, at \$1.09 to \$1.12 for new mixed Western; \$1.12 to \$1.15 for very choice Barley quiet.  
Oats firmer; recd. 100,100 bushels; sales 17,000 bushels, at 70c for old Western; 70 to 80c for new Ohs.  
Pork doct firmer at \$23.15 to \$23.37; lard heavy, \$7.12½ to 13½c.

##### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, August 28.  
Stocks heavy.  
Gold 140½.

The 7th says the loan market is abundantly supplied at rates a fraction lower. Stocks dull and unsettled. Government bonds inactive and weak. Foreign exchange weak. Stocks at second board improving. Gold 140½.

#### DIED.

On Sunday, the 26th inst., EARLY HEER, infant daughter of Mr. P. H. Hamby, aged thirteen months.

#### FRUIT, FRUIT.

#### PEARS CHEAP,

FOR PRESERVING.

#### Peaches, Tomatoes, Lemons,

AND ALL FRUITS OF THE SEASON RECEIVED DAILY, and on sale at

#### CONGER BROS.

August 28th, 1867. 106m

**Wanted,**  
TWO comfortable rooms—bed room and bath room, together with board. The advertiser will furnish the rooms. Apply at this office.

**Wanted,**  
A MAN, to work on a Farm. Must be well acquainted with all kinds of farm work, and unmarried. Apply at the office of

DEAN & GILBERT, Barristers, Belleville, Belleville, Aug. 27, 1867. 9903 w281f

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#### India & China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool. CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00. Protected by Trade Mark.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall, ROBERT BARBER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARBER, Agent, Trenton. August 16th, 1867. 1001y w273y

#### Why Not Use the Best? ALLSOP'S ALE.

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED Blackberry Cordial! THE most effectual remedy yet discovered for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the Bowels, &c., &c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation is highly recommended by medical men and has been used with the greatest success in the military hospitals of the United States during the last three years.

Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY CORDIAL, and take no other. Prepared in Canada, from the original receipt only at

APOTHECARIES HALL, T. WILLS & Co. 14 dm

ALBERT COLLEGE AND Belleville Ladies' College!

WILL RE-OPEN THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, AT 2 P. M.

Steward wanted for Boarding Hall. For Terms apply to

Belleville, August 2, 1867. D79-4w

Geo. Ritchie & Co., WOULD direct attention to their large lot of Grey and White Cottons, just received direct from Glasgow per S. S. *Herbert*, consisting in part of

Horrockes, A 32 & 36 in, B 32 & 36 in, do, H 26 in, and M 36 in.

White & Grey Canton Flannels, White and Grey Sheetings, White and Colored Counterpanes, White and Colored Towels, Alexander's Knitting Cotton, &c., &c., &c.

August 27, 1867. 1D-6m

J. & W. Sutherland, HAS just received a complete assortment of SPRING DRY GOODS.

Special bargains will be offered in DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS, HATS & PARASOLS.

A large stock of NEW CLOTHS & TWEEDS will be sold at 25 per cent below the usual price. Belleville, May 1, 1867. 1D-6m

JUST RECEIVED. WATERPROOF COATINGS, SUMMER VESTINGS, AND VELVETEENS.

P. D. CONGER. June 17, 1867. 1D-6m

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE, DAFOE HOUSE!

Belleville, C. W. Corner Pinnacle & Bridge Streets. 600,000.01

Barringer & Co., Managers. STAGES FOR THE GOLD MINES.

Omnia bus to and from the Boats and Cross Stabling and Livery.

IMMENSE REDUCTIONS IN CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

J. MUIR & CO'S EMPORIUM. LINEN & ALPACA COATS AT COST.

FASHIONABLE BLACK BROADCLOTH SUITS AT \$10.00. BOOTS & SHOES.

In the same proportion. 45D-4f.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRESS MUSLINS.

Wilson & Robertson's. 22D-3m

J. C. FRANCK & Co., IMPORTERS, Wholesale Dealers in WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., &c., &c.

25 Hospital St., MONTREAL. OFFER for sale a COMPLETE and WELL ASSORTED STOCK in the above lines at as LOW figures and

ON AS GOOD TERMS as any house in the City, and solicit the patronage of their old friends and the Trade generally.

J. C. FRANCK & Co. July 27, 1867. 74d.

BLANK NOTES. BOUND Books containing 100, 50 and 25 notes each, printed on fine paper, for sale at the *Intelligencer's* Office.

August 14th, 1867. D96, w28-1y



# GEORGE ROCHE, HATTER & FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**  
Kept always on hand. Also, a great  
variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**  
All orders promptly executed. Remember  
the stand.  
Neelson's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.

N. B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
Raw Fur. Felt and Silk Hats cleaned and  
repaired.  
May 1. 1D-6m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

## THE SUPERIOR STEEL-CLAD STEAMER "CORINTHIAN."

LEAVES Brighton 430. Mondays, Wed-  
nesdays, and Fridays, until further notice,  
and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,  
and daily from Port Hope on arrival  
of G. T. R. morning train from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.  
Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Train for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester, (Char-  
lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Express  
Train at 10 p.m., Saturdays 9 p.m.  
Connects at North Shore Point with G. T. R.  
morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.  
R. P. DAVY, AGENT.  
July 22nd, 1887. 1D

## HURRAH FOR COULSON & CAMERON'S LINE OF STAGES.

For the Madoc Gold Regions.  
THEIR coaches will leave all the principal  
Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sunday) excepted, at halfpast 7 o'clock,  
arriving at Madoc at 11:30 noon.  
RETURNING—Leaves all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening trains  
going east and west.

COULSON & CAMERON, Proprietors.  
JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.  
JOHN CAMERON, Agent, Madoc.  
P. S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.  
July 22, 1887. 1D-6

## AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.  
MONTREAL, 6th March, 1888.  
It is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that hereafter Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as re-  
ported by Exchange at rate equal, &c. &c.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
Canada Gazette.  
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1887.  
It is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 23 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.  
THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D-1st Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN

INSURANCE COMPANY  
CAPITAL, . . . \$10,000,000.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Assurance, and  
afford every facility to intending investors—  
One of the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted, that the Death Benefit  
is paid **For per Cent of the Net Life**  
Income. This most important restriction  
shows that the interests of participating policy  
holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is es-  
pecially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
Must Largely Influence Profits  
and Bonuses.

The next division of profits takes place in  
1888, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.  
M. BOWELL,  
DE. CANIFF,  
Medical Referee  
May, 1887. 4D-6m

W. WHARIN & Co.,  
11 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELECTRO-PLATED  
WARE, &c., &c., &c.  
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry carefully  
Retained and Warranted.  
Wm. Wharlin, 110 Queen, N. W. L. WILKINSON.

C. W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRESSERS, &c.  
No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 1D-6m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
MANUFACTURER, and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.

The Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-  
nishing, to his present stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.  
Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

## THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended  
to.  
In all its branches.  
Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
Stock and Prices, before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK,  
Belleville, April, 1887. 1D-4

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

"EMPRESS,"  
McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Montreal for Montreal every  
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A. M., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN, call-  
ing at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

RETURNING.  
Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.  
This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.  
For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Read & McIntosh, next door to Fanning's  
Hotel.  
C. C. McFALL,  
55 & 56 Common St., Montreal.  
May 14. 1D-3m

## The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE

COMPANY.  
Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED  
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.  
Accumulated and Invested Fund, . . . \$18,000,000  
Annual Income, . . . 3,300,000

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.  
RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.

AGENCIES effected on the different  
companies, and approved by a long ex-  
perience, so as to suit the means of every  
person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every  
information on the subject of Life Assurance  
will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,  
or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.  
Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge,  
Medical Adviser, Dr. Holden, and Dr. Lester.  
May 1st. 1D-3m

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
MADOC, C. W.  
WHOLESALE and Re-  
tail Grocers and Pro-  
vision Merchants, can al-  
ways supply Minors Hotel,  
Shops, &c., with the best  
quality of all kinds of Groceries.  
Also, Wholesale Agents  
for Morrison, Taylor &  
Co., Toronto.

## BELLEVILLE

## AGRICULTURAL WORKS

## AND

## IRON FOUNDRY

WEST FRONT STREET.

J. M. WALKER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Thrashing Machines,

STRAW CUTTERS,

MILL WORK & MACHINERY,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

Iron and Steel Ploughs,

Stoves, &c. &c.  
May 1. 1D-4



For sale Wholesale by  
PITCATHLY & KELSO,  
Belleville, May 1D-6m

## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

## PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection  
with THE DAILY and WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER  
Newspaper, we have one of the best  
appointed

## JOB DEPARTMENTS

In the country, and our facilities for turning out all  
kinds of Book and Job Printing are such as should  
command the attention of every business firm in the  
County of Hastings.

## The Extensive Assortment

OR

## TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

## POSTERS & PROGRAMMES,

And for all kinds of

## COMMERCIAL WORK.

Letter Headings.

Note Headings.

Business Cards.

Bank Cheques.

Bill Heads.

Circulars.

Catalogues.

Receipts.

Pamphlets.

Bonds and Mortgages.

Deeds.

Posters.

Placards.

In any Size or in any Colour.

CONSTITUTIONS,

BY LAWS.

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly  
and expeditiously.

Book and Job Printing

AT THE

LOWEST RATES.

Patrons at a distance from Belleville in want of

Any Description of Printing,

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders  
by mail. Their letters will be promptly and carefully  
attended to.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING,

FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

May 1D.

## SYNOPSIS

## GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864,

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

## Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865,

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides that Governor  
in Council may erect Gold Mining Divisions.

Governor may appoint Officers for Divisions.

Two Divisions erected in Lower Canada: "Chaudiere"  
Gold Mining Division? Richard Pope, Esq., Gold Mining  
Inspector, St. Francis de la Bourne and St. Fran-  
cois Gold Mining Division? J. R. Gilmour, Esq., Gold  
Mining Inspector, St. Francis. 16th July, 1864, amended  
20th July, 1864 and 20th Sept., 1864.

One Division erected in Upper Canada by Proclama-  
tion, 21st March, 1867: "Quinte Gold Mining Division,"  
constituting the Township of Carleton Place, Pater-  
ton, Miller and North and South Canons, in the  
County of Frontenac, the Township in the County of  
Retrenow, situated north of the Township of Miller and  
Canons, the Township in the County of Addison,  
situated north of the Township of Carleton Place and  
Barre, the Township in the County of Hastings, situated  
north of the Township of Belton, and the Township in the  
County of Peterborough situated north of the Township  
of Belton, and the Township of Carleton Place, of the  
Belleville and Carleton Place, Gold Mining Division.

No person to mine without a license.  
Two classes of licenses: one "Crown Lands Gold Li-  
cense," \$2 per month, for unoccupied Crown Lands, and the  
other "Private Lands Gold License," \$2 per month, for  
private lands, the latter first obtaining consent of the  
proprietor.

Crown Lands Gold License may stake out and work  
claim on unoccupied Crown Lands as follows:

ALLUVIAL MINES.  
On a river or large creek, 30 feet front by 50 from the  
water's edge. On small creeks, 40 by 50 from centre  
of stream. In gravelly 60 feet along same, and from full  
to hill. On surface on hill side, 60 feet square. In case  
of hill tunnel, officer may grant larger claim. In bed of  
river officer to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.  
To each miner, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side  
from the centre of the lead. For companies, 25 feet ad-  
ditional along lead for every additional miner, but not to  
exceed 500 feet altogether.

Claims to be staked by the officer, and to be laid out  
in quadrilateral and rectangular shape, horizontal, and  
bounded under the surface by lines vertical to the horizon-  
tal.

Crown lands license to work continuously and re-  
newable.

No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown  
Lands at one time.

Discoverer entitled to free license for one year in  
maneuver provided by Act.

Party willing to let be leased claims on Crown Lands,  
party removing party will to construct a new mode of  
drainage to water.

Crown Lands licensees not to cause damage to others.  
General use of water reserved, opposite claim on  
Crown Lands.

Regulation of claim on Crown Lands temporarily  
irrevocable, allowed for \$1. Provision: claim to be  
marked.

Provision provided for removal of stakes on claims.

All licenses to make returns.

Quartz crushing machines to be licensed. Fee \$5  
per month. Books to be kept and returns furnished.  
Act extends to parties mining near Gold Mining Di-  
visions.

Sale of liquor prohibited except under license, month-  
ly fee \$5.

Provisions made for appointment of constables and  
police, and for preservation of peace.

Persons working under Gold Mining Patents to furnish  
returns and PAY TOLLY, &c. (only one such patent  
exists, viz.: for the deliquency of Richard Vaudreuil, in  
the Chaudiere-gorge of the Riviere du Loup, and royalty  
same committed to fees under Gold Mining Act.)

Governor in Council may make regulations.  
Officers may convict on view.

## THE GOLD-MINING AMENDMENT ACT OF 1864.

Repeals clause in Gold Mining Act of 1864, providing  
that no license fees be exacted for exploring for  
gold until the precious metal is discovered.  
Keeps that Proviso License provision in previous Act  
may be applied to territory covered by Mining Patents.  
And that disputes between miners and licensees, &c.,  
in Gold Mining Division may be determined by officer  
of division.

INFERIOR METALS AND SALE OF MINERAL  
LANDS.

The following are the Regulations:—

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Ontario, 12th July, 1886.

REGULATIONS for the sale of Mineral Lands, ap-  
proved by His Excellency the Governor General in  
Council.

INFERIOR METALS.

1. That each regular mining tract, an unoccupied ar-  
bitrary tract consisting of blocks of two hundred or four hun-  
dred acres.

2. That the dimensions of each regular mining tract of  
four hundred acres be forty chains in front by one hun-  
dred chains in depth, and smaller tracts, except on lakes  
and rivers, in the same proportion. The boundary of the  
claim to be North and South, and East and West, and  
terminally, in the unoccupied territories, of Upper  
Canada and parallel to the outlines of the Township  
boundaries.

3. That mining tracts bordering upon lakes and rivers  
shall have their frontage upon such waters, and shall be  
subject in all cases to the public rights in navigable or  
drainable waters, and that mining tracts so situated  
shall have a mean depth of one hundred chains, back  
from such river or lake, exclusive of land above or  
below the water, which shall be reserved alongside  
the mining tract, and shall be conveyed to the  
state unincumbered.

4. That mining tracts in unoccupied territory shall be  
surveyed by a Provincial Land Surveyor, and com-  
menced with some known point in previous survey (so  
that the tract may be located by any townships, &c., in  
the territory) at the cost of the applicant, who shall be re-  
quired to furnish with the application the surveyor's  
plan, field notes, and description thereof in accordance  
with the foregoing regulations, and to the satisfaction  
of the Department, and pay the price of one dollar per  
acre, into the Department of Crown Lands at the time of  
making application.

5. That in surveyed territory, tracts preceding inven-  
tory of minerals be sold in the above conditions, but at  
the same price as one dollar per acre in the township when  
it is more than one dollar per acre.

6. That mining lands in surveyed township be sold  
by the local agents for each local lands in unoccupied  
territory shall be sold by the department.

7. The above regulations do not apply to mines of gold  
and silver.

GOLD AND SILVER.

8. That in selling lands in the gold mining divisions  
the department is to determine the value of the mineral  
rights for purchasers for actual settlement, and for  
those for mining or speculative purposes, and the price  
for the present prices and terms (subject to an  
increase to \$2 an acre, unless the owner of the land, in  
1886, when actually worked for gold, and in the latter  
case one dollar an acre, and in the former case one dollar  
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# Daily Intelligence.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERTY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 29, 1867.

No. 101.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Robertson & Stewart,**  
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Ground floor next the Express Office, Bridge Street.  
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.  
176m-Wit

**Diamond & Dickson,**  
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.  
A. DIAMOND. G. D. DICKSON.  
176m-Wit

**Macellan & Macellan,**  
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY AND INSOLVENCY, Attorneys at Law, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville.  
176m-Wit

**A. R. Dougall,**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Office over the Bookstore, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street.  
176m-Wit

**Ross, Bell & Holden,**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Pinnacle Streets, Belleville.  
HOS. J. ROSS. JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN.  
176m-Wit

**Piccinetti & Kelso,**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Building, Front Street, Belleville.  
176m-Wit

**Legate & Price,**  
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 125, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to.  
176m-Wit

**Geo. H. Haynes,**  
HATTER and FURNER, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for raw furs.  
176m-Wit

**McLeod & Carre,**  
ENGINEERS, PROVISIONAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS, &c. Office, 135 1/2 Front Street, Belleville.  
176m-Wit

**MacLeod, Gaviller, Kennedy & Co.,**  
MADON.  
176m-Wit

**Forrest & Lozo's,**  
ROYAL Photograph Gallery, Ladies' New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville.  
25D-17

**T. Lockerty,**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Beans and Peas and Tobacco, No. 125, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used.  
27Dm

**Ponton, Falkner & Denmark,**  
BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Front Street, Belleville.  
176m

**Robert P. Jellott,**  
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY, Solicitor, &c., &c. Office—Duff Building, corner of Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville.  
176m

**Angus McFee,**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver Ware, always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms.  
176m

**John Wilson,**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Belleville. Will find his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled.  
176m

**J. W. Brown,**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville. Making and repairing of all kinds of Garments made to measure and warranted to fit.  
176m

**Geo. Gibson,**  
MANUFACTURER and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies', gents', and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted.  
176m

**J. C. Vapor,**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit.  
176m

**To Gold Miners**  
Y will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, carefully pointed. All well and cheaper than at any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville.  
176m

**McKeown & Robertson,**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders received promptly, and all work warranted. "The Renegade" place, opposite Bennett & Dunn's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville.  
176m

**NEW DISCOVERY**  
Bullen & Gibson's  
LIVERY  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

**First-Class Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs at the Madeo Gold-Rede on reasonable terms.**  
WEEKLY BULLETIN. 630, GIBSON.  
May 2.

## Montreal Business Directory.

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
corner St. Peter and St. Jacques Streets, Montreal.  
176m

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL,**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS,  
301 NOTRE DAME STREET,  
Ply door West of St. Francis Xavier Street,  
MONTREAL.  
176m

**NEW YORK BRANCH**  
**DYE WORKS,**  
BY  
**G. LAMPE,**  
24 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block,  
MONTREAL.  
176m

**PHILIP HENRY,**  
TOBACCONIST,  
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES,  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
176m

**J. A. HARTE,**  
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
176m

**MURRAY & Co.,**  
STATIONERS' HALL,  
Corner Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal.  
176m

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,  
40 St. Jacques Street, Montreal.  
176m

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Gentlemen's Hosiery,  
No. 24 St. Paul Street, opposite Alphonse Hotel, Montreal.  
176m

**PEAVEY & FAVOR,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN  
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,  
Provisions, &c., &c.,  
No. 24 St. Paul Street, opposite Alphonse Hotel, Montreal.  
176m

**A. BOOKER,**  
Anderson & General Commission Merchant,  
Office and Store Room, 616 New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
176m

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,  
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c., &c.,  
41 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal.  
176m

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS,  
Wholesale Grocers,  
29 & 31 St. Jacques Street, Montreal.  
176m

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL,**  
BY HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,  
Great St. James Street, Montreal.  
176m

**DAVE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,**  
WINE, SPIRIT  
And Commission Merchants,  
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Nicholas St., Montreal.  
176m

**S. DAVIS,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
HAVANA SEGARS,  
Office—No. 16 Great St. James Street, Montreal.  
176m

**J. V. MORGAN,**  
Commission Merchant,  
Importers to order of all kinds of English and French Goods.  
176m

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
British, American, and German  
SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE,  
42 & 44 St. Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., Montreal.  
176m

**M. GUTMAN & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hoop Skirts and Mill Materials,  
36 Lemire Street, Montreal.  
176m

**DR. NELSON EDWARDS,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
301 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
176m

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,**  
100 RUE DU COMMERCE, MONTREAL.

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.,**  
Produce Commission Merchants,  
Lithuania Avenue, near the Grand Hotel, Montreal.  
176m

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
IRON, STEEL AND GENERAL HARDWARE  
MERCHANTS,  
119 AND 121 St. Paul Street,  
MONTREAL.  
176m

**W. A. LITTLE,**  
LITHOGRAPHER AND ENGRAVER,  
375 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal.  
176m

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
HOOP SKIRTS, AND IMPORTERS OF  
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and  
Fancy Woolen Goods, Wholesale.  
W. S. GOODHUGH & Co.,  
IMPORTERS OF  
English and Foreign Leather,  
18 St. Peter Street, Montreal.  
176m

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.,**  
Manufacturers and Importers of  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Laces, Hosiery,  
Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Small Varies, Cloths, Cass-  
imere, Woolens, Furs, Dress Goods, Millinery Goods,  
47 St. Paul Street, & 200 St. Jacques Street,  
MONTREAL.  
176m

**Frothingham & Workman,**  
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale  
Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hard-  
ware.  
Warehouse and Office 305 to 308, St. Paul St.  
Manufacturers of all kinds of Mining Tools,  
and have constantly on hand a large stock of  
Powder, Patent Safety Fuse, Drill Steel, &c., &c.  
May 1st.  
176m

**J. C. FRANK,**  
Under the name, style and firm of  
**J. C. FRANK & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c.,  
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176m

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303 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.  
176m

**JOSEPH KIRKUP,**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes,  
No. 22 St. Paul Street, Montreal.  
25Dm

**BURROWS & Co.,**  
Commission Merchants,  
Wholesale Dealers in  
Brands, Wines, Spirits, Cigars, &c., &c.,  
41 St. Paul Street, Montreal.  
25Dm

**IVES & ALLEN,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c., &c.,  
Cot. Rue Du Commerce, & 207 St. Jacques,  
114 to 122 Queen St., Montreal.  
25Dm

**Place D'Armes Drug Store,**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.  
This attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested to my select stock of English, French, and Foreign Goods for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed.  
J. MOIR,  
Chemist and Druggist,  
Place D'Armes, Montreal.  
25Dm

**W. C. McDONALD,**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobaccos,  
Office—340 Notre Dame St., Works—130 Water St.,  
MONTREAL.  
25Dm

**Established 1820.**  
**J. W. HILTON,**  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,  
CARPENTERS and GLAZIERS, Importers and Sellers of  
All kinds of Glass, Manufacturers of Looking Glasses,  
Also Importers of Brandy, Rum, Liqueurs, Gin, and  
Upholsteries, &c. &c. generally.  
No. 61, Great St. James Street,  
MONTREAL.  
25Dm

**Established 1861.**  
**JOHN F. McCAIG,**  
Shipping and General Agent,  
Office—Corner St. Francis Xavier and Hospital, and  
St. Clement Street, Grand Hotel, Montreal.  
176m

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## Montreal Business Directory.

**MATLAND FISHER,**  
**TEA AND GENERAL BROKER.**  
OFFICE—Corner of St. Jacques and St. Nicholas  
Streets, Montreal.  
176m

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**  
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,  
Leather, &c., &c.,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.  
176m

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**  
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes,  
Leather, &c., &c.,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.  
176m

**F. W. HENSHAW,**  
No. 10 St. Jacques Street, opposite the  
Merchant's Exchange, Montreal.  
176m

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.,**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,  
MANUFACTURERS' Agents for all kinds of  
Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c., &c.,  
Also, every description of material and tools  
for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers.  
MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND  
BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,  
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Rives, Ropes,  
square and hexagon blank Nuts, Wrought Iron  
Washers, Anti-corrosive Iron Paint, Hair and  
Wool Fat for Boilers and Steam Pipes, Rubber  
Metal, &c., &c., always on hand, and at low  
prices.  
OLD FILES RECUR, warranted as good as new for  
use at very low rates.  
Custom House Square, Montreal.  
176m

**Richelieu Company!**  
ON and after MONDAY, the 29th of May, and until fur-  
ther notice, the RICHELIEU COMPANY'S Steam-  
ships will leave Montreal as follows:  
The Steamer QUEBEC, Capt. J. B. Lalonde, will  
leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square,  
for Quebec, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at  
Seven P. M. precisely, calling, going and returning, at  
St. John's, St. Lawrence, and St. Pierre. Passengers wishing  
to take their passage on board the Ocean Steamer can  
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The Steamer MONTREAL, Capt. R. NEWBY, will  
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This Company will not be a candidate for space or  
passages under the name of the London and Quebec  
Company, as they are not connected with the latter.  
Further information may be had at the Freight Office,  
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Montreal.  
Office Richelieu Company,  
6th May 1867.  
27Dm

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
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## West Riding Election.

A General Meeting of  
**MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES**

WILL BE HELD IN  
**Neilson's Hall,**  
**THIS Thursday EVENING,**  
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

JOHN SUTHERLAND,  
Chairman.

Belleville, Aug. 29, 1867.

## Hastings Elections.

## POLLING DAYS.

WEST RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 2nd and 3rd September.  
EAST RIDING—Thursday and Friday, 5th and 6th September.  
NORTH RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 9th and 10th September.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION.  
Morning Express going West, 8.00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 10.35 A. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 10.35 A. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight going West, No passengers allowed on this train, 6.45 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 12.05 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 11.10 P. M.  
Merchants' Express Freight going East, No passengers allowed on this train, 9.45 P. M.  
Montreal Line.

ST. ROCHER.—The St. Rocher left Flint's wharf to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock for Oswego, touching at Mill Point and Pictou.



## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, THURSDAY, AUG. 29.

NOVEMBER.—Nomination at Madoc on Saturday, the 31st. August; polling days Monday and Tuesday, the 9th and 10th September.

## FROM TORONTO.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

TORONTO, August 29.

Great excitement prevails here. F. H. Medcalf has retired in favor of M. C. Cameron. It now stands: For the House of Commons—Beatty and Atkins. For the Ontario Legislature—Cameron and Stock.

Carlins majority in London is: For the House of Commons 898; Ontario Legislature 328.

WEST RIDING.—The members of Mr. Brown's Committee are reminded that a meeting of the several committees will be held in Neilson's Hall this evening at 8 o'clock, and are requested to give their attendance.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE for August. Reprint by L. Scott & Co., New York. Contents: Brownlow, part VIII.; Social Era of George III.; Governor Whitworth; Easter Tiro of two Ochlophobists; Intemperance and Intolerance; Tark; Maximilian; The Chiffonier; The Bill as it is.

GODEY'S MAGAZINE.—This admirable lady's book, for September, has been received. As usual, it contains the latest fashions of the day, and it repeats with reasonable novelties for the ladies. Those who desire a reliable delineator of the prevailing fashions should subscribe for Godey. Published by L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, at \$3 a year.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. John Moore, son of Peter Moore, Esq., of Hunt-Ingdon, was accidentally killed yesterday afternoon. It would appear that he was ploughing, and just before noon started for the house. Evidently his foot caught in the trace as he was getting on to the horse, for the boot was being yoked in the harness, and the unfortunate man was found lying on the ground, mangled in a fearful manner. He lingered in an insupportable condition until early this morning. Deceased leaves a wife and small family.

SCHOONERS ASSURED.—A telegram from Port Colborne received last night, says: "The schooner *Saco*, with a cargo of wheat from Chicago to Oswego, and the schooner *Union Jack*, of Belleville, with a cargo of four hundred tons of coal from Erie for Toronto, are ashore to the eastward of the east pier. The *Saco* is making a little water, but is kept reefed. Both will probably be got off with little damage should the weather prove favorable. The *Union Jack* is making no water. Both went ashore about 2 a.m." A later telegram was received this afternoon, stating that the schooner *Union Jack* has been hauled off and has sustained but little damage.

## New Brunswick Elections.

Everything promises well for the Union cause in New Brunswick. Of the fifteen members who will be returned for the House of Commons, at least twelve will be supporters of the Government, and the hope is entertained that even fourteen of the constituencies will be carried—leaving Mr. Smith, the leader of the anti-Unionists, the sole representative of the party at Ottawa.

## South Ontario Election.

STATE OF THE POLL AT THE CLOSURE—MR. GIBBS' MAJORITY 71.

The following is the state of the poll, at the close, in this Riding:

	BROWN.	GIBBS.
PICKERING—		
Whitevale	106	136
Kinsale	91	106
Bromham	311	182
WATNEY (East)	210	223
WATNEY (Town)	129	182
WATNEY (West)	323	191
OSHAWA	153	251
Total	1218	1289

Majority for Gibbs 71.

## London Election.

At the close of the polls, first day, the vote stood:

## HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Hon. John Carling..... 994  
Peacock..... 241

Carling's majority..... 753

## ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Hon. John Carling..... 801  
Mr. Durand..... 508

Carling's majority..... 293

## The North Riding.

The nomination takes place at Madoc on Saturday, the 31st. August; and the polling days on Monday and Tuesday, the 9th and 10th September.

The time is short for action, but we trust there is nothing yet to do except to gather at the polls on the morning of the first day of election. The issues of the contest have been plainly and so repeatedly put, that every elector must understand the relative claims each candidate have upon the Riding. We know the popular and well settled belief is that Mr. T. C. Wallbridge has lost all claims, and cannot possibly be elected. We know that the great mass of the electors are satisfied that he has been the cause of the County losing the Railway, and when they come to lose this loss, they find it the most serious calamity that ever could happen to the County. Knowing this, they are determined to show him and the world that they respect their manhood, their rights, liberties, and self-respect too much to give him again their confidence, and they are willing to take a little extra trouble to vindicate their position.

These questions settled, what remains to be done? Simply, for every friend and supporter of Mr. Bowell to be ready on the morning of the first day of the election to go to the polling place, and if you have a spare seat in your wagon, give it to your neighbor who has not got one. If there is a concession line yet unorganized, do not wait a moment, but go to work and organize it at once. Have your conveyances secured and ready, so that every voter in the Township may go to the polls the first day. We ask the warm, active and energetic men in each Township to give their entire time the first day to the election. If they do this, there will be but little to be done the second day. Is this not due to Mr. Bowell? He is simply the instrument you make use of to defeat a man who has destroyed the fairest prospects that any County ever had. You have brought him into the field against his personal inclination, and he stands ready to serve you. Will you not stand by him now to a man, and from this time to the day of election devote all the spare time you have towards securing his triumphant return. The issue is in your own hands. Let the outside world see how well you can use it. Let every elector of the North Riding do his duty to himself, to his children, and to his country, and Mr. Bowell will be elected by a very large majority.

## Afraid to Show his Colors.

On the Temperance men of Thurlow, and Humberstone and Tyendinaga, consistently support a man who is afraid to show his colors? A man who refused to attend a Temperance Picnic for fear it might injure him in the estimation of those who drank. No wonder Dr. Wilson said he would rather entrust the Temperance cause in the hands of Mr. Corby than in the hands of Mr. Henderson. In the one case he knew if Mr. Corby said he would support a measure, he could be trusted to carry it out. In the other case, he knew Mr. Henderson, being afraid to show his colors at a critical moment, was not entitled to confidence, and therefore the Temperance cause was safer in the hands of a man who could be trusted than in the hands of one who could not. So we imagine the electors will think, and will give their votes to a man who is honest and will not betray their trust.

Parties intending to purchase Clothing or Boots and Shoes cheap, will find it to their advantage to call at J. Muir & Co's Emporium, as they intend to sell off their present stock to make room for Fall importations.

## Election Intelligence.

EAST DURIAM.—Benton's majority at noon, as far as heard from, was 237.

COMPTON.—Mr. J. H. Pope, the former member, has been elected by acclamation for both Houses.

CORNWALL.—The election in Cornwall resulted in the return of Hon. J. S. Macdonald for both Houses, by a majority of over 150.

GRENVILLE.—Walter Stanbury and Mr. Patrick were nominated on Tuesday for the House of Commons, and Clark and McCarthy for the Local Legislature. Patrick was the Chairman of Brown's Convention, and will be beaten by Stanbury.

LESLIE.—The election in this County has resulted in the complete triumph of the Union candidates.

At the close of the polls the majority of Mr. Cartwright for the House of Commons was 148, and of Mr. Stevenson for the Local Legislature 400. Old Lennox has done ably.

## A Few Remarkable Things.

A correspondent who knows whereof he is writing, furnishes us the following under the foregoing heading:—

It is very remarkable that when the 1st Battalion was formed, No. 4 Company, under Mr. Carr, Mosher, was one of the largest, best drilled, and efficient Companies in the Battalion.

It is also remarkable that the Company retained its efficiency until the year 1862, when it was finally dissolved, and the few Irish loyalists then incorporated in other Companies.

It is still more remarkable that at this period the Fenian movement struck its roots in Montreal and other towns in Canada, according to the published statement of D'Arcy McGee.

A remarkable corroborator of the latter gentleman's statement is found in the fact that after the arrival of "Mike Murphy," the low-born vendor, tangle in Toronto, and the Head Centre of Canadian Fenians, the St. Patrick's Society was dissolved in Belleville, and the Irishman Society formed on principles which at once excluded all respectable Catholics to withdraw therefrom.

It is a most remarkable thing that since the night of the 26th Sept., 1865, the date of the arrival of Murphy, all good feeling between the old members of St. Patrick's Society ceased, and they are now as divided as their worst enemies could wish them.

But the most remarkable thing of all is the fact that the existence of Fenianism in Belleville is denied by the very men who held commissions under Master Mike Murphy, and the master roll of whose Company is in the hands of the authorities.

## Nova Scotia Election.

The Writs for the election in Nova Scotia, have been issued in that Province, where the law requires that the polling in the different constituencies shall take place on the same day. The nominations will take place on the 11th of September, and the polling on the 18th. The latest and most trustworthy information from Halifax assures us that the Howe party, although undoubtedly strong in the Province, will barely carry a majority of the constituencies. The Unionists confidently count upon at least seven out of the nineteen seats, and will obtain possibly two or three more.

(For the Intelligencer.)

## North Riding Election.

A public meeting of the electors of Elizabeth was held in the Town Hall on Monday night, to hear addresses from Mr. M. Bowell and Dr. Boulter. Long before the time announced for the proceedings to commence, parties began to arrive, till the village presented quite an animated appearance. Groups of people were to be seen on the sidewalk discussing the qualifications of the candidates, and the most casual observer could have easily discovered "which way the wind blew." When the Hall was opened it was speedily filled. After the meeting had been organized, Dr. Boulter proceeded to address the electors, and explained fully and in an interesting manner, Confederation and the alterations it had made with regard to the future of the country, said we had large openings for several manufactures which were not in existence here at the present time, many of the large works carried on so successfully on the other side, could with equal advantage be begun here. There was nothing to hinder us, if we wanted to in this country was skilled mechanics. Encouragement should be given to all description of labor—skilled and unskilled, there was room for all, and to induce emigrants to come here and remain here, grants of land should be given for agricultural purposes, and assistance granted them in making good roads, so that when they raise crops they may have the means to send them to market, and so to better themselves and the community at large. He pointed out the powers of the local legislature and commented on them, and said if he were elected he would go and give the electors a fair and honest support, and would be a fair and honest representative of his constituents. Having thanked his hearers for their attention, the doctor took his seat and was well cheered.

Mr. Bowell then followed, and having placed some rather formidable looking volumes on the table, he allayed the consternation of the audience, if any existed, by stating that he was not going to read them all through, but he having brought them there for the purpose of substantiating what he should say. He commenced his speech by saying that he had not any desire to represent the Riding, but was

selected by the convention. He would support any one who came against Mr. T. C. Wallbridge. He said he would give the new government all the support deserved till he saw reason for a change; every one should be prepared to give to any man's views, Mr. Bowell instated every law, on which Mr. Wallbridge voted for the second reading, but had at the third reading absented himself at the time the vote was taken, though seen in the House a moment before. At the third reading the votes for this bill were 34 for, and 23 against it. And now if he [Wallbridge] met a man who was in favor of thabill, he would produce the Parliamentary record and show how he had voted for it, a the second reading, and if he met one opposed to the same bill, he would show the report of the third reading and point out that he did not vote for it. Mr. Wallbridge had said in the House that he was opposed to old countrymen as settlers, they were not good pioneers [the report in the Globe published at the time was here read to prove this], this he denied out of the House. Mr. Bowell said he had been in the back country on the Hastings Road, and had seen, as any one could see what energy and industry had been exhibited by the old countrymen in those settlements. If the land was bad, it proved them good pioneers, and he strongly objected to that feeling being set up which would tend to create any kind of ill-feeling between Canadians and old countrymen. He then went deeply into the Railway scheme, which has now become a matter of history. He showed Mr. Wallbridge's grievous errors in this affair, and said men were not to suppose that it once elected they should always be elected right or wrong. They were sent back atated periods, to their constituency for their country for approval, and in conclusion said if he succeeded in being elected he believed he would give his constituents satisfaction. The speaker, who had been frequently greeted with cheers during his speech, took his seat amidst thunders of applause.

The chairman having asked the audience if they wished to ask Mr. Bowell or Dr. Boulter any questions, or if any one wished to speak on behalf of Mr. T. C. Wallbridge. There being no reply, he requested all in favor of Mr. Bowell and Dr. Boulter to stand up, and those opposed to them to stand up, and those opposed to them to keep their seats. In the twinkling of an eye every seat was vacant and every one upstanding. A vote of thanks was then passed to the chairman, three cheers given for the Queen, and the meeting terminated. Evidently to the dismay of some of those who had hoped to the last that there would have been a repetition of the rich scene enacted at Marmora.

Bridgewater, August 26th.

## To the Editor of the Daily Intelligencer.

SIR,—I wish it to be understood that any statements made in relation to the Richardson mine, and said to have come from me, are entirely without foundation as no such statements are made except through and by sanction of Sir W. E. Logan, or regular printed Report. The same may be said with regard to the whole season's explorations.

Yours truly,

H. G. YENNER.

Marmora, August 27, 1867.

## (For the Intelligencer.)

## To the Millers, Manufacturers, and Produce Dealers of Canada.

GENTLEMEN.—Close observation is watching the markets of the Lower Provinces during the past few years, having confirmed us in the impression that on a more extended acquaintance, a large and mutually profitable trade must grow and extend through all the provinces of the Dominion. We have, therefore, to meet the wants of our numerous friends, determined on opening a branch of our business on the 1st of September, at Halifax, N. S., and have admitted Mr. John C. Moore, of that city, who will have the management there under the name, style, and firm of Kirkwood, Livingston & Moore. There and here it will be our interest and endeavor to grant every facility in our power to our Canadian friends in the profitable realization of their products or manufactures. As heretofore it will be our aim and study to give at all times the greatest amount of satisfaction to consigners, by keeping them thoroughly posted, respecting the markets and prospects, by every diligence in obtaining the highest possible rates, by promptness and rapid cash advances, or by accepting against bills of lading when required. Drafts against consignments to Halifax may be made either on Halifax or Montreal, but Bills of Lading when not forwarded by mail must always be attached to the Draft.

Thanking our friends for past favors, assuring them and all others who may do with us that we will act with the greatest care and attention in the handling of their property. We are respectfully,

KIRKWOOD, LIVINGSTONE & CO.,  
608 St. Paul street,  
Montreal.

KIRKWOOD, LIVINGSTONE & MOORE,  
Collin's Wharf,  
Halifax.

August 27th, 1867.

—Two more fires in Montreal, on Monday night, have an ugly look of incendiarism about them.

—Perry Davis' Pain Killer is a blessing to the rich, friend to the poor and within the reach of all.—See advertisements.

—A car load of coal and lumber was burned on Saturday last near Port Hope, en route for G. T. B. to Kingston for Mr. Carley.

## Editorial Summary.

—England imports 10,000 tons of Belgian fruit yearly—mostly apples and pears.

—The Emperor of Russia manifest symptoms of hypochondriacism, amounting almost to monomania.

—A family in Portsmouth, Virginia, breakfasted on dead toad-stools and supped on emetics.

—"The latest 'personal' item says Brownlow is a walking photograph of the devil.

—According to reports from the Chaudlers gold field, gold in considerable quantities is being found.

—The wine crop of California this year is estimated at 25,000,000 gallons, and brandy at 50,000 gallons.

—Professor Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, announces the discovery of a planet, hitherto unknown, which was first seen by him on Saturday night last.

—A requisition is in circulation requesting the Hon. John Young to become a candidate in a walking photograph for the House of Commons, but it is said that Mr. Young declines the candidature.

## Volunteer Militia.

OTTAWA, 23rd August, 1868.

Referring to the approaching issue to the Volunteer Militia of the Snider Enfield Rifles, the following instructions are published for general guidance:

"The 30 round pouch in possession of Regiments can be altered to contain 50 rounds of the new 'Central Fire Cartridges,' by the removing the tin partitions, with the exception of that between the 30 and 50 rounds.

If the pouches are of the old altered 40 round pattern, it will be necessary to remove the whole of the partitions.

Officers Commanding Regiments will be pleased to order that the men are always to parade without their muzzle stoppers whenever ammunition either blank or ball is to be used.

The new muzzle stoppers will be provided with a 'Sight protector' to fit with or without the bayonet.

Snaps caps in possession can be made to fit over the piston 'by removing the small piece of brass, inserted in the latest pattern, or by scooping out a little more of the leather."

## Telegraphic News.

## BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

SOUTHAMPTON, August 28.—Among the passengers on board the steamship 'Hermann,' which sailed from this port yesterday, for New York, is Rev. Charles Klegley, the well known author.

PARIS, August 28, evening.—Austria and France unite in dissuading Denmark from insisting on the retrocession of Duppel and Alsace by Prussia.

To-day the British train of new passed over the Railroad at Mount Denis.

MUNICH, August 28, evening.—A prominent German, which acts as the organ of Southern Germany, asserts that Bavaria and the other states of South Germany, will not unite with Austria or Prussia, but maintaining their independence of either, will hold the balance of power between the Northern Confederation and Austria empire.

LONDON, August 28.—The increasing bitterness of tone which is apparent in the editorials of the Prussian journals on the Saltzbur Conference, causes much anxiety throughout Europe.

PARIS, August 28, evening.—Reports continue to be received from rebel sources of the success of the insurrection in Spain, and especially in the Province of Aragon. The latest advices from that quarter report that the insurgents have captured and hold possession of the city of Saragossa, the capital of the province.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 28.—The American minister, Hon. Edward Love Morris, has had an audience with the Sultan, at which he presented to his Imperial Majesty the resolution of the United States Congress in relation to the war in the island of Candia.

PHILADELPHIA, August 29.—George Winton was executed to-day for murder. He made a speech on the gallows protesting his innocence.

## American Despatches.

ST. LOUIS, August 28.—This evening's despatches state that a number of Southern men have brought their families to this city, to escape the effects of a negro uprising. They say the negroes are well armed and exhibit their weapons defiantly.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 28.—The ram Stonewall sailed to-day for Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.—The Mexican Consul at this port, Mr. Godoy, who has a letter to the Bulletin denouncing a General Paedeco, and age letter ascribed to General Paedeco, and a declaration that Paedeco is a gentleman and a friend of foreigners.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The Times' Washington special says: The political situation tonight is much calmer than for several days. General Grant has not refused to obey orders, notwithstanding the positive statements to that effect.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—General Grant has promulgated the order suspending Gen. Canby in place of Gen. Sickles, and directs the latter to report by letter from New York.







# GEORGE ROCHE.

HATTER &amp; FURRIER.

All the latest styles of  
**Felt & Silk Hats,**KEPT always on hand. Also, a great  
variety of  
**CLOTH CAPS.**All orders promptly executed. Remember  
Neillon's Block, opposite Apothecaries  
Hall, Front Street, Belleville.N.B.—The highest price in cash paid for  
New Furrs, Felt and Silk Hats ironed and  
repaired.  
May 1. 1D4m

## DAILY LINE TO ROCHESTER.

The quickest route from Belleville and  
vicinity to New York, Boston, &c.,  
from Montreal, to Buffalo, &c.,  
and between the Canadian  
Gold Fields and the  
United States.

THE SPLENDID STEEL-PLATED STEAMER

## "CORINTHIAN,"

LEAVES Brighton 4:30, Monday, Wed-  
nesday, and Friday, until further no-  
tice, and daily from Colborne at 6 a.m.,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
On 4, 7, 10, and 13, morning trains from Toronto and  
Montreal, at 9:30 a.m.Connects at Rochester with afternoon Ex-  
press Trains for the East, West, and South.  
Returning, leaves Port of Rochester (Char-  
lotte), daily, on arrival of evening Ex-  
press Trains, at 10 p.m., Saturdays, 3 p.m.  
Connects at North Shore with 6 a.m. T.R.  
morning train for Toronto and Montreal, and  
at Brighton and Colborne with morning  
Stages direct for Campbellford, Madoc, and  
the Canadian Gold Fields.

R.P. DAVY, AGENT. Df

July 2nd, 1897. 1D4m

## BURRAH FOR

## COULSON & CAMERON'S

LINE OF STAGES

For the Madoc Gold Regions.

THEIR coaches will leave all the prin-  
cipal Hotels in Belleville every morning  
(Sundays excepted), at half-past 7 o'clock,  
arriving in Madoc at 12 noon.  
RETURNING—Leave all the principal Hotels  
in Madoc at 1:30 p.m., arriving in Belleville  
in time to connect with the evening trains  
going east and west.

COULSON &amp; CAMERON.

Proprietors.

JOHN HARRIS, Agent, Belleville.

JOHN TAYLOR, Agent, Madoc.

P.S.—Parties wishing to send parcels on  
this route will be promptly attended to. All  
parcels unless booked and paid for will be at  
the risk of the owner.

July 2nd, 1897. 1D4m

## American Invoices—Discounts.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
QUEBEC, 6th March, 1893.It is directed by the Hon. The Finance  
Minister, that heretofore Weekly Notices  
be published and furnished to Collectors of  
Customs, as to the rate of discount to be al-  
lowed on American Invoices, which is to be in  
accordance with the price of gold as repre-  
sented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto.  
Such notices to appear every Saturday in the  
Canada Gazette.

R.S.M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,  
OTTAWA, June 8, 1897.In accordance with the above Order, Notice  
is hereby given that the authorized dis-  
count is declared to be this day 25 per cent,  
which percentage of deduction is to be con-  
tinued until next Weekly Notice, and to ap-  
ply to all purchases made in the United States  
during that week.THOMAS WORTHINGTON,  
3D1st Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

## QUEEN

## INSURANCE COMPANY

CAPITAL . . . \$10,000,000.

## FIRE and LIFE.

## LIFE DEPARTMENT.

THE principles on which this Company is  
founded contain all the elements required  
to develop the benefits of Life Insurance, and  
afford every facility to intending assureds—  
Owed the advantages secured by those who  
insure their lives with this Company is that  
the outside expenditure for Management is  
absolutely restricted by the Deed of Settle-  
ment to 10 per cent of the Net Life  
Income. This most important restriction  
shows that the interests of participating policy-  
holders are closely watched and carefully at-  
tended to by the Company. Attention is  
especially called to this point, as the proportion  
of premiums expended for Management  
Must Largely Influence Profits  
and Bonuses.The next division of profits takes place in  
1898, and all those who wish to participate in  
the profits should insure at once.DR. CANNIFF, Medical Referee  
May, 1897. 4D4m.W. WHARIN & Co.,  
KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.IMPORTERS OF  
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ELASTO-PLATED  
WATCHES, CLOCKS, and Jewelry carefully  
Repaired and Warranted.

W. WHARIN, 12D4m W. L. WILKINSON.

C. & W. WALKER,  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
DRAPEERS, &c.

No. 7, King Street East, Toronto. 12D3m

## FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

LOUIS ROENIGK.

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and  
Retail Dealer in all kinds of Furniture  
near the Upper Bridge, Belleville.He would call the particular attention of  
the Trade, Hotel Keepers, and Families fur-  
nishing to his present Stock, which is the  
largest, most varied, and best ever shown in  
Belleville, and which will be sold at prices as  
low as any establishment in Canada.Sofas and Couches of all patterns, Tables  
of all kinds, Chairs of every description,  
Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c., always on hand.

## THE UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT

is complete, and all orders promptly attended to.

## UNDERTAKING

Dealers, Hotel Keepers, and the Public  
generally, are requested to call and examine  
prices. Before they make their  
purchases.

LOUIS ROENIGK. 1D4m

Belleville, April, 1897.

## The Upper Cabin Steamer

McNAMARA, MASTER.

WILL leave Trenton for Montreal every  
FRIDAY, at SIX o'clock A.M., and  
McIntosh's Wharf, Belleville, at TEN  
falling at all ports on the Bay of Quinte and River  
St. Lawrence.

## RETURNING.

Will leave Montreal every TUESDAY at  
ONE o'clock, for the above places, calling at  
Ogdensburg and all intermediate ports.This steamer has an Upper Deck Saloon,  
and every accommodation for passengers, who  
will find her safe, and the swiftest and most  
comfortable boat on the route.For freight and passenger tickets apply to  
Capt. A. McIntosh, Agent, Belleville, at the office  
of Head & McIntosh, next door to Fleming's  
Hotel.

C. C. McFALL, 1D4m

55 &amp; 56 Common St., Montreal.

May 14. 11D3m

## The STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE

COMPANY.

Established 1825.

WITH WHICH IS NOW UNITED

## THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Accumulated and Invested Fund, \$18,000,000.

Assets, \$2,500,000.

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.

RICHARD BULL, Inspector of Agencies.

ASSURANCES effected on the different sys-  
tems suggested and approved by a long-  
tried experience, so as to suit the means of every  
person desirous of taking out a Policy. Every  
information on the subject of Life Assurance  
will be given at the Company's Office, Montreal,  
or at any of the Agencies throughout Canada.

Agent for Belleville, George Wallbridge.

Medical &amp; Sisters, Dr. Holden, and Dr. L. M.

May 1st. 1D4m

## KENNEDY & WILLIAMS,

Opposite American Hotel,  
Belleville, Ont.Wholesale and Re-  
tail Dealers in all  
kinds of Groceries, and  
Fruit, and all other  
articles of household  
use, at the lowest  
prices, with the best  
quality of goods.  
Also, Wholesale Agents  
for all kinds of Groceries,  
Fruit, and all other  
articles of household  
use, at the lowest  
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## THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

THE public are informed that in connection  
with THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER, we have one of the best  
appointedIn the country, and our facilities for turning out a  
kind of Book and Job Printing are such, as should  
commence attention of every business man in the  
County of Hastings.

## JOB DEPARTMENTS

The Extensive Assortment

or

## TYPE AND POWER PRESSES

Gives us great advantages in the printing of

## POSTERS & PROGRAMMES.

And for all kinds of

## COMMERCIAL WORK.

SUCH AS

Letter Headings,

Note Headings,

Business Cards,

Bank Cheques,

Bill Heads,

Circulars,

Catalogues,

Receipts,

Pamphlets,

Bonds and Mortgages,

Deeds,

Posters,

Placards,

In any Size or in any Colour.

## CONSTITUTIONS.

## BY LAWS.

And every other variety of Pamphlets printed neatly  
and expeditiously.

## Book and Job Printing

AT THE

## LOWEST RATES.

Patrons at a distance from Belleville in want of

## Any Description of Printing.

Can have their wants supplied by sending their orders  
by mail. Their letters will receive prompt and careful  
attention.

M. BOWELL,

INTELLIGENCER BUILDING.

FRONT STREET EAST, BELLEVILLE.

1D4m

## SYNOPSIS

## GOLD MINING ACT OF 1864.

27 and 28 Vic. Chap. 9. and the

## Gold Mining Amendment Act 1865.

29 Vic. Chap. 9.

THE Gold Mining Act of 1864 provides, and Governor  
in Council may appoint Officers for Districts.Two Divisions erected in Upper Canada by Proclamation,  
1st March 1865, "Quinto Gold Mining Division,"  
consisting of the Townships of Barrie, Clarendon, Pal-  
merston, Miller and North and South Canoe, in the  
County of Frontenac, the Townships in the County of  
Renfrew, situated north of the Township of Miller and  
Canoe, the Township in the County of Addington,  
situated north of the Townships of Sheffield and Barrie,  
the Townships in the County of Hastings, situated north  
of the Townships of Sidney, Thurlow and Tyndal, and  
the Township of Belmont, and the Township in the  
County of Hastings, situated north of the Township of  
Belmont, Alfred Argy Campbell, Esq., of Belleville  
Inspector.

No person to mine without a license.

Two kinds of licenses, one "Crown Lands Gold Li-  
cense," and the other "Private Lands Gold License." \$1 per month, no  
premium paid, the latter first obtaining consent of the  
proprietor.Crown Lands Gold License may take out and work  
claim on unpatented Crown Lands as follows:

ALLUVIAL MINES.

On a river or large creek, 20 feet front by 60 from the  
river's edge. "On small creeks, 40 feet by 60 from centre  
of stream. In gully 60 feet along same, and from hill  
to hill. On surface or hill side, 60 feet square. In case  
of hill top, officer may grant larger claim. In lot on  
river officer to determine size and position of claim.

QUARTZ MINES.

To each miner, 100 feet along lead by 100 on each side  
from the centre of the lead. For companies, 25 feet ad-  
ditional along lead for every additional miner, but not to  
exceed 500 feet altogether.Claims to be classed by the officer, and to be laid out  
in quadrants and rectangular shapes, and to be marked  
under the surface by lines vertical to the horizon.Crown lands licensee to work continuously and renew  
license.No person to occupy more than one claim on Crown  
lands at any one time.Discoverer entitled to free license for one year in  
maneuver provided by Act.Partly paid by fee between claims on Crown Lands,  
paying 100 feet along lead in a new mine, and 50 feet  
along lead in an old mine.Crown Lands licensee not to cause damage to others.  
Damage done by water reserved, opposite claim on  
Crown Lands.Registration of claim on Crown Lands temporarily  
available, allowed for \$1. Every claim open to be  
taken.

Penalty provided for removal of stakes on claim.

All persons to make return of claims to the Inspector,  
Quarterly, and to be returned to the Inspector, and to be  
returned to the Inspector, and to be returned to the Inspector.Act extends to prohibited mining near Gold Mining Di-  
visions.Sale of liquor prohibited except under license, month-  
ly fee, \$5.Persons wanted for appointment of constables and  
police, and for preservation of peace.Persons working under Gold Mining Patents to furnish  
information and pay royalties to the Inspector, and to be  
returned to the Inspector, and to be returned to the Inspector.Act extends to prohibited mining near Gold Mining Di-  
visions.

Governor in Council may make regulations.

Officers may convict on view.

## THE GOLD MINING AMENDMENT ACT OF 1865.

Repeals clause in Gold Mining Act of 1864, providing  
that no person should be allowed to mine on Crown  
lands without a license, and that no person should be  
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that no person should be allowed to mine on Crown  
lands



LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL

No 102

### A Snake Story

A few days since a scene occurred at the Railroad Hotel at Vera Cruz, which was exceedingly ridiculous, and excited the whole city.

Sir Reynolds, the showman, had just landed with a large collection of wild animals, among which were bears, lions and monkeys—rare birds and huge anacondas. He went to the hotel, secured a room, and took his snakes with him in a very large trunk. The first night or two he did very well, having no one with him in the room. Soon, however, another person was sent to his room at a late hour of the night. He, the new comer—pulled off his clothes, lit a cigar, placed the candle by the bedside and commenced reading his book.

The stranger objects, and says that he

Sir Reynolds turns over and tries to wake the sleepy god, but all in vain. He says:

So, in a fit of desperation, he jumps up and addresses his room mate thus:

The imperturbable stranger looked over his book and simply said:

Sir Reynolds seized his pantaloons, jerked out of the pocket a key, and proceeded

"Permit me to introduce to you my brother."

The stranger gave one look of awful horror—his face became as pale as death—

book fell from his hands; gave one leap from the bed, and in *puris naturalibus*, ran down stairs, out into the street and yelled for the police. What became of him afterwards was never known. —

**GOING TO LAW.**—Two Dutchmen who built and used in common a small bridge

over a stream which ran through the farms had a dispute concerning some pairs which it required, and one of the positively refused to bear any portion of the expense necessary for the purchase.

a few planks. Finally the aggrieved party went to a neighbouring lawyer, and placing two five dollar notes in his hand, said: "I'll give you all this monish if you make Hans do justice mit te bridge."

"Not more ash five dollars," said the Dutchman.

"Very well," said the lawyer, pocketing one of the notes, and giving him the other. "Take this and go and get the bridge repaired; it's the best course you can take."

"Yaas," said the Dutchman, slowly.

"yaas, daa ish more better as to quarrel mit Hans," but, as he went along home, he shook his head frequently as if unable after all, to see quite clearly how he had gained anything by going to law.

**Vampires.**

peculiar to Brazil, but the veritable creature insinuated itself into the company of Americans which arrived in that country a few days ago. The writer says:

bled so badly by a vampire as to awake, in a state of exhaustion, with a face like corpse; the foot of his hammock and the floor beneath it was saturated with blood.

the flow of which was staunched with great difficulty. It is the difficulty of staunching the blood which makes the vampire so dreaded, the quantity which the

creature requires to satisfy his appetite being comparatively trifling. Some persons seem to be especially liable to these attacks, while others can sleep in a room infested with them nightly with impunity.

A gentleman living near Para, and whose house stands on the bank of an Igarape, tells me that his room is seldom without one or more vampires in it after dark, and they have never molested him, although

they have bled an unlucky goat in a shed beneath his window until the creature was unable to stand and was shot as an act of mercy. A young English lady who was visiting at this house was bitten on the finger

ing at this house was bitten on the night of her arrival, and in spite of the precautions used, was again bitten a few days afterwards, bleeding from a wound on the side of her toe until much weakened. The

Animals only make their attacks in darkness, and a light kept burning in the sleeping room is an effectual safeguard. A physician, long resident here, tells me that, although poisonous reptiles are somewhat

plenty in the province, the serious accidents from this cause scarcely amount to half a dozen annually in a population of 30,000. But enough of reptiles for the present.

\_\_\_\_\_







troops has been sent to the spot to suppress a riot, which is continuing tumult.

WILMINGTON, Delaware, August 30.—On Wednesday James Booth shot and killed a colored man named William Smith.

PANAMA, Ohio, August 30.—Messrs. Jones and Buckland's barrel and stove factory caught fire at 3 o'clock this afternoon and was entirely consumed. Loss \$25,000.

St. Louis, August 30.—About one-half of Reynolds City, Montana Territory, was destroyed by fire on the 10th of August.

New York, August 30.—The steamers Germania from Hamburg, Achillea from Antwerp, and Rhine and Pennsylvania from Liverpool have arrived.

## COMMERCIAL.

## BELLEVILLE MARKETS.

INTELLIGENCER OFFICE,  
Belleville, August 30, 1867.

SPRING WHEAT—No. 1 to \$1.25  
Barnett—do.  
Hill—do. are paying 70c.  
Wheat—For local consumption at 45c.  
Pearl—do.  
Barnett—do.  
Hill—do.  
Wheat—No. 1 to \$1.25  
Barnett—do.  
Hill—do.  
Wheat—No. 1 to \$1.25  
Barnett—do.  
Hill—do.  
Wheat—No. 1 to \$1.25  
Barnett—do.  
Hill—do.

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

Special telegram to THE INTELLIGENCER.  
From Kirkwood, Livingston & Co.

MONTREAL, August 30, 1867.

Flour—Superior Extra—\$3.50 to \$4.00  
Extra—7.80 to 8.00  
Fancy—7.40 to 7.60  
Welland Canal Superior—7.00 to 7.20  
Super. No. 1 Canada Wheat—7.00 to 7.20  
Wheat—No. 1 Western Wheat—7.00 to 7.20  
Bag Flour—3.40 to 3.60  
Wheat—Canada Fall—1.50 to 1.53  
Oats—Per 30 lbs.—44 to 45  
Barley—Per 40 lbs.—12 to 14  
Husk—Dairy—12 to 14  
Store—Packed—11 to 12  
Aster—Pole—5.75 to 6.80  
Pearl—30 to 35  
Pork—Mess—15.50 to 16.00  
Prime Mess—15.00 to 15.30  
Dressed Hogs—None.  
Feas—5.50 to 5.60  
Rye Flour—5.50 to 5.60  
Flour—Quotations unchanged; demand light; strong sales alone bring exceptional prices; sales super. No. 1 Western wheat at \$7.10 to \$7.15; other grades no demand. Grain—No sales. Provisions—Mess Pork on arrival heavy; market dull; other grades no sale. Butter—No demand. Ashes—Pole quiet; Feas unsettled.

## NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 30.

Cotton quiet at 21c.  
Flour—No. 1 to 25c lower; receipts 6,399 bbls. sales 7,100 bbls. at \$6.65 to \$7.60 for superior State and Western; \$5.40 to \$10.85 for common to choice extra State; \$5.40 to \$10.40 for common to choice extra Western.  
Rye flour lower, at \$6.75 to \$8.50.  
Wheat—rather more steady; receipts 5,556 bushels; sales 12,000 bushels; at \$2.20 for amber State; \$2.31 for white and amber Illinois.  
Rye dull and drooping; receipts 5,400 bush; sales 16,000 bush, at \$1.45.  
Corn better; receipts 93,510 bush; sales 25,000 bushels; at \$1.12 to \$1.15 for new mixed Western; \$1.08 to \$1.11 for round and do.  
Barley dull.  
Oats quiet and firm; receipts 6,710 bushels; sales 15,000 bushels, at 70c to 72c for old Western; 72c to 80c for new Ohio.  
Fork irregular and quiet; sales 323 1/2 lbs.  
Lard quiet and steady, at 15c to 16c.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

New York, August 30.

Stocks very dull.  
Gold 145 1/2.  
The Fed. says the loan market is unchanged.  
Stocks remain firm; Governments more active and improved.

## PORT OF BELLEVILLE.

ARRIVAL, AUGUST 30.

Sir. Day of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Sir. Empress, Montreal, do do do.  
Sir. Rochester, Oswego, do do do.  
Sir. Lumber, do salt and coal.  
Sir. Catharine, Hamilton, light.  
Sir. Catharine, Kingston, do.  
Sir. Oswego, Oswego, do.

## DEPARTURES.

Sir. Day of Quinte, Kingston, general cargo.  
Sir. Empress, Montreal, do do do.  
Sir. Rochester, Oswego, do do do.  
Sir. Lumber, do salt and coal.  
Sir. Catharine, Hamilton, light.  
Sir. Catharine, Kingston, do.  
Sir. Oswego, Oswego, do.

## SPECIAL NOTICE.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KIL.  
LIEK.—We have the attention of the public at this long tested and unrivaled Family Medicine.  
It has been favorably known for more than thirty years during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing the medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by cold, rheumatism, etc.

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fevers and Agues, Headaches, Malaria, Pains in the Side, Back and Limbs, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Nausea and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system. Footsore and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Acid Stomach, Rheumatism, Catarrhs, Gout, Headache, Piles, Asthma, Flatulency, Ringworm, Eruptions, Scalds, Itch, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, General Debility of the system.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramps and Stomach Complaints, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Infantile Cholera, Spasms, Hysteria, Bruiers, Frost Bites, Chills, as well as the slightest of Croup, Sore Throat, Croup, and the Hives of Infants and Infants and Venereal Eruptions.

For full directions accompanying each bottle, see the wrapper. It has been tested in every variety of case, and is the most constant companion, and inestimable friend of the Traveller, and the best of all remedies for the most common ailments of our lakes and rivers, and of the sea.

Price, 10 cts. 25 cts. 50 cts. and 1 dollar. Sold by FERRY DAVIS & SON, Manufacturers and Proprietors, 200 St. Paul Street, Montreal, C. S. 1867.

## TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS will be received until THURSDAY NEXT, the 1st of September, for the erection of a STONE BUILDING on the Richardson Gold Mining Company's property in Eldorado.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office of Messrs MacLeod & Carr.

JAMES GLASS, Secretary.

Belleville, August 30, 1867.

## Tenders, Tenders.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the County Clerk, in Belleville, up to Tuesday, the 10th Day of September next, for the building of a SCHOOL HOUSE, on the ground belonging to the Common School Trustees in rear of the Grammar School.

Plans and specifications to be seen at the office aforesaid.

The Board not to be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

Belleville, Aug. 30, 1867. D102-31 wid

## FRUIT, FRUIT.

PEARS CHEAP.

FOR PRESERVING.

ALSO

Peaches, Tomatoes,

Lemons,

AND ALL FRUITS OF THE SEASON

RECEIVED DAILY, and on sale at

CONGER BROS.

August 29th, 1867. 156m

## FALL, 1867!

Geo. Ritchie & Co.,

WOULD direct attention to their large

lot of Grey and White Cottons,

just received direct from Glasgow by

S. S. Hibernian, consisting in part of

Horrockses, A 32 & 36 in., B 32 & 36 in.

H 32 & 36 in., and M 32 & 36 in.

White and Grey Canton Flannels,

White and Cold Counterpanes,

White and Colored Towels,

Alexander's Knitting Cotton,

&c., &c., &c.

August 27, 1867. D10-6m

Belleville, August 30, 1867.

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## India &amp; China Tea Company.

HOME DEPOTS—London and Liverpool.  
CANADA DEPOT—32 Hospital Street, Montreal.

PURE and GENUINE TEAS of splendid natural flavor, imported direct from the Company's Plantations in ASSAM, and on the slopes of the HIMALAYAS, blended with the finest products of CHINA.

Only two qualities, viz., 70 cts. or \$1.00 per lb., either Black, Green, or Mixed.

Fine Household Tea, combining strength and flavor, 70 cts. per lb. Finest procurable, \$1.00.

Sole Agents for Belleville, Messrs. T. WILLS & Co., Apothecaries Hall.

ROBERT BARKER, Agent, Brighton. T. W. BARKER, Agent, Trenton.

August 16th, 1867. D001y w27-ly

Why Not Use the Best? ALLSOP'S ALE,

BUTLER'S CELEBRATED

Blackberry Cordial!

THE most effective remedy yet discovered

for Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhea,

Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Looseness of the

Bowels, &c., &c.

This new and justly celebrated preparation

is highly recommended by medical men,

and has been used with the greatest success

in the military hospitals of the United States

during the last three years.

Ask for BUTLER'S BLACKBERRY

CORDIAL, and take no other.

Prepared in Canada, from the original re-

ceipt, only at

APOTHECARIES HALL,

Aug. 12, 1867. T. WILLS & Co. 1d 6m

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TO THE ELECTORS  
OF THE  
WEST RIDING  
OF THE  
COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

GENTLEMEN: When a Candidate seeks Parliamentary honors at the hands of his constituents, it is due to them, and customary, that he should state his political views, and the present crisis of our political history, when, as we were, we are entering upon a new and untried national state of existence, this duty becomes imperative.

As most of you are aware, I have always been on the Liberal side of politics, urging reform where reformation was ascertained to be necessary, and conserving that which experience had proved to be wise and beneficial. Believing that the truth generally lies between extremes, I have taken for my guidance the maxims and doctrines of governed by broad and enlightened views of their country's interests, and who equally avoided revolutionary doctrines on the one side and reactionary tendencies on the other.

With those principles for my guidance, I have no hesitation in stating that the present Government, charged with the consummation of the great scheme of Confederation, should receive a fair trial and generous treatment from the hands of all liberal-minded and right-thinking individuals. To condemn them without giving them time and opportunity to initiate and develop a policy would be factious and unstatesmanlike. It would be to condemn into turmoil and confusion without an adequate object or reasonable motive, and endanger the stability of the young Dominion, whose youthful career will be watched with anxious solicitude by all those who are inspired by patriotic feelings.

If the Coalition of 1864 was justifiable to design the scheme of Confederation, that of 1867 is not less so, as none should be so well qualified to put the machine in good working order for the future as those who were contrived and through whose energies it was successfully constructed.







# Belleville Intelligence.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL—LIBERALLY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL—CHARITY IN ALL.

Vol. 1.

BELLEVILLE, COUNTY OF HASTINGS, DOMINION OF CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 31, 1867.

No. 103.

## Belleville Business Directory.

**Robertson & Stewart,**  
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Over the Express Office, Bridge Street.  
ALEX. ROBERTSON. D. E. K. STEWART.  
126m-571 126m-571

**Diamond & Dickson,**  
BARRISTERS and ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Office—Nelson's Hall, Front Street, Belleville.  
A. DIAMOND. Geo. D. DICKSON.  
126m-571 126m-571

**Macellan & Macellan,**  
SOLICITORS in Chancery and Insolvency, Attorneys-at-Law, Notaries Public, &c. Office—Over Hackett's Store, Front Street, Belleville.  
126m-571 126m-571

**A. R. Dougal,**  
BARRISTER, &c., &c., Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c. Office over Overall's Book Store, and opposite "The Intelligence" Office, Front Street.  
126m-571 126m-571

**Ross, Bell & Holden,**  
BARRISTERS, Solicitors, &c., &c., corner Bridge and Front Streets, Belleville. 126m-571  
ROSS, JOHN BELL. THOS. HOLDEN.  
126m-571 126m-571

**Piccinelli & Kelso,**  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Commercial Builders, Front Street, Belleville. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Legate & Price,**  
BAKERS, Confectioners, Fancy Biscuit Manufacturers, and Dealers in Family Groceries, No. 173, Front Street, Belleville. All orders promptly attended to. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Geo. H. Haynes,**  
HATTER and Furrier, Front Street, Belleville. Highest price paid for furs. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**McLeod & Carre,**  
ENGINEERS, PROVISIONAL LAND SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS, DRAUGHTSMEN and PATENT SOLICITORS, 135 1/2 Front Street, Belleville. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Forrest & Loze,**  
ROYAL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Latest New Building, opposite the Anglo-American Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. 352-17  
126m-571 126m-571

**T. Lockerty,**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in all kinds of Segars, and Pipes and Tobacco. No. 175, Front Street, Belleville. None but the best quality of leaf used. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Ponton, Falkner & Demark,**  
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Front Street, Belleville. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Robert P. Jelliff,**  
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, &c. Office—Balfour Buildings, corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Angus McFee,**  
WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, Front St., Belleville. A large stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery and Silver. Always on hand. Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms. 126m-571  
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**John Wilson,**  
BAKER and Confectioner, wholesale and Retail, at the old stand, Front Street, Dealers with his stock the best and cheapest in the country. All orders promptly filled. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**J. W. Brown,**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, Front St., Belleville, opposite Fanning's Hotel. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Geo. Gibson,**  
MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. A select assortment of ladies, gent's and children's boots and shoes constantly on hand and made to order. All work warranted. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**J. C. Vapor,**  
MERCHANT Tailor and Clothier, opposite Fanning's Hotel, Front Street, Belleville. A large stock of Ready-made Clothing always on hand. Garments made to measure and warranted to fit. 126m-571  
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**To Gold Miners**  
YOU will find a variety of mining tools at the subscriber's shop. Drills and sledges made of the best refined cast steel. Solid punched Sweden Iron Pick Axes and Prospecting Picks, cast steel pointed. All warranted, and cheaper than any other shop in Canada. Shop near the Upper Bridge, Front Street, Belleville. J. M. POWELL. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**McKeown & Robertson,**  
MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Front Street, Belleville. Their stock is always large, well assorted and of the best material, and is sold at extremely low prices for cash. They are extensive manufacturers, and, being practical workmen, they can guarantee satisfaction. All orders executed promptly, and all work warranted. Remember the place opposite Bennett & Bain's Brewery, Front Street, Belleville. 126m-571  
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**NEW DISCOVERY.**  
Bullen & Gibson's  
LIVERY  
Office—Bullen's Store, 70 Front St., Belleville.

**FIRST CLASS Horses, new Buggies and Carriages, of the latest styles always on hand. Turn-outs for the Madge Gold Region at reasonable rates.**  
WASLEY BULLEN. GEO. GIBSON.  
May 2. 126m-571 126m-571

## Montreal Business Directory.

**KINGAN & KINLOCH,**  
IMPORTERS,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS,  
WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,  
Corner St. Peter and St. Sacrament Streets, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**GAUTHIER & MANDEL,**  
MERCHANTS TAILORS,  
301 NOTRE DAME STREET,  
Fifth door West of St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**NEW YORK BRANCH DYE WORKS,**  
BY  
G. LAMPE,  
294 Notre Dame Street, opposite Crystal Block, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**PHILIP HENRY,**  
TOBACCONIST,  
DEALER in ALL KINDS OF  
TOBACCO, SNUFFS, CIGARS & PIPES,  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**J. A. HARTE,**  
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,  
Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Manufacturer of the celebrated Concentrated Lye. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**MURRAY & Co.,**  
STATIONERS' HALL,  
Corner of Notre Dame and St. John Streets, Montreal. Importers of English Stationery, Blank Book Manufacturers, &c. Wholesale and Retail. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**THOMPSON, MURRAY & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Teas, Wines, Liquors & Groceries,  
40 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal. Agents for J. Denis, Henry Mouille & Co., Cognac, Wines, Schieffelin Schnapps. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**EDWARD NIELD & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
Gentlemen's Haberdashery,  
No. 638 St. Paul Street, opposite Allain Hotel, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**PEAVEY & FAVOR,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN  
Teas, Coffees, Choice Groceries,  
Provisions, &c.,  
No. 344 Notre Dame Street, third door West of St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Depot for superior Table Butter. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**A. BOOKER,**  
Auctioneer & General Commission Merchant.  
Office and Sale Rooms, Gibb's New Buildings, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Agent for Waller Evans & Co. Sewing and Knitting Cottons, Derby; and J. M. Perry & Co.'s Gray's Patent Ladies Fine Collars, Nottingham, England. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**SINCLAIR, JACK & Co.,**  
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merchants,  
Importers of East and West India Produce, Mediterranean Goods, &c.,  
413 St. Paul Street, opposite the Custom House, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**GEORGE CHILDS & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS,  
Wholesale Grocers,  
20 & 22 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. Exporters by letter, from Country Merchants not finding it convenient to visit Montreal, will receive prompt attention, and goods not in stock will be purchased and charged at lowest market prices. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**ST. LAWRENCE HALL,**  
H. HOGAN, PROPRIETOR,  
Great St. James Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**DAVIE, CLARKE & CLAYTON,**  
WINE, SPIRIT  
AND Commission Merchants,  
49 St. Peter Street, opposite St. Sacrament Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**S. DAVIS,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
HAVANA SEGARS,  
Office—16 Great St. James Street, Montreal. Sole proprietor of the Havana Whip and "Cable" brand of Segars. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**J. V. MORGAN,**  
Commission Merchant.  
Importer to order of all kinds of English and French Goods. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**C. C. SNOWDON & Co.,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
British, American, and German  
SHELF and HEAVY HARDWARE,  
454 & 456 Saint Paul Street, corner of St. Nicholas St., Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**M. GUTMAN & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
Hoop Skirts and Skirt Materials,  
36 Lemoine Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
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**DR. NELSON EDWARDS,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
204 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. Turn doors East of French Church. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

## Montreal Business Directory.

**THOS. HOBSON & Co.,**  
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
MONTREAL.  
LIBERAL advances made on consignments to our agents, or for shipment to our friends in Great Britain and the Lower Port. May 2nd, 1867. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**MULHOLLAND & BAKER,**  
IRON, STEEL and GENERAL HARDWARE MERCHANTS,  
419 and 421 St. Paul Street, Montreal. Yard Entrance, St. Francois Xavier Street. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**W. A. LITTLE,**  
LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER,  
379 Notre Dame St., corner of St. John St., Montreal. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**de B. MACDONALD & Co.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
HOOP SKIRTS, and IMPORTERS OF  
Men's and Women's Straw, Felt, and Fancy Woollen Goods, Wholesale.  
W. S. GOODDEUGH & Co.,  
IMPORTERS OF  
English and Foreign Leather,  
24 St. Peter Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**A. ROBERTSON & Co.,**  
Manufacturers and Importers of  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
Mantles, Shawls, Silks, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gowns, Underclothing, Small Wares, Cloves, Canadian Woolens, Flannels and Dressing, Lingerie, Gaiters, Hats, Dress Goods, &c., &c.,  
478 St. Paul Street & 389 Comptons St., Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**Frothingham & Workman,**  
MONTREAL.  
IMPORTERS, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Dealers in Iron, Steel, Tin and General Hardware. Warehouse and Office 395 to 399, St. Paul Street. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**J. E. FRANK,**  
Under the name, style and firm of  
J. C. FRANK & Co.,  
IMPORTERS and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Oils, &c., &c.,  
23 Hospital Street, Montreal. 126m-571  
126m-571 126m-571

**H. GRANT,**  
Watch and Clock Maker,  
309 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.  
Every description of Jewelry manufactured from Gold entrusted to his care, under his own supervision. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**JOSEPH KIRKPUP,**  
BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
and Dealer in all kinds of Brushes.  
No. 279 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**BURROWS & Co.,**  
Commission Merchants,  
and WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
Brandy, Wines, Segars, Tobacco, &c., &c.,  
416 St. Paul St., Montreal. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**IVES & ALLEN,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Hardware, Tools, Saws, Railing, &c., &c.,  
Corner Front and PRINCE ST. BUILDINGS,  
1141-1143 Queen St., Montreal. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Place D'Armes Drug Store,**  
Opposite French Cathedral, Montreal.  
This attention of Tourists visiting the City is requested, as to my great stock of English Toilet Articles, which for variety and excellence cannot be surpassed. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**W. C. McDONALD,**  
Manufacturer of Fine Tobacco,  
Office—360 Notre Dame St. Works—136 Water St., MONTREAL. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Established 1820.**  
J. & W. HILTON,  
CABINET MAKERS & UPHOLSTERERS,  
ORAL and GILDERS, Importers and Silvers of  
all kinds of Goods. Manufacturers of Looking Glasses. Also Importers of Brocade, Damask, Lace, Gimp, and Upholsterers Goods generally.  
No. 61, Grand 230, JACQUEZ STREET, MONTREAL. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Established 1861.**  
JOHN F. McCAUG,  
Shipping and General Agent,  
Office—Corner St. Francois Xavier and Hospital, and St. Commode and PRINCE Canal Wharf, MONTREAL. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,**  
HAVE FOR SALE—  
Boiler Tubes,  
Gas Pipes,  
Horse Nails,  
Paints and Putty,  
Fire Bricks,  
Fire Clay,  
Flint Gravel,  
DRAIN PIPES,  
Roman Cement,  
Water Pipes,  
Portland Cement,  
Paving Tiles,  
Garden Yards,  
Caliche, &c., &c.,  
276m-1 276m-1 276m-1

## Montreal Business Directory.

**MAITLAND FISHER,**  
TEA and GENERAL BROKER,  
OFFICE: Corner of St. Sacrament and St. Nicholas Streets, Montreal.  
KIRKWOOD, Robertson & Beattie Robert Esdaile, Esq., Jas. Torrance, Esq. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Kirkwood, Livingstone & Co.,**  
Flour, Grain, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Ashes, Lard, &c., &c.,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.  
Kirkwood, Livingstone & More, Collins Wharf, Halifax. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**F. W. HENSHAW,**  
No. 10 St. Sacrament Street, opposite the Merchant's Exchange, Montreal. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**W. L. KINMOND & Co.,**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS,  
MANUFACTURERS Agents, for all kinds of Machinery, Tools, Steam Engines, &c. Also, every description of material and gear for Engineers and Agricultural Machine makers. A Stock of best quality of Cast Steel. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**MADE EXPRESSLY FOR MINING AND BORING PURPOSES, IRON WIRE ROPE,**  
Chisel and Turning Tool Steel, Files, Rivets, Square and Hexagon Blank Nuts, Wrought Iron Washers, Anti-corrosion Paint, Hair, and Cordage, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. precisely, calling going and returning, at the City of Quebec, and having the value of the cargo on being in time taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Rochelle Company!**  
Office Richelieu Company,  
6th May, 1867. 276m-1  
276m-1 276m-1

**Royal Mail Through Line**  
between Montreal and Quebec.  
ON and after MONDAY the 8th of May, and until further notice, the RICHIEU COMPANY'S Steamship will leave for Quebec, Capt. A. L. Leblond, will leave Richelieu Pier, opposite Jacques Cartier Square, for Quebec every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at Seven P. M. precisely, calling going and returning, at the City of Quebec, and having the value of the cargo on being in time taking their passage by this boat, as there will be a tender to take them to the steamer without extra charge. 276m-1  
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BRUSH MANUFACTURER,  
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No. 279 St. Paul Street, Montreal. 276m-1  
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No. 61, Grand 230, JACQUEZ STREET, MONTREAL. 276m-1  
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Gas Pipes,  
Horse Nails,  
Paints and Putty,  
Fire Bricks,  
Fire Clay,  
Flint Gravel,  
DRAIN PIPES,  
Roman Cement,  
Water Pipes,  
Portland Cement,  
Paving Tiles,  
Garden Yards,  
Caliche, &c., &c.,  
276m-1 276m-1 276m-1

## Alone.

The river ran gold with the light on its breast,  
Oh, words, how clear to the soul!  
As the waves went eddying by,  
Laying the pier and drinking the mill,  
Gilding the tower where my love sought rest,  
Under the evening sky.  
Now I love alone by the river I stray,  
For my love has left me this many a day,  
Let me to drop and to die.

As the river flowed then, the river flows still,  
In the ripple and foam and spray,  
Laying the pier and drinking the mill,  
And flooding the sluice of life old white mill,  
And flooding the sluice of life old white mill,  
But I love it no more, for I sought growth and  
When the song is sung and the tide is told,  
And the heart is wasting away.

Oh river, run onward! Oh river, run fast!  
Oh, words, how clear to the soul!  
For the sun has gone down on my beautiful past  
And the hopes that like bread on the waters I  
Have drifted away like thee.  
And the dream fades through the window, with the  
But after, through the shadows, my soul sees  
Who will never come back to me!

**Terrible Flood in New South Wales.**  
THRILLING INCIDENTS—LOSS OF LIFE, &c.  
(From the Sydney Empire, July 1.)  
The steamship *Rushmore*, which leaves the port of Sydney this day for Panama, will convey intelligence which must be to those who feel an interest in the prosperity of these colonies, but to all who have regard for humanity, this country has been visited by a more terrible flood than any that has been known since the first white man set his foot upon the soil and its results have been most devastating, making whole families homeless, destroying life and property to an extent which is as yet beyond calculation. When the Kalkoura left Sydney on the 10th of June, it was noted that the rain had continued almost without intermission, for two months; but up to that time no great fears of destructive floods were entertained, though business was interrupted by the wet weather and the continuous downfall of water caused general inconvenience. The Kalkoura had severe weather on her voyage to Wellington, but left that place for Panama on the 8th of June with 65 passengers and 14,900 oz. of gold. The weather continued bad on the coast, and on Wednesday the 9th of June, culminated in a storm which has been described as a hurricane, and which continued for four days. Great fear was entertained in the city of Sydney that the low-lying lands of the country most exposed to floods by reason of the numerous water-courses falling through them, and the narrowness and circuitous course of the outlet to the sea would be inundated, and no one expected that this was the beginning of the most disastrous flood that had ever occurred in New South Wales, and that the sympathies of the people of the country would be tasked to a degree beyond anything that had ever been previously known. Yet so it has proved. On Friday, the 31st of June, accompanied Sydney which started and alarmed the whole of the inhabitants, but which unhappily proved to be true. The whole of the Valley of the Hawkesbury river had been flooded to a height unknown and unrecorded by the oldest inhabitant or by history. The town of Windsor was surrounded by water, and so sudden had been the rush of the flood from the high lands, in consequence of the previous saturation of the ground that the farmers and their families had to flee for their lives, abandoning all they possessed to the raging waters. The incidents that occurred upon the roof of his house with his family for twenty hours, holding his youngest child in his arms until the infant died from the effects of cold and exposure, for the rain was still pouring down in torrents, and the whole of the surrounding land was one wide sea of water. The father then had to throw his dead child into the flood and take up another in the hope of preserving it. On Saturday morning the 22d, the house gave way, and was swept down with the flood, drowning the mother and nine other children. The father and four others were saved by the boats which had been sent off to rescue these unfortunate sufferers. By this time the whole of the valley inundated, and the fertile district of Richmond presented the appearance of a great lake. Years were felt that the towns of Windsor, where at this time thousands of persons were congregated, would be involved in the general devastation, but happily this did not occur. The flood was so most shocking. In one case a farmer and his family, consisting of weak mothers and young children suffering from severe illness, had to remain for hours on the roofs of their houses during the severe weather, until succor could be given. As soon as this intelligence was known, the government acted with the utmost promptitude. Boats and crews to man them were despatched by the railway from the nearest point to Windsor, and although the flood was still rushing down in a torrent, and a part of the railway was submerged, succeeded at men who manned these boats, and who had last in rescuing very many who had almost given up all hope.



## The Fenians.

**PARDONING POLITICAL PRISONERS.**

In the House of Commons, Aug. 13, Mr. Reardon, in moving "That a humble address be presented to Her Majesty, praying that she would be graciously pleased to take into consideration the expediency of extending her pardon to all persons now in prison in the United Kingdom and the colonies for political offences" referred to the amnesty recently granted by the Austrian Government to the Hungarians, Mr. Kossuth having not only been allowed to return if he chose to his native country, but having been elected member of its Legislature; and also urged that the present auspicious moment, when all England was rejoicing at the passing of another great Reform Act, was particularly opportune for such an exercise of the Royal clemency as his motion suggested. The honorable gentleman concluded by moving as above.

Mr. Whalley, in seconding the motion, maintained that he was acting with perfect consistency in doing so. Whether the Fenian prisoners had been influenced by political or religious motives, he did not think that disaffection in Ireland was to be removed by pursuing a course of trying to treat them with greater severity than the circumstances of their individual cases rendered imperatively necessary. One simple remedy, in his opinion, for the evils of Ireland was to make known to the Irish people what were the facts of the case with regard to the position which this country had taken up in reference to civil and religious liberty.

Mr. Hardy—With respect to the political prisoners in the Colonies the House is not probably well acquainted with the facts. With regard to those in the United Kingdom, it would be out of reason and common sense, while you are trying a great number of persons for these offences, and while the Habeas corpus Act is suspended in order to enable you to apprehend them, to let out a number of prisoners, many of whom, having been let out before, have returned again to trouble this country. I need not say a word more. (Hear, hear.)

The motion was then negatived without division.

## Railways in New Brunswick.

## THE NEWLY OPENED ROADS.

The St. John Telegraph says:—Mr. Ketchum, Engineer of Eastern Extension Railway through Westmoreland County—informs us that good progress is being made in constructing this road. About two hundred and fifty men are at work, chiefly farmers and residents along the line. All the light work is expected to be completed before the winter sets in, when work will be continued on the heavier cuttings, &c. Several thousand tons of rails are expected to arrive from England at an early day.

Western Extension—From St. John to the Maine frontier—progress at a rate that promises to make up for the many delays which the work has suffered. The Head Quarters states that about 600 men are employed on it—we have heard a larger number named. Nearly the whole distance (if not the whole) is under contract. Mr. Brooks, of Ontario, and Mr. Robinson, of Canterbury, York, were in town this week, and it is said that they have taken extensive contracts. We hear also that Mr. William Rennie, track-master on the E. & N. A. Railway, will resign his position to associate with Mr. Thompson, M. P., for York, in a contract on this line. We have heard other names mentioned in connection with the vigorous efforts that are now being made to have the road built.

The St. Stephen branch has been in operation all summer, doing a good business; the Woodstock branch is making favorable progress; the Fredericton branch is in a fair way to be constructed within the next two years at the farthest. We are in a good position, therefore, as regards our local railways.

In Nova Scotia, the work on the line between Windsor and Annapolis is being prosecuted with considerable energy. Advantage is taken of the summer weather to push forward work on all the light cuttings. Last week (says the Berwick paper) a sub-contract was let for finishing the track, placing the sleepers, and laying the rails on several miles of the road east of Annapolis; the rails are now being distributed along the line west of Windsor, and every preparation made to have everything ready for the cars to run as soon as the bridges can be finished. The Windsor Bridge, which is to be of iron, is being constructed at Burkenhead, and provincial ship owners are already looking after the job of freightage the railway material, several thousand tons in all, to this side of the Atlantic. A contract of some seven or eight thousand dollars has been made with, in a few days by Mr. Hawkins for piling for the other bridges, a large part of which is to be delivered in September or October. Mr. Huestis, who has the large contract for sleepers, has also contracted for all the fencing Annapolis.

## Wrestling Matches of Girls.

The Japanese and Arabs have recently given our amusement-loving public some extraordinary exhibitions, but none of them, we should think, can equal an exhibition lately witnessed by an English traveler at the Rapp Theatre, in Stockholm, Sweden. This was a series of wrestling matches between girls, and it is thus described:—

They were of the class called extras, at the theatres, and were dressed in long-sleeved shirts, fastening around the throat, the short loose trousers of the delectable light of course, and boots. They had been instructed in certain rules for the strife which defined the space of the adversary's body for the grip, and forbade pinching and kicking all duly set forth in the playbills; the pay

of a six dollar a night a piece, and a prize of four six dollars for the winner, were left to fight it out on the stage. The principal danger picked out the couples one after the other, and as the fate of each pair was decided the vanquished girl retired to the side of the stage, while the winner stood on one side to wrestle again with the other equally fortunate with herself. It was a thoroughly genuine thing and worth watching. The girls dodged, and grappled, and struggled in good earnest, and many were the strong, white limbs exposed; while the ever-changing attitudes of their limbo forms so unconsciously significant and graceful, deserved the lens of the photographer or the sculptor's chisel to confer undying immortality on Herr Rappo, the manager. As the ties were worked out, the excitement grew very severe; and when the last couple, blown, dishevelled, and flushed, stood up for the four six, the backing of green breeches or red breeches was like the clatter of a betting when the odds were rising on the favorite, and the professionals felt themselves on the gridiron.

This extremely æsthetic exhibition, with tableaux vivants, pantomimic ballet, performances on the trapeze, and a representation of the immortal fight of Sayers and Heenan, between a couple of wretched Whitechapel acrobats, was all to be seen for the highest price of two six dollars—and no smoking allowed!

## West Riding Election.

## A General Meeting of MR. BROWN'S COMMITTEES

WILL BE HELD IN Neilson's Hall, THIS SATURDAY EVENING, AT EIGHT O'CLOCK. JOHN SUTHERLAND, Chairman. Belleville, Aug. 31, 1867.

## Hastings Elections.

## POLLING DAYS.

WEST RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 2nd and 3rd September.  
EAST RIDING—Thursday and Friday, 6th and 8th September.  
NORTH RIDING—Monday and Tuesday, 9th and 10th September.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

BELLEVILLE STATION  
Morning Express going West, 8:00 A. M.  
Evening Express going West, 7:35 P. M.  
Mixed Train going West, 7:35 A. M.  
Morning Express going East, 6:45 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 12:08 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 12:15 A. M.  
Morning Express going East, 11:10 P. M.  
Night Express going East, 5:45 P. M.  
Mixed Train going East, 5:45 P. M.  
Montreal Time.

## Daily Intelligencer.

BELLEVILLE, SATURDAY, AUG. 31.

## The Contest at Hand.

On Monday morning voting will commence in the West Riding of Hastings. The canvass for Messrs. Brown and Graham has been very thorough and very satisfactory to themselves and friends. It now only remains for their supporters to do their whole duty. The candidates cannot be at every polling place, but they expect their friends will not only be where they are, but where they are not, to represent them. There must be no lagging now. Every committee-man, friend, and supporter of Messrs. James Brown and K. Graham should be ready at his post at the polls early Monday morning. A few hours hard work early on the first day, and the battle is won. Activity, zeal, and a determination to win, will accomplish wonders. Let every man be at his post.

## Strength of the Government.

Out of twenty-three members returned for the Commons of Canada, not a single oppositionist has found a seat. Out of twelve members returned for the Legislature of Ontario, only one is claimed by the opposition party, and even he is pledged to give the government "a fair trial."

BROWN AND GRAHAM—"The first blow is half the battle." Rally to the polls. Come out strong and come early, and give Messrs. Brown and Graham such a majority on Monday, as may place their election beyond the possibility of a doubt.

Cast your votes for Brown and Graham, the Union Candidates.

## FROM MADOC.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

## North Hastings Election.

MADOC, August 31, 1867.

At the nomination of candidates to represent the North Riding of Hastings this day, M. BOWELL, Esq., was nominated for the Commons of Canada by the Hon. B. FINST, and seconded by J. HOGUE, Esq.

T. C. WALLBRIDGE, Esq., was nominated by J. ARCHIBALD, Esq., and seconded by R. BARRY, Esq.

G. H. BOULTER, Esq., M. D., was nominated by A. F. WOOD, Esq., for the Ontario Legislature, and seconded by S. VANDERVOORT, Esq.

STEPHEN REED, Esq., was nominated by J. G. RHODES, Esq., and seconded by N. REED, Esq.

## FROM TORONTO.

(By Special Telegraph to the Daily Intelligencer.)

TORONTO, August 31, 12 noon.

The following is the state of the poll in East Toronto at 12 o'clock this day:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.  
Beatty..... 801  
Aikens..... 798  
Beatty's majority..... 3  
ONTARIO LEGISLATURE  
Cameron..... 830  
Steele..... 796  
Cameron's majority..... 94  
In West Toronto at 11:30 a.m. to-day the vote stood as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS.  
Harrison..... 1284  
McDonald..... 980  
Harrison's majority..... 264  
ONTARIO LEGISLATURE  
Wallis..... 1128  
Crooks..... 967  
Wallis' majority..... 201  
Where is George Brown's trumpet now?

## Election Intelligence.

WELLAND.—Yesterday evening the vote for the Local Legislature resulted as follows:—Beatty, 680; Few, 549; majority for Beatty, 81.  
PRESCOTT COUNTY.—The Leader learns that in Prescott County, four townships give Mr. McGee a majority of twenty. The other townships have not been heard from.

FRONTENAC.—At the close of the first day's poll, the vote in Frontenac stood as follows:—Kirkpatrick 708; Carruthers 650. For the Ontario Assembly: Sir Henry Smith 628; Fraser 621.

LONDON.—The Hon. John Carling has been returned for the House of Commons by a majority of 907 over Mr. Peacock; and for the Ontario Legislature by a majority of 342 over Mr. James Durand.

EAST DURHAM.—The close of the poll shows a majority of 728 for Mr. Burton. A majority of over 1,000 was polled for Mr. Williams. Mr. J. S. Smith having retired before the polling commenced.

WEST YORK.—The first day's polling gives Mr. Howland a majority of 319 over Mr. Halbertus, the numbers being: Howland 490, Halbertus 171. For the Ontario Legislature the numbers stand: Graham 821, Bull 300, Tyrrel 161.

EAST NORTHWESTERN.—In this division the first day's polling gives: Keeler 772; Kenneth Mackenzie 490. Majority against George Brown's apostle, 373. For the Local Legislature the vote stands thus: Eyre (Union) 480, Burrell (Brexit) 284.

SOUTH WESTERN.—In this constituency the disunion candidates had a majority on the first day's poll, the numbers being: Robertson 592; Rymal (Opposition) 657. For the Assembly: White 602; Sexton 601. At noon on the second day Rymal was 92 ahead of Robertson and Sexton 83 ahead of White.

## Gold News.

The Richardson mine was visited yesterday by a party of gentlemen from this town, who express themselves perfectly satisfied with the appearance it presents of richness and permanency. Mr. Hardin, who still continues to direct the operations in progress, writing under the date 28th instant, says: "As to my confidence in the mine, I can only say, as I have often before said, that I have unlimited confidence in the mine, believing that it will last and pay well. I have seen nothing as yet to change my feelings. On the contrary, I see things every day to add to my faith. For example, to-day I took three different pieces of the white and grey rock and pounded them to powder with a hammer upon a stone [I have no mortar] and washed each separately, and from each I got a splendid show of gold, at least 25 cents in each pan. The weight of each piece of rock was not more than one quarter pound. The samples crushed were of the solid rock—no lignite about it, and no gold visible. And again, to-day I broke a piece of the white spar, and in the centre, in the solid rock, I found at least twenty specks of pure gold; beautiful, bright gold. No gold to be seen on the surface of this piece. The vein of quartz is looking well, and I think is getting better defined as we go down." The Directors have contracted for the necessary machinery for a ten stamp mill of the most approved construction, and intend to erect an engine of sufficient power to work forty similar stamps, and a substantial stone

building of sufficient size to accommodate that number, if found necessary. "The amalgamating and other apparatus for collecting the gold will be of the most effective description. The whole, as well as the improvements, will be well seen by the advertisement for tenders for the building, which appears in our issue of this day, is to be finished for operation on the 5th of October next. There are considerable over 100 tons of rock already stored above ground, and that quantity will be doubled before the crusher comes into operation, so that ere the close of the year we may expect great accounts from this richest of all rich deposits.

Elector of West Hastings, choose whether you will have a dumb vote to represent you in the Local Legislature, or a man who can tell the House and the Government your wants and his own in good and intelligible language? If the latter, vote for K. Graham, and vote early!

## Coalitions.

Disunionists, factionists and annexationists of every grade are endeavoring to prejudice the minds of the electors throughout the Province, by raising an outcry against "the enormity of coalition," as they style it, as if the thing itself was wicked and corrupt, and opposed to the fundamental principles both of religion and morality.

Let us examine whether they have any grounds for this style of representation, and whether the word deserves the stigma they are thus endeavoring to attach to it.

Worcester's Dictionary informs us that the word "Coalition" has two meanings. First, "the union of particles into one mass." Second, "the union of persons into one body or party; alliance; confederacy; league; combination." Now none of these definitions indicates anything offensive to religion or morality, so that we may at once infer that coalition is neutral in itself—neither good nor bad, any more than that particular modification of it which is called a "Joint Stock Company." That it is in reality only a simple name for a simple fact, which will be good or bad according to the circumstances under which it may be conceived or accomplished, the intentions with which it may be initiated, and the consequences by which it may be attended.

A coalition, therefore, of burglars to rob a house or store; of gamblers to plunder a "greenhorn," or of factious politicians to overturn the Government of their country, for the sole purpose of securing to themselves the emoluments of office, is an immoral coalition; and so is an alliance of powerful Sovereigns to despoil a weaker State of a part or the whole of its territory. But a coalition of good and earnest Christian people to promote the general distribution of the Holy Scriptures, or to spread the knowledge of the gospel among the heathen, is a good and praiseworthy coalition, and so is also a coalition of the best men of two political parties for the purpose of relieving the State from a factious opposition, and to secure for their fellow citizens good government in the future.

Of the latter complexion was the coalition which the Hon. George Brown and his friends formed with the Hon. John A. Macdonald and his colleagues in 1864; which resulted in securing the union of the scattered and disunited colonies of British America into a strong and, politically speaking, compact "Dominion." This position, we take it, the Hon. George himself will not deny.

If this, then, is allowed to be a moral and laudable proceeding, it shows that coalition is not necessarily and intrinsically evil in its nature; and we may deduce from it the corollary, that a coalition to prevent a recurrence of a similar obstruction to good legislation and government cannot be so objectionable as its opponents pretend; and that the outcry with which they assail it does not arise from a just and well grounded conviction of its being wrong; but simply because it excludes themselves from power and place, and, if successfully carried out, threatens to prolong that exclusion for an indefinite period.

The first coalition successfully accomplished the great object which its promoters had in view, and so came to a natural end; not before the Hon. George Brown, one of its prime movers and originators, had on very insufficient grounds withdrawn his personal aid and countenance from the alliance—perhaps its complete success might be partly owing to his absence; for in the illustration which he gives of the second interpretation given above, as apt quotation from Burke, Worcester informs us that "No coalition which carries in its bosom the unrecalled principles of the original discord of parties, ever was, or ever will be, a healing coalition."

From the above premises, we think all unprejudiced persons will agree with us in deducing the conclusion, that the present

coalition of the Hon. J. A. Macdonald and the Conservative party with the loyal and rational men among the Reformers, is a moral and laudable coalition; while the alliance which the Hon. George Brown and his followers are endeavoring to form with the huge section of the Lower Canada Catholics and the annexationists of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, to break up the Union, so far happily accomplished, to answer his own selfish ends, and to satisfy his wounded vanity, is an immoral, disloyal and disgraceful coalition.

Mr. Graham has laid it down as one of his leading principles that the interests of the farmers of the country and the merchants and mechanics of the town are one and the same. What does Mr. Farley think on this subject? He has not yet explained his views upon this point.

The opposition candidates profess their willingness to give the Ministry "a fair trial." We think they will not be in a position in either legislature, to give them such a trial as they propose, or, indeed, any trial at all.

## Telegraphic News.

## BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, August 30, (evening).—It is said that the government of France has given assurance of peace to Prussia.

PARIS, August 30.—Walla the Emperor Napoleon was temporarily delayed at Lille, yesterday, he made a short speech. He alluded to past reverses as dark spots on the horizon, and commented at some length on the pacific state of affairs in Europe. He spoke encouragingly to the people, and prophesied that the certainty of peace would give a great impetus to trade, while he blamed the directors of the public press for spreading unfounded rumors and creating general distrust, he, himself, would do all in his power to recall confidence.

It is reported that a note from the French foreign office, pending its character, will soon be issued.

STUTTGART, August 30.—The Official Gazette of this city in its issue of this morning, contains an article denying that the subject of a South German band was discussed, or even broached at the recent conference at Salzburg.

LONDON, August 30, (evening).—The series of resolutions of the United States congress, expressing sympathy for the struggling Greeks, which Mr. Morris, the American minister, recently presented to the Sublime Porte, has created a profound sensation at Washington.

LONDON, Aug. 30, (evening).—Rio Janeiro advice state that the allied army has crossed the upper Paraná, into Paraguay, and that consequently great battle might be looked for at any moment.

PARIS, Aug. 31, noon.—Napoleon yesterday made a speech at Amiens similar to the one at Lille. The pacific speeches by the Emperor have good effect at Bourges. Bentes firmer and higher.

LIVERPOOL, August 31, noon.—Cotton dropping. Quotations unaltered.

LONDON, Aug. 31, noon.—Wool—50s; 70s; 80s; 90s; 100s; 110s; 120s; 130s; 140s; 150s; 160s; 170s; 180s; 190s; 200s; 210s; 220s; 230s; 240s; 250s; 260s; 270s; 280s; 290s; 300s; 310s; 320s; 330s; 340s; 350s; 360s; 370s; 380s; 390s; 400s; 410s; 420s; 430s; 440s; 450s; 460s; 470s; 480s; 490s; 500s; 510s; 520s; 530s; 540s; 550s; 560s; 570s; 580s; 590s; 600s; 610s; 620s; 630s; 640s; 650s; 660s; 670s; 680s; 690s; 700s; 710s; 720s; 730s; 740s; 750s; 760s; 770s; 780s; 790s; 800s; 810s; 820s; 830s; 840s; 850s; 860s; 870s; 880s; 890s; 900s; 910s; 920s; 930s; 940s; 950s; 960s; 970s; 980s; 990s; 1000s; 1010s; 1020s; 1030s; 1040s; 1050s; 1060s; 1070s; 1080s; 1090s; 1100s; 1110s; 1120s; 1130s; 1140s; 1150s; 1160s; 1170s; 1180s; 1190s; 1200s; 1210s; 1220s; 1230s; 1240s; 1250s; 1260s; 1270s; 1280s; 1290s; 1300s; 1310s; 1320s; 1330s; 1340s; 1350s; 1360s; 1370s; 1380s; 1390s; 1400s; 1410s; 1420s; 1430s; 1440s; 1450s; 1460s; 1470s; 1480s; 1490s; 1500s; 1510s; 1520s; 1530s; 1540s; 1550s; 1560s; 1570s; 1580s; 1590s; 1600s; 1610s; 1620s; 1630s; 1640s; 1650s; 1660s; 1670s; 1680s; 1690s; 1700s; 1710s; 1720s; 1730s; 1740s; 1750s; 1760s; 1770s; 1780s; 1790s; 1800s; 1810s; 1820s; 1830s; 1840s; 1850s; 1860s; 1870s; 1880s; 1890s; 1900s; 1910s; 1920s; 1930s; 1940s; 1950s; 1960s; 1970s; 1980s; 1990s; 2000s; 2010s; 2020s; 2030s; 2040s; 2050s; 2060s; 2070s; 2080s; 2090s; 2100s; 2110s; 2120s; 2130s; 2140s; 2150s; 2160s; 2170s; 2180s; 2190s; 2200s; 2210s; 2220s; 2230s; 2240s; 2250s; 2260s; 2270s; 2280s; 2290s; 2300s; 2310s; 2320s; 2330s; 2340s; 2350s; 2360s; 2370s; 2380s; 2390s; 2400s; 2410s; 2420s; 2430s; 2440s; 2450s; 2460s; 2470s; 2480s; 2490s; 2500s; 2510s; 2520s; 2530s; 2540s; 2550s; 2560s; 2570s; 2580s; 2590s; 2600s; 2610s; 2620s; 2630s; 2640s; 2650s; 2660s; 2670s; 2680s; 2690s; 2700s; 2710s; 2720s; 2730s; 2740s; 2750s; 2760s; 2770s; 2780s; 2790s; 2800s; 2810s; 2820s; 2830s; 2840s; 2850s; 2860s; 2870s; 2880s; 2890s; 2900s; 2910s; 2920s; 2930s; 2940s; 2950s; 2960s; 2970s; 2980s; 2990s; 3000s; 3010s; 3020s; 3030s; 3040s; 3050s; 3060s; 3070s; 3080s; 3090s; 3100s; 3110s; 3120s; 3130s; 3140s; 3150s; 3160s; 3170s; 3180s; 3190s; 3200s; 3210s; 3220s; 3230s; 3240s; 3250s; 3260s; 3270s; 3280s; 3290s; 3300s; 3310s; 3320s; 3330s; 3340s; 3350s; 3360s; 3370s; 3380s; 3390s; 3400s; 3410s; 3420s; 3430s; 3440s; 3450s; 3460s; 3470s; 3480s; 3490s; 3500s; 3510s; 3520s; 3530s; 3540s; 3550s; 3560s; 3570s; 3580s; 3590s; 3600s; 3610s; 3620s; 3630s; 3640s; 3650s; 3660s; 3670s; 3680s; 3690s; 3700s; 3710s; 3720s; 3730s; 3740s; 3750s; 3760s; 3770s; 3780s; 3790s; 3800s; 3810s; 3820s; 3830s; 3840s; 3850s; 3860s; 3870s; 3880s; 3890s; 3900s; 3910s; 3920s; 3930s; 3940s; 3950s; 3960s; 3970s; 3980s; 3990s; 4000s; 4010s; 4020s; 4030s; 4040s; 4050s; 4060s; 4070s; 4080s; 4090s; 4100s; 4110s; 4120s; 4130s; 4140s; 4150s; 4160s; 4170s; 4180s; 4190s; 4200s; 4210s; 4220s; 4230s; 4240s; 4250s; 4260s; 4270s; 4280s; 4290s; 4300s; 4310s; 4320s; 4330s; 4340s; 4350s; 4360s; 4370s; 4380s; 4390s; 4400s; 4410s; 4420s; 4430s; 4440s; 4450s; 4460s; 4470s; 4480s; 4490s; 4500s; 4510s; 4520s; 4530s; 4540s; 4550s; 4560s; 4570s; 4580s; 4590s; 4600s; 4610s; 4620s; 4630s; 4640s; 4650s; 4660s; 4670s; 4680s; 4690s; 4700s; 4710s; 4720s; 4730s; 4740s; 4750s; 4760s; 4770s; 4780s; 4790s; 4800s; 4810s; 4820s; 4830s; 4840s; 4850s; 4860s; 4870s; 4880s; 4890s; 4900s; 4910s; 4920s; 4930s; 4940s; 4950s; 4960s; 4970s; 4980s; 4990s; 5000s; 5010s; 5020s; 5030s; 5040s; 5050s; 5060s; 5070s; 5080s; 5090s; 5100s; 5110s; 5120s; 5130s; 5140s; 5150s; 5160s; 5170s; 5180s; 5190s; 5200s; 5210s; 5220s; 5230s; 5240s; 5250s; 5260s; 5270s; 5280s; 5290s; 5300s; 5310s; 5320s; 5330s; 5340s; 5350s; 5360s; 5370s; 5380s; 5390s; 5400s; 5410s; 5420s; 5430s; 5440s; 5450s; 5460s; 5470s; 5480s; 5490s; 5500s; 5510s; 5520s; 5530s; 5540s; 5550s; 5560s; 5570s; 5580s; 5590s; 5600s; 5610s; 5620s; 5630s; 5640s; 5650s; 5660s; 5670s; 5680s; 5690s; 5700s; 5710s; 5720s; 5730s; 5740s; 5750s; 5760s; 5770s; 5780s; 5790s; 5800s; 5810s; 5820s; 5830s; 5840s; 5850s; 5860s; 5870s; 5880s; 5890s; 5900s; 5910s; 5920s; 5930s; 5940s; 5950s; 5960s; 5970s; 5980s; 5990s; 6000s; 6010s; 6020s; 6030s; 6040s; 6050s; 6060s; 6070s; 6080s; 6090s; 6100s; 6110s; 6120s; 6130s; 6140s; 6150s; 6160s; 6170s; 6180s; 6190s; 6200s; 6210s; 6220s; 6230s; 6240s; 6250s; 6260s; 6270s; 6280s; 6290s; 6300s; 6310s; 6320s; 6330s; 6340s; 6350s; 6360s; 6370s; 6380s; 6390s; 6400s; 6410s; 6420s; 6430s; 6440s; 6450s; 6460s; 6470s; 6480s; 6490s; 6500s; 6510s; 6520s; 6530s; 6540s; 6550s; 6560s; 6570s; 6580s; 6590s; 6600s; 6610s; 6620s; 6630s; 6640s; 6650s; 6660s; 6670s; 6680s; 6690s; 6700s; 6710s; 6720s; 6730s; 6740s; 6750s; 6760s; 6770s; 6780s; 6790s; 6800s; 6810s; 6820s; 6830s; 6840s; 6850s; 6860s; 6870s; 6880



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